A GLORIOUS CELEBRATION.

Magnificent Success of the American Arms in Cuba Adds to the Glory of Our Independence Day Celebration.

There Was No Preconcerted Plan for the Day in This City, But Every Man, Woman and Child Was a Committee of One on Fireworks and Hurrahs.

People Flock to the Resorts to Enjoy the Day and Congratulate Each Other on the Brilliant Success of Our Gallant Soldiers and Brave Sailors in Cuba and Cuban Waters—The Small Boy and the Inevitable Firecracker are Very Much in Evidence—Lessons in Patriotism—Federation of Labor Day at Lagoon.

Crack-rack-ki-k-r-r-r-r-r-r-r-r. Bang! Bing! Swish! Hurrah!

Since midnight last night Salt Lake has been a sleepless city. In fact, not many were here who wanted to sleep. First of all—at 11 o'clock last night—came the first intimation that the fleet of Admiral Cervera, he of recent "bottle" fame, had been destroyed at Santiago harbor. Then pandemonium broke loose. Everybody got a big, red firecracker, a dangerous looking bomb, bunches of the small variety of firecrackers, flags—or something else—with which to make himself seen or heard, or both.

Added to the good news from Santiago was the glad tidings telegraphed by Senator Cannon that the officers of the Twenty-fourth were not killed in the bloody fight near the beleaguered city.

Both pieces of news formed a splendid foundation for the "commencement of hostilities" before the Glorious Fourth had tumbled around in eternity's big procession.

It was Sunday; it was late at night; everybody had previously been feeling the sorrow for our fallen brave heroes, but that didn't prevent the hurried appearance of brass bands, drum corps, glee clubs, quartets, fifers and all other sorts of "wind-jammers." Down from the north they came; up from the south they came; the east was running over with them; the west couldn't hold 'em; from all points of the compass in the city they swarmed.

Heavens, how they yelled!

Would they ever get tired?

Not much! Just as the observer was beginning to think they had become "petered out" a fresh yell from a pair of lusty lungs or the rolling, echoing boom-boom of a well-cannoned bomb would start from the crowd cheers more voluminous and grand than any that had come before. Talk about patriotism! If it consists, as is believed by some, of fire and brimstone, then his Satanic nibs was at home in Salt Lake last night.

STOPPED MANY TEARS.

Following is the telegram from Senator Cannon which, when communicated to the heroic women at Fort Douglas, dried many tears and lifted many a sinking heart:

Washington, D. C., July 3.—Authentic reports here show that Lieutenant Colonel Liscum, Captain Brett, Captain Ducat and Captain Dodge are wounded. None of the Twenty-fourth so far reported killed and no others reported wounded.

It may be Monday before official and certain lists can be prepared. Will give you further information when secured, of correctness.

I hope for the best concerning Liscum and others, as their names do not appear in the list of fatally wounded, but only under the head of wounded. Tell the heroines at Fort Douglas to be of good cheer.

FRANK J. CANNON.

TODAY'S DOINGS.

People Crowd to the Resorts and Make a General All-Round Good Day of It.

During the past day or two the indications were that the Glorious Fourth this year would go by without much out of the ordinary transpiring. First of all, there had been no general celebration arranged for, such as have nearly always been observed heretofore; then there was the cloud resting upon all as a result of the sad news of fallen friends at Santiago. But when, in addition to learning that the casualties at the front had been greatly exaggerated, came the news of the doings of Sampson, all restraint was thrown to the winds and joy abounded.

AT SALTAIR.

Out at Saltair today there is a big crowd enjoying the bracing air, bathing, [illegible] the dance, special music and the extra attractions which the management has prepared for the pleasure of patrons. The magnificent exhibition is attracting an extra lot of people and the [illegible] orchestra is making the hearts of the dancers leap with joy as their owners' feet trip over the floor of the big pavilion. Extra trains are running to accommodate the people and everybody is being well taken care of.

LAGOON.

At Lagoon today the Federation of Labor holds the boards and they have many attractions, such as foot races, [illegible] matches, ball games, sack races, etc., for which there are special prizes. This evening there will be a grand pyrotechnic display, and the scene is truly a beautiful one with the multi-colored fireworks reflected on the smooth lake. Dancing is the general order for the evening. The resort is crowded, all trains out from the city being well loaded.

AT GARFIELD.

The old resort, Garfield, is spreading the even tenor of its way, but there is a big crowd out there to enjoy the attractions at this resort. [illegible]

CALDER'S PARK.

Calder's Park has got a big crowd, with the rest of the resorts. There are bicycle races, etc., as special features, with the regular dancing and [illegible]. The Rapid Transit line is having a job of it to accommodate the large number of passengers who are going out there today.

HORSE RACES.

Agricultural Park is the scene of some interesting horse races today. The street cars on the Salt Lake City line running out to the west of town, are doing a tremendous big business. Held's band is furnishing music to prevent any lull in the proceedings between races.

AT SUGAR WARD.

The people of Sugar are having a regular old-time Fourth of July celebration today. There was a parade this morning, with a brass band, Miss Columbia, a Goddess of Liberty, etc., etc., and then a patriotic program in [illegible] Park, including the reading of the Declaration of Independence. To-night there will be a dance at the pavilion of [illegible], which will end the enjoyment. The people of Sugar have worked with a will to make the celebration a success and the committee deserve great credit for their untiring efforts.

GINGER.

There was music galore on the streets this morning.

The flag is up; keep it up! You can't find a better one in the whole world.

Admiral Cervera is a prisoner with Admiral Sampson. That is worth another firecracker. Let it go!

"What's the matter with Sampson?"

"He's all right!"

"Click, clickety—click-click,—click-click!"

Any bashful young man who is not possessed of sufficient grit to "pop" today is not up to much as an American. "Pop," "pop" quickly and "pop" often.

Numerous parties of young folks repaired to the canyon retreats early this morning, there to spend the Fourth fishing, hunting, picnicking and general merry-making.

People were watching the bulletin boards all day; that is, between firecrackers. Every additional piece of news from Sampson was better than the previous one. Then there was more congratulation.

Business houses were closed today, naturally, except the dealers in fireworks and the dispensers of "goodies." The result of last night's news from Santiago caused the former to do a "rattling" business today.

As a result of picking up a big firecracker before it had exploded, little Freddie Bryson was last night slightly injured on the right temple and right ear. It was a narrow escape for his eye.

OLD FOLKS' DAY AT LAGOON.

Arrangements Completed for the Veterans' Annual Outing on Wednesday.

The Old Folks will spend Wednesday next at the Lagoon. The committee extend an invitation to all persons who have reached seventy years and upwards, without regard to faith, race, or social condition, no lines are drawn, and no distinctions made; Caucasian, Mongolian, Indian, or Negro, Spanish or Cuban, all will be welcomed and will be well treated.

The local organizations in each town and village in Davis county are requested to provide the necessary refreshments, but all the guests must go provided with their own cups, saucers, plates, knives, forks and spoons; this will save the committee of arrangements an immense amount of trouble. Arrangements will be made on the grounds for taking care of the baskets of visitors that they may not be encumbered with these during their stay at the Lagoon.

The special return trains will leave the Lagoon at 5:30 and 7:15 p. m., but the regular trains will be free to the Salt Lake visitors during the entire evening, to return when they get ready.

The Oregon Short Line has kindly consented to honor for passage to and from Farmington all the old Folks and their helpers from Syracuse Junction, Layton and Kaysville. The morning train will leave Syracuse Junction at 8:25, Layton 8:[illegible] and Kaysville 8:[illegible], reaching Farmington at 9:[illegible] a. m.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Examinations for the Federal Land Office Service Will be Made July 27 and 28.

The United States civil service commission announces that examinations may be taken on July 27 and 28, 1898, for positions in the offices of the surveyor general, register and receiver.

The position for which these examinations will be held are as follows:

(1) Clerk qualified as stenographer, typewriter, and land office bookkeeper. (2) Clerk with a thorough knowledge of land law and a general knowledge of the system of public land surveying. (3) Clerk with qualifications of a land surveyor, including platting, computing and drawing, and also with a knowledge of the system of public land surveying.

(4) Thoroughly competent topographic draughtsman with a general knowledge of surveying, including the system of public land surveying.

The subjects for these examinations are as follows:

(1) Fifth grade tests (except arithmetic, which is the second grade), 20 per cent; practical tests in stenography, 30 per cent; practical tests in typewriting, 20 per cent; and bookkeeping as practiced in United States land offices, 30 per cent.

[illegible]

Applicants for appointment to these positions in Arizona and New Mexico must have some knowledge of Spanish.

The time allowed for each of these examinations is two days. The tests [illegible] the practical tests in land office bookkeeping will be given on July 27, and [illegible] will be furnished to each competitor by the commission.

Applicants are advised that writing and drawing they will be furnished, but that they will be required to provide themselves with writing and drawing inks, pens, scales, squares, and drawing boards, for use during the examination.

The commission desires to establish ample registers of eligibles with the qualifications above described, as the result of this examination; and it therefore hopes that all persons who desire and are capable of filling the positions mentioned will at once apply for application blanks.

This examination is open to all citizens of the United States who comply with the requirements, without regard to race or to political or religious affiliations. The department desires that residents of the states where the service is to be performed should be given preference in certifications for appointment, and the commission will comply with such request, and such persons are invited to apply. They shall be examined, graded, and certified with entire impartiality and wholly without regard to any consideration save their ability as shown by the grade they attain in the examination.

Attention is invited to the fact that certification will be made according to standing in the examination and the actual legal residence of eligibles.

Persons desiring to enter these examinations should at once write to the United States civil service commission, Washington, D. C., for application blanks, forms 304 and 375, which should be properly executed and promptly forwarded to the commission.

In case applicants are unable to forward their applications to the commission and receive admission cards prior to the examination, arrangements will be made to examine them, provided their requests are received at this office in time to permit of the shipment of papers to the place where they desire examination.

FELL FIFTY FEET.

Peter Graham is Badly Bruised, Falling from the Tabernacle.

Richfield Censor: Shortly after 7 o'clock Wednesday morning a crash of timbers startled all who were within several blocks of the tabernacle, and when the outside workmen ran to find what the trouble was, they found that Peter Graham, one of the carpenters, has been thrown to the ground beneath the lot.

The fall was caused by the breaking of a cross timber, which spanned the twelve feet from two of the uprights on the south side of the building. Mr. Graham was over twenty feet away from the plank, when it broke, but the sliding timbers carried him along so that he fell directly under the place where the defective timber had been.

When examined by Dr. Nail, the injured man had a bad bruise on the back but had no broken bones, and seemingly no internal injuries. He will be able to resume work in a week.

AMUSEMENTS.

Gentry's dog and pony show is in the city, having arrived early this morning. At noon a street parade was had, to the delight of hundreds who thronged the streets. The show opens up tonight on Fourth South, between East Temple and State streets, and will continue for the balance of the week. A matinee will be given each afternoon beginning with Wednesday.

Reservoir Ready to Tap.

Richfield Censor: Carpenter Archie Young has put in a weir and otherwise made ready to measure the water that flows from the Three Creek reservoir, which is now full to th brim and will be tapped this morning. The old water rights have been compelled to turn off the stream that the Sevier valley canal has been having. The stream from Three creek is ample for 300 acres of land thoroughly soaked, as the reservoir covers 150 acres seven feet deep, making over 900 acre feet, and an acre foot is enough to water an acre well, allowing for evaporation.

Mrs. George Addis.

125 S. Everett Ave., Scranton, Pa., June 28, 1898.

By request of a Mrs. Buckley Russell of Ipswich, Mass., who wishes to learn of her sister, Mrs. George Addis, who left England in company with her daughter and son-in-law in or about the year 1856, their destination being Utah. If any of the descendants of the above named, or they themselves, can be found, Mrs. Russell would be pleased to hear from them.

JOSEPH WALLACE.

BIG HEAPS OF WOOL.

A Heavy Clip Being Shipped from Panguitch This Season.

Here and there for a long distance about the Elsinore depot, teams that are loaded or have been loaded, with wool are camped, while on the side-track sixteen freight cars are standing loaded or ready to load.

There are sixteen of these teams, most all from Panguitch, and the entire amount of wool will reach close on to 200,000 pounds. It was sold to an eastern buyer before it was loaded on the wagons, the price at Elsinore being from 11 to 12 cents, making a total of about $20,000 that Panguitch will this year realize from the wool clip.

Elsinore, too, is ever so busy. The clerks are rushed, the hotels are doing a big business. Hock salt, furniture, flour and implements are being hauled back by the wool teams. It is Elsinore's busy week.—Richfield Censor.

Spring

Is the season for new life in nature, new vigor in our physical systems. As the fresh sap carries life into the trees, so our blood should give us renewed strength and vigor. In its impure state it cannot do this, and the aid of Hood's Sarsaparilla is imperatively needed.

It will purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and with this solid, correct foundation, it will build up good health, create a good appetite, tone your stomach and digestive organs, strengthen your nerves and overcome or prevent that tired feeling.

This has been the experience of thousands. It will be yours if you take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best Spring Medicine and Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

KIRBY WAS DEMENTED.

That is the Story Told by His Wife in Los Angeles.

OVERWORK CAUSED HIS CONDITION.

He Was the Best of Husbands and Fathers—Went Under an Assumed Name.

Telling the story of the discovery of the dead body of Ed. N. Kirby, who committed suicide in California last Friday, the Los Angeles representative of the San Francisco Chronicle says:

A park employe, while following one of the paths along the banks of the lake in Eastlake Park today found the body of a man reclining against a tree. Beside the corpse were several empty bottles, and the body had all the appearances of death by strychnine poisoning.

From papers in the pockets of the dead man he was identified as Edward N. Kirby, a mining engineer of Salt Lake City, late in the employ of the Risdon Iron works of San Francisco. Telegrams addressed to Salt Lake and to the Risdon Iron works brought response that E. N. Kirby was a well-known mining engineer; that he was a man of excellent standing and reputation; that his whereabouts for several months had been unknown to his friends and relatives. The Risdon Iron works telegraphed the undertakers to give the body respectable burial at their expense. During the course of the afternoon ex-United States Marshal Gard called at the morgue in company with Mrs. Kirby, who came here in search of her husband a week ago. Mrs. Kirby did not view the corpse, but Gard identified it by a photograph.

MRS. KIRBY INTERVIEWED.

Mrs. Kirby, when seen at her lodgings, related a pathetic story. She stated that Kirby, who was the best of husbands and fathers, disappeared mysteriously last February, and was undoubtedly demented from overwork. He was a native of Providence, R. I., and a direct descendant of John Quincy Adams. His family had lived for some years in Salt Lake City, he being engaged as a mining engineer in Utah, Idaho and California. He was superintendent of the Bullion-Beck mine at Eureka, Tintic, Utah, a position which he resigned to take employment with the Risdon Iron works of San Francisco. After a year and a half of service with the latter he resigned on March 1st last. On February 20th, the date of his letter, he wrote to his wife, stating he was about to start for home.

After that the monthly allowances which he had sent regularly ceased to arrive, and he did not come, nor could Mrs. Kirby learn anything of his whereabouts. Letters to San Francisco failing to bring a response, she set out for that city. At the apartments which he had lately occupied she found nothing but confusion. His trunk and personal effects were there unpacked.

While in San Francisco Mrs. Kirby heard it rumored that her husband had been seen in Mojave, where he was connected with some mining enterprise. As Mojave centers in Los Angeles and all the mining men there are known in this city, Mrs. Kirby wrote to Gard's detective agency.

Kirby was seen on the streets and his wife [illegible] she arrived he had disappeared and was not seen again until his [illegible] found today. It was discovered that he had gone under the name of James C. Forester at his lodgings.

A Lost Child.

Four-year-old Mary Hoover, daughter of Annie Hoover of 83 east Fifth South street, wandered away from her mother's side yesterday afternoon and could not be found. The case was reported at the police station.

MINOR MENTION.

Citizens residing in the southwestern part of the city are complaining of being insulted by boys hanging around the vicinity of the Rapid Transit power house.

Supt. Van Cott has been renominated by the Democracy for county superintendent of schools.

Marenna Cannon, driver in the police department, celebrated his 6th birthday yesterday. The gentleman feels proud of the fact that the citizens at large were also called upon to celebrate the same day.

The fire department made a run at 12 o'clock last night to 1st State street, where a box of rubbish was ablaze behind a drug store. It was extinguished without any particular damage.

SPANIARDS ADMIT DEFEAT.

But Blanco States His Forces are Greatly Less in Number Than They Are.

Madrid, July 3.—The government has received earlier dispatches from Cuba, the contents of which have not been made public. It is stated, however, that the Spaniards offered heroic resistance to the American forces, which made an attack upon the Spanish outer positions at Santiago.

Gen. Vera de Rey, who commanded at Caney, fought with the greatest courage, setting his men an example by leading the advance. It was under similar conditions that Gen. Linares was wounded.

According to official dispatches received, the Spanish troops fell back upon the city of Santiago to await reinforcements.

Captain General Blanco reports to the government under date of July 1st as follows: "The enemy, in considerable force, attacked the village of El Caney this morning, but were repulsed by Gen. Vera. The fight was resumed this evening and ended in El Caney itself, after a vigorous resistance on our part. Our losses were heavy. I have no news from the generals and Cervera, with which I found it impossible to communicate, despite all efforts to do so."

Private dispatches from Santiago give the following details: "Gen. Shafter's army, composed of 17,000 infantry and eighty-two siege guns of various calibre, attacked the Spanish positions before Santiago, 4,000 rebels under Garcia assisting them. The Spaniards had only 5,000, partly volunteers. Our troops fought with heroic courage. The battle lasted three hours, and the Spanish were then compelled to abandon the trenches and to fall back on Santiago. The retreat was conducted in perfect order.

"Our losses were very heavy and the enemy's were enormous. The list of our wounded includes Gen. Linares, Col. Ordonia and Major Arreldo and Arroles, the latter being Gen. Linares's aid-de-camp.

"The American attack on Caney was very severe. The position was defended by Gen. Vera de Rey with his men. The enemy were at first repulsed, but ultimately renewed the attack."

A later dispatch says: "The Americans fought eight against one. The Spaniards defended themselves heroically. Our wounded are numerous, including Gen. Vera de Rey and Major Domingues. The struggle is becoming difficult, 1,000 Spaniards having to meet 15,000 of the enemy."

PATRIOTISM AND SENSE.

"Our country—may she always be right, but right or wrong—our country." This said a great man. While our country appeals to patriotism, our homes appeal to common sense, and the home is best served by buying thoughtfully and economically; and when the consumer buys a pound can of U. S. Baking Powder for 25c, which is the equal of any brand that sells for double the price, he is benefiting both his purse and health.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

U. S. Baking Powder

And refuse all substitutes.

BLANCO CRITICISES CERVERA.

Asks the Queen Regent to Relieve Him of Command.

Result Shows Cervera Was Wiser than Blanco—Latter's Estimate of Cubans.

New York, July 4.—Advices received by the Junta say: News has reached here to the effect that Captain-General Blanco has sent a message from Havana to the queen regent of Spain requesting her to relieve Admiral Cervera from command of the fleet in the harbor of Santiago, and urging that he be replaced by Commodore Villamil. Gen. Blanco said further that he did not believe Admiral Cervera was equal to the importance of his command and intimated that if Santiago is lost to the American and Cuban soldiers it will be due to his neglect to take advantage of his opportunities.

Blanco thinks that Admiral Cervera has allowed valuable opportunities to slip by while he has been lying in the harbor of Santiago and says that he should have gone out to meet and fight the American fleet before the invading army was given an opportunity to land.

At the same time Blanco's message shows that he still believes, or rather hopes that Spain will be victorious. He informs the queen regent that the dissension and revolt among the police and volunteers in Havana, due to the strict observance of military discipline, have blown over and the inhabitants of the city as well as the soldiers, are pacific and patriotic in their expressions and actions. He says that the American soldiers are not fit to fight in Cuba, never having had any experience in tropical countries, and the intense heat and peculiar climate have produced much illness among them.

The Cuban soldiers he refers to very contemptuously, saying that no account is to be taken of them, and he urges the queen regent to pay no attention to American reports of victory in Cuba, which, he says, are written for the sensational American press, and have no foundation in fact.

According to the message Blanco says that a number of vessels, loaded with provisions from various ports, have arrived, and that there is no danger of a famine. The American blockade, he says, is absolutely ineffectual and the steamers find no difficulty in running it. A few of them are captured but the majority, so far, have succeeded in landing their cargo.

At the same time the queen regent received information from the representatives of the South American governments in Madrid that they could not undertake to intervene or interfere in any way with the Spanish-American war even to the extent of offering their services in the matter of securing favorable peace terms. Their declination is accompanied by expressions of regret, but it is couched in such terms as to leave Spain no hope of aid from that quarter.

The majority of the South American governments represented in Madrid, while preserving a strict neutrality, are at heart in favor of Cuba, if not of the United States, and would do nothing to place obstacles in the way of the island people and the independence which now seems assured to them.

Looking for Hobson's Release.

Washington, July 4.—The friends of Lieut. Hobson, now in Santiago, now hope for his early exchange. He is still in Santiago and the next forty-eight hours should bring about his rescue. If, however, he has been spirited away the capture of Admiral Cervera and other Spanish officers offers excellent opportunity for exchange.

THINKS SANTIAGO WILL FALL.

But Sagasta Says He Will Continue the War in Cuba.

London, July 4.—A special dispatch from Madrid quotes Premier Sagasta as saying, in an interview, that he thought the Americans would "get the reinforcements they had required which would enable them to take Santiago de Cuba."

The premier is said to have added: "Though the American warships may destroy our squadron in the harbor, yet we will pursue the war. There are in Cuba 100,000 men ready to die in its defense, but they will not yield."

To Settle the Strike.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 4.—President Prescott of the International Typographical Union went to Chicago today to investigate the strike in that city. The stereotypers, while they have a union of their own, are under the jurisdiction of the International Typographic union. It is stated at international headquarters that the strike is unauthorized and Prescott may find it necessary under existing agreements to furnish Chicago papers with stereotypers.

STRIKE SITUATION SERIOUS.

Union Men May Interfere with Non-Union Workers—Preparing for Trouble.

Pana, Ills., July 4.—The miners' strike situation grows more serious hourly. The operators declare they will resume Tuesday with non-union men. Five hundred union miners were reinforced here today by 500 [illegible] from the Springfield district. It is said the union men will try to stop the non-union men attempting to begin work. A large force of deputies has been sworn in.

TOOK LADRONE ISLANDS

The Charleston and Transports Did it Enroute to Manila.

THAT IS WHAT CAUSED THE DELAY.

Troops Disembarked at Manila on July 1st—Spanish Officials in the Ladrones are Prisoners.

Hongkong, July 4.—The United States dispatch boat Zafiro, which left Cavite, Manila harbor, on July 1st, has arrived here. She reports that the American troops on the transports City of Sydney, City of Peking and Australia, convoyed by the Charleston, arrived at Cavite June 30th, having taken the Ladrone Islands on the way, and having left men there. The Spanish governor and other officials captured were brought to Cavite.

The United States troops commenced to disembark at Cavite on July 1st.

Chicago's Celebration.

Chicago, July 4.—The people of Chicago took a unique and patriotic manner of celebrating Independence Day.

A week ago everything was well advanced for one of the largest pyrotechnic displays in the history of this city. Everything had been arranged on an elaborate scale. Speeches were to have been made by ex-President Benjamin Harrison, United States Senator Mason and numerous other prominent men. All the preparations came to a sudden stop several days ago, when the army and navy league sent their missionaries among the people and urged that the money expended for fire works and other accessories could be put to better use by donating the money to the support of the families of the soldiers fighting before Santiago. As a result the treasury of the army and navy league has been enriched by some thousands of dollars. No organized celebration was therefore held in Chicago today.

LONDON PRESS ON THE FIGHTING.

Only the Daily Graphic is Disappointed by American Slowness.

London, July 4.—The Times this morning, discussing the fighting at El Caney, says: "Both sides have shown courage of a very high order, and it is hard to say whether the splendid dash and bravery of the American advance in the teeth of a galling fire, or the stubborn tenacity of the Spanish defense, is the more admirable.

"Both sides have learned to appreciate the splendid military qualities of their adversaries.

"It is a pity that enemies who have shown themselves such worthy foemen in the field cannot see their way to save bloodshed by coming immediately to an arrangement on a peaceful basis.

"The Spaniards have vindicated their honor, and, if they were wise, they would now prove their common sense by offering terms to their opponents—terms which, if they were reasonable, would almost certainly be discussed in a generous spirit."

The Daily Graphic, in its editorial, observes: "The equal gallantry and devotion displayed by both Spaniards and Americans sends a thrill of pride throughout the Anglo-Saxon world. The story of the splendid manner in which the rough riders carried San Juan is instinct with the indomitable spirit of Balaklava."

The Daily Graphic says, however, that "The blunder lies deeper than any mere temporary miscalculation," adding that "the Americans cast their net too widely, as it might have been better to have left Santiago and Manila alone and to have concentrated their efforts upon Havana."

The editorials in the Daily Graphic and Times fairly represent the opinions of the London newspapers. There is no word of blame, but, rather, unstinted admiration for Gen. Shafter's bravery; yet that America finds Santiago a tougher task than she anticipated. Spain, it is suggested, might now sue for peace on honorable terms, but it is not thought likely that she will do so.

The Standard says: "On the whole, while we cannot express too highly our family pride in the gallant bearing of the American troops, it appears to us that the prospect before the United States is not sufficiently onerous to make this a moment when a wise approach on the part of Spain toward peace on reasonable terms ought to be received with much alacrity by President McKinley. Why wait till suffering has hardened the hearts of the Americans and strengthened the nation's resolve?"

THE FOURTH IN LONDON.

American Independence Day Celebrated in English Churches Sunday.

Revolution of 1776 Justified by English Preacher—Star Spangled Banner Sung in a London Pulpit.

New York, July 4.—A special to the Tribune from London says:

British and American flags hung from the pulpit at Stepney meeting house Sunday, and Independence day was celebrated with more than Yankee energy twenty-four hours ahead of time in the historic stronghold of English non-conformists. The Congregational church near Stepney Green was filled with an east end audience, consisting mainly of men.

H. A. Kennedy, as chairman of the Stepney Men's Sunday school, made an introductory address, referring in hearty, generous terms to America, justifying the revolution of 1776, and declaring that English men would have done the same thing under the same circumstances, since it was not in English blood to lie down and be trampled upon. He also asserted that America in fighting Spain was not neglecting public duty, as England and Europe proclaimed their moral obligation when the Turks was slaughtering Armenians. The people of the United States were acting like an elder toward a younger one who needed thorough chastisement. He expressed a firm belief that the result of the present hostilities would be beneficial both in the West Indies and the Philippines.

After Madame Emperott Blencoth had sung The Star Spangled Banner, from the pulpit, Col. James L. Taylor, president of the American society delivered a short and judicious address on the relations of the United States and England at the time of the revolution and on signs of increasing good feeling now existing between them. He referred, during the address, to Special Ambassador Reid, whose name was received by the audience with enthusiastic applause. He quoted with excellent effect the closing sentences of Mr. Reid's Fourth of July speech delivered in London a year ago and the Stepney audience again applauded with great heartiness.

Col. Taylor was followed by Dr. John Kennedy, almost the oldest ex-chairman of the Congregational union, who was in charge of Stepney meeting house for thirty-six years and took a prominent part in the station in arousing British sympathy for the Union. This veteran made an earnest speech full of good feeling for America.

Stepney has the honor of being the first English community to celebrate the birthday of American liberty with fraternal heartiness and cordiality.

Three Men Drowned.

Hamilton, Ont., July 4.—Three young men, Charles Searley, Roy Hinnot and Charles Williams, were drowned in the bay here last night during a storm. They were sailing in a clinker built yacht, when it began to fill and in endeavoring to bale out, the tiller was left unguarded for a moment and the yacht capsized. The three men and one other, named Long, started to swim ashore.

The result was that the three were drowned, Long barely managing to reach the shore. Much damage was done by the storm and several yachts were injured by collisions.

The Pill That Will

Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills will prevent and cure biliousness.

"For years I have thoroughly tested Ayer's Pills, both as a preventive and cure for biliousness. They are the best medicine for the purpose and do all that is claimed for them." J. E. [illegible], Ark.

Cure ... Biliousness

SALTAIR

Has Made Salt Lake City Famous.

Saltair Baking Powder

Will do more, for it is on Sale Everywhere.

Ask Your Grocer for it.

DIED.

RYTTING.—Died, in Salt Lake City, July 3rd, of asthma, Rachel E., wife of William Rytting, aged 35 years and 10 months.

The remains will be taken to Grantsville, her former home, for interment.

Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH, 2920 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York.

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

BICYCLERS CAMPERS, ATTENTION!

Farley's Canyon.

Every day, including Sunday, the Utah Central Railway makes a round trip rate of 50 cents to Le Grand and Pharaoh's, 65 cents to Upper Stairs, Commissionary and Barclay's. Also rate of $1 to Brighton's and return; the quickest and most comfortable route to Brighton's is via the railroad to Park City. The Parley Canyon road is one of the best in the State. Bicyclers use the railroad to Halfway House and coast home, or they can go through to Park City and bicycle home entire distance on good road. Bicycles carried free on Sundays.

Thousands of persons have been cured of piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals promptly and cures eczema and all skin diseases. It gives immediate relief. F. C. Schramm, McCornick Bldg., Cor. Main St.

$48.00 DAILY RATE. $48.00 to Omaha and Return

On each day until October 15th, the Union Pacific will sell tickets to Omaha and return at rate of $48.00 with limit of Nov. 15th. The Union Pacific operate the most handsomely equipped trains in the West which make many hours quickest time to all points East. Only line east from Utah with Dining and Buffet Smoking and Library Cars. For full information, reservation of berths and purchase of tickets, call at the "Old Stand," 201 Main Street, or address H. M. Clay, General Agent, Salt Lake City.

Bob Moore, of La Fayette, Ind., says that for constipation he has found DeWitt's Little Early Risers to be perfect. They never gripe. Try them for stomach and liver troubles. F. C. Schramm, McCornick Bldg., Cor. Main St.

The medical properties of Hall's Hair Renewer to invigorate the scalp, remove dandruff, restore the hair and its color, surpass anything of its kind.

Disease is cured not by magical incantations but by medical science. Hence it is that Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures, and that it proves so eminently successful. It is a skillfully-prepared and strictly scientific blood-purifier and tonic, the only one admitted at the World's Fair.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Mary Elizabeth F. Young, deceased.

Creditors will present claims with vouchers to the undersigned at Salt Lake City, Utah, on or before the 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

BRIGHAM YOUNG,

Administrator of the estate of Mary Elizabeth F. Young, deceased.

Date of first publication, July 4th, A. D., 1898.

Young and Moyle.