TELEGRAPHIC.

TROUBLE IN TURKEY.

Disturbances Reported in a District of Macedonia.

MOHAMMEDAN POLICEMEN KILLED

In Retaliation for the Murder of a Young Bride—Women Defend a Village.

SOFIA, June 15.—Advices were received here today from Kresnowa, Macedonia, telling of two startling occurrences, which may be followed by much more serious trouble in that district. The first disturbance was caused, according to all accounts, by a Turkish policeman, who killed a young woman on the eve of her marriage to a young Bulgarian. The girl's two brothers swore vengeance, and the Turkish policeman and one of his comrades were killed by them shortly after the death of the girl.

This caused great excitement in the neighborhood, and attempts were made to capture the brothers, who sought refuge in a house, which they prepared to defend to the utmost. This building was finally surrounded by the Turkish police, and the brothers opened fire on them with guns and revolvers from the windows of the house, and during the struggle two more, not any themselves were killed by the police.

The firing caused wild excitement everywhere in the neighborhood, and the commander of the Turkish troops was obliged to send for reinforcements in order to maintain order.

The second story is even more startling than the first. According to advices from the Bulgarian village of Valkelia, in the same district, that place was recently invaded during the absence of the male portion of the population by a band of Albanian bandits. The women of Valkelia, however, armed themselves with every weapon they could and made a determined resistance to the brigands, who, during the fight which followed, killed nine of the women. They then set the village on fire and drove the cattle to their stronghold. Naturally the affair has caused the most intense indignation against the brigands, and a strong detachment of troops has been sent against them.

IN A JEALOUS RAGE.

Suspicion Leads to Horrible Crime—Murder and Suicide.

KANSAS CITY, June 15.—A special to the Times from St. Francis, Kan., says:

A terrible tragedy was enacted about ten miles north of here on Friday morning. Frank Williams, a youth, while in a fit of jealous rage, dropped to murder his wife and blow out his brains. He had been married but a few months, and his wife, a little girl aged 8, and a boy aged 9, with a baby, also a boy, lived with his own mother, who is a widow.

Williams had his first wife not departed, and on May 12th was married to Mrs. Anna Kennedy, formerly Miss Dixon, who lived up, she's who has resided in his household for some time past. Their married life was very happy, and after about four weeks of bliss, the woman left home and went to live with a man named Swanson, a neighbor. During the last week Williams went to the home of Swanson several times, but refused to enter and threatened to kill his wife and Mr. Swanson.

ANOTHER TRAGEDY.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 15.—Arthur Hanks, a well-to-do farmer living at Hillsboro, eighteen miles from this city, shot his wife, N. N. Halford, and fatally wounded Thomas Hunsy and then emptied his wife to death, and shot himself tonight.

Hanks had been suspected Sunday of being intimate with his wife, and had evidently been waiting for an opportunity to present itself so he could get even with him. This opportunity came this evening, when Murphy was passing Guardin's house on horseback. Hanks was sitting on the porch and when Murphy came up he made a move a revolver and commenced firing, wounding Murphy in several places and killing his horse. Mrs. Guardin rushed out of the house and had Hanks told her to go away, but she refused to do so, and he then fired several times with the butt of his revolver, driving her back into the house where he seized a knife and stabbed her seven times, killing her instantly.

The dead woman leaves four children, ranging in age from one to sixteen.

FORMIDABLE RATE WAR.

Nothing But Shattered Schedules in Every Direction.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The freight officials of the western roads now say that they are confronted by the prospect of one of the worst rate wars they have ever experienced. Rates in every direction and of every class are being cut anywhere from fifty to eighty per cent. The collapse of all the freight money pools and the breaking of the Southwestern association has left the Western Freight association the only organization in the West by which freight rates are being maintained at all, and even it seems powerless to avert in any way the demoralization which has been spreading for the last two months. The action of the Union Pacific yesterday in reducing rates knocked about the last prop from under the association, and there is nothing but scattered tariffs in sight in every direction. This is the view of some of the most conservative men of the western lines, and everything at present seems to point to the coming of hard times.

THE LABOR MOVEMENT.

Intended to Save the Laboring Man from the Fate of Hodges.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 16.—Samuel Gompers, the labor leader, addressed an audience of several hundred people at Aeolian hall this afternoon on topics of interest to working men. The meeting was arranged by a committee of the members of the trades and labor unions. Mr. Gompers spoke on behalf of organized labor, stating that two million people were out of employment against their will.

"Private, privileged classes and title capitality," he said, "are increasing their power at a wonderful rate. Our colonies, state and municipal councils are with one another and with the courts, in enacting special privileges. If things go on as they have been for twenty years, the liberties of the future will be close to what the condition of the Russian and American laborer is the same words.

"The labor movement in this country was founded to elevate what is now a lower condition of affairs."

Money Held on Stolen Bonds.

CASPER, Wyo., June 15.—The prisoner arrested yesterday at Fort Henry, charged with selling gold from the mint, was held under Commissioner Edwards today. Meier and Hefner testified that the man was on way to pioneer employes from smelting company.

B. H. Beck, of the Rocky Mountain Works, said that Henry brought gold bullion to the smelting works two years ago. The first time he brought $14,000 worth. Henry said he had owned a mine which was beginning to pay and was wanted to keep quiet about it. He first said he got the gold from Colorado, but the mine was on Wyoming. He said he would not reveal the mine. The Rocky Mountain Works has shown gold smuggler, and the last he remembers great gold. Beck said helped Henry to dispose of these bonds. Commissioner Edwards held Henry to stand before the grand jury in $10,000 bonds.

Judgment Against a Street Car Co.

DENVER, June 15.—In the United States circuit court today Judge Hallett signed a decree of foreclosure and order of sale in the case of the Central Trust company of New York against the Denver City Cable Railway company and the Denver Cable Railway company. The amount of the judgment is $1,000,000. Ten years ago the road was opened with guns and drawn so that the windows of the houses along the route were fired two more, but no one themselves were killed by the guns.

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The Arid Land Grants.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—Millions and millions of acres of land are to be added to the great homestead areas of the West. The last Congress enacted a law providing that the general government should donate to each state in which there are arid lands, 1,000,000 acres of such lands, on condition that the reclamation is done by the states. Already Idaho and Wyoming have complied with all the formalities of the law and have taken steps towards securing the 1,000,000 acres of land within their borders. Lieutenant Governor Miles of Idaho and E. Meade of Wyoming, both engineers by profession, are the heads of their respective states, are here to complete the final arrangements. Their mission promises to be very successful.

Re-Marrying the Indians.

WICHITA, Kan., June 16.—Captain Wesson of the Fifth cavalry, at present acting Indian agent for the Cheyennes and Arapahoes at Darlington, Okla., is putting in the last activity in line with the situation of a West Point. Last month he issued an order stating that in the opinion of the Indian adopting the civil marriage rites, Now Captain Wesson has his hands full, for the Indians are coming in from all quarters to be married by him. Yesterday he married one couple who had been married nearly a dozen years under the Indian rites. Some of the Cheyennes in the vicinity are getting re-married according to the religious rites and those adopting matrimony are accompanied by Fred Gerdner, a full-blood Indian Presbyterian preacher. There are about 300 couples to be married in this way.

HYDROPHOBIA RAGING.

Earnest Efforts to Fight the Dangerous Sickness.

OMAHA, June 16.—A special to the Bee from Grand Island, Neb., says: In the northwestern part of Adams county, in the vicinity of the farm of Fred Grost, hydrophobia in animals has caused a great loss of cattle, injury to some and much anxiety. Two men have been sitting and compelled to go to Wyncote, where a machine was applied, and over forty cattle belonging to Ernst have been that after showing symptoms of hydrophobia.

In January a cow was bitten by a mad dog. It died and was not buried, being hauled to some out of the way place. The cow in question soon commenced the carcass. About May 1st it was noticed other cattle showed symptoms of hydrophobia. Then it was that Ernst's first cow came down the disease and was shot.

A war was commenced on the dogs in the district. Only one dog is left, but he will soon join the dog-kennel. Three cows belonging to Ernst were killed. One of these has extensive cows, and Frank Ernst, a man about 40 years of age, was scratched by one of the cows. As a consequence he was compelled to go to Wyncote, where he (cows) was extracted.

Up to date 40 cattle have been made to stay the neighborhood of six months affected.

The Russo-Chinese Loan.

LONDON, June 17.—A dispatch to the Times from Paris says the agents of the syndicate have waited on the Paris bankers to obtain the Chinese loan agreement. The Standard, in its financial article, says it is assured the Russo-Chinese loan is finished and by it indemnity Japan for withdrawing her claims to the Liao Tung peninsula. Therefore the Chinese must have 200,000,000 for the second indemnity, which will be paid in over 36 months of her entire customs revenue.

RAILROADS OF THE COUNTRY.

Seventh Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 16.—The seventh annual report of the Interstate commerce commission, for the year ending June 30, 1894, has just been published.

In the introduction special attention is called to popular conditions affecting the operation of railways during the year.

The total railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1894, was 175,776, an increase during the year of 2,259 miles. The increase during the previous year was 4,837 miles. The number of locomotives was 43,433 miles.

The total cost of railway construction June 30, 1894, was 1,924, an increase during the year of 22. The number of roads not in operation was 77.

A classification of railroads on the basis of operated mileage in which 48 roads, each with a mileage of over 1,000 miles, reaches 150,317 miles or nearly 86.3 per cent of the total mileage of the country. Ninety roads (operating 22.9 per cent of the entire mileage) in June 30th, 1894, the total number of locomotives was 35,392, an increase during the year of 704. The total number of cars reported was 1,278,075.

The total number of railway employes on June 30, 1894, was 779,655, a decrease as compared with the number on June 30, 1893, of 98,304, or 11.70 per cent. There is another number reported than in any year since 1891. The decrease in the number of employes is due, the report says, to the heavy falling off in traffic and the retrenchment of the railways in economy.

The total amount of capital invested in roads on June 30, 1894, was $10,796,178,823, or $62,934 per mile of road. This is an increase in the number of outstanding capital during the year of $19,000,000, the amount of capital stock was $4,624,724,600, of which $4,102,241,000 was common stock, the latter item being the largest ever. The amount of current dividends was $98,815,133. The amount of railway securities held by the railways as an investment was $3,248,000,000, a decrease during the year of $15,000,000. The amount of cash held by the railways on dividend was $3,000,170,004, or $3,000,000 more than the year before. The total amount of dividends was $99,555,170, or an average rate on the outstanding stock of 5.41 per cent. The amount of interest paid by the roads was $99,578,200. The amount of miscellaneous obligations paying interest was $53,626,224, and the amount of income bonds paying no interest was $10,737,353.

The amount of passengers carried was 519,000,159, an increase over the previous year of 24,127,957, and an increase of 19,000,000 over the year before. There was a large increase in freight traffic, the number of tons of freight carried being 906,146,555, an increase of 74,110,412 in 1893.

The gross earnings of the railways for the year were $1,075,767,731, a decrease as compared with the previous year of $147,000,077. Passenger revenue decreased $16,416,256, and the revenue from freight traffic decreased $129,867,886. The total expenses were $1,000,000,000, a decrease of $94,814,322, a decrease of $90,000,000. The forward per cent of decrease was in the operating expenses assigned to maintenance of way and structures and to maintenance of equipment, which show respectively a decrease of 15.12 and 17.12 per cent.

The net earnings were $91,000,000, a decrease of $20,000,000, as compared with the previous year. The income earned from sources outside of operations was $21,000,000.

During the year 1893 railway employes were killed, and 20,032 were injured, as compared with 2,727 killed and 31,175 injured in 1892. This marked decrease in casualty is partly due, the report says, to the decrease in the volume of business handled. The increase in the use of safety appliances on railway equipment also may have reduced railway employment less dangerous. The number of passengers killed was 1,166, a decrease of 25, and the number injured was 3,604, a decrease of 195.

To show the ratio of casualty it may be noted that one employe was killed out of every 428 in the service, and one injured out of every 28 employed.

THE CUBAN REBELLION.

Maceo's Death Paid for by Spanish Blood—More Selective Dispatches.

TAMPA, Fla., June 16.—Passengers on the steamer Seminole report that the Spanish government quietly raised $50,000 from Havana volunteers. Those who paid $500 are exempt from duty. Those furnishing a substitute pay $250.

Spain is said to have paid $15,000 for Maceo's assassination.

The Vuelta Abajo district will probably be in a few days. Many small armed bands are in the vicinity of Havana. Martinez de Campos awaits more troops from Spain at Neuvitas.

Cienfuegos, near Sagua, was turned by the insurgents, under Major Duran, on the 6th. Orvis, the guide that is claimed to have assassinated Marti, is in the hospital Principe Alfonso, dangerously wounded in the left breast with a rifle ball, said to have been inflicted in battle, but it is thought the Cubans tried to end him.

HAVANA, June 16.—A small band of troops at Lakes Cienfuegos went in pursuit of the insurgents and found them on the other side of the river at Cuba. The troops charged and delivered a volley, which caused the insurgents to retire. They left their arms and horses, besides four of their number dead and a wounded. Of the troops one was killed and two wounded.

MADRID, June 16.—The Cabinet council has decided to act with the greatest vigor in Cuba and to dispatch all the troops there, in addition to the troops already under orders, and to increase within two months twenty thousand. A telegram received tonight from Cuba says the Spanish troops have repulsed a rebel attack upon the village of Parada Spritba.

FOR IRELAND.

A Great Movement for a War of Independence.

NEW YORK, June 16.—A special to the Herald from Chicago says: A meeting of Irish men has been held in this city lately. About 300 delegates were present from various societies of the country. The object of the meeting was a union of all Irish-American societies in the affiliation of an Irish-American national army organization with the Irish National Land League, in the interest of Ireland's cause. The meeting was called by the president of the Irish National Land League, Thomas Sexton, and was presided over by Alexander Sullivan. The following is a list of the Irish-American societies represented when the meeting was called to order:

FRAGRANT
VANITY FAIR
CIGARETTES

ALONE BUT THE FINEST VIRGINIA & TURKISH TOBACCO & THE HIGHEST SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED IN MAKING THESE CIGARETTES
W. S. KIMBALL & CO.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. SUCCESSOR

Beecham's pills are for bilious ness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go to the book. Pills 25c and 25c a box. Book free at your druggist's or write H. P. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York.

DISSTONS' CELEBRATED
SAWS
Cross Cut, Drag, One Man, Circular, Mill, Hand, Rip, Panel, Tenon, Framing, Compass, Butcher, Cook, Keyhole, Etc.
CIRCULAR.
Rich Gold and Chase Road Tools and VEHICLE for sale by Crane, etc. Sole agents for Disston Saws, Files and Saws always on hand.
Z. C. M. I.

BEST
SIX-CORD
Spool Cotton

Better Than Pills

"As old as the hills" and never equal. "Tried and proven" is the motto of millions. Simmons Liver Regulator is the only Liver and Kidney medicine to which you can give your faith for a cure. A trial convinces, and you'll be glad, after doing so, that you have found the best Liver and Kidney Regulator. Try it. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into tea.

The King of Liver Medicines.

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator before and can recommend it as a family medicine. It is the best of all." Rev. W. Jackson, Thomson, Georgia.

SPRYRY PACKAGES
Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.

GUN POWDER
Get him now about who never shot before, and him who always shot now shoot his mark.
HAZARD'S "Kentucky Rifle"
HAZARD'S "Peerless Sporting"
HAZARD'S "Sporting and Blasting"
HAZARD'S "Sporting" the most reliable in the market.
Manufactured by
THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY,
Hazardville, Conn.
Represented in Utah by
SALT LAKE HARDWARE Co.

And Ranges are used with entire satisfaction all over the world.

You run no risk in buying them, their record of 41 years and the makers' guarantee is behind them.

THEY ARE SOLD BY
Z.C.M.I.
IN ALL THEIR STORES.

Horses Kick

Shearing Process

Putnam Nails

Absolutely Safe.

PUTNAM NAIL COMPANY.
Department, Boston, Mass.

For sale by Z. C. M. I., Clark, Eldredge & Co., Western Hardware Co., Salt Lake Hardware Co., and Geo. A. Lowe, Salt Lake City, Utah.

—CASH—
UNCLAIMED.

JUDGE CHAS. W. STAYNER has, for many years been securing a record of success entitled to money in England and other parts of the world. He can now supply valuable preliminary information by correspondence for a fee of $1, on receipt of ONE DOLLAR. A full examination and report costs FIVE DOLLARS, for an order fully TEN DOLLARS.

Hopeless cases and unfavorable cases are declined. Money confidential and reliable.

Address:
C. W. STAYNER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Salt Lake City, Utah.
Send P. O. Order.
Stamps taken for some of $1.00.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Our extremely low prices during this

Great Midsummer Sale!

Seemed to have reached the lowest notch, but this week we make an extraordinary cut in

LACES.

Such a drop all prices never was witnessed of in the lace world. You will never have an opportunity to buy so cheaply again.

LACES.

White and Ecru Oriental Laces, five inches wide worth 15c, at 10c yd.

Six inches wide, worth 25c, at 17½c yd.

Four inches wide, worth 25c, at 20c yd.

Eight inches wide, worth 35c, at 20c.

Five Silk Bourdon Lace, three inches wide, worth 25c, at 15c.

Five inches wide, worth 40c, at 25c.

Real Venetian Point Laces. A magnificent assortment, in ecru and butter color, in any desired width, 1 to 10 inches, all specially reduced for this sale.

Butter Color Point Vandyke Lace, finches wide, worth double, at 25c, 30c, 35c yd.

Ecru Lace, most exquisite designs, from 1 to 10 inches wide, from 40c to $1.75 yd., all at half price.

10 inch Butter Color Venetian Point all over Lace, for covering yoke or entire waist, worth $1.75, for $1.00 yd.

10 inch wide Ecru Mantelpiece all over Lace, worth $3.00 at $2.00 yd.

Butter Color Vandyke Point Venetian Laces, 4 inches wide, worth 80c, at 50c.

10 inches wide, worth $1, at 80c.

Eight inches wide, worth $3.50, at $1.25.

Six inches wide, worth $3.00, at $2.00.

12 inches wide, worth $4.00, at $2.50.

All our Black Laces from 10 inch edging to 45 inches wide, all over net, at prices that will astonish and please you.

SPECIALS IN WASH GOODS.

40 inch White India Linen, you would willingly pay 10c yard, for this week 6½c.

40 inch White Lenn Lace Stripes, 14 to 1 inch apart, worth 15c, at 8½c yd.

Fine Black Lawn, in small and large checks, 32 inches wide, value 15c, at 8½c yd.

40 inch India Percale, pink, blue, lavender and white ground, in figured and stripes, pretty for shirt waists, sold elsewhere at 12½c, for 9c yd.

Duck Suitings, light and dark grounds with stripes, dots and figures, new colors, entirely new styles, for 12½c yd.

Plain White Piques for dress skirts, 27 inches wide, at 12½c.

Lace Striped Zephyrs, in lovelliest of the new color combinations, paralled as bargain elsewhere, at 25c, for 15c.

Fine and Sheer Tape Striped Dimities, that everybody wants, beautiful quality, instead of 25c, we make them 15c.

Manchester Pongees, in white grounds with colored figures and stripes, the most serviceable wash fabric, our regular 25c quality, on this week to 15c.

Seasonal Imported White Lawn, some corded combination stripe, worth 25c at 18c.

Latest and Finest in French Piques, white grounds with colored figures, cost 50c to import, slashed to 25c.

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SPRING STYLES

Make Your Appearance Faultless.

Our stock ranks first in importance.
Important because of best quality.
Important because of splendid assortment.
Important because of low prices.
Important because of latest styles.
A grand combination of circumstances to save you money.
In no previous season have we been able to collect an assortment so well adapted to the wants and requirements of this country as we now offer in our seasonable stock of

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING,
HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Selected especially for you and each article marked at a price you can find to pay.

A close examination turns the tide of trade to our counters and the savings into your purse.

Take time to think, then turn your thoughts to our store, where the sales is deep, and you will never err mistake.

We are not bragging, you know, we don't handle them. We have a good one, though, for $5, worth $10.

A better one $8, worth $15. And all other grades at similar reductions from former values.

CONHAIM'S CLOTHING PARLORS,

205 Main and 10 E. Second South. E. CONHAIM Proprietor.