

TEXANS FIGHT WITH U. S. TROOPS

Presence of Colored Cavalry at Ringgold Causes Trouble.

BATTLE AT RIO GRANDE.

Reports are conflicting, but they show that more troops are needed.

Laredo, Tex., Nov. 21.—Reports have been received here that there was a pitched battle last night at Fort Ringgold, Rio Grande City, Tex., between a company of the Ninth United States Cavalry and several hundred citizens, who attacked the fort shortly after dark. Three thousand shots were said to have been fired during the fight, but the casualties are not known here. It was also said that all the women and children have been sent away from Rio Grande City, and that runners are out to recruit reinforcements for the citizens. The military authorities are occupying the telegraph wires and full reports cannot be obtained. That the affair is a serious one is indicated by the activity in military circles here.

Col. Thompson, in command at Fort Ringgold, today bought up all the telegraph communication in Laredo and immediately loading a special train of mules, baggage, etc., to take the available force here to the scene of the trouble, and a special train in en route from San Antonio to Rio Grande City. The Adjutant General Scurry, with a detachment of baggage, is expected here today also on the way there.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 21.—Today Gov. Davis was in receipt of a telegram from the commanding officer of the United States troops at San Antonio conveying the information that there had been a riot at Rio Grande City last night between the federal troops and the citizens of that place. About the same time another telegram came from the county judge of that place, and they are somewhat conflicting.

The military commander at San Antonio, Mr. McKibben, telegraphs that he has received from the commander at Fort Ringgold, near Rio Grande City, states that all the troops were in the earthen last night at 7 o'clock when the citizens of that town attacked on the fort and fired upon the guard. The guard returned the fire and the entire garrison was at once alerted to arms. The citizens continued firing upon the fort, the soldiers returned the fire and finally had to use their Gatling guns into play to stop the attacks. The commander states he fears further trouble, and asks for more troops.

The telegram from the county judge states that the negro soldiers in the town were deployed in a ravine on the edge of the town and fired into the air for about an hour and a half, loading into a number of houses, wounding one man, and frightening the negro children so badly that a number of them fled to the surrounding ranches for safety; that the attack was entirely unprovoked, and that the community was highly incensed and further trouble was looked for.

Upon receipt of these telegrams Gov. Davis ordered Adj. Gen. Scurry to take action, and he left tonight for Rio Grande City. The governor also directed the military commander at San Antonio to have a full investigation of the matter, and to report the negro troops at once. The commander at San Antonio sent a special detail of officers to the scene at once to investigate. All is quiet today.

Col. Bearner, post adjutant at Fort Ringgold, left this afternoon on a special train for Laredo, with a detachment of the Twenty-fifth Infantry to make an investigation of the trouble at Rio Grande, and to make a full report to the military commander. Mr. McKibben, the military commander, has been asked by Gov. Sayers on the subject to take all the steps in his power to make the citizens and the soldiers understand the situation, and to prevent further trouble.

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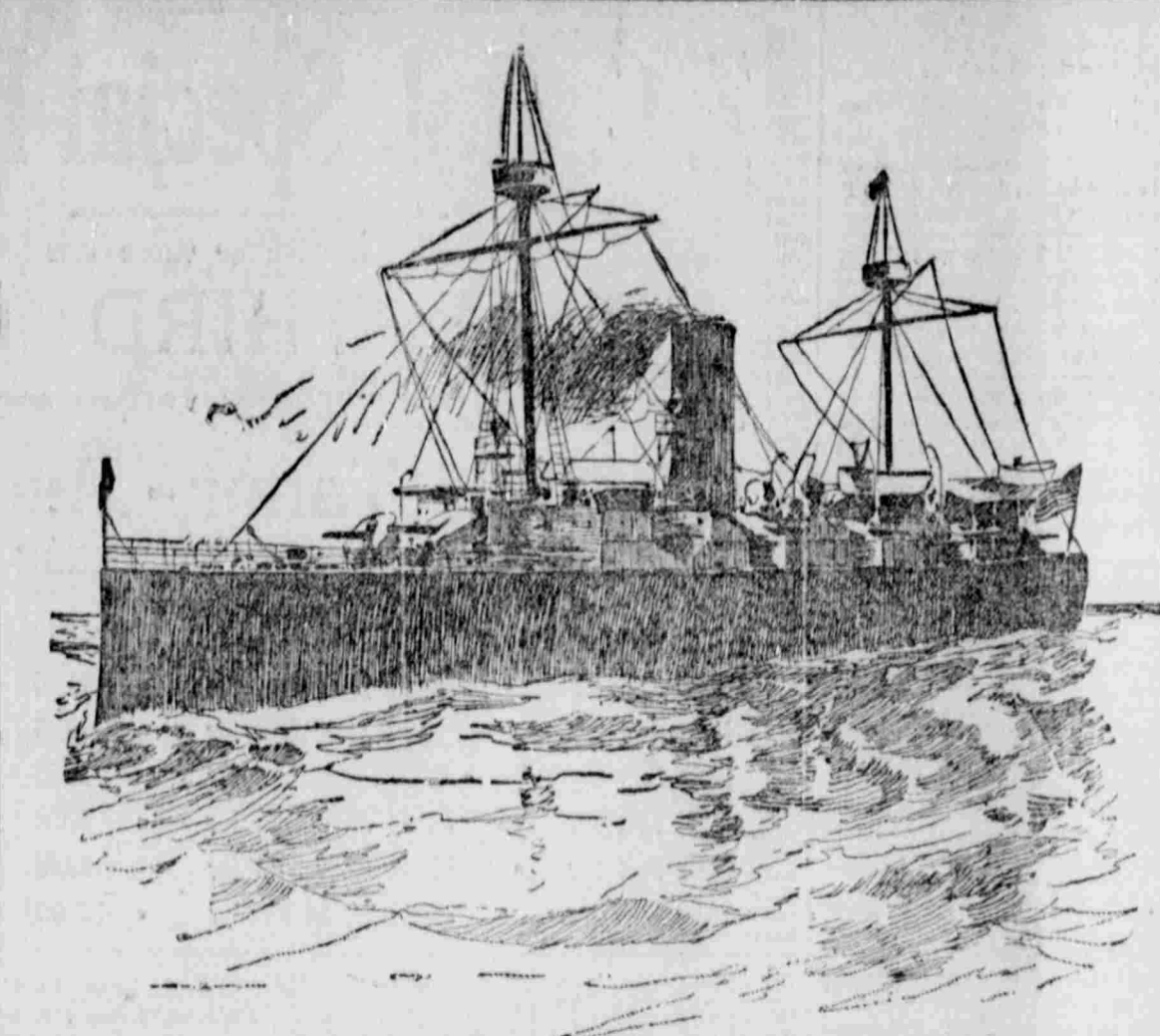
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THE CRUISER CHARLESTON, WRECKED IN THE PHILIPPINES.

WILL VOTE AGAINST ROBERTS.

Congressman Grant Musters the Attitude of Utah's Representative.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 21.—Congressman Joseph V. Gault of the fourteenth district said today: "The question of the religious belief of Representative Roberts is not important and his morals themselves might not be a matter of importance bearing upon the question of his expulsion from the House of Representatives."

"Mr. Roberts, in the beginning of the discussion of his polygamy practices, not only admitted that he was a polygamist, but boasted of that fact, and seemed to think that his taking this position openly and afterward retaining his seat, would be interpreted as an acknowledgment by the people of the country of giving polygamy some degree of recognition."

"Accepting this as true, the country has concluded to take issue with Mr. Roberts upon his position."

"Therefore the retaining of Mr. Roberts in his seat in Congress involves an issue upon the subject of polygamy. I shall vote to unseat Roberts and use every effort in that direction."

"The purity of the home is the foundation of the State and therefore no question which is likely to come before Congress goes deeper into our welfare than this. I believe it will not be a partisan question and the necessary two-thirds will be found voting in favor of his expulsion."

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 21.—Almost the entire membership of the Wheeling Ministerial association tonight waited on Congressman Dovernor and protested against the seating of Brigham H. Roberts in the United States district court for violation of the federal law forbidding contractors to require or permit the employees they have engaged on public work for the government, to work more than eight hours a day. The first was for requiring the men to work more than eight hours a day, and the second was for permitting them to work longer than the prescribed time.

Judge Morris said that the defendants did not escape the penalty of the law by the device to which they had resorted of paying the men by the hour and not by the day, and that he must impose a substantial punishment. In his opinion, he said, such punishments would be necessary to compel obedience to the law. A fine of \$500 was imposed in the one case and \$100 in the other.

GEN. LAWTON'S CAMPAIGN. Belief that He is Following Close on to Aguinaldo's Trail.

Manila, Nov. 21.—The whereabouts of Gen. Lawton and Young are becoming as mysterious as Aguinaldo's. The belief is beginning to grow at Manila that Gen. Lawton has struck the trail of the insurgent "government" and is pursuing the ministers into the Bygones mountains. It has been his ambition to capture the Filipino leaders and Gen. Young believe that a cavalry brigade, living on the country could bring them down to any part of the island.

On a report brought in by Spanish prisoners it was said that Aguinaldo and others were nearly surrounded by Americans soon after the insurgent chief left Tarlac, but he escaped through the lives in peasant's clothes.

Officers and soldiers arriving at Cabatuan among Gen. Lawton's force describe the campaign as one of great hardships, many men dropping out sick, and others being killed. They said, however, that the campaign was without adequate supplies and attendance, some of them making their way back across the terrible roads.

A number of horses were dying and many of the soldiers and even some of the officers were marching on half naked, their clothes having been torn to pieces in getting through the jungles. Some of them were reduced almost to mere skeletons and hundreds were barefooted, their shoes being worn out, and all were living on any sort of provisions. Bread was rare and caribou meat and bananas were the staples.

Gen. Lawton foresaw that the campaign would involve such hardships, but he considered it the quickest and cheapest way of ending the war.

Richardson for Democratic Leader. New York, Nov. 22.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: The selection of Representatives James E. Richardson, as the leader of the minority in the next House of Representatives seems assured. A careful canvass presents the situation thus: James E. Richardson, 62; John H. Bankhead, 23; D. A. Deamond, 22; Wm. Sulzer, 18. Total vote pledged, 125. Total vote unpledged, 25.

Should the straight Democratic caucus by themselves, 81 votes will be sufficient to nominate, but should the Populists, Free Silverites and Fusionists enter the caucus, which seems unlikely, it will require 87 votes to nominate. Representative Sulzer of New York is given the entire Democratic delegation from that State on the first ballot, after which the delegation is to go to Representative Richardson. This, with the sixty-two pledged votes, will give him within one of a majority of the straight Democracy, and it is insisted by his friends that after the first ballot many of those who will support Representative Bankhead will go to Richardson, thus insuring his nomination.

Representative Richardson has arrived in Washington and after conference with a large number of his Democratic colleagues, declared that he was well satisfied with the outlook for his nomination.

Ma. Volkmar to Retire. New York, Nov. 22.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: Major Wm. J. Volkmar, assistant adjutant general, has applied for retirement, thereby creating one of the most desirable vacancies that has occurred

in the staff of the army for a long time.

The eagerness with which appointments to the adjutant general's corps are sought is realized when it is stated that over 200 applications had been filed for Volkmar's vacancy before it became generally known in the army that any retirement was about due. These applications came not only from captains of the line, but from majors who could expect no immediate advancement in rank under the existing organization. It is the general conviction in the service, however, that the adjutant general's department is soon to be expanded, when the promotion of officers who are already in the corps will be rapid and their influence increased. Most officers, in fact, are beginning to look on entrance to this corps as their personal salvation.

Major Volkmar is now attached to the headquarters of the department of the lakes at Chicago. He entered the service as a sergeant of the Thirty-third Pennsylvania infantry on June 10, 1863, was a cadet at West Point in 1864, graduated in 1865. He served in the regular army, and was adjutant general and assistant adjutant general in 1885.

Five Persons Drowned.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 22.—Passengers on the steamer Tees, which arrived last night from Alaska, report the drowning of a Mrs. Dunblanton, another woman and three children. They were carried under the ice in a small boat.

Telephone Negotiations to Proceed.

New York, Nov. 22.—The Times says: The negotiations which the telephone, telegraph and cable company of America have been for the last few weeks carrying on in an effort to bring together the independent, or anti-Bell, concerns of the country, have not come to an end, as far as this city is concerned, in spite of previous announcements to the contrary. This concern has renewed its advances toward the People's Telephone corporation and anti-Bell, and is now in the keeping of the latter.

The People's Telephone corporation has taken active steps to put its system in operation down town and will begin stringing wires in about a week. The negotiations will go on just the same.

Kaiser's Flag Received.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—The flag presented by Emperor William of Germany to the Central Organization of the German Military Societies of Chicago, has arrived and is now in the keeping of the acting German consul, Dr. J. A. Lettenbauer, at the consulate.

The flag is made of heavy white silk, bordered with a silver cord. On both sides are mounted in colors the German eagle and below it the flag of the United States, with the words of the dedication to the organization by the emperor. It is fastened to a black pole headed with a golden shield with the figure "1899" in open scroll work.

The flag will be presented next Sunday at South Side Turner Hall to the Central Organization by the German ambassador, Dr. von Holleben, who is expected to arrive on Saturday.

Col. Davis Dying.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—At 2:30 this morning Col. Davis, director general of the World's Fair, was still alive, but much weaker. His physicians said they had given up hope of his recovery. Col. Davis has been ill for some days with valvular heart disease.

PROMOTION FOR WHEELER AND LEE

Plan to Have Them Made Major Generals and Get Swords.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—A meeting of those interested in honoring Gen. Joseph Wheeler and General Fitzhugh Lee was held in the parlors of the Auditorium hotel. Miss Anne Marie De Beck presided. An appeal, addressed to the women of the country asking them to aid in the project, was issued, the resolution embodied therein reading:

"Resolved, That the people in every section of the country be asked to circulate, sign and send to their respective representatives in Congress a letter praying that body to enact a law creating two additional major generals for the regular army, with the request that the President appoint to the positions Generals Fitzhugh Lee and Joseph Wheeler so that, at the proper time, they may be retired with the full rank, honors and pay attached to the exalted rank."

"Resolved, That the people in every section be asked to subscribe to a fund to be used in purchasing for which of the officers named a sword, which will for generations be held as sacred heirlooms by the descendants of these distinguished citizens; these funds to be raised by properly organized local committees."

The Illinois Trust & Savings Bank having offered to act as custodian it was resolved that all funds be sent direct to the bank with the words "The Lee and Wheeler Movement" written across the upper left hand corner of the envelope. The appeal will be signed by Miss Anne Marie De Beck, president; Mrs. Louise Abbott, secretary; and Mrs. R. L. Grady, Miss Edith Spears and Miss Blanche Ensminger, committee.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM CURES OTHERS, WHY NOT YOU?

My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, with good results, for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well. ADOLPH L. MILLETT, Manchester, N. H.

BRITISH MUST BE ON GUARD.

Danger that the Advance Will be Entrapped by Boers.

ESTCOURT IS SURROUNDED.

Communication Cut Off—Speculations of the Campaign—Naval and Military Disputes.

New York, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The war for which Lord Salisbury opened the way and cleared the ground by a secret understanding with the German emperor, has reached the transition stage between a Dutch attack thwarted by the successful defense of Ladysmith, Mafeking and Kimberley, and British offensive operations, now opening on a large scale. There was a renewal yesterday of elastic rumors of a disastrous repulse of the Boers at Ladysmith on Wednesday, but these have been deprecated in advance by definite news that Gen. White's army had remained inactive so late as Friday. There were vague reports that Joubert's forces had raised the siege, gone south and cut off Estcourt from the sea, but these lacked confirmation. The siege of Ladysmith had evidently failed, but the resources of Boer craft had not been exhausted, and both White and Clery needed to be on their guard against being entrapped at the last moment, when the union of their forces only required caution and patience.

This was the undertone of talk at the war office and among the military staff, and hope was expressed that White would remain quiet and Clery would not allow himself to be hurried. While the facts of the military situation in lower Natal are carefully concealed, it is said that Clery has in the course of a few days a force of 15,000 or 13,000 troops, including the naval brigade and the battalions which were on the ground before reinforcements began to arrive at Durban. These will include three brigades of the first, second, and third divisions, and the second Somerset light infantry, which left Capetown yesterday.

Both Clery and Hildyard have been connected with the staff college and are considered among the best tacticians of the British army. They have been great favorites with Lord Wolseley, and understand the minutest details of military tactics of strategy as taught in the technical schools.

While the campaign in Natal is wrapped in mystery and darkness, so much light is thrown on the movement toward Kimberley that some leading military writers declare to believe that it will come on, as freely advertised. Lord Methuen has two brigades, including the guards regiment of lanciers, several batteries and a naval contingent, and apparently the High and mighty Lord Wolseley will join him. There will be a body of nearly 15,000 men. Skeptics assert that the censor would not allow the press dispatches to go through if Kimberley were the real destination of that force, and that it will occupy both banks of the Orange river and draw off the Dutch troops from Cape Colony.

Other writers in today's journals urge that the advance should have gone so far to support that theory, and that Kimberley may be in greater straits than the public supposes, and that Gen. Buller knows that the relief column must march speedily. The censorship in that quarter has evidently been relaxed from some secret motive which is not readily understood.

General Gatacre is evidently expected to play an important part in the advance upon Bloemfontein from East London, in connection with the operations, but his force is now small. Three divisions have been completely recast without regard to red tape.

Naval officers are annoyed by criticism of the admiralty for arranging sea transport by ship, and are now regarding the situation as being saved by the navy's guns. They contend that the war office was ignorant of the artillery resources of the Boers, and allowed Ladysmith to be selected as a camp without providing guns equal in range to those mounted on the hill, but that the effect of this blunder was counteracted by the naval 12-pounders sent from the ships in the nick of time. This cannot be denied, nor can it be questioned that the Boers were in a position to capture the town, but the admiralty has transformed the situation at Estcourt and on Orange river.

A point which Englishmen not connected with the rival services perceive is that the resources of the British command are enormous in war at a long distance inland are enormously increased by the active co-operation of the army and navy in the present campaign. The bluejackets now on exhibition at Ladysmith, Estcourt and the Orange river are like the Sepoys displayed at Malta by Lord Beaconsfield, as a practical reminder to Russia that there was more than one way of fighting a big campaign.

London, Nov. 22, 5 a. m.—The announcement from Durban that communication with Estcourt is interrupted seems to confirm the belief that a Boer commando has established itself at Willow Grange, or near the alcohol river, and has cut the telegraph wires. Nevertheless whatever definite news the British commanders may have obtained from the scouts of the disposition of the Boer commands in Natal and the condition of beleaguered garrisons particularly, nothing has been allowed to develop for the public information.

It is certain that, owing to the heavy work of debarkation and entraining in Durban, the preparations for the advance of the relief force are in no wise as advanced as has been supposed. This may also be due to the necessity of pushing stores and provisions to the front in needful quantities before the troops are sent.

On the other hand, the celerity with which troops are being pushed forward from Capetown equally tends to show that all such preparations regarding forage and provisions were already well advanced before the troops arrived at Capetown.

Gen. Methuen's baggage has arrived at De Aar, addressed to "Lord Methuen, Pretoria, via Capetown." The re-occupation of Nauport is good news for the British. It is not known here from what point the troops came, but it is presumed they were from De Aar, in which event it will not be long before Stormburg also is re-occupied. Nauport commands the gap in the Kalkriviersberg, the last strong fighting position south of Orange river, and was most admirably suited to Boer tactics.

Col. Royston's dispatch from Ladysmith finally dispenses of all reports of another great British victory there last week. Late last evening the war office made public two dispatches from Gen. Buller at Capetown. The first had been received from Gen. Clery, dated Monday, November 20th, and announced that

three privates were wounded the previous day at Mool river. The second was from Col. Baden-Powell, dated at Mafeking, November 6th, saying: "All well here. We have had a few successful sorties. Our loss is two officers and seventeen men killed and four officers and twenty-nine wounded. The enemy's loss is heavy. His numbers are decreasing, but his guns remain and shell us, keeping out of the range of our small guns. Have had no news from the outside since October 20th."

Callers at the United States embassy today were informed that the United States was no longer able to forward messages or send information regarding the British prisoners. President Kruger having refused the request to allow Consul Macrum to transmit a list of British prisoners. Though Macrum apparently remains the nominal agent of Great Britain, he is practically deprived of all powers pertaining to the position.

It is understood President Kruger objected to Mr. Macrum on the ground that the United States claims to neutrality and among the military staff, and communications to the British prisoners now go through the ordinary military channels, which render their ultimate delivery doubtful and certainly slow.

The British government so far has taken no steps to ameliorate the present condition of the prisoners. A government official informed a representative of the Associated Press that he did not see any good in trying to get any other power to act in their behalf, as President Kruger would doubtless treat its representatives in the same manner that he had treated the representative of the United States. Moreover, the official added: "It is not likely that President Kruger will be there long. If

we did ask any other power to act in behalf of Great Britain it would be possibly Portugal."

DEFENDS FUNSTON AND METCALF.

Catholic Priest Says They are Innocent of the Charges Made.

San Francisco, Nov. 22.—Rev. Father McKinnon, chaplain in the United States army, defends Gen. Funston and Col. Metcalf from the charges that have been brought against them. He says that churches in the Philippines were not desecrated by American troops, but by insurgents and Chinese. The priest is positive that Col. Metcalf did not shoot a prisoner in cold blood, as has been alleged.

In reply to Gen. Funston's challenge to prove the truth of his assertions regarding the shooting of Calocan churches, the priest says: "The priest in a card from his editor, T. A. Connelly, invites the general to bring a libel suit, promising to donate \$2,000 to the Red Cross society if he wins it."

Police Control in New York.

New York, Nov. 22.—Gov. Roosevelt and Senator T. C. Platt had a conference today on the proposed State constabulary bill, by which control of police in cities of the first and second classes is to be vested in a commission appointed by the governor. After the conference it was reported that the governor had agreed to sign the measure if it were passed by the legislature by a good majority. Should the proposed bill become a law it would take from the municipal authorities and give to the State government full control of the police forces of New York city, Rochester, Troy, Albany and Syracuse. The total number of policemen in Greater New York is 7,185.

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WILLIAMSBURG, of Brooklyn.
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Isaiah Auerbach & Bro
THANKSGIVING LINENS.

The approach of Thanksgiving is the signal for many prudent, thrifty housewives to overhaul their stock of napery and make necessary purchases the ensuing year. Alive to the importance of this occasion, we will offer for six days the following

Specials of High-Class Table Damasks and Napkins to Match

at prices that should crowd our Linen Department with eager buyers the entire week.

Full Bleached Irish Satin Table Damask, every thread pure flax, 66 inches wide. Wash and sold everywhere ordinarily at \$1.00 a yard. Choice of "Wild Rose," "Holly" and Oakleaf Pattern this week per yard	73c
22-inch square Napkins to match. Value \$3.00. This week per dozen	\$1.98
Choice Bleached Irish Double Satin Table Damask, 2 yards wide, very fine and elegant pattern—"Pansy" and "American Beauty" designs. Would be considered splendid value at \$1.70. Special for this week per yard	\$1.29
4 size Napkins to match either pattern. Value \$5.00. This week per dozen	\$3.85
Regular \$2.50 High Grade Grass Bleached Double Satin Damask, made by a famous Irish manufacturer, 2 yards wide, "Poppy" design. Special for this week per yard	\$1.80
4 size Dinner Napkins to match, value \$7.00. This week per dozen	\$5.35
Really Elegant Pure White Double Satin Table Damask, 2 yards wide, "Carnation" design, fit for the table of royalty itself. Better than the average \$2.75 grade. As a Thanksgiving special this week per yd.	\$2.20
4 size Napkins to match. Value \$6.50. This week per dozen	\$4.95
4 size Napkins to match. Value \$9.00. This week per dozen	\$6.98
Extra Heavy and extra fine High Grade Bleached Double Satin Damask, Irish make, "Dahlia" design. A tip-top \$3.25 a yard value. Special for this week per yard	\$2.45
4 size Napkins to match. Value \$10.00. This week per dozen	\$7.45

... Magnetic ...

FLANNEL SPECIALS!

A Bargain Guide for all Shrewd, Economical Shoppers.

Your choice of our Red, Navy Blue or White Twilled Flannel. Regular price 27 1/2c. This week per yard	18c
Standard Wool Twilled Flannels, usually sold at 32c. Choice of Red, Navy Blue or White. As a special for this week per yard	24c
Our 40c quality of Red, Navy Blue or White Twilled Flannels go this week per yard	28c
Strictly All-Wool Twilled Flannels, worth every penny of 35c. Your choice of Red, Navy Blue and White this week per yard	39c
Extra heavy California Twilled Flannels, every thread wool. Retail today elsewhere at 85c. We offer you this week as a special, choice of Navy Blue or Red, per yard	62c

THERE'S SOMETHING BESIDES TURKEY

to think of for Thanksgiving. How about your best suit? Is it good enough to dine out with your friends in or for a proper observance of the day? If not we will make you thankful that there is such an artistic and swell tailor in town as Buckle by the superb style and elegance that we will make your suit or overcoat in, if you leave your order now.

Suits to Order, \$25.00.

CALL ON US AT 235 S. MAIN ST. Established 1874.

BUCKLE & SON,
TAILORS AND WOOLEN DRAPERS

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valued by the physician, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

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