

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Tuesday, July 16, 1878.

The telegraphic dispatches have stated that the New York Standard was temporarily suspended. The paper itself says its circulation varied from 12,000 to 30,000. It was a Republican and Administration paper. This is a bad time for an Administration paper to succumb, just as the grand political campaign is really beginning in earnest. The Standard gives the reasons for its suspension—

One-third of the stock subscription was paid in. After the first year the paper was an immense success; but its first instalment being spent, after that it relied not upon capital, but upon retained and almost unobtainable labor. The stockholders, seeing that the paper has been getting along moderately, have committed the financial suicide of not coming forward with the remaining two-thirds of their subscription money. The present editor and publisher, therefore, deems it prudent and sensible to make a temporary suspension of the publication of the paper from this date until further notice.

The Standard was an ably edited paper, and we shall miss it from our table.

The Indians just now are occupying considerable attention of the Federal Government. There are undoubtedly some people who would be glad to inaugurate an Indian war here or there, either from motives of revenge or from a desire to have some chances of pickings. If the Indians are properly treated, war with them will be few and far between. But unfortunately there often seems to be a greater proportion of belligerently inclined whites than Indians, and it is difficult to say which are most reckless and cruel when they get "mad." It is gratifying to know that the government appears disposed to pursue a peaceful, straightforward, and honorable policy towards the red man. If all who have to do with Indians, were so disposed, there would be comparatively little trouble. The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald writes to that paper July 9—

Mr. William Welsh, who has just returned from an official visitation to most of the Indian agencies there, were about eighteen placed by the government under the Board of Missions of the Protestant Episcopal Church, has made a full report to Secretary Delano, giving interesting details of his mission, with the names and history of the different tribes, their habits, present condition, &c. Particular reference is made to the Santee Sioux, which are under the influence of Christianity, "venerate their churches as much as the Jews do their temples at Jerusalem." Considerable space is also given to the Ponces, whose friendliness to the government is well known, and to the missionary cause among them is spoken of at considerable length.

Mr. Welsh says in his report that the merciful policy towards the Indians inaugurated and followed by the President meets with the universal favor of all right-minded people with whom he has been brought in contact, and that an organized opposition to the present administration is being formed in our frontier States and Territories, because the President has placed the large appropriations for the Indians beyond the reach of dishonest men who claim their patronage as their right.

Several other important subjects, including the North Pacific Railroad, whisky traffic on the Missouri, keeping Indians on reservations, the distribution of rations to Indians, titles to farms and tracts on reservations, and other topics are also given much attention in the report, and are being further discussed to-night at the residence of Secretary Delano, where the Secretary, General Walker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, General Howard, Special Indian Commissioner, and Mr. Welsh are in consultation with Secretary Delano.

The following copy of a letter from Ansel Smith, grandfather of Joseph Smith, first President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, written seventy-six years ago, will be acceptable to our readers, especially to the relatives and friends of the writer, and interesting as a memento to the family and as a historical document to the public:

"TUNBRIDGE, Jan. 14th, 1798.
"Respected Sir—Having a favorable opportunity, I have the pleasure to inform you, with joy and gratitude embrace it, returning here with my most hearty thanks for your respect shown in your favor of the 30th of November, by Mr. Willes, which I view as a singular specimen of friendship, which has been little been promised by any of my friends in Tunbridge, who often requested.

"My family are all, through the goodness of the Divine Benediction, in a tolerable good state of health, and desire to be remembered to you and all your family.

"I have set me up a new house since Mr. Willes was here, and expect to remove into it next spring, and to begin again on an old farm, and my son Joseph will live on the old farm (if this has been but four years occupied can be called old), and carry it on as the halves, which half I hope will nearly supply my family with food, while I with my family and some shall endeavor to bring to another farm, &c.

"As to how I have nothing as I know of, word nothing, except that grain has taken a sudden rise amongst us, about one-third.

"As to the Jacobin party, they are not very numerous here, or if they are they are pretty still; there are some in this State, viz., in Bennington, who, like other children crying for a rattle, have blared out against their rulers, in hopes to wrest from them, if possible, what they received from the power and trust. But they have been pretty well whipped and have become tolerably quiet again, and I am in hopes, if they live to arrive to the years of discretion, that they will then become good members of society, notwithstanding their noisy, vicious behavior in their childhood, for which they were neither capable of hearing or giving any reason.

"For my part, I am so willing to trust the government of the world in the hands of the Supreme Ruler of the universe, that I do not present wish to try to wrest it out of his hands, and I have so much confidence in his ability to teach our Sons and Daughters, that I do not think it worth while for me to interpose, from the little stock of knowledge that he has favored me with, in the affairs, either one way or the other. He has conducted us through a glorious revolution, and has brought us into the present state of liberty, and I believe that he is about to bring all the world into the same benediction in his own time and way.

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"The minister asked the negro how many commandments there were, his answer was, 'Eleven, sir.' 'Aye,' replied the other, 'what is the Eleventh?' 'That is one I never heard of,' said the Eleventh commandment, sir, is mind your own business.

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"(Signed) ANSEL SMITH.
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Agent of the United States.Warren Huxley.....President.
O. L. Dahler.....Vice Pres.
Anthony Godbe.....Cashier.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$150,000

EARNINGS, \$125,000

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DEPARTMENT.

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Departments have been refilled.
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Every class of Merchandise for family use.

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(Late Surgeon on U. S. F. R.)

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At located in Salt Lake City, and in addition
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SURGERY.Paralysis, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Venereal
Diseases, Nervous Affections,
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Disease treated from the latest
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Methods.

TO THE LADIES

Dr. C. has had many years experience in
the diseases of women and will warrant a cure
or make no charge.OFFICE, No. 9 Cleveland House, He can
be seen at all hours at his Office or at the Salt
Lake