

does not them part. Or if it seems so to do, the light of eternity will show that the separation is but seeming. Here is the beginning of a kingdom that is ever increasing and will never end. Numbers cannot give the idea of its extent, words fail to picture its boundless realities, infinite majesty and ineffable bliss. This is celestial marriage, very briefly and imperfectly put. It comprehends and includes, under divinely appointed regulations, the order of plurality of wives, on which we have not space now to descend.

But it may be asked is divorce always wrong? We do not say so. There are circumstances under which those who have been joined in marriage may and perhaps ought to be parted. There are covenants and obligations of a sacred character contingent to and associated with God's holy order of matrimony, and those who violate them have no valid claim on the power of the crowning contract, with its blessings, that is based upon them.

Speaking in a general sense, divorce is totally unjustifiable on trifling grounds. Unchastity is a sufficient cause, so declared in Holy Writ. And we are of the opinion that it is improper and unrighteous for people to live together and cohabit, where abiding disgust and aversion exist in the place of love and respect. Where such conditions prevail, they are proof that the union was an error, and all grave errors that are capable of adjustment or removal should be rectified or abolished. But it frequently happens that the supposed aversion is only imaginary, or is produced by causes which we have neither space nor inclination at present to discuss, but which if removed would be followed by a renewal of affection. Some of these causes are effectually prevented in plural marriage when it is properly practiced, and hence the divorces in plural families are less in proportion than in monogamy.

Divorce should not be so easy of attainment as modern law makes it, neither should it be so lightly treated as modern custom encourages it to be. The consent of parents; the sanction of God; due regard for the fitness of the parties; the abolition of marriages of convenience, whether they be prompted by financial or other mercenary or unworthy considerations; and a clear understanding of the eternal and solemn obligations of the nuptial contract will do much to prevent the spread of the divorce mania.

We do not expect these considerations to prevail in the world, but all Israel should be impressed with the sanctity of the marriage relation, the sacredness of the marriage covenant, and the eternity of the marriage bond, so that divorce may be viewed with aversion, and that families may be founded which, cemented by abiding love and by that patience, forbearance, gentleness and charity which are its constituents, may be as enduring as the throne of Jehovah, and bear everlasting fruits as numerous and beautiful as the countless stars that gem the midnight sky.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WASHINGTON UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

WASHINGTON, 17.—Jones, of Florida, chairman of the committee on naval affairs reported to the Senate the joint resolution instructing the Secretary of the Navy to take the necessary steps to secure adequate naval stations and harbors for the use of the naval forces of the United States at proper points on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, Central America and the American isthmus.

Cockrell objected to the measure declaring against the policy of this government in international questions being brought in in the last two and a half hours of the session and the resolution was placed on the calendar.

Anthony attempted to get up the President's veto message, but the Senate voted to go into executive session first, and after that they considered the House bills on the calendar, despite Anthony's protest that it was a disrespectful treatment of the message. The vote to consider was carried by a party vote, except that of Plumb, Booth and Hill, who voted yes, and Ferry nay. Three or four House bills then passed.

On motion of Logan, the eight-hour bill was taken up. Withers objected, and it was tabled.

On motion of Blaine, the House resolution to give its employees a month's extra pay was amended to include the Senate employees, and then tabled to avoid action on Blaine's motion, designed to kill it or make it include all the employees of the government.

The usual complimentary resolutions were passed.

On motion of Conkling, the barley and malt bill was taken up, and he refused to give way for the consideration of the President's message.

Thurman saw no constitutional objection to the consideration of the veto message next session, it would be a little late, but there was no time now.

After the executive session, the doors were opened, and adjourned. The Senate very quietly adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 16.—There was great clamor for recognition in front of the Speaker's desk. A motion to proceed to Speakers' table was rejected, 104 to 71.

Wednesday's session then commenced.

Carlisle reported from the committee on the Donnelly-Washburne bribery case. Ordered printed and recommittees.

Carlisle said the committee had unanimously decided that the anonymous letter was written and sent by H. H. Finley. As to the other points there were disagreements in the committee.

Manning asked whether the committee reached any conclusion touching Donnelly's connection with the letter. If not he would submit the report of committee elections.

Carlisle said the majority had not included that Donnelly had any personal connection with it.

Baker asked if Donnelly had any connection with the letter.

Carlisle said he was somewhat embarrassed in answering, but he answered Baker in the negative.

Manning said with that evidence of Donnelly's admitted his report, signed by the five democratic members of the committee on elections giving the seat to Donnelly.

Chistler concurred in believing Washburne not entitled to the seat.

but dissented from the conclusion that Donnelly was.

Keller submitted another report from the committee on elections touching Washburne entitled to the seat. Seven of the 15 members of the committee agreed to this and 10 concurred in believing Donnelly not entitled. The reports were ordered printed.

Notification being received from the President that he had no further communication, there was a scramble for recognition.

AMERICAN.

Indian Surrender. ST. PAUL, 16.—A special from Keogh, dated yesterday, says: Five hundred of Sitting Bull's band from the other side of the international boundary came in and surrendered to Lieut. Whistler, representing the Government. The Indians were in a starving condition and were fed and cared for. It is said more are about to come in.

Confirmations. WASHINGTON, 16.—The Senate confirmed the following: Eugene L. Sullivan, collector at San Francisco; Augustus Ash, United States marshal for Nevada; John Sherman, Jr., national assessor at Denver; David Wilson, register of land office at Bozeman, Montana; Julius H. Clark, postmaster at Trinidad, Colorado; Geo. Emowery, at Phoenix, Arizona; Geo. H. Bailey, at Silver City, New Mexico.

The Senate confirmed the nomination of Lieut. Col. Samuel Woods, deputy paymaster general, Randolph G. Elbert, Oregon; Lieut. Col. David Wilson, of Colorado, post chaplain; Charles A. Mitchell, of Nevada, register of the land office at Carson City; Richard H. Fay, agent of the Umatilla Indians, Oregon; Thos. Chestnut, postmaster at Silverton Colorado.

The bill for the relief of Ben Holiday was made the special order for the first Wednesday in December next.

The President approved the sundry civil appropriation bill, and declared its provisions nominal Col. Albert J. Myer chief signal officer with rank of brigadier general. The President and Cabinet are in the Capitol. Both Houses of Congress adjourned at noon today.

All the regular annual appropriation bills were signed by the President in time for announcement the day before their hour of adjournment, and consequently all became laws. A number of nominations failed to receive action and expired at the close of the session, among them that of Jno. F. Hartman, as collector of Customs for Philadelphia.

Damage by Storms.

INDIANAPOLIS, 16.—The wind and rain storms of yesterday and last night did a vast amount of damage in various parts of the State. In Clinton County a number of buildings were blown down, trees were uprooted, and stock was killed. In one place a five acre orchard was utterly destroyed. At Colfax four persons are reported killed and others injured, and two churches and other buildings blown down. The damage to the wheat crop in many places is very serious.

The Campaign.

NEW YORK, 16.—The Tribune's Washington special says: Garfield called on the President and Sherman to-day, and the latter called at the hotel last night to see Garfield. There is a most perfect understanding between the two Ohio statesmen and the republican candidate for the presidency will have no more earnest and ardent supporter than Secretary Sherman, of the Treasury, who is entirely satisfied with Garfield's course in the convention.

Blaine will leave Washington on Thursday for his recreation at Green Brier, White Sulphur Springs, Virginia. His family went north this afternoon. Blaine will enter the campaign in Maine about the 1st of August, and he has no doubt whatever of the success of the republicans of that State in the September election. Blaine also expects to make speeches in the latter part of the autumn, and will uninterruptedly engage in the campaign until election day.

Seymour's Positive Refusal.

NEW YORK, 16.—The following seems to explain itself: Utica, June 15.

"Hon. J. Thomas Spriggs: 'Dear sir—My name has been spoken of in connection with the nomination to be at Cincinnati next week, and as you are the delegate from the district in which I live, I ask you in my behalf to state that I am not a candidate for any nomination to be made by that body, nor could I accept any such nomination if the convention should see fit to present my name to the public. I do not therefore desire the least possibility of such action or that my name will be presented. But I deem it proper to send you this letter to be used if any question should come up about my position or purposes. I am truly yours, etc.' HENRY SEYMOUR."

New York's Population.

The Sun says: The complete census of the city shows that the population may reach fifteen hundred thousand.

DIED.

At Montpelier, Bear Lake County, Idaho, June 1st, 1880, of diphtheria, CADDIE KUNZ, daughter of John and Magdalena Kunz. Born January 20th, 1875.

Also, of the same disease, June 11th, 1880, MARY KUNZ, daughter of the same parents. Born October 19th, 1875.

They were sweet girls and the only children of their mother.

At Montpelier, Bear Lake County, Idaho, June 1st, 1880, of diphtheria, JOHN HENRY DESCHNER, son of George Henry and Rose Catherine Deschner. Born May 22nd, 1880.

(Special Dispatch to the St. Louis Republican.)

BALTIMORE, June 4th.—While the Vandalla, the Pan Handle, the Fort Wayne, and the Pennsylvania all go out of the Special Fast train business on Sunday, the Baltimore and Ohio fast time schedule, the inauguration of which has created all the excitement the past two weeks, will remain without any change whatever. The 8 A. M. B. & O. lightning express, leaving St. Louis daily on the O. & M. will continue to make its full time under the fast schedule which went into effect May 23d. It reaches Washington at noon next day, Baltimore and Philadelphia during the afternoon, and New York that evening.

WANTED.

A GOOD, HEALTHY WOMAN, to wait nurse a child. Apply at this Office. 3 & 4 w

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a meeting of the Board of Directors of the School District will be held on Monday, June 15th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the School House, for the purpose of voting upon a question as to whether a tax shall be levied for the purpose of the purchase of a new school-house, also to pay of the indebtedness of the district.

THOS. TAYLOR, J. H. HOBBS, TRUSTEES. Salt Lake City, June 10, 1880.

THE Admiration OF THE WORLD. A NOTABLE EVENT! Mrs. S. A. Allen's Hair Restorer

IS PERFECTION. A Noble Record. Near Half a Century. Established 1832. Improved 1879.

The nature of this great improvement is in its wonderful life giving properties to faded or falling hair, and MORE QUICKLY CHANGING GRAY OR WHITE HAIR to its natural youthful COLOR and BEAUTY.

IT IS NOT A DYE.

It requires only a few applications to restore gray hair to its youthful color and restore beauty and induce abundant growth, and its occasional use is all that is needed to preserve it in its highest perfection and beauty. DANDRUFF is quickly and permanently removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. \$1.25 PER BOTTLE

Manufacturers and Salesmen:

114 & 116 Southampton Row, London, England.

37 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, France.

33 Barclay Street & 40 Park Place, New York.

CASH!

CASH PAID FOR CLEAN, ALL WOOL. Rags, delivered at this Office. 414 & 4 w

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

FOR PROPERTY IN SALT LAKE CITY. One Brick House with 8 or 10 Rooms and Cellar, with 10 Acres of Good Land, and a producing orchard on said premises, situated on Utah Co. adjoining the city, formerly known as the property of Jacob Houz, just south of his mill. Also two or three suits of rooms in Washburn Building, furnished or unfurnished to suit occupants. Apply to N. O. BROWN, at 414 & w, or Box 445, Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE CARRIAGE & WAGON SHOP.

OLIVE ST. WEST OF THE MITCHELL WAGON DEPOT.

JOHN MALQUIST & BRO.

Respectfully announce to their old customers, friends and the public in general, that they have REMOVED their business to their NEW COMMODIOUS FIRE-PROOF BUILDING, furnished or unfurnished to suit occupants. Apply to N. O. BROWN, at 414 & w, or Box 445, Salt Lake City.

Blacksmithing, Wagon Making and Repairing.

FARM AND SPRING WAGONS MADE TO ORDER.

WE pay special attention to HORSE SHOEING, and keep the best quality of shoes and other articles of the best material. Our Work is warranted, and our Prices will be found reasonable, as our experience are long.

The Washburn is done by B. W. KING, who is acknowledged to be the Best Wagon Maker in Salt Lake City. A Good Yard for the accommodation of our Country Customers, while stopping in the city. 414 & w

HEADQUARTERS FOR FIREWORKS!!

AT WHOLESALE.

R. Gardiner, 58 Main St.

Punctuality!

Fashion!!

Economy!!!

ESTABLISHED, MAY, 1876.

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TRY BUCKLE & SON, TAILORS

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195 MAIN ST.,

Opposite Walker House, S. L. City.

EST. P. O. Box, 682.

HUMAN HAIR.

WE are manufacturing Ladies Hair Goods and play

CASH!

For Good Heads of Hair. Parties desirous of having their hair do well to call on us. Hair goods of all kinds for sale at reasonable prices. Making our own goods we can guarantee them.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and we ask the Ladies to examine our stock of Ladies' Goods. Mmes. BUTTON & BOYAN, 128 East Temple St., Salt Lake City.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF WHITEWASH BRUSHES!

IN THE TERRITORY, AT

G. F. CULMER'S,

TEA POT STORE.

Bought before the advance in Bristles, and Selling Lower than ever

Now is the time for Dealers and others to lay in their Spring Stock

CHAMPION REAPERS & MOWERS

Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes (Self Dumpers).

Farmers who are now looking around them to see where they can get the Best Goods and for the Least Money, we invite them to look at

THE BAIN WAGON DEPOT.

And you will find the above celebrated Harvesting Machines, which are so well known and known to be the most durable in use. I also keep a full line of

Other Chilled Plows, Moline Plows, Moline Reapers, Harvesters, Cultivators, Scythes, Etc., Etc.