

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

WASHINGTON, 11.—Bates, attorney of Utah, who was requested to resign, has it is said, withdrawn his letter to attorney general Williams giving his reasons why he should not be required to do so. Whatever may be the merits of the question, it is certain his resignation was requested after Judge McKean's interview with the President about a week ago.

NEW YORK, 11.—At noon the officers of the Erie railroad were filled with policemen, under Captain Petty, in view of the board of directors, called at the instance of Gould, and no one was admitted into the building without the permission of Gould or the officers. At 12.10 there was a bustle at the outer door, and a body of ten gentlemen pushed away the sentries and were received by Frederick A. Lane, an old bosom friend of Fisk. This party were John A. Dix, Gen. George B. McClellan, N. B. Tranter, H. L. Stebbins, Charles Day, W. W. Shearman, Austin D. White, the attorneys, and General Barlow. These gentlemen advanced to president Gould's room and then passed into the director's apartment, leaving General Dix, General McClellan, etc., in the ante-room. As the directors were about to ballot for General Dix as the new director, Shearman, attorney for the Erie Railroad, presented an injunction against farther action by the board. He was pushed violently out of the room and the injunction was torn into tatters. In a few moments Sherman appeared, accompanied by Captain Petty and forty policemen. "By what authority does Sherman appear in this room with a crowd of policemen?" exclaimed Barlow greatly excited. "I am here by order of J. Gould, to preserve peace, but I am ordered not to recognize you gentlemen." "You, Mr. Sherman, have no right here, you nor your secretary," exclaimed Mr. Lane; "so take up your traps and leave." Shearman did not start, but ordered captain Petty to dissolve the board as illegal. He deferred, and in a few moments Sherman left the room, then the voting commenced, general Dix being elected director, then general McClellan, Wm. R. Travis, H. G. Stebbins and W. W. Sherman. After that the board had everything their own way. Dix was elected president in place of Gould; O. P. Archer was elected vice-president; W. W. Sherman, treasurer; H. N. Otis, secretary, and John W. Hilton, transportation clerk. Barlow offered a resolution that David Dudley Field and Sherman be dismissed as counsel for the Erie railway; carried; and S. L. Barlow was elected counsel in their places. It was then ordered that every sub-officer of the Erie road should be instructed to disobey Gould, and obey only the new officers of the road. Gould says the action is illegal and the new officers will not be obeyed. It is rumored Gould will be arrested this evening.

After the meeting was over Dix wrote a formal letter to Gould, announcing his disposition, which was delivered after a ludicrous chase of Gould by U.S. marshal Crowley, when the ex-president of the Erie road surrendered, and the new officers took control.

At 2 a.m. this morning all was quiet at the company's offices, the building being in charge of the police, and it was understood negotiations were in progress between the two parties.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The statement of the public debt and balance from June 30th, 1869 to December 31st, 1871, shows that the yearly reduction to June 30, 1870, was \$107,779,785; to June 30, 1871, was \$103,735,147; and from June 30 to December 31, 1871, was \$26,501,566; showing the total reduction of the debt since June 30, 1869 to be \$166,016,499. The principal of the public debt to December 31, 1871, was \$2,326,710,016.

NEW YORK.—The news of the overthrow of the Erie ring seems to be received everywhere with satisfaction. The morning papers regard the results of yesterday as a great triumph in the interest of honesty and reform. The *Herald* says no coup d'état has resulted in a more entire success since the famous second of December at Paris, when the assembly was dissolved and the leaders transferred from their beds to prison cells. It adds that a few days will display profligacy and crime that will astonish even those who had appreciated the character of the Erie ring.

The *World* thinks it useless for Gould to attempt to make any resistance to what has been accomplished.

The *Tribune* says the legislature should at once order an election of directors to put in action beyond any question of doubt.

At a late hour last night Gould and his employees attempted to take from the safe the bonds of the company which were taken possession of by the new board. Some of the transfer books were taken, but subsequently recovered.

Henry Sherwood, one of the ring of directors, who does not yet acknowledge Dix as president, says the whole business is the whole work of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Co., which desired to get control of Erie, with the view of using it in helping the Atlantic and Great Western out of its liabilities.

Dispatches from Albany say the news spread consternation among the lobbyists and the rural members of the Legislature, who were expecting to make a great deal of money out of the bill now before the Legislature for repealing the classification act.

Ramsey, express agent of the Susquehanna R. R., says the amount which Jay Gould has not accounted for of the proceeds of the stock and earnings of the Erie is enormous.

The new directors of the Erie yesterday treated with contempt the letter to them, after they took possession of the rooms, by Jay Gould, offering to place his resignation in the hands of Horace Greeley, on condition that the other directors do likewise and a new board be formed. Gould promises to make a large fight against the new men.

We are obliged, says the *Tribune*, to take from Collector Arthur the credit which he received yesterday for appearing finally to dispose of Leet and Stocking. The ring is not broken nor scarcely disturbed. The parade of firms authorized to receive goods is made out to be a screen, as Leet and Stocking are not dispossessed of their plumes. The scandal is increased by the discovery that most of the go-betweens are Tammany Democrats. Prominent merchants stated yesterday that Leet and Stocking carry on their old business under the new name of Squires & Co.

The grand jury of Hudson Co., New Jersey, made a presentment to the court at Jersey City, yesterday, containing 183 indictments against nearly every official in the county and in Jersey city.

It is stated that the friends of the late Fisk are rejoicing at the smash up of Gould, who is reported to have been for the past year the real enemy of Fisk, and also that Gould tried to cheat Fisk's widow out of certain stock in the Elmira Rolling Mill. One portion of the Grand Opera House is yet filled with gangs of men under the orders of Gould, while other portions are occupied by the police under the orders of the new President.

The *World* says extensive forgeries have been perpetrated on the Russian Empire by an organized band of thieves who had not entered the empire but perpetrated the forgeries by agents in Russia. One gang was arrested in Odessa, with a large amount of bank notes in possession, and was tried and convicted. The operation of the rogues in bank notes, however, were but a trifle compared with their forgeries of Russian railway shares. Over half a million roubles' worth of these forged railway shares were seized in Odessa alone, and almost as large an amount in Moscow and St. Petersburg. Russian secret police have been sent to nearly all continental cities, as well as to London, to unearth the chief forgers if possible.

CHICAGO, 13.—A Washington special says the secretary of the interior having referred the question of the proper construction of the law fixing the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific railway to the government directors, the latter have made a unanimous report, after a full review of the case, which concludes that the terminus must be at Council Bluffs instead of Omaha. The opinion closes as follows: The provision of said agreement with all others tending to change the eastern terminus of said road from the eastern to the western side of the Missouri river, or tending to shift the responsibility of maintaining the said Union Pacific bridge from the said company to its connecting lines, are said to be in direct and palpable violation of its charter, and detrimental to the interest of the public.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 11.—The *Financier* says the American government will present its counter case to the Geneva board, on the 15th of April, and insist on proceeding to arbitration regardless of the protest and withdrawal of Great Britain.

LONDON, 13.—Some time ago an ex-

amination into charges against the wife of the Queen's Advocate General, Sir Travis Teviss, was made by solicitor Chaffers, an eminent member of the bar, and the result was a suit for libel on lady Teviss. The hearing of the case commenced last week, the principal witness being lady Teviss, who was subjected to a severe cross examination, which lasted several days, with regard to her immoral conduct previous to her marriage. This week the case was brought to a sudden close by the unexplained disappearance of the lady, much to the astonishment of her friends.

PARIS, 13.—According to advices received here from Spain a crisis is at hand. King Amadeus is concentrating the army around Madrid, disarming the national guard, and preparing to defend his throne.

LONDON, 13.—The claimant of the Tichborne estate hopes to secure bail for £50,000 to effect his release from prison. It is reported that the prisoner, if bailed, will be re-arrested, charged with forging.

Murphy, the well-known anti-property lecturer, is dead. It is believed his death was caused by injuries received at the hands of a mob while delivering a lecture some time since at Whitehaven.

LONDON, 14.—In the trial for perjury a large number of witnesses are expected to be brought forward by the prosecution to show that the claimant of the Tichborne estates is one Orton. It is reported that detectives have arrived from Australia, with a warrant to arrest Orton on charges of murder.

LONDON.—Secretary Fish's reply to Granville's note in relation to the Alabama claims, reached Minister Schenck last night. The tone of the communication is evidently pacific. An intimation is given of the regret and surprise of the American government at the English interpretation of the treaty of Washington.

FOUL BROOD AMONG BEES.—The following has been handed to us for publication:

By reading the report, in the *DESERET NEWS*, of the Deseret Bee Association, I find some remarks by S. H. Putnam, John Morgan and others on foul brood, which is one of the most destructive diseases to which the bee is subject; for in many instances it has deprived the bee farmer of hundreds of swarms, as well as the amateur of his units. I have only lost one stand by this cause, but I have spent much time and money in experimenting to discover the cause of the diseases to which the bee is subject, and I feel to comply with the request of A. M. Musser, Esq., for bee keepers to impart the results of their experience, through the papers, for the benefit of others.

I believe there are many causes of foul brood, but one of the principal is water in the hive and bad ventilation. I can produce the disease in any hive in which there are eggs and bee bread. It can be done by taking out a comb containing bee bread, placing it where it will get wet and then returning it to the hive. In a few days the bee bread will be fermented, and in eight or ten days there will be foul brood in the hive unless the hive be well ventilated.

BENJAMIN JUDSON.

THE PROPER THING TO DO.—Everybody knows that the administration have got themselves into a very bad predicament over the Utah imbroglio, and seem to be very much puzzled as to which way to turn in order to get free from the difficulty.

Anybody might be excused for entertaining the opinion that the judicial officer who has been the chief cause of the trouble—"the Judge with a Mission"—had a mission not altogether of a political character. Recent developments would tend to indicate that the mission of the ex-Methodist preacher was somewhat of a religious nature. If the dispatches in relation to the poking of Dr. J. P. Newman's clerical nose into the affairs of the administration be true, we hope, for the sake of the heads of the government and everybody else concerned that he will be suitably snubbed and informed that he had better attend to his own business. We would certainly never wish to have so poor an opinion of President Grant as to believe him to be either so short-sighted or so slightly disposed to respect the laws of right as to be in any degree influenced by a bigoted, uncharitable parson, in any action he may take or advise to be taken relative to the people of Utah.

It is well understood that Dr. Newman would not be particular as to the means employed to accomplish what appears to be his pet idea—the destruction of a religious system because it differs from that of which he is a representative. Should any influence that this religious persecutor might bring to bear on the Utah question be heeded, then all who do not know it already would know then that the Mormons are persecuted on account of their religion, and it would be an eternal disgrace to the Gov-

ernment of the United States, to have it established beyond all controversy that the administration supported and maintained a religious crusade.

So far as the matter has gone already, however, the crusade has been considerably a religious one, and the best thing that can be done by the administration is to shake themselves clear of it by setting the matter to rights, to put things right by prompt and energetic action. Wherein the rights of the people have been taken away let them be restored to them. Wherein there have been judicial and official usurpations of power, let such usurpations cease from this time forward.

It is well known by all intelligent people who have given the Utah difficulty any consideration, that usurpations have been effected, and that the entire course of the officials who have been the main cause of the "muss" has been vexatious, extrajudicial and altogether illegal. If any are still in doubt, let them examine the matter for themselves and be convinced. The proper thing for the government to do is to show that they give no countenance nor support to any such unconstitutional, un-republican and consequently unjust proceedings.

DECEASED.

At his residence in Logan City, March 3rd, ROBERT MURDOCK, of inflammation of the lungs.

Deceased was born March 16th, 1824, at Perth, Scotland, and baptized in same place in 1847. He emigrated to Utah in the year 1861. He was true to his integrity, and always ready to defend the truths of the gospel.—[Com. *Mill. Star*, Please copy.]

At Nephi City, Juab Co., February 19th, 1872, SARAH, wife of William Little, and daughter of James and Maria Bowers, aged 34 years, 7 months and 6 days; born at Oxbury, Worcestershire, England.

Deceased was baptized in 1855, and emigrated to Utah with the first handcart company in 1856. She lived and died a faithful Saint and leaves a husband and four children.—[Com. *Mill. Star*, please copy.]

At Draperville, March 9th, of inflammation, JAMES FREDERICK, son of Robert and Ann Walker, aged 1 year, 11 months and 16 days. *Mill. Star*, please copy.

This morning, at 9 o'clock, (14th March) of flux and inflammation of the bowels, after 6 days illness, JOHN ORSON, son of Charles and Mary Ann Sansom, aged 1 year, 3 months and 8 days.

At Beaver City, March 3rd, of inflammation of the stomach, MARY ANN, wife of Isaac Riddle, and daughter of Frederick and Julia Ann Levie, aged 33 years, 7 months and 4 days.

WM. WILLES' NEW MORMON SONG BOOK, one hundred Songs, written to popular airs, besides recitations for Sunday Schools will be ready soon. Price 50 cents. d82 lw w6 lm

WANTED—A first-class Coke Burner can obtain employment of the R. M. Coal & Iron Co., Evanston, Wyoming. Enquire of H. P. Woods, agent, near U. C. R. R. Depot, Salt Lake City. w74t

J. M. JOELSON,
Dealer in
FURNITURE,
And Manufacturer of
Upholstery, Mattresses, &c.,
GROESBECK CORNER, Opposite the
WHITE HOUSE,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
w49lf

NOTICE!

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. That cash entry No. 2527, for the Townsite of Washington, Washington County, Utah Territory, Made February 10, 1872, embracing the West 1/4 of Sec. 14, the N W 1/4 of the N E 1/4 of Sec. 14, and the S W 1/4 of the S E 1/4 of Sec. 11, Township 42 South of Range 15 West, containing 40 acres, has been made in trust for the inhabitants thereof and is now ready to be disposed of in lots to any person or persons entitled thereto. All persons claiming to be owners or possessors of any portion of said entry will take due notice and make the application as provided in the statutes of Utah.

Salt Lake City, Feb. 10, 1872.

w23m WM. SNOW, Probate Judge.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 10, 1872.

To Thomas S. Swainfield, Take Notice:

Complaint having been made at this Office by Fergus Lester that you have abandoned homestead entry No. 124 for N 1/4 of S W 1/4 and Lot 3 of Sec. 12 Township 2 S 1 W, you are hereby summoned to appear at this office before the Register and Receiver thereof, upon the 12th day of March, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., and show cause why your said entry should not be cancelled.

w64t

GEO. R. MAXWELL,
Register.

FOR SALE!

ITALIAN BEES! guaranteed in good condition, at \$20.
Also, OHIO IMPROVED CHESTER WHITE, ENGLISH BERKSHIRE and MCGEE PIGS, at less than States prices. Send orders for bees as soon as possible to R. L. Campbell, Salt Lake City, or to the undersigned, as I contemplate going East in February. For particulars apply to WM. D. ROBERTS, Provo City, Utah Co. d81 w41 lf