

cases of shipwrecks upon their respective coasts.

During the remainder of this afternoon's session, the Senate confirmed the following nominations: Lionel A. Sheldon, Ohio, governor of New Mexico, Territory; Edward S. Meyer, United States attorney for the northern district of Ohio; Henry Fink, United States marshal for the eastern district of Wisconsin; Thos. Wilson, District of Columbia, consul at Ghent; John F. Jenne, New Jersey, consul at Nuevo Laredo; E. C. Jewett, United States assayer, St. Louis; register of land office, Wm. Letcher, at Mitchell, Dakota. The confirmations of Messrs. Spaulding, Wilson and Hatson, as assistant treasurer, naval officer and internal revenue collector at San Francisco, were all effected this afternoon by unanimous consent, and their commissions will be prepared for them.

The nominations are withdrawn of Woodford, Payne, McDougal, and the attorneys and marshal for the southern and northern districts of New York. The President stated in his message that Robertson was not withdrawn. The nomination of J. Tyler, for Buffalo collector, was also withdrawn. The message gave no explanation or comment. There was the greatest excitement over the fact that the message had been sent, and it was at first believed that Robertson had been withdrawn. This is an open declaration of war by the President against Conkling. Last night, in consultation with friends, the President said he had determined to make the aggressive fight which he inaugurated to-day. He intends to keep it up and use every effort to confirm Robertson.

The President's withdrawal of all the important pending nominations for New York, except that of Judge Robertson, has excited much comment and is likely to become an engrossing topic of discussion in political circles for some days. The universal interpretation put upon it thus far, is that of an open declaration of war to the knife on the issue raised by Conkling's opposition to Robertson, and it is also understood to be intended as an explicit intimation of republicans of the Senate, that the President is not willing to have Robertson's nomination left over at the final adjournment without action. The withdrawals were doubtless precipitated by the confirmation of one of Conkling's friends yesterday, as postmaster at Albany, which made it manifest to Garfield that unless he took some such summary action all of the Conkling nominees would shortly be confirmed and then be found lending their assistance by their patronage against the President and Robertson, whereas, by suspending their appointments, he keeps the control of the entire New York patronage in his own hands.

Commander Henry Glass, commanding the *Jamestown*, reports to the Navy Department from Sitka that affairs in the Territory of Alaska are in a most satisfactory condition. Perfect quiet reigns, and the Indians show every disposition to remain so. Since the date of his last report he has succeeded in having treaties made between the Stickeen and Hoochenoo tribes, and between the Stickeen and Sitkas, thus ending feuds, that in one case had been in existence over fifty years. The chiefs showed a desire to make peace and abandon their former custom of exacting satisfaction in kind for every injury. He thinks the treaties will be faithfully observed.

CHICAGO, 5.—A Washington special reports that General Sherman is not quite cordial toward Secretary Lincoln, because the latter consults himself and Sheridan more than him (Sherman). The office which Sherman holds is a sort of fifth wheel in a wagon, and the duties and responsibilities of the position are not clearly defined. It is hard to tell where the responsibility of the secretary of war begins and that of the general of the army ends. The office will expire with the death or retirement of Sherman, and probably will not be revived again. General Sherman, however, while he took no active part, favored the election of Hancock in the recent presidential contest. This much is known, and has never been disputed. The story is that republican leaders were alarmed about his attitude, and feared he would make some public declaration to ex-soldiers of the country, which would influence many of them to vote for Hancock, and thus endangered the cause in States like New York and Indiana. Sherman is very popular with the soldier element, having had under his command, first and

last, nearly half a million of men, and a single sentence from him like this: "Hancock is all right, boys, support him," would have been worth all the documents issued by democrats during the whole campaign. His conduct, however, was very prudent, and his attitude neutral. It is said that the excursion of the President and other prominent officials to the far western coast was planned and carried out during the campaign. Gen. Sherman and Garfield are on excellent terms, and so were Sherman and Hayes until the last few months of the latter's administration. There were then some unfortunate differences, growing out of army retirements. Gen. Sherman thinking his own wishes were not sufficiently consulted, which it was pretty generally shared here.

A special from Fond Du Lac, Wisconsin, says: Some time since what was thought to be gold-bearing quartz was discovered a few miles north of this city, on the farm of N. K. Maxwell, in a ledge of lime rock varying from ten to fifty feet, partially encroaching Fond Du Lac at a distance of three to ten miles. It was at a point on this ledge where the quartz crops out of the limestone that these specimens were found. At this point the gold bearing quartz shows nine feet above the surface of the ground and reaches to an unexplored depth below. Some specimens taken from the top of drift assayed in Boston \$21 per ton, others taken from six feet below ground assayed in Chicago, \$148 per ton. On the strength of the first assay made in Boston a company of Boston capitalists have secured a working lease of the farm and have a stamp mill and necessary mining machinery now on the road. They expect to begin operations within the next sixty days.

Journal's Washington: It is freely asserted, to-day, that if republican senators comply with the President's wishes and select some person other than Gorham as a candidate for secretary of the senate, the vote of Mahone will not be had. It is mainly through Gorham's personal influence that Mahone was brought into close relations with republicans of the Senate, and he will not consent to allow Gorham to be set aside. It looks to many persons as though Mahone is master of the situation, and any attempt to throw Gorham overboard will result in the republicans not only losing the organization of the senate, but the control of committees at the next session.

Democratic papers are merry over the breaking of the deadlock. The *World* calls it a republican back-down, and says: Dawes' swaggering speech to-day will no conceal from anybody, not even from Dawes himself, the fact that he and his colleagues have been beaten into attending to public business by democratic senators. By going into executive session, the republican senators admit that they have been in the wrong and democratic senators in the right from the beginning of the session.

The *Herald* says: The democrats have held their ground from the outset with remarkable tenacity. They have held a position as unconstitutional and revolutionary as that of Larnell in his policy of obstruction in the House of Commons.

The *Tribune* says: Is De Lesseps deceiving the French public about his Isthmus canal? All reports from Panama agree that no digging has begun yet, although the season of outdoor work is fast drawing to a close, considerable surveying is to be done and a small force of laborers are at work cutting brush. That is all; De Lesseps himself is in London looking after his affairs there. His representation at Panama, Lieut. Wyse, is about to start for Paris. The rainy season will soon put a stop to field work, and as nothing has been accomplished in this direction worth mentioning, a year has been as good as lost.

Prof. H. H. Smith and wife, with a party of assistants, left Brooklyn this morning on the steamer *City of Paris* for Brazil. Smith will call first at Pernambuco, and will then return to Para. From this point he and party will start on a trip up the Amazon in canoes. It is his intention to explore the Amazon and Topejos Rivers to Cuyuba. The party will remain there a year and then follow the course of the river westward to Bolivia, and there is also a probability that they will explore part of the Uruguay River. Mrs. Smith will be the first white woman who has visited the upper waters of the Amazon.

A London cable says: Earl Gran-

ville recently addressed a dispatch to Lowell, American minister, on the subject of copyright, saying it would be satisfactory to England, if the treaty could be negotiated with America on the same basis as with other countries, namely, without any condition for the manufacture of English books in America, but if this condition is essential England will negotiate on that basis a treaty, providing that books written by American authors in England shall be manufactured in America in order to have the copyright there covered by the existing act, but it provides that books written by American authors in America shall be manufactured in England, in order to have the copyright in England. Such provision would require the sanction of Parliament. Lowell replied as follows: A treaty confirmed by the Senate, would be law in America. Possibly supplementary legislation would be needed to enforce its provisions in detail, but I understand that this will follow as a matter of course.

The steamer *Faraday* will sail to-day with 900 miles of cable to lay the shore ends of the cable. She will commence operations at Penzance then across to couple the cable and then return for the deep sea section. It is expected that two lines will be finished this summer.

Vienna, 5.—The whole city is now devoted to preparations for the reception of Princess Stephanie, who is to be married to Crown Prince Rudolph on the 10th inst. The route of the procession to-morrow, when the Princess will make her entry to the city is being elaborately decorated. The illumination of private houses and the dome of the cathedral of St. Stephen by electric light, will be a great feature of the festivities.

## Correspondence.

COPENHAGEN, Denmark,  
April 14, 1881.

Editor *Deseret News*:

Our beloved brother Gustaf Pettersson departed from this sphere of action yesterday at 15 minutes past five o'clock p.m., after having been confined to his bed of sickness about three months, suffering all the time from a severe attack of lung fever. He had been sinking gradually for several days, but was conscious about what was passing around him until the morning of his death, when his language had become very much confused and his mind was no longer clear. About noon he lost his speech entirely. He died quietly without any apparent pain or much struggle with the destroyer of his mortal body. As long as he could speak he did not seem to comprehend or believe that he should pass away, as his whole desire seemed to be that he might be strong enough to go to Zion with our first company of emigrants. He believed with all his heart that if he only could live to get home to Zion, he would soon get entirely well.

Bro. Pettersson was born in Skedevi, Sweden, Feb. 18, 1850, and embraced the gospel in 1876, being baptized on Feb. 6th of that year. Shortly after he was ordained a Deacon, and on the 13th of October following was ordained an Elder and sent out on his first mission. He continued as a faithful laborer in the vineyard, part of the time presiding over Norlands branch, Stockholm Conference, until the fall of 1878, when he was called to labor at this office, arriving in Copenhagen in September. From that time until he was taken sick, he labored here faithfully and true in every respect, translating for *Nordstjernan* and attending to other business at this office. By his straightforward course, his diligence, humility and perfect willingness to do everything required of him, to the best of his ability, he gained the full confidence and respect of all his brethren, and was very much beloved by us all. He surely could never have passed away in a state better prepared for another life. During his illness we administered to him several times, and every time it seemed to have the effect of lessening his pains and sufferings, but shortly after the sickness would always attack him with renewed force, thus clearly showing to us that it was the Lord's will to call him to labor elsewhere. We, however, did not slacken in our prayers in his behalf until he was gone. Although we do not have any great occasion to mourn when a good man passes beyond the veil, still it produces a peculiar sensation

and emptiness when those whom we dearly love and highly esteem pass away from us, and this probably more so when a person is taken away in the prime of youth and actual usefulness.

Prest. Wilhelmsen left this city for Jylland about half an hour before Brother Pettersson's demise; he is gone there to attend conferences in Aalborg and Aarhus, and will return in about two weeks from now.

We completed the revision of the Book of Mormon on the first day of the present month; the printing will also be completed in a short time, and the book be ready for sale about the middle of May. The new Swedish Hymn Book, 3,000 copies, was published a few weeks ago. At the present time we are republishing several of our pamphlets.

The work throughout the mission progresses favorably; in some regions our Elders have even caused considerable stirring up among the people by boldly proclaiming gospel principles, and quite a few have been baptized. In this city our meetings continue to be well attended, and we are constantly blessed with the spirit of testimony. The Elders from Utah are, as a general thing, enjoying good health and are diligent and zealous in their endeavors to spread the truth among the people. Persecutions have not occurred very often of late, although the priests in some parts of Sweden are doing all in their power to hinder the progress of the Elders, but as our brethren have learned to comply with the admonition of the Savior, "be wise as serpents and harmless as doves," they generally manage to escape the traps laid by these sectarian hirelings.

At this Office all is well; we enjoy good health, and glory in our labors. Peace, love and good will exists among us mutually, and we are trying to preach the Gospel by example as well as precepts. We also know that the Lord is with us, as His hand is visible in our success from day to day.

Constantly praying and laboring for the welfare of Zion and the promotion of the great Latter-day work, I remain, your brother in the Gospel of Christ,

ANDREW JENSON.

WASHINGTON, April 30, 1881.

Editor *Deseret News*:

The fierce contest concerning the recently retired Second Assistant Postmaster-General, occasions more excitement here than even political questions. It is understood that General Brady, the retiring officer will, at an early day put his case in court; to begin suit against some responsible paper which has given currency to charges against him. Your readers understand, of course, that the charges now made against the General, are the same that were investigated by Congress, nearly two years ago. There are no new developments. By a large majority, and without distinction of party, both Houses sustained the officer.

The President has announced his intention—a very laudable one—of instituting inquiry into the manner in which business is conducted in all the departments. There is probably much less actual corruption than is generally supposed, but there is more, much more of irregularity and looseness. A thorough investigation accompanied by a change in bureau officers would result surely in practical and radical reforms.

Many western republican Congressmen are here, said to be engaged in an effort to unite conflicting claims to the Speakership of the next House. The wish is to secure the election of a western man as Speaker, but the indications now are, that the East will retain the coveted position.

I wish to call attention again, though it may annoy some of your readers, to the York town celebration in October next. The managers of Virginia's part of the affair are doing all that can be done. Other States than the original thirteen have indicated a disposition to participate one way or another, but there is not as much interest as there should be. The event to be commemorated is not second in importance to any in our history, perhaps not to any in the history of the world.

LEM.

## FARMERS.

Save your horses and buy the Peerless Reaper and Mower; it is no Horse Killer but is the horse's friend.

L. B. MATTISON.

JNO. A. BAILEY AND M. K. PARSONS, Land Agents and Attorneys, Salt Lake City—Write to them enclosing stamp and they will give information FREE about Land Matters.

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## The Most Miserable Man on Earth,

Is the sufferer from indigestion. Those only know its horrors who have felt them.

To such is offered not only a ray of hope, but a certainty of relief and cure, in the use of BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC. This wonderful remedy cures without faith, when taken as directed. For sale by Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., Moore, Allen & Co., Salt Lake.

## Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cts. Sold by Moore, Allen & Co.

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## BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per Box. For Sale by Moore, Allen & Co., Druggists, Wholesale Agents, Salt Lake City.

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## Concord Harness.

I am offering the best team harness for the money to be found in market; parties buying wagons can find a large stock always on hand to select from.

Half block south of Theatre.

s&w

L. B. MATTISON.

It is a wise precaution to provide against emergencies that are liable to arise in every family. A cold may be a dangerous thing, or not, depending upon the means at hand to combat it. In sudden attacks of cold, croup, asthma, etc., Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will prove the quickest and most effective cure and your best friend.

ds&w

## To Be or Not to Be

Bilious, depends on whether you use Brown's Vegetable Liver Pills or not. They have no equal for preventing and curing biliousness. Try them. For sale by Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., and Moore, Allen & Co., Salt Lake.

## Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your lungs are sore, chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by Moore, Allen & Co.

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DR. ROGER'S VEGETABLE WORM SYRUP instantly destroys worms and removes the Secretions which cause them. (1)

## Better Get It Now.

It saves life and doctors' bills. We mean BROWN'S BLACKBERRY AND GINGER; the most successful remedy ever introduced into the South and West for the cure of Diarrhoea, Dysentery and Cholera Morbus.

For sale by Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., and Moore, Allen & Co., Salt Lake.

## MALARIAL FEVER.

Malarial Fevers, constipation, torpidity of the liver and kidneys, general debility, nervousness and neuralgic ailments yield readily to this great disease conqueror, Hop Bitters. It repairs the ravages of disease by converting the food into rich blood, and it gives new life and vigor to the aged and infirm always. See "Proverbs" in another column.

DURNON'S CATARRH SNUFF cures Catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane. (1)

DR. MOTT'S LIVER PILLS are the best Cathartic Regulators. (1)