

ommon laborers. They are debarred rom residing in the rural districts. It and the consequences so far as they Many branches of petty trade and adversely affect the United States. manual production are closed to them It has seemed to the president ap-propriate that these considerations, rein the overcrowded cities where they are forced to dwell and engage against ating as they do to the obligations entered into by the signatories of the treaty of Berlin of July 13, 1878, should fearful odds in the desperate struggle for existence. Even as ordinary artisans or hired laborers they may be brought to the attention of the gov. only find employment in the propor-tion of one 'unprotected allen' to two mments concerned and commended to their consideration in the hope that, If they are so fortunate as to meet the 'Roumanians' under any one employer. In short by the cumulative effect of approval of the several powers, such successive restrictions the Jews seem wise Roumania have become reduced to a may be taken to persuade the govern-ment of Roumania to reconsider the state of wretched misery. Shut from nearly every avenue of self-supsubject of the grievance in question. port which is open to the poor of other

"The United States welcomes now, as it has welcomed from the foundation of its government, the voluntary immi-

easures as to them may



Attorney General-W. H. Fimbrecht,

sembled today, it was evident that there would be a fight on the plank

or the platform endorsing President Roosevelt for renomination. This op-

position is believed to have had its

origin in the resent action of the pres-

ident in removing Mr. Vaughan, retir-

ing Republican chairman, from the of-

fice of district attorney for northern

Alabama, for alleged neglect of duty

Dufer was on his way out when he was killed by a shot from behind by There was also a feeling of opposition o the clause in the platform condemn-Labelle, according to the confession. ng child labor in cotton mills. The following ticket was nominated: Ascended La Soufriere. Governor-J. A. W. Smith, Birming-Kingston, St. Vincent, B. W. I., Sept. .-Both craters of La Soufrière have been active since Sept. 11.

The top of the mountain is usually

When the coolt went out, Labell

Then Beaudoin went out back

Labell

threw a stick and awoke me. He went out and we heard a shot. He came

back and said: "I shot at a rabbit, but

ollowed and we heard another shot.

and looked out. Then Labelle shot him

of the tent to the campfire.

hree times with a rifle."

Bouthillette raised the side of the

nissed.'

covered with clouds, but being excep-tionally clear of them this morning.

equivalent to 8 per cent on the whole business. Mr. Decamp quoted figures showing that the average rate, despite the increase, was five or six points less than in 1896 and showed only a slight sharing in the general prosperity. One of the good results noted by the president was that the gain of ratio premiums greatly exceeded the gain in the percentage of liability assumed, which healthy state must, he said, soon become manifest in a reduced rate of

advanced rates. What is known as union territory yields 43 per cent of the premiums of the country. The 25 per

cent advance on certain classes was

The governing committee's report reviewed at length the rate movement,

and substantial aid is rendered them

specialty of these classes.

unofficially, fearful distress and great

loss of life will result. Continued drouth

and the barren country in which the

Indians live, he says, have brought the

News of the

Navajos to their present condition.

G. H. West. DAVID CITY, NEB. McIntosh & Son, Sadie Smith, A. Wheelock. DENVER, COLO. business of some companies making a Navajos on Verge of Starvation. Patrick Aerity, Harry Anderson, Heber Becker, B. Balentine, H. C. Bonde, N. F. Brown, Filda, Baborider, M. H. Chamberlin, P. Casey, P. P. Cobb, GRANDER, J. F. Molntyre, MUNTINGTON, ORE, C. Canter, J. Carroll, T. E. Markel, O. K. Jap, T. Stoddard, F. J. Thempson, MERMOSA, WYO. Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 17 .- Fred-Becker, B. Balentine, H. C. Honne, N. F. Brown, Filda, Baborider, M. H. Chamberlin, P. Casey, P. P. Cobb, Frank Conner, H. Cochran, C. E. Car-Jap, T. Stod
Frank Conner, H. Cochran, C. E. Car-Jap, T. Stod
C. Canter, J. Jap, T. Stod
G. C. Dowdy, Owen Doran, J. Danis, Maleri Dillon, L. Evans, F. A. Folts, S.
M. Burton, H. Evans, F. A. Folts, S.
M. Geyer, J. Geddis, E. D. Hunter, R. Henderson, H. M. Holsman, F. A. Hols-claw, W. E. Hartung, H. and S. Hai-lock Co., J. E. Huffnes, J. A. Lovell, R. B. Landen, H. M. Miller, Hue. McGuire, Anna V. Miller, J. E. Malor, H. F.
Newton, E. D. Farlin, Hue Riley, L. W. Siltz, C. Smith, Standard Brewing Co., M. J. Smith, L. S. Scharvesbury, A. D. Schwurtz, Thos. Sonlin, Sister of St. George, G. H. Wileite, R. M. S. Weld, A. Wenzel, George Waha, Mrs. A. G. Whipmore, Joseph M. Watt. EATON, COLO, ELBA, NEB.
P. G. Frandsen, ELBA, NEB.
P. G. Frandsen, ELMWOOD, NEB.
N. Anderson, H. C. Canter, J.
N. Auderson, H. D. G. K. Tifan Geo. Akers. M. J. E. Wilson erick I. Monser of San Francisco, the scientist and lecturer, has returned from a six weeks' exploration and col-lection trip among the Navajo, Moquis and Pueblo Indians of Arizona. In Mr. Monser's party were Edward H. Kemp of San Francisco, Dr. P. M. Jones of the University of California, and Dr. C. M. Chariton. KETCHUM, IDA. A. Monk of Los Angeles. Mr. Monser states that the Navajo tribe, number-W. M. Thompson, KEMMERER, WYO. F. W. W. W. Whitlow. B. M. C. Helvey, C. E. Moor., John LOOKOUT, WYO. ing about 20,000 men, women and children, is rapidly approaching the star-vation point, and that unless speedy

conditions fitting them to become merged in the body politic of this land. Our laws provide the means for them ecome incorporated indistinguisha. in the mass of citizens, and prescribe their absolute equality with the native born, guaranteeing to them equal civil rights at home and equal ection abroad.

The conditions are few, looking to their coming as free agents so circumstanced physically and morally as to supply the healthful and intelligent material of free citizenhood. The pauper, the criminal, the contagiously or rably diseased are excluded from the benefits of immigration only when they are likely to become a source of danger or a burden upon the commun-The voluntary character of their coming is essential, hence we shut out immigration, assisted or constrained by foreign agencies. The purpose of our generous treatment of the alien immigrant is to benefit us and him alike-not to afford to another state a field upon which to cast its own ob-

ectionable elements. The foregoing considerations, while pertinent to the examination of the urpose and scope of a naturalization eaty, have a larger aim. It behooves state to scrutinize most jealously te character of immigration from a meign land, and, if it be obnoxious, to ine the causes which render it so. hould those causes originate in the act of another sovereign state to the detriment of its neighbors, it is the prerog e of an injured state to point out e evil and to make remonstrances, with nations, as with individuals, he social law holds good that the right of each is bounded by the right of a neighbor

The conditions of a large class of the inhabitants of Roumania have for many years been a source of grave moment to the United States. I refer Roumanian Jews, numbering \$8,000. Long ago, while the Danubian pincipalites labored under oppressive conditions which only war and a genral action of the European powers suffeel to end, the persecution of the in-digenous Jews under Turkish rule alled forth in 1872 the strong remon-strance of the United States. The aty of Berlin was hailed as a cure for the wrong, in view of the express provisions of its forty-fourth article, rescribing that 'in Roumania the difnce of religious creeds and confestions shall not be alleged against any person as a ground for exclusion or in espacity in matters relating to the en-layment of civil and political rights. on to public employments, func tions and honors or the exercise of the ous professions and industries in my locality whatsoever; and stipulating freedom in the exercise of all forms worship to Roumanian dependents foreigners alike, as well as guaranteing that all foreigners in Roumania shall be treated without distinction of creed on a footing of perfect equality.' "With the lapse of time these just prescriptions have been rendered nugain great part, as regards the na-Jews, by the legislation and mual regulations of Roumania, Startom the arbitrary and controvertias from the arbitrary and controveru-ble premise that the native Jews of Rogmania, domiciled there for centu-ties, are 'allens, not subject to foreign protection.' the ability of the Jews to Man even the scanty means of exist-moe that suffice for a frugal race has been constricted by degrees until near-ly every opportunity to win a livelihood ery opoprtunity to win a livelihood enied; and until the haples poverty the Jew has constrained an exodus of such proportions as to cause general

The politcal disabilities of the Jews imania, their exclusion from the Service and the learned profes-the limitations of their civil rights and the imposition on them of exceptional taxer, involving as they do index repugnant to the moral sense illeral modern peoples, are not so iterily in point for my present purpose is the public acts which attack the in-erent right of a man as a bread win-ter in the wave of asticulture and the ways of agriculture and

tory treatment they are rendered in-capable of lifting themselves from the Secretary of State - H. J. Carter, nforeed degradation they endure lullman Auditor-T. B. McNair, Marshall Even were the fields of education, o civil employment and of commerc ounty. open to them as to Roumanian citibens' their penury would prevent their ounty. rising by individual effort. Human be-ings so circumstanced have virtually no alternative but submissive suffer

ing or flight to some land less unfavorable to them, Removal under such conditions is not and cannot be intelligent emigration healthy. free and self-reliant being. It must be, in most cases, the mere transplantation of an artificially produced diseased growth to a new place.

"Granting that in better and more healthful surroundings the morb! nditions will eventually change fo good, such emigration is necessarily for a time a burden to the community upon which the fugitives may be cast Solf-reliance and the knowledge and ability that evolve the power of self support must be developed and at th time avenues of employmen just be opened in quarters where con petition is already keen and opportu-nities scarce. The teachings of history and the experience of our own nation

new that the Jews possess, in a high legree, the mental and moral qualificaons of conscientious citizenship. No f forests. lass of immigrants is more welco our shores when coming equipped in and and body for entrance upon the truggle for bread and inspired with he high purpose to give the best service of heart and brain to the land they adopt of their own free will. But when ey come as outcasts, made doubly paupers by physical and moral op pression in their native land, and thrown upon the long suffering genresity of a more favored community their migration lacks the essential cor

ttions which make alien immigratio ther aceptable or beneficial. So we this appreciated on the continent that, even in the countries where anti-somitism has no foothold, it is difficul or these fleeing Jews to obtain any odgment. America is their only goal "The United States offers an asylum o the oppressed of all lands, but its

with them in no wise impairs vmpathy its just liberty and right to weigh the of the oppressor in the light heir effects upon this country, and to dge accordingly.

"Putting together the facts now painfully brought home to this government during the past few years that many of the inhabitants of Roumania are being forced by artificially adverse discriminations to guit then native country; that the hospitable asylum offered by this country is almost the only refuge left to them; that they come hither unfitted to meet the conditions of their exile to take part in the new life of this land under circumstances neither profitable to themselves nor beneficial to the community, and that they are charity from the ouset and for a long time-the right of remonstrance against the acts of the Roumanian government is clearly established in favor of this government. Whether consciously and purpose or not, these helpless peo ple, burdened and spurned by their native land, are forced by the sov-ereign power of Roumania upon the charity of the United States, this



government cannot be a tacit party to such an international wrong. It is willingness Keep the sys-em in good heldon. n occasional Bitters. It will vigor

Be sure to try it

Treasurer-H. Lee Brown, Concub Superintendent of Education-J. C. Gonville, Creashaw county. Commissioner of Agriculture- T. B. Morton, Fayette. NEW HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICANS.

Concord. N. H., Sept. 17 .- Following the action of the party in Vermont, the Republicans of New Hampshire today warmly debated the question of making changes in the prohibitory law. Those in favor of a change carried the

lay. The contest for governor was yon by N. J. Batchelder of Andover, who is prominently identified with the atrons of husbandry. Stephen H. Gale of Exeter withdrew before the nominations were called for, and Mr. Batchelder was chosen by aclamation. No other candidates are o be nominated by state conventions in New Hampshire. The platform adopted endorses the administration on

all points, and favors the renomination of President Roosevelt. Illegal com-bines are condemned, and one plank pposes the indiscriminate destruction

Upon the assembling of the Repubcan state convention today, the quesion of the platform declaration on the liquor traffic was far from settlement. The local optionists presented a plank n favor of handing the entire subject wer to the next legislature, but the Prohibitionists insisted upon a direct ferendum at a special election early n the winter of 1903.

The platform congratulates citizens of the country upon the universal prosperity now prevailing; deplores the death of President McKinley; reaffirms he national platform of 1900 to Ameri-anize Cuba by kindness, not by conuses, and endorses the course of the idministration in the Philippines. The platform further says that legiticourse of the

mate combinations of capital which will reduce the price of nor-ssitles to he people are favored, but "any such combinations as will restrict business and throttle competition by unjust and yrannical practices" are condemned. The resolutions continue as follows.

"We fully endorse the administra tion of President Roosevelt. without notice to assume the office of chief executive of our great nation, Theodore Roosevelt has proven him-self competent in the highest degree for its duties. Assuming all responsibili-ties which came to him, he has discharged them to the satisfaction of the people. Aggressive, patriotic, firm, of comprehensive view and unswerving integrity, his administration of our government has commanded the confidence and admiration, not only of Americans, but of the civilized world as well, and we unanimously favor his election as president of the United States."

PEOPLE'S PARTY OF KANSAS.

Topeka, Kans., Sept. 17 .- Nearly all the nominations on the Allied People's party ticket, made by the initiative and referendum, are now in, but not all those chosen have signified their to serve if elected. Folowing are the nominations;

Governor-J. H. Lathrop. Congressman-at-Large-Rev. G. M. Superintendent of Public Instructions

E. Rice, Norton. -E. E. Rice, Norton, Justices of Supreme Court-H. D. Shinn of Ottawa: John Madden of Emporia: Frank Foster of Topeka; J. Y. Robbins of Topeka; W. H. T. Wakefield of Mound City.

CONNECTICUT REPUBLICANS . Hartford, Conn., Sept. 17 .- The Republican state convention reassembled today to nominate candidates for state offices and for congressmen at large. Senator O. H. Platt was made perma-

nent chairman. Abram Chamberlain of Meriden was

two natives, named Cummings and Adams, ventured to ascend the voland, and reached the summit of the ld crater. Sept. 3 this crater contained water. It is now nearly filled with sand, and has a funnel-shaped avity in the center. Cummings and Adams saw flames rising from three distinct places in the crater. They experienced a narrow escape. The heat on the mountain was intolerable.

The predictions made by American cientists with regard to later erup tions at La Soufriere are being sig-nally fulfilled. Much anxiety was fel here today, as it had been predicted that an eruption would occur. Up to o'clock this afternoon no alarming indications of an outbreak had been reported.

W. Va. Militia Recalled.

Charleston, W. Va., Sept. 17 .- Gov. White determined tonight to call in the troops still on duty in the New River coal fields, and they will leave for their homes tomorrow. Everything was quiet today, and many new men went into the mines to work.

Nebraska Murderer Shot Down.

Winside, Neb., Sept. 17 .- Neigenfind the Pierce county man who a week age with little provocation killed his wif er and sister-in-law, and for who rest rewards aggregating \$1,000 had been offered, was shot down in a corr field near here today. He is badh wounded. Dave Leary, a Winside liveryman, and Perry Borum, armed respectively with a shotgun and smal bore rifle, effected the capture. When came upon Neigenfind in a cor field they called upon him to throw u his hands. His reply was to draw revolver and shoot point blank a Leary. Then Leary and Borum poure a fusillade of shots into him until he fell. He was brought to Winside and surgeons are attending him.

Uprising of Boxers Probable.

London, Sept. 18.—Cabling from Shanghai under date of Sept. 17, the correspondent of the Daily Mail says that Cheng Tufu, capital of the province of Szechuen, is surrounded by 50,000 Boxers, but that their attempts to take the city have so far failed. Without immediate help, however, Cheng Tufu must fall.

"A prominent Chinese merchant tells me," continues the Daily Mail's correspondent, "that if Cheng Tufu is taken, a rising in the province is in evitable. To further complicate mat ters, the feuds between Protestant and Catholic converts are now worse than at any previous stage and magisterial jurisdiction in various matters has been unwarrantedly interfered with by priests and missionaries.'

Will Dine Crown Prince of Siam.

New York, Sept. 18,-A dinner will be given at the Metropolitan club in hon-or of the crown prince of Siam, who is to sail from England on Oct. 3 to visit this country on his way to his home in Bankok. The prince will be entertained by a member of the Presbyter-ian board of foreign missions as the representative of the board. The din-nel, although given in behalf of the Presbyterian board, will be in no sense confined to a missionary or a religious aspect. Prominent men of the city will be present and will speak on various subjects. Of the 177 Americans now resident in Siam, all but about a dozen are connected with the missions.

Meeting of Fire Underwriters

New York, Sept. 18 .- The union in which the regulation of fire underwriting for the central western states is centered is holding its annual convention at Frontenac, N. Y., says a dis-patch to the Journal of Commerce. During the initial session only routine business was transacted.

Abram Chamberlain of Meriden was nominated for governor on the first bal-lot, receiving 343 votes, against 158 for cess of the movement in the west for

he schedules and their application The number of cities rated by schedule were given and much detail added showing the advance of the work. The ituation by states also was reviewed and the expediency of excepting this chedule in certain cities, mostly Wisconsin, was gone into at length. Taken as a whole it was the view that western conditions were greatly proved and a reign of prosperity was hand.

The various subjects contained in the eport of the governing committee were eferred to special committees. A well board but all were rescued. fined movement obtains to except small towns from agitation in rates bound shore. that is proving so disastrous to the reached here by the steamer Mariposa.

BIGELOW CARPETS

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of color, novelty and beauty of design, has led to frequent infringements, and inferior goods have often be a palmed off in their stead. For the protection of the public the Company has adopted as a trade-mark the word "BIGELOW." which will be woven (at every repeat of the pattern) in white capitals into the back of the fabric. Customers will therefore have merely to examine the back of a carpet to be certain that they are getting the genuine Bigelow Carpets.



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 W. L. Kern, C. A. Lyons, R. Tunnell, M. Waldron, Mrs. E. Zelmo, T. A. Bladis, T. E. Hall,

Schooner Southern Cross Wrecked P. G. Frandsen. ELMWOOD, NEB. San Francisco, Sept. 18 .- The schoon S. E. Greensili, S. D. Ellis. FALLS CITY, NEB. er Southern Cross, belonging to the London missionary society, was wreck-ed on the eastern side of the Island of FALLS CITY, NEB. Miss May Teeney. FT. MORGAN, COLO. R. W. Childs, C. A. Flynt. FREMONT. NEB. H. H. Brown, W. G. Bostwick, B. Hersh-kowitz, M. A. Leith, May Bros., M. Rog-ers, M. Brooks. GOTHENBERG, NEB. G. M. Crane. Tahitl near the harbor of Paupeete. There were a number of passengers on The ves sel was broken to pieces on the coral disaster G. M. Crane. GREELEY, Colo. GREELEY, Colo, J. Keeley, ORD, ISLAND, NEB: Thos. Bulman, Mrs. E. J. Huskhalter, J. Crain, Philip Darth, R. L. Harrison, Dell Laffin, box; W. Morse, C.H. Moore, Mrs. B. Wright, HASTINGS, NEB. M. Kennedy JUNIATA, NEB. J. Lemon. KEARNEY, NEB. Ald Genho, F. H. Gilcrist, R. A. Moore, P. Spindler, J. F. Vanmetter. KIMBALL, NEB. C. W. Johnson, G. L. Fritz. LINCOLN, NEB. W. F. Ford, Northwestern Monthly, S. Nissley P. M. C. Raymond & Co., O. Howard J. Lemon.

REXBURG, IDA. H. N. Glidden. RAWLINS, WYO. W. Andrews, J. Duncan, J. E. Jacobs, J. A. King, R. Morley, W. Viol. SODA SPRINGS, IDA. W. S. Ternelson, C. McClosky, F. D. Sutherland, C. W. Fryat, Shuherland, C. W. Fryat, Shuherland, C. M. Mayer, O. L. Ran-sher, S. J. B. Mayer, O. L. Ran-sher, Star, St suer.





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