The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 45. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

TORCH AND SWORD.

Destruction of an Ancient Town by the Savage Turks.

MUTILATED BODIES IN THE RUINS.

Letter Describing the Massacre, Received by an American Student Now in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13. — Michran E. Serafian, a native of Armenia, now a student in the Divinity School of the University of Chicago, has received news that his father has been murdered, his home burned and his family scattered in the Turkish massacre of November 30 at Kelaserse. The family consisted of father, mother and seven children, five of whom were at home at the time of the attack. The father was a druggist and the family lived in comfort above the store. Kesarse was almost entirely destroyed on November 30, and practically a heap of ruins which could be carried away was stolen by the Turks and the work was applied to the roof, furniture and all being utterly demolished. After the Turks had departed those who had escaped the massacre returned to the scene of horror. Among other bodies they found that of Serafian in the street in front of his house. Not content with killing him, the fiends had shamefully mutilated his body. It was entirely stripped of clothing and horribly mashed about the head and face.

ARE BARTON ON THE ARMENIAN QUESTION.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—The Press today prints a letter from Clara Barton on the Armenian question. She states that the first appeal for the Red Cross to aid came from the missionary boards of Constantinople. The two conditions were inner, that the request come from the people of the entire country and that sufficient money should be realized. The first was complied with and the national committee guaranteed sufficient funds. The international committee, the official head of all the Red Cross treaty nations saving no objection, preparations for relief were made. The American Red Cross had to part in raising the money. Its only mission being to distribute. Due cause the selection from the Turkish government. Miss Barton declares that the government is not antagonistic to the Red Cross work, but objects to the distribution of foreign relief on entirely official grounds, neither is its power at that of the necessary to control.

Cannot be Conceded.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—An editorial in the Times repeats that the only point in the Venezuelan controversy upon which England can concede nothing is the retention of the bona fide settlement under the British sovereignty.

Gave the Baby Away.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 13.—John Alridge, aged 50, who had been in the poor farm, last night gave his baby away to a woman, whose name and residence he did not inquire. He came to the Union depot alone, carrying the baby, which was crying lustily. A lady and woman asked the man about the child and learned that he mother had been separated from him and that he had no one to help him care for it. He was on his way north and went to his train. The woman followed to the train and pleaded, ending the father and child in a car window, said to the depot policeman Trail, "I wish I had taken that child; that man cannot take care of it."

"You shall have it, madam," said Trail, and hurrying into the car, the latter was told of the opportunity to place his offspring in good hands and really gave the baby to the policeman, who took it to the waiting woman outside the gates.

The woman who took the child is Mrs. T. R. Hanks, of Farrell, Ill.

A Cold Wave.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 13.—The second great high wave of the month is sweeping down from the northwest territory. At 10 o'clock it was 30 degrees below at Calvary. At many points in Manitoba it was 20 degrees below. The coldest point in Minnesota was St. Vincent, where it was 42 degrees below.

Made Money Without Tramping.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A local paper says: George Leonard, a San Francisco tinsmith, has arrived in New York en route to Boston. He is crossing the continent on a wager of $5,000 made by the Press sporting men, George Harper and Frank Hogan, to decide whether the trip can possibly be made in thirty days. Leonard has contributed to work his way across the continent without the expenditure of one cent, and at the conclusion of the journey he must have $500 cash on hand earned while on the way. He started December 26, and was just in time to secure the full fare of the Pacific Northwestern to Grand, which the road has progressed. He went a long way towards making his $500 walk in Chicago. He has been present nineteen days in his journey and has saved $404.

ANOTHER AMERICAN

Arrested at Johannesburg on a Charge of Conspiracy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A local paper says: Among the Americans who have been arrested at Johannesburg for alleged conspiracy against the Boer government is J. H. Curtis, described in dispatches received here by London as being a wealthy mining engineer. Further information about the cause of his arrest has been sought in vain by his many friends in this city. The parents of Joseph Harry Curtis, a son of the late George Tickner Curtis, and a man of considerable prominence in the mining world of the west. His mother and sisters live in New Rochelle, his permanent home and they, as well as his friends, are amazed at the report of his arrest for being one of the leaders in the recent uprising in the Transvaal, as he has always been strongly opposed to the English schemes for securing control of the country, and has often mentioned the matter in letters written to friends in this city. His sympathies have always been with the government, although he went to Africa originally as an agent of an English company.

For some months now Mr. Curtis has not written home, and his mother has been dependent entirely on the newspaper reports for news of him. Although an American citizen very little of Mr. Curtis' life has been spent in this country. He traveled in Europe for many years and received his education in Friedenburg, Germany. Eight years ago he was sent to South Africa as an expert mining engineer by an English company to examine gold mines there. He has been there ever since. During his residence in the Transvaal republic he has accumulated a fortune and is now one of the wealthiest men there. Mr. Curtis is married but has no children.

Will Advance Freight Rates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13. — The Southern Pacific company and other overland railroads intend, on the 24th inst, to extend the freight rates on coffee, canned goods and wine from California points to the East, from 50 cents per hundred to 75 cents. The action in this matter is due to the fact that the Pan-American railroad has made an agreement with the Pacific Mail whereby to fight against the Pacific Mail and Southern Pacific to oil.

AFTER COL. INGERSOLL.

Clergymen Invite Him to Preach in the Boer Future.

And Give His Views as to What the Christian Church Should Do and Now.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Thousands of prayers were said for Col. R. G. Ingersoll a little while ago. Dr. John Roach, of the Militant church, wishes to know how efficacious these prayers may have been.

To bring the question to actual test the clergymen have forwarded the following letter to the author of "The Mistakes of Moses:"

"Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, Adrian, Mich.: Dear Sir—The Militant church, which was organized for the purpose of bettering the condition of mankind, regardless of creed or race or, desires to extend to you an invitation to preach for us some Sunday morning in the near future on the subject of your views as to what the Christian church should do, and now.

"The motto of our men's club is 'Act in the world, therefore in the text.' Some of our most earnest workers have your views, others are devout Christians. All work together, however, think to themselves and no criticism of creed is exchanged.

"We have a volunteer orchestra of twenty-five pieces, a legal commission composed of over thirty of the leading lawyers of Chicago, who are each pledged to try one case a week free of charge for the poor, or to take up the prosecution of lax city officials or law breakers.

"Our committee of physicians hunt up the poor and care for the sick, delegates visit the police station and care transients by practical methods. The health committee of ladies fight the saloon by trying to provide for the workingman a better club house, not by invective.

"Knowing your interest in honest, practical work for humanity, and feeling that the fact that I am a Christian and you are not should not prevent us from working together for the uplifting of humanity and leaving it to the individual helped to judge for himself what is true, I earnestly invite you to give us the assistance of your ability for one Sunday in building up a movement great enough to embrace and love all humanity from the highest to the lowest. Very sincerely yours,

"JOHN ROACH."

Since Dr. Roak mailed his invitation many think it is the first stage in the fulfillment of the thousands of prayers that he might be turned to the vocation of the church.

Speaking of the matter Rock said: "I do not see that the invitation is at all astonishing. It may be remembered generally that Col. Ingersoll at one time visited a modern institutional church—one of the many practical working churches which are doing grand work for humanity today. He was interested in what he saw, expressed admiration of the possibilities of such church activity. In fact he said that he should like to join that kind of a church himself. So why is it strange to think that he may be invited to speak from the pulpit of the Militant church, whose creed is the good of humanity?

"I firmly believe that if there had been an institutional church when Ingersoll was a boy he would have enlisted into its work heart and soul and that he would have been America's greatest divine instead of the greatest enemy of organized Christianity. As it is he has made people think. The clergy, too, are thinking. The church may have been cold and formal in the past, but it is not so today. In fact, they make more individuals every year than Ingersoll has made in his lifetime. They have been negligent of man's temporal needs and well being, thinking only of his spiritual needs. Ingersoll objected to that. Now there is beginning to be a combination among the clergy to relieve poverty on a most for man's bodies hole in this world."

In the Interest of Cleveland.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—A special from Washington, D. C., says there is to be a strong government boom during several weeks for Grover Cleveland to hold the national Democratic convention in New York. President Cleveland, it is said, favors it here.

A prominent eastern member of the committee who stands high in the councils of the democratic party, says: "This movement is in the interest of Mr. Cleveland as a possible candidate for the Presidency. If the convention is held in New York he will be nominated in all probability.

"This same gentleman also says that if Cleveland should fail of a nomination efforts will be made to have secretary of State Richard Olney nominated.

Americans to Concentrate.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 14.—Mr. Percy Ireland, who has just arrived from South Africa as a representative here of a company which is to hold an international industrial exposition at Johannesburg next May, speaking of the situation in the Transvaal, blames the Americans for the Jameson raid fiasco. He says that when he left Johannesburg six weeks ago the Uitlanders were moving in expectation of Jameson's invasion, and that all outside except Americans were prepared to welcome him.

AMERICANS IN TRANSVAAL.

Not Connected with the Political Disturbances There.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Mr. Wilke of California, a friend of John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer, arrested with others at Johannesburg, on a charge of high treason, continues his efforts in behalf of Hammond and the other Americans in custody at Johannesburg or Pretoria. Dispatches to the situation today, Wilke said: "Our government must understand this fact that all demands of diplomatic courtesy were satisfied by Chamberlain's kind reply to Secretary Olney's request that Great Britain would protect the interests of the Americans in Transvaal. But nothing could be worse for the Americans as the feeling against all Englishmen is exceedingly bitter. While the Boers are very friendly to the Americans. Indeed, several of those arrested are on the best of terms with the Boer government. None of the Americans were connected with the political movement. They simply joined the reform committee formed in Johannesburg to preserve the peace at Johannesburg. President Kruger assured all members of the committee that I believe points which reach through our own representative at Capetown would secure the release of the Americans. Any delay may endanger their lives, as the Boers are in mood unexpected. We should have a representative in Transvaal for the Americans, because a few months most important positions and the trade with the United States is very large. Most lumber used in the mines come from Puget Sound."

The Prussian Diet Opened.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—The Prussian diet was opened today. The speech from the throne was devoted to domestic affairs. It is estimated the budget of 1896 will show a smaller deficit than that of 1895 owing to the increased receipts due to the improving trade. Bills were announced for extending railroads, for improving the position of school teachers, for extend the establishment of chambers of commerce. The government will employ every means to remedy the condition of agriculture and intends to propose introducing financial assistance to those shown to be need, to establish co-operative granaries and legislate regarding tenure of land.

The Ashantee War.

CAPE COAST CASTLE, British West Africa, Jan. 13.—It is announced that the British expeditionary forces operating against Coomassie, the capital of Ashantee, will reach that place on Saturday. It is predicted the Ashantees will desert the capital until after the departure of the expedition and then return and massacre the occupying forces.

The S. P. Hearing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The hearing regarding the receivership of the Northern Pacific, which began yesterday before Justice Field, Harlan, Brewer and Brown, sitting in chambers, was continued today. Extensive opinions were handed in in support and was followed by Pettit, director, representative of the railroad company. Spencer's argument consisted principally of a condition of authorities investing the recognition of the jurisdiction of the Milwaukee court. He said in conclusion that he believed it would be in order for the Supreme Court to assert a rule in equity which would prevent such complications in the future to arise as in this case.

Pettit opposed the position of Turner and Spencer. He denied the assertion that the receivers were appointed in the midst of a panic, declaring that months were consumed in deciding whether to apply to the courts sitting at Milwaukee or in those in Chicago and in St. Paul. He said the resignation of the Milwaukee receivership in the beginning was due to the fact that the parties who applied for the appointment of receivers were in possession of the road and of course turned all property over to them. Pettit's argument was for recognition of the jurisdiction of the circuit court for the Washington district. He said his choice was confirmed by the fact that the railroad company had more property in that jurisdiction than any other. Choate, who appeared for Adams's committee, representing the bondholders, defended the jurisdiction of the Milwaukee court. The justices asked several attorneys to prepare such orders as they might wish to have presented to be submitted to them at a future meeting which the justices would hold for consultation.

For the Senate.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 13.—The Democratic legislative joint caucus today nominated W. L. Babb, U. S. senator.

Forsker's Election Confirmed.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 13.—The two house of the legislature today in joint session at 12 o'clock confirmed their executive's yesterday electing J. B. Forsker U. S. senator, to begin March 4, 1897. The senator elect addressed the general assembly briefly.

Suspended Payment.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 13.—The City Bank, a state banking institution, suspended payment this morning, pending examination. The capital is $200,000. The deposits according to the last statement, December 31, 1895, were $332,564. It is claimed the depositors will be paid in full.

Licensed to Wed.

A marriage license was granted today to Clinton Amundsen, aged 21, of West Jordan, and Mary Johnson, aged 21, of this city.

SENSATIONAL SUIT.

Wants a Receiver Appointed for the Salt Lake Hardware Co.

CHARGES BY EX-MANAGER BAUER.

Alleges That There is a Scheme on Foot to Destroy the Institution to His Disadvantage.

Legal proceedings of a startling character were instituted in the Third district court today, in the form of a complaint by Benjamin F. Bauer against the Salt Lake Hardware Co., James T. Clanley, H. W. Spencer and Julian E. Clanley, in which he prays that a receiver be appointed and that the business be wound up and the defendants enjoined from attempting to exercise as pretended directors any act for said company.

The complaint is a voluminous one and was drawn by Day & Hinson, counsel for plaintiff. In it the allegations are made that the company fixed its capital stock at $75,000 divided into 750 shares of the par value of $100 each; that in said articles of incorporation it was provided that there should be five directors and that to be eligible for the office of director, president, vice president, treasurer or secretary, the person must be the owner of at least ten shares of the capital stock; that of the capital stock there has been issued four hundred and six shares and no more, of which James T. Clanley is the owner and holder of one hundred and five shares; that the only qualified officers and directors of said company are the said defendant James T. Clanley and the plaintiff, that the defendants H. W. Spencer and Julian E. Clanley claim to be, but are not, qualified directors on account of ineligibility.

Plaintiff further alleges that he managed and controlled said business from its organization until December, 1895, at which time serious difficulties and disagreements arose between James T. Clanley and plaintiff, which resulted in quarrels and disputes to the extent that the business was greatly impaired and jeopardized; that to further successful continuance is impossible; that the plaintiff left the business in the hands of said James T. Clanley, who then and there was and is still anxious to have the company's affairs closed out and of not resuming business; all this because of the fact that the hope of future harmony is lost.

The plaintiff further alleges that the company is indebted to the amount of more than $50,000, most of which is due or about to become so; that there is no way by which indebtedness can be met except by borrowing, if such a thing were possible; that the actual assets of the company do not exceed $35,000; that it will require time to sell the stock to advantage and collect outstanding accounts; that the corporation in its present state is in imminent danger of insolvency and that at a forced sale and sacrifice it can be realized to liquidate its indebtedness.

Plaintiff further sets forth that since the incumbent James T. Clanley has taken charge of the business that he has been borrowing money at high rates of interest from friends or persons who will stand in with him in a scheme to consolidate all debts due to his friends for the purpose of destroying the interest of the plaintiff as an owner and holder of $15,000 in said corporation.

In addition to the charges enumerated, there are many more equally sensational and damaging as those mentioned.

Marionneaux After His Money.

Thomas Marionneaux, by his attorney, Judge McDowall, filed a complaint in the Third district court today against Alonzo E. Hyde and John Beck. The plaintiff sets forth in detail that on or about March 5th, 1895, the defendants employed him to make a stenographic report of the proceedings in the case of John Beck vs Alonzo E. Hyde, heard by Attorney George Sutherland, as referee; that the plaintiff for a period of thirty-one days reported the proceedings under the stipulated agreement that he was to receive $10 per day and fifty cents page for typewritten transcripts; that as a result of such work he is entitled to $354 and interest, for which amount he prays judgment.

Court Cases Set.

Judges Miles, Howat and Young all held court today and set a large number of cases for hearing. The calendar, which has been in the hands of the typewritten all afternoon, will not be copied until a late hour this evening.

Divorced By Judge Young.

Helena E. Evans was today granted a divorce from a shiftless and non-supporting husband, James S. Evans, by Judge Le Grand Young, who heard the case. Attorney A. R. Sawyer represented the plaintiff. The defendant failed to appear.

Amended Its Charter.

The Western Loan and Savings company filed amended articles to its charter in the county clerk's office today but failed to certify thereto and until that is done the amendments will not be made a matter of record.

Another New Gold Company.

The Independence Gold Mining and Milling company filed articles of incorporation in the office of County Clerk Stanton today. The principal place of business is this city. The capital stock is fixed at $1,000,000, divided into 200,000 shares of the par value of $5 each. The incorporators and the amount of stock subscribed for by each is as follows: W. H. Penrose, 50,000 shares; W. H. Penrose, trustee, 50,000; C. C. Shaw, 50,000; J. H. Middleton, 50,000; James Moffat, 50,000; J. C. Miller, 1,000; W. F. Harper, 1,000; James Moffat, trustee for working capital, 17,000.

W. H. Penrose is named as president; C. C. Shaw as vice president; J. H. Middleton, treasurer, and James Moffat secretary.

An Examining Committee.

Attorney A. V. Taylor, in Judge Young's court, today asked for the appointment of a committee to examine Chelsea B. Allen as to his qualifications for admission to the bar. H. Taylor, Frank Pierce, and F. S. Richards were named as such committees by the court.

UTAH SUGAR COMPANY.

A Dividend of Ten Per Cent Declared Today.

At a meeting of the directors of the Utah Sugar company today a dividend of ten per cent on the capital stock of the institution was declared, payable March 2, 1896.

W. H. Miles's Funeral.

The funeral services over the remains of William H. Miles, who departed this life yesterday, will take place from the Twelfth ward meeting house, tomorrow at 2 p. m., instead of 3, as announced in the morning papers.

TODAY'S MINING CALL.

Sales of Mercur, Mammoth, Sunshine, Dalton and Little Pittsburg—Values Fixed.

No great amount of enthusiasm was manifest at today's call of mining stocks, but the results achieved compare quite favorably with those of other days. The rally on Little Pittsburg stock effected somewhat its sales today, but for all that 2,000 shares changed hands. Bidding on Dalton was quite lively and 3,500 shares of that stock was transferred.

Stocks closed today at the following figures:

LISTED STOCKS.

Mines	Asked	Bid
Alpha	3	2
Alta	17	16
Beck Tree		40
Beck Tree Extension		35
Carisbrook Keystone	10	
Centennial Eureka	17 50	16 00
Chief	10	
Dalton	4 25	
Dividend		
Eureka Hill		
Gemini		
Grand Central		
Horn Silver		
Iron Silver	6 25	6 00
Mammoth	1 60	1 45
Mercur		
Ontario	6 50	6 00
Ontario Extension		
Opohongo		
Phoenix	3 00	
Rio Grande		
Silver King		14 00
Sunbeam	2 00	1 85
Sunshine	2 60	2 50
Tintic		
Uncle Sam		
Uncle Tom		
Yankee Girl		
Yosemite	2 00	1 90

UNLISTED STOCKS.

Seventeen cents was at first asked for Nevada-Utah with a bid of 15; closing figures, 16 asked; 15 bid.

Dalton stock was sold at 3 cents and 3½ closing with a demand of 3½ while 3½ was offered.

Holders of Hogan stock wanted 20 cents, but 15½ was the highest bid.

Little Pittsburg was offered at 24 cents, but sales were made at 22½, closing bid 22.

Rover, on a 50 cent bid, while sellers demanded $1 per share.

Forty cents was offered for Park City Merger; 57½ asked.

Eagle rock could have been purchased at 30 cents; 39 bid.

Geyser was placed on the market at $1.45 but got a bid of only $1.35.

Cleveland stock was offered at 20 cents and Jersey at 15; but no bids were made.

Five cents was offered for Bullion-Beck Tunnel company, 60 for Herald-Mercur-Morgan, and 65 for East Golden Gate, but none was placed on the market.

SALES MADE.

Woolley to Hill, 200 Mammoth at $1.42½; Pendergast to Colburn, 30 Sunshine at $2.45; Colburn to Hudson, 1,000 Dalton at 3 cents; Lowe to Burns, 500 Dalton at 3 cents; Lowe to Woolley, 500 Dalton at 3 cents; Colburn to Burns, 500 Dalton at 3½ cents; Colburn to Hill, 1,000 Dalton at 3 cents; Stevens to Wentroff, 1,000 Little Pittsburg at 22½ cents; Donnellan to Wentroff, 1,000 Little Pittsburg at 22 cents; Hill to Andrews, 100 Mercur at $6.

The Utah National.

The Utah National Bank held its annual meeting yesterday and elected a board of directors for the ensuing year as follows: J. M. Stout, G. Y. Wallace, P. L. Williams, Dr. A. C. Ewing, Thomas Carter, Elmer B. Jones, Boyd Park, Joseph Barrington, W. H. Hoy, W. H. H. Spafford, Gill S. Parish. The directors will meet on Tuesday next and declare a dividend.

National Bank of the Republic.

The stockholders of the National Bank of the Republic met yesterday afternoon and elected the following directors for the ensuing year: Frank Knox, George A. Lowe, L. Kahn, W. E. Smedley, H. L. A. Culmer, C. H. Hoyt, J. G. Sutherland, A. H. Miller and Ed. W. Duncan. After the stockholders' meeting the directors met and elected Frank Knox, president; George A. Lowe, vice-president; E. W. Duncan, cashier, and E. G. Coffin, assistant cashier. A dividend of three per cent for the quarter was declared and $5,000 carried into the surplus account, giving that fund $25,000 instead of $15,000 as formerly.

Deseret National Bank.

The stockholders of the Deseret National bank met yesterday afternoon and re-elected the following board of directors: L. S. Hills, William W. Riter, James T. Little, James Sharp, John R. Winder, Frank W. Jennings, Moses Thatcher, George Romney, John R. Barnes, John C. Cutler, Henry Dinwoodey, David H. Peery and E. R. Eldredge. The directors will meet and elect officers on Tuesday next, the annual report showing a very satisfactory increase of business in 1895 over that of 1894.

CONGRATULATORY TELEGRAMS.

Messages Received Today by Hon. Frank J. Cannon.

The following congratulatory telegrams were received today by Hon. Frank J. Cannon, upon his selection as one of the Republican nominees for United States Senator from Utah:

FROM WASHINGTON, D. C.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

I was expecting it, but the news is less welcome. Utah has cause to rejoice.

CLARENCE E. ALLEN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

Allow me to join your very many friends here in extending sincere congratulations on the endorsement that you have received in your party caucus. We were so gratified by the legislature, with best wishes for your success.

EDGAR WILSON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

My heartiest congratulations; sorry to lose you from the House, but wonderful for your honors. God bless you always.

CHAS. A. TOWNE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.

Hon. F. J. Cannon:

Here's to your good health and the health of your family. May they live long and prosper.

CHAS. S. HARMAN.
GROVE L. JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

Thanking God and your father, I congratulate our country Utah and you.

S. A. ROBINSON.

FROM WYOMING.

EVANSTON, Wyo., Jan. 13, 1896.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

Glad as dark.

JOHN C. HAMM.

FROM COLORADO.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 13, 1896.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

Accept my congratulations on your nomination for Senator for Utah.

F. J. ARKINS.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 13, 1896.

Hon. F. Cannon:

Accept hearty congratulations. You certainly have a bright future before you.

J. E. RHODES.

FROM UTAH.

PROVO, Jan. 13, 1896.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

You have my hearty congratulations. Honor conferred where it belongs, just as it should be.

REED SMOOT.

LOGAN, Jan. 13, 1896.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

Utah Republicans have maintained the party's honor by recognizing her most brilliant son. All Cache county Republicans congratulate you and your colleague.

J. H. MARTIN.

OGDEN, Utah, Jan. 13.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

Your election comes uppermost and I know it will be done. Your election is a complete vindication of the party.

L. S. ROBERTS.

PROVO, Utah, Jan. 13.

Hon. Frank J. Cannon:

My dear Frank, accept my sincere congratulations on your success. May heaven continue to smile upon you, Frank, my dear boy.

H. S. PRINCE.

BRIGHAM, Utah, Jan. 13.

Hon Frank J. Cannon:

I congratulate you.

B. H. JONES.

News From Basalt.

BASALT, Idaho, Jan. 13, 1896.

To the Editor:

To judge by reports, Basalt and vicinity must be singularly blessed, so far as the weather is concerned, for it is lovely winter weather; no snow as yet and although the nights are somewhat cool, the days are very pleasant.

In our literary society, on the night of Jan. 8, we had, in addition to songs, essays, etc., a mock trial, viz: Belinda Smith vs Alfred Crabs, for breach of promise. Our worthy school teacher, Scott Griffith, made an excellent judge, and quick as he rulings. Messrs. Dye & Drew represented the plaintiff, while Criddle & Perkins had charge of the defense. The examination of witnesses disclosed some peculiar transactions, and created much amusement, and all seemed to enjoy it hugely, a verdict was rendered in favor of defendant, it being proved that he was ready and anxious to marry plaintiff there and then.

Brother George White, of Riverside ward, a returned missionary from Tennessee, presented to the Saints of Basalt on Sunday, the 5th inst., and was followed by Brother Hudson, a convert from there. Both bore a powerful testimony.

A grand basket party was held on the night of Friday the 10th, and the bidding on the baskets was very spirited.

"Lendmee" paid our town a visit on Sunday. He and Brother John England, of Riverside, addressed the Saints in afternoon services.

The all absorbing theme here at present is the building of a government canal, the contract for which has been set to the Idaho Canal company.

BASALTER.

Mercur Notes.

The Heels group, owned by Angus M. Cannon and leased by Fred Lindard and associates, is fast developing into what promises to be a great producer. Good assays have been obtained from the East Golden Gate ground, George Kleinburg, the manager, is highly pleased as the prospects are very excellent.

UTAH'S U.S. SENATORS

Republican Caucus Names Frank J. Cannon and Arthur Brown.

IT WAS DETERMINED LAST NIGHT.

Cannon Chosen by Acclamation and Brown the Victor Over Bennett on a Vote of 24 to 19.

The senatorial struggle in the Utah Legislature is over. It ended in the Republican caucus in the House last night in favor of Hon. Frank J. Cannon, who was chosen by acclamation, and Arthur Brown, who won over Judge Bennett on a vote of 24 to 19 on the first ballot—the only one taken.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the caucus was called to order by Senator Jones, and Senator George M. Cannon was elected as chairman and Senator Glen Miller as secretary. The announcement of the second caucus nominee was made by the newspaper men were asked to vacate, which they did. A roll call showed that every Republican member of the Legislature was in attendance. As a certain ruler in the subsequent proceedings Chairman Cannon, who is also chairman of the Republican state committee, reminded his associates that money for the forthcoming campaign was absolutely necessary. Organization was divinely ordained the party that did the best work in that direction would draw largely from the women, who from time to time both would be a power in the domain of politics. He suggested that every member of the Legislature contribute $25. This idea was immediately put into a motion but failed to carry and the matter was disposed of by an agreement to the effect that each man should "chip in" whatever amount he could afford.

Allusion to a delightful speech, nominated Hon. Frank J. Cannon as one of the first United States senator from Utah. The nomination was made by acclamation amid the utmost enthusiasm.

Otterstrom named Arthur Brown for the second senator. Chairman Cannon temporarily vacated the chair in favor of Senator Glen Miller, and named Judge C. W. Bennett. The result showed that Brown had received 24 votes and Bennett 19. The news was quietly carried to the friends of the two competing candidates on the outside. The Brown forces were highly, even wildly, elated, while Judge Bennett's friends were patently disconsolate. Messrs. Cannon and Brown both made speeches, and soon after their friends went home shouting and cheering on the way over the victory they had won.

An Idaho Irrigating Ditch.

Tuesday's Boise, Idaho, Statesman says that at a meeting of the Farmers' Union Ditch company, held at Star last Saturday, officers were elected for the ensuing year. The company has been in existence about a year and a half, and was organized for the purpose of constructing and maintaining an irrigation ditch twenty-six miles in length, having a capacity of 10,000 inches, and to cost about $40,000. The ditch will water 8,000 acres of land situated in Ada county. At the head of the ditch has been constructed, at a cost of nearly $3,000, one of the best headgates in the county. Altogether about $10,000 has been expended in cash and labor, and water will be running through the ditch to dry ground, a distance of about nine miles, by July 1st. Stockholders secure a permanent water right at $3 per acre. The maintenance fees will probably amount to about 20 cents per acre for each year. The land covered is especially adapted for fruit culture, and it is the intention of nearly all subscribers to engage in that branch of farming. This means cultivation of small tracts, the cutting up of the larger holdings into small farms.

Escalante's Celebration.

ESCALANTE, Jan. 9, 1896.

To the Editor:

We had quite a social time on January 8, inaugural day for the new State of Utah. A salute of guns at sunrise, the United States flag flying, martial band out with its music, and mass meeting at the citizens at 10 o'clock, was the order. The meeting opened with singing by the Escalante choir; prayer by the chaplain, Paddy Allen; singing by the choir in behalf of Y. M. M. I. A.; a quartette, "We Hail Thee, Deseret;" Bishop A. P. Schow, orator of the day, was followed by marital band; recitation by Mrs. Eliza Roe, president of Y. L. M. I. A., entitled Improvement of the West; song by Alice Sharp and company, entitled Utah; Miss Mary T. Wilcox, president of the Relief Society, spoke on the Statehood of Utah and the blessings that accrue thereto and the encouragement of the women; recitation, Mocking Bird, by Mrs. Hall; recitation by Miss Addie Tobin, entitled Boggle's Dinner Party; song by Miss Maria M. Campbell and company, entitled Golden Era; speech of Brother T. Heap; music by martial band; song, Taking Off Utah, by J. D. Wilcox; violin solo, by Mr. Hall; toast, by Edmund Davis, Utah a Sovereign State, May she be a blessing to her Sister States; toast, by Bishop A. P. Schow; song, Mary's Lamb, by Brother A. J. Wright, which caused quite a ripple of hilarious and hearty applause; speech by Joseph Haymore; singing by the choir; benediction by Chaplain Paddy Allen.

The citizens had a dance in the afternoon and the adults at night. The house was crowded to overflowing out of subjected discomfort.

The Y. M. and Y. L. M. I. associations had a combined session tonight. We are having quite a mild, dry winter here in general, we thus some snow and shape. The health of the people in general is good.

YOURS, SUBSCRIBER.