

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Boston, Sept. 1.—The Butler Club held a dinner this afternoon commemorating the taking of Hatteras, twenty-five years ago. In a speech General Butler advocated a service pension for every man who had been in the war, and said that as soon as all Union soldiers had been cared for, the surplus in the treasury should be used to pension Confederate soldiers, as they were not responsible for the war, but were sufferers by it.

Denver, Sept. 1.—A telegram dated at Meeker, August 31st, says: Governor Adams, General Crook and Congressman Syms have been engaged all day in discussing the Ute question, but have not arrived at any conclusions as to the settlement of the question. Nothing more will be done until the return of the governor's courier, Joe Colbrand, who has been sent to the reservation to ask Colorow to be present at the conference.

Prescott, Arizona, Sept. 1.—A telegram just received from Flagstaff states that Sheriff Mulvenon, who left here recently with his posse to arrest the parties implicated in the fight in the Tewkesbury feud,

WAS KILLED

by the Graham faction. Owing to the fact that the Tonto Basin is an isolated district, telegraphic communication cannot be had and all news must first be sent to Holbrook, 70 miles distant by courier. Four deaths had already occurred, growing out of the feud. Mulvenon was widely known throughout the southwest.

DENIED.

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 1.—A special to the Democrat from Flagstaff says that reports that Sheriff Mulvenon and posse had been killed in attempting to arrest the members of the warring Tewkesbury and Graham factions at Pleasant Valley, in this county, are without foundation. A feud of long standing between Tewkesbury and Graham resulted two weeks ago in an encounter at Pleasant Valley, in which three men

WERE KILLED.

Several engagements have occurred since, in which eleven men have been killed. The factions are cattle and sheep men and the fight is the outgrowth of the conflicting interests of the two branches of stock growing on the range. Last week Sheriff Mulvenon and posse left Prescott for the scene of the outlaws, with the intention of arresting all the parties. Reports of a conflict with the outlaws have gained currency, but it has been definitely ascertained that no information whatever has been received from Sheriff Mulvenon since his departure from Prescott.

Cairo, Sept. 1.—The fire which started in the Cafe Egyptian yesterday destroyed the whole block of buildings. The loss is heavy.

Bridgeton, Me., Sept. 1.—Prof. Jno. Avery, late Professor of Greek at Bowdoin College, died suddenly this morning at North Bridgeton.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 1.—Chinatown, in this city, was completely burned out four weeks ago, and a new location was decided upon. The people gathered in such force at the site of the proposed new Chinatown this afternoon and used such stormy language that the owners had to promise not to locate the Chinese there. It is expected that the Chinese will find great difficulty in securing any location in the city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1.—An official copy of the order of the President directing that Lieutenant General Sheridan take command of the United States troops participating in the celebration this month, was received by the Constitutional Centennial Commission to-day.

London, Sept. 1.—The Standard's Sofia correspondent telegraphs that he has authority for stating that General Enroth's entrance into Bulgaria will be forcibly resisted if necessary.

London, Sept. 1.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. E. Robertson, liberal, read Justice Stephen's definition of an unlawful assembly, and contended that the league meeting did not come within that definition.

T. P. O'Connor said he considered the proclamation simply meant that the government had proclaimed war against the Irish people.

A motion to adjourn was defeated by 97 to 61.

The motion to adjourn, which was defeated, was made by Mr. Dillon in order to direct attention to the proclamation of the meeting announced to be held at Clare.

After a debate on the proclamation this evening, Messrs. Conynbear and Philip Stanhope offered to join Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien in addressing the meeting of the Ennis branch of the league. They say they will not flinch from arrest.

Mr. Chamberlain does not expect to leave for America till the middle of November.

London, Sept. 1.—At the Derby September meeting to-day the champion breeder's foal stakes, about five furlongs for two-year-olds, was won by H. Chaplin's colt by a length and a half, J. Bibby's colt Fitzadam second.

Time 1:04 1-5.

Saratoga, Sept. 1.—The final heat in the single race was rowed to-day on Saratoga Lake. Ross and Plaisted did not care to exert themselves so the race was left to the others. Teemer was first away, followed by Hamm, Buear and Lee. After a few lengths Lee passed to the third place. All the way down to the turn Teemer kept

pulling away from Hamm and the interest was centered in these two. Teemer turned the buoy in 44, Hamm 44.8 and Lee in 52.1. On straightening away for the return Teemer led by six lengths, which he gradually increased, and the second turn was made in 9:31, Hamm 9:47, Lee 10:52. This was the position during the remainder of the race, Teemer keeping a lead of about fifteen lengths over Hamm, who was an eighth of a mile in advance of Lee. The race, which was practically a walkover for Teemer, was won in 20:08. Hamm crossed the line twenty-one seconds later, followed by Lee, whose time was 23:15.

New York, Sept. 1.—Negotiations for the sale of a large amount of the assets of the Oregon & Transcontinental Company to a freight syndicate represented by Henry Villard, were nearly completed to-day. It comprises \$3,000,000 of Oregon Railway and Navigation bonds which had been carried by the Oregon & Transcontinental Company and several millions of Navigation stock held in the treasury. The transaction, when completed, will relieve the Oregon & Transcontinental and enable it to devote greater attention to the protection of its interest in the

NORTHERN PACIFIC

road. The contemplated sale has an interesting bearing on the control of the Northern Pacific Company at the approaching election. The Oregon & Transcontinental leads the opposition to the present Navigation management of that company and in consequence many rumors have been circulated in Wall Street lately, affecting the credit of the company and its president.

It was thought in some quarters that the attack was made with the expectation that a large block of Northern Pacific stock might be distributed, if the necessities of the company should be sufficiently severe.

Memphis, Sept. 1.—Ex-President Jefferson Davis has accepted an invitation to attend the state fair at Macon on October 26th. On that day there will be a reunion of all surviving ex-Confederate soldiers.

Butte, Sept. 1.—A Miner Anaconda special says: Robert Duncan, brakeman on the Montana Central, was caught by a bridge this morning and hanged to death. He was unmarried, aged 30.

A cave in the Montana Central tunnel work near Butte caught John Herbert and a Scotchman, name unknown, and buried them in the debris. Both were badly crushed, but may survive.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Duke Campo Salice, the millionaire who married a daughter of the Singer sewing machine manufacturer, has died of heart disease, brought on by the earthquake at Mentone.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Siecle announces the issue of a great loan to transform the floating debt of old 4 1/2 per cent rentes into perpetual 3 per cents, in order to provide resources for the extraordinary budget of 1884 and for the conversion of debts which the state may be called upon to pay at short notice.

Madrid, Sept. 2.—A number of ladies of Madrid have organized a series of national basque games for the purpose of raising funds for a testimonial to the Pope on the occasion of his jubilee.

To-day the royal family witnessed the games, which were also attended by all the noted Carlists and Alfonsists and 200 priests. The amount collected exceeded £100.

New York, Sept. 2.—The new law against the adulteration of wine went into effect in this state yesterday. It absolutely forbids the manufacture or sale of any wine that has been treated with any one of a dozen different deleterious substances and leaves water and sugar with grape brandy about the only things that can legally be added to the pure juice of the grape in manufacture wine.

Sofia, Sept. 2.—M. Stambouloff has definitely announced the formation of his cabinet, as follows: M. Stambouloff, prime minister and minister of the interior; M. Stransky, minister of foreign affairs; M. Natcuries, minister of finance; M. Montkuroff, minister of war; M. Clokoff, minister of instruction; M. Stoiloff, minister of justice.

London, Sept. 2.—The steamer Samaria, which left Liverpool August 31st for Boston with 1,000 passengers, has been lighted returning to Queens-town disabled.

London, Sept. 2.—Joseph Richard Cox, member of Parliament for East Clare, writes the papers that he will address his constituents at Ballycane on Sunday, notwithstanding the fact that the government has proclaimed the meeting.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The latest advices from Hill County, Texas, state that every bridge in that county was washed away by rains, and the damage to crops and farms will not fall short of \$100,000.

In Basque County and along the line of the Santa Fe Railway the damage is also very heavy. The railroad companies have suffered severely. The Missouri Pacific has a force of nearly a thousand men at work on the line near Grand View. Trains on that road were detained from Monday night till Wednesday evening. It was out on a prairie nine miles from any house and many passengers suffered from lack of food. None of the roads are running full schedule yet.

Washington, Sept. 2.—No official report of yesterday's trial trip of the new cruiser Boston has yet reached the Navy Department, but there was a general feeling of satisfaction among

the naval officers on duty upon receipt of a private dispatch stating that the vessel succeeded in developing more horsepower than the 3,500 required by the contract.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The Department of State is informed by the United States consul at Victoria, B. C., that Mr. Drake, of the firm of Drake, Jackson & Helmehan, barrister at that place, left there last week for Alaska by direction of the minister of the interior. It is presumed that Drake's mission is directly connected with the recent seizure of the British sealing vessels in Alaskan waters.

Montreal, Sept. 1.—At the session of the Queen's bench to-day, late cashier Haselgo pleaded guilty to eight indictments charging him with embezzlement.

Cape Town, Sept. 1.—Kamaberero, the principal chief of Damaraland, denies the report of the establishment of a German protectorate over that province.

New York, Sept. 2.—Bishop Harris is not expected to live through the day. He is lying in a stupor and death will be a matter of a few hours.

New York, Sept. 2.—Judge Lacombe to-day dissolved the restraining order in the injunction sought by George H. Bland against Henry S. Ives & Company and the stockholders of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad to set aside the issue of \$10,000,000 of preferred stock of that road; but counsel for Bland was permitted to submit a brief of the case to the court to-morrow.

Cleveland, Sept. 2.—The members of the N. J. Crane Post, G. A. R., have adopted resolutions which declare "that this post looks with disapprobation and condemnation upon every and any demonstration of disrespect towards the legally constituted executive of the national government, the same being subversive of the foundation of the principles of the G. A. R., and we hope that the department in its convocation at St. Louis will take such action as will demonstrate that the G. A. R. is not an organization for political purposes, or through which to manifest hatred or ill will."

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The democratic state central committee to-day adopted a resolution requesting the federal authorities to investigate the alleged connection of the well-known democrat and postmaster, H. W. Clendenin, of Springfield, with the corrupt legislative printing "combine," and if he has upheld the "combine," he be immediately dismissed from office as unfit for any position of honor, trust or profit under the present national administration. The resolution likewise denounces the alleged connection with the "combine" of Governor Oglesby and other republican state officers, who are supposed to be seeking re-nomination.

New York, Sept. 2.—Bishop Harris died at five minutes past five this evening.

Bishop Harris was one of the pillars of the Methodist Church. He began his career as a minister in 1836. He has circumnavigated the globe and visited many lands in the interest of missionary work.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—A formal notice of the boycotting of the Northwestern National Insurance Company was issued by the Chicago Underwriters' Association to-day. The boycott is the result of their withdrawal from the Underwriters' Association. This withdrawal is at the dictation of P. D. Armour, who is the Chicago director of the company. His action was caused by the underwriters' attempt to rule against him, that all property must be insured for at least eighty per cent of its value.

Madrid, Sept. 2.—Senor Margall, republican member of the Cortes, has issued a manifesto to the federal republicans. He declares the coalition between the federal and other branches of the republican party broken, reviews the state of the country and attributes the evils which are oppressing Spain to over-centralizing. He advocates the theory of federalism and points out that the difference of language and literature in the different provinces fully warrants the desire of the people for self-government. He predicts that the provinces will yet attain their wish by great popular revolutions.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—It is asserted that Prince Bismarck has agreed to mediate with the Bulgarian government in favor of Gen. Enroth's mission.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—There has been an alarming outbreak of trichinosis in Brunswick. Sixty persons have been afflicted, of whom seven died.

The Hague, Sept. 2.—In the elections for members of the second chamber of states, the general returns from 25 districts show the election of 27 liberals, 10 orthodox Protestants and 13 Catholics. In Amsterdam all the liberal candidates were elected.

London, Sept. 2.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Sir James Ferguson, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, stated that the terms to be offered by the British fisheries commission at the conference at Washington had not yet been decided upon, and that points raised in connection with the Alaska fisheries would be included in the matters to be discussed.

Sir Lionel Sackville West, British minister at Washington, would be the second member of the commission and the third would be a Canadian.

IN THE HOUSE

of Commons this afternoon Mr. Gourlay asked if it was the intention to refer article 30 of the treaty of Washington to the fisheries commission as well as fishery articles; whether the compo-

sition and powers of the commission would not be in accordance with the memorandum of the American government of June, 1885; whether the terms of the draft of the protocol submitted by U. S. Minister Adams to the Earl of Clarendon in 1886 would form a part of the matters referred to the commission.

Sir James Ferguson replied that it was intended to refer Article 30 to the commission. He was not prepared to say that the American memorandum referred to would limit the scope of the commission. Regarding the

ADAMS PROTOCOL,

he referred the inquirer to Lord Salisbury's dispatch of March 14, stating the views of the British government in proposing the commission. The full terms to be referred to the commission were as yet undecided. The inclusion of the matter of the Alaska seal fisheries would receive consideration.

Bombay, September 2.—The Russians have left Kerki and proceeded in the direction of Herat. Kerki has been regarrisoned by troops from Oorghen. The natives report Gholam Hikander has temporarily withdrawn his forces, which are unable to cope with the large force of insurgents in the field.

Paris, September 2.—The government has decided to prosecute the Figaro, for publishing the details of the mobilization scheme, which it had obtained from dishonest employees of the war department.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—President Cleveland has accepted an invitation to attend the reception tendered him by the Commercial Exchange of this city on Sept. 16th.

New York, Sept. 2.—It is reported to-day that the Richmond Paper Company, of Providence, R. I., has suspended.

Bradstreet's received the following dispatch: "The Richmond Paper Company has suspended. Have called a meeting of the creditors. Propose to pay in full."

The causes of the alleged failure are said to be experimenting in sulphate pulp and losses by the recent failures in the paper trade. The company was organized about four years ago, with a capital stock of \$400,000. Last year the directors increased this to \$800,000. The company expended more than \$800,000 in a factory plant and material. The treasurer thinks the creditors will all be paid, and places the liabilities at half a million to a million.

Dublin, Sept. 2.—In an address to the electors of Dunganon, last night, T. W. Russell, member of Parliament for South Tyrone and one of the liberal-unionists who disapproved the proclamation of the National League, explained that he had opposed Parnell's bill to reduce rents, because the government had promised to appoint a commission of inquiry. The report of this commission, however, had convinced him that a revision of rents was needed. He was sorry for the landlords, but they must realize that the purchase scheme should be passed forward in order to put an end to

THE SUSPENSE

now existing. Tenants must not be compelled to pay impossible rents, merely because jointures had to be paid and because of mortgages on land. Russell stated that as yet he had not left the liberal-unionist ranks, but he believed that the House of Lords, by its action on the land bill, had struck a dangerous blow at the union itself. He had "unbounded confidence" in Lord Hartington. Appealing to his constituents of South Tyrone to stand by him, Russell declared he would never accept a Scotch constituency to make room for a tory landlord.

The voting of money for the Irish government is still under debate in the House of Commons. The Parnellites this evening discussed the administration of

LAW IN IRELAND

until Mr. Smith, government leader, appealed to the chairman to stop the debate. The chairman claimed he had no power, and could only appeal to the members themselves.

After loud discussion the vote for expenses of criminal prosecutions in Ireland was passed.

Lord Salisbury has written a letter to the conservatives in Bridgetown division of Glasgow, in explanation of the trouble in the recent election, in which he says: "By dexterous ambiguity of language, many liberal-unionists have been persuaded that

MR. GLADSTONE

has abandoned his separatist designs. In the course of time the Gladstone policy must be explained, and then the exertions of unionists will receive their triumphant reward.

Ennis, Sept. 2.—The viceroy's proclamation forbidding the proposed meeting here has been posted throughout the town. Great excitement prevails. Messrs. P. Stanhope, Dillon, O'Brien, Tanner and Cox, all members of Parliament, have telegraphed the local league officers promising to attend. The nationalists have issued a manifesto calling upon men of "historic claus" to assemble in thousands on the hill of Ballycree to fight the battle of the constitution, which will be certain of a glorious consummation, the disenfranchisement of Ireland.

Antwerp, Sept. 2.—There has been a collision at this port between the British steamer Salisbury, from Philadelphia, and the British steamer John Adolphus, both vessels being badly damaged.

Cleveland, Sept. 2.—The Ausbe Cheseb congregation have dedicated

their synagogue. It is said to be the finest Jewish temple in the United States.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 2.—Petersburg have appeared in several districts of Bessarabia.

London, Sept. 2.—A heavy rain prevailing, in Great Britain. Minor shipping casualties have been reported and numerous telegraph wires are down. There has also been a heavy fall of rain and the river Devonshire have overflowed banks.

Huntington, Ind., Sept. 2.—The Roman Catholic Church at St. Mary has been destroyed by fire. \$200,000.

Denver, Col., Sept. 2.—A conference between Governor Adams and General Crook resulted in agreeing to place two companies of government troops on the line between the Utah reservation and Colorado for the protection of settlers hereafter, to keep the Utes out of the country. The Utes are to have horses back, and be paid out of their own annuity for such stock as has been lost. Governor Adams will leave for Denver to-night. General Crook starts for Omaha via Rawlston.

Albany, Sept. 2.—Governor Throop feels that he has been insulted by the seventh regiment. Through this it was one of the representatives of the state, the general selected it as the first one to bear the expense of the state to the Philadelphia centennial celebration, on this occasion will consist of the twelfth, twenty-second, third, and a provisional regiment composed of separate companies of the national guard.

Adjutant General Porter, commander of the declination of the seventh regiment, says it made an

IMMENSE BLUNDER.

The governor invited the regiment to go at the expense of the state. It is of courtesy to him it ought to be accepted. The governor felt this was a representative organization of the state and anxious that it should help to represent the state of New York at a great affair. There is not a regiment in the guard that could better than the seventh.

London, Oct. 2.—Herneclor, ex-President of the Bank of London and President of the Ontario Investment Association, was elected this afternoon. The cause of the election has not been made public.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The attorney who convicted hoodlums claim to have discovered a vital error in the trial, totally invalidating the case. One of the lawyers said to-day that the Illinois conspiracy statute was legal. This is the law under which anarchists and hoodlums were convicted.

Montreal, Sept. 2.—The prosecutors to-day decided, by a vote, before the grand jury, that the court of Queen's bench, against the Trunk Railway, on the charged slaughter. The coroner's jury, previously brought in a verdict of manslaughter for the death of Labranche and his son, run over and killed by a train July 12th.

New York, Sept. 2.—Luck, famous race horse owned by Baldwin, of California, was caused by cerebral spinal meningitis, at Sheepshead Bay, Monday. A veterinary surgeon succeeded in bringing him around, but is not certain that he will recover.

Hancock, Mich., Sept. 3.—The shaft will be opened Monday.

London, Sept. 3.—Various are assigned for the arrest of the president Taylor, of the Bank of the one generally accepted by the funds entrusted to him for loan by R. M. Meredith, who caused the rest, were not invested. A statement, however, prevails that the cause is being suppressed.

Dublin, Sept. 3.—There is a likelihood that there will be persons in Ennis to-morrow of the League authorities persist in the termination to suppress the meeting, and this undoubtedly their present intention. Five policemen and a large force of tory arrived at Ennis and are orders to prevent the people from assembling.

Pittsburg, Sept. 3.—The organizations of Pittsburg united in a street demonstration here. The object of the parade was to show the strength of the trade union and in order that there might be turnout many of the mills and factories closed down. A bright day when the procession passed Fifth Avenue at noon, it was estimated that 15,000 were in line.

New York, Sept. 3.—Advice from Valparaiso, dated July 25th, says severe earthquake shock was experienced here on Thursday at 4:40, followed by another shock yesterday two this morning. The heavy rain Thursday was felt from Los Angeles, and with considerable rain at Santiago.

Cholera has been raging at On July 30th, there were thirty in Mazzarrato at the conception about fifty in private houses epidemic is now sweeping north. Don Carlos de Bourbon, of Spain, has been magnificently entertained.