

CRUCER AND THE BOER CAPITAL.

On a Railway Car, for Quick Movement.

WAR HAS JUST BEGUN

Paul's Statement to a British Correspondent—An Interesting Interview.

[Early Despatches.]

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Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers. They filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Fains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits.

By all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

foreign missions, has sent the following letter to Secretary of State Hay:

"Our board has fifty-eight American missionaries in the Shanghai province, China, sixteen in Fokien and ten in Pao Ting Fu, eighty-four altogether, besides, of course, large property interests."

"We as well as many relatives and friends, have been very anxious to see you."

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indicated to Berlin also and amounted to a veritable craze. Nearly everything available in the commercial enterprise has been combined or capitalized under the leadership of the local securities, such as gas and electric light, traction and iron and steel properties. So great were the demands made upon the financial institutions that municipalities have suffered from inability to float loans at satisfactory figures.

RECEPTION TO GEN. OTIS. That in Rochester Next Week Will be a Brilliant Affair.

New York, June 8.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: As far as the administration can arrange it the reception of Major General E. S. Otis in Rochester, N. Y., on June 15th, will be a brilliant affair. Secretary Root has approved the order issued by Major General Brooke, relative to the troops to participate in the military pageant to be held.

Under General Brooke's order a camp, to be as nearly a model one as practicable, will be established in the vicinity of Rochester and the troops will proceed to the camp to take part in the parade: Light battery M, Seventh artillery from Washington barracks; two batteries Fifth artillery, from Fort Hamilton; one battery Fifth artillery, from Fort Wadsworth; Major J. H. Burbank and one battery, Fifth artillery, from Fort Hancock; headquarters band and three companies Fifteenth infantry, from Pittsburgh barracks; one company Fifteenth infantry, from Fort Ontario; two companies Fifteenth infantry, from Fort Columbus.

Col. Edward Moore, Fifteenth infantry will command the camp and troops. "No special arrangements have yet been made for the reception of General Otis in Washington, though undoubtedly some action will be taken by the administration to show its appreciation of his work in the Philippines."

It is asserted that the only cost to the government of the participation of the troops in the reception will be their transportation.

Can Pay All Their Debts. New York, June 8.—Assignee Curtis of the firm of Price, McCormick & Co., will not be prepared to make a statement.

Chicago, June 8.—A special to the Times from Anamosa, Iowa, says: Twice sentenced to life imprisonment at hard labor, the terms to be served concurrently, Jeff Harrison is now at liberty and has gone to Chicago. The U. S. Supreme court relieved him from one sentence and President McKinley, exercising his right of pardon, took the final step necessary to swinging open the prison doors.

The case is without a parallel in criminal annals. During the seven years and twenty days which Harrison has been confined here, he has been known as "The man sentenced to penal servitude during his natural existence as well as for the life to come." As such he has been an object of curiosity to his fellow convicts, the prison officials and visitors. Curiosity has always been blended with sympathy, though, as he stoutly maintained his innocence at all times and withal has been a model prisoner, Harrison received his humane sentences from two U. S. courts. Only was for alleged complicity in a train robbery near Birmingham, Ala. The other was for a stage coach robbery near Huntsville, in the same State.

From the time of his arrival here, May 17, 1893, Harrison has been persevering in his efforts to regain liberty. To do so he needed funds and he therefore turned his attention to manufacturing tin snuff from shells and selling them to visitors. By so doing he raised enough money to pay the expenses of an appeal in the train robbery case, with the final result that he was declared innocent by the highest tribunal in the land.

There still remained, though, his conviction in the Huntsville case. Harrison had used all his money in prosecuting his appeal in the Birmingham case, and when the decision in his favor was finally given, the time to appeal the Huntsville case had moreover expired by limitation. Then Harrison turned to his friends and to the prison officials for help and in neither case did he appeal in vain.

A petition to the President asking for Harrison's pardon was drawn up by the prison chaplain and received the signature of every officer and employee at the institution. Then, with the proceeds of his labor, Harrison employed people to make a house in Rome, Ga., his former home. Hundreds of personal letters directed to the President were secured in the same manner. With all this work accomplished, the papers were finally submitted to the President.

For more than two years Harrison patiently waited for the nation's chief executive to take action. Finally a sister living at Fort Worth, Texas, informed with the last of the prisoner's money to defray her expenses, journeyed to Washington and secured an audience with the President. The papers were called for and they so impressed President McKinley that executive clemency was immediately decided upon.

Harrison received the glad news by telegram last Friday but the papers did not arrive until yesterday. Last night he was freed from the prison of the convict and stepped forth from the penitentiary arrayed in citizen's clothes. He has friends in Chicago and at once left for that city. He will return to his home at Anamosa, Iowa, in the Illinois metropolis, and begin life over again.

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SENTENCED TO TWO LIFE TERMS

Prisoner Accused of Train and Stage Robbery Pardoned.

INSISTS HE IS INNOCENT.

Has Served Seven Years and Twenty Days—His Efforts to Obtain Release.

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