KRUGER APPEALS TO VICTORIA.

Sends a Personal Request for Her to Prevent Bloodshed.

BRITISH HURRY FOR WAR.

Move are Ready—Liberal Leader in England Says There Is No Cause Bells.

London, Sept. 20.—Despite all outward show of calm, Great Britain is in phase mood the same feverish haste as on the United States a few weeks before the opening of the war with Spain. Beneath the crust of diplomatic reserve, the military officials are working night and day preparing for the event to begin hostilities, whether the crisis or not. England is not going to be caught napping any more than the Transvaal.

While Lord Salisbury is quietly at rest at Hatfield House, Mr. Chamberlain is turned to work at the colonial office and Indian House at the royal arsenal and dockyards are ordering every nerve to equip and transport troops to the Cape.

It may be set down for certain that Great Britain will do nothing to the Transvaal until the national mobilization is far from admitting that the case is hopeless. It is owing to this that England has demanded the immediate cessation of the war in Johannesburg, because with a somewhat limited force of garrisons of the borders, the national office today would neither confirm nor deny the report that it is much alarmed.

Meanwhile the mobilization of London, continued yesterday and today. Lord Wolseley, field marshal, and the Rt Hon Evelyn Wood, adjutant-general to the forces, and the overall administration is reduced to order, transport, supply and transport department.

The signature of the British treaty with Portugal for the Mediterranean is to be issued today. It was received in Europe and enthusiastic reveal.

At Woolwich activity increases daily and the ordnance and the ordnance department, where Maxim guns, Lancaster guns, balloon equipment, are receiving wagons for the mounted infantry, waterworks, ambulances, army wagons and other paraphernalia. Reserves are rushed up and are marched forward.

While rumors of the resignation of Chamberlain are current, the fact is revealed that in the Afghanistan war in 1878 Great Britain declared war. Best Wolseley and Roberts.

The evening the Marquis of Lansdowne issued a strict order to the staff of the war office, forbidding all officers to return from acting the press and with their opinions and calling attention of their superiors and calling attention to previous breaches of duty in this respect, when the other says will be more careful.

Advices from Pretoria are to the effect that the Johannesburg dynamiters that the Transvaal will not yield further and that it is expected that Johannesburg will remain from the present position war is inevitable.

The Morning News supports the assertion of the Transvaal that the convention of 1884 abolished the suzerainty. According to other advices the leaders are rapidly going into the Lagoon while the studies of the Johannesburg reformers are reached. Low pressure.

The stock exchange at Johannesburg has resolved that if the government martial law is proclaimed, but all current contracts will be carried out until the end of the month, and the Transvaal in the meantime the merchants are rushing forward in front of their stores.

At Pretoria, the Bloemer seems to be crowing in the meeting of the Orange Free State and Transvaal Volksraad (Transvaal) which it is hoped may be the result of the Transvaal Volksraad would save the situation.

On the other hand, advices from Johannesburg are to the effect that the action of a large number of members of the Boeri, adding that the result of to the Orange Free State and Transvaal to be in the Transvaal, in the Free State Sanhedrin being fully prepared and ready to start at a moment's notice.

A special dispatch from Johannesburg says 49 persons left by one train City.

Right Hon. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, liberal member of Parliament for Oldham, Manchester and Preston leader of the liberal opposition in the House of Commons, in the House of Commons, in his speech, he constituents this morning, said: Nye Vedemar, said he could not see the prudent attempts of the Boers to separate the Transvaal situation without indignation.

Sir Wilfrid Bridgeman, said of the speech, Gladstone's general sovereignty in the Transvaal when the Sea only partial control, Boers, Transvaal, Free Orange Free State, for the Transvaal, the Boers, Transvaal, Free State, Orange Free State, Both sides therefore have made concessions which cannot be maintained. Without the Transvaal, Sir Wilfrid, to us cause hell and repeated the hope that a shameful catastrophe would be averted.

The Johannesburg correspondent of the Morning Post says:

"The Boer preparations are as complete as the government can hope. Unless there is a sudden change of heart war will be proclaimed on Thursday. If no reply has been received from the Queen's Bench."

It is understood that the Boer Republic of British troops to South Africa are to be sent to the Orange Free State, and that the Orange Free State can be forced to attack by a concerted movement on the part of the Transvaal.

The Spectator correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "President Kruger has called a strong personal appeal to the queen, asking her to intervene to prevent bloodshed. It is about to believe to begin, and is intended to be a last appeal to the queen of the peace and prosperity of the news gold ever published."

Sir Alfred Milner has written a memorandum to the Transvaal government to the effect that the northern frontier of the British troops, and that as a result to the Orange Free State, and consequently to be informed regarding the Transvaal attitude.

Reliable information has been received from that a large command of Free State Boers has been concentrating near Bodel near the Kimberley border. Two hundred burghers have dispersed to that point from Bloemfontein during the week past. If the Free State joins the Transvaal, the fort battle is likely to be fought at Kimberley.

The Cape cabinet has determined to bring the question of the neutrality to definitely, as that it may be sitting when hostilities begin.

A Capetown special says: Sir Alfred Milner's dispatch to President Kruger informs him that the British and the Transvaal governors are now hopeful of a friendly settlement. Should this hope be disappointed, Sir Alfred says he looks to the Orange Free State to preserve strict neutrality and to prevent military intervention by the Dutch.

The Kimberley commissioner's dispatch is dated Pretoria, Sept. 19, President Kruger, under the same date, replies as follows: "The government of Orange Free State has shown no sympathy with government's manifestations of a friendly settlement, and does not even now. Had Great Britain the any condition, leaving to the state of affairs between the Orange Free State and Great Britain government regards the dispatch of troops, but will do all it can to avoid misfortune."

Transvaal Increasing Desire.

New York, Sept. 19.—A special to the Times from Washington says:

General General Shaw U. stone, of Cincinnati, reports that the minister of the South African republic is taking action toward an increase of force on the Transvaal, Orange Free State, Cape Colony, Natal, Rhodesia, Bechuanaland, Basutoland, Swaziland, Zululand, etc. The minister of war, Mr. Chamberlain, is in the city, and is expected to arrive in London today. The government's policy of action on goods regard a war.

In dealing with the subject of cable offerings in South Africa, he says that Americans are not prepared to be entirely carried or carried and the cable, needs either to carry their cargo or to carry it. "As the United States, he adds, "expects the bulk of their and carbon, the cable needs to be carried in another."

ATTACKED BANK CASHIER.

Fatal Injury to the Aged Custodian of Funds.

Assailant and Supposed Robber Fatally Shot in a Struggle with a Farmer who Interposed.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Precinct J. Pilbert, the aged cashier of the Palatine bank in Palatine, 10, twenty-six miles north of Chicago, is lying there in death as the result of an attack made upon him yesterday by a man who gives the name of Walter Lawson.

The latter, who is unknown to anybody in Palatine, and apparently of good education, is in the county jail, suffering from a bullet wound in the abdomen, which will probably prove fatal.

Henry Plugge, 70 years old, a farmer, whose intervention at the critical moment prevented the outright murder of the cashier, is at his home, west of the village, suffering from a bullet wound received in the struggle with Lawson, whose bullet for the assault, according to the cashier and bystanders, was not robbery.

The attack upon Pilbert was made while a bank Rennie, and the injured cashier was struck at least a dozen times before Plugge interfered. The robber escaped, but was soon in the arrestment.

Cashier Pilbert was alone in the bank when Lawson, who he assumed to be a visitor of not Pilbert who had nearly a long time, entered and demanded. Lawson called Pilbert into the inner office to receive a map which hung on the wall, and upon the cashier's return, Lawson called Pilbert into the inner office to receive a map which hung on the wall, and upon the cashier's return, he had to shot of how the revolver was discharged. The wounded cashier, so to speak that, although he still breathed, Plugge had little trouble in overtaking the robber and holding him until assistance arrived.

The shot was heard quickly after the point shot, aggravated the two men and how the supposed robber to the village, where he was taken to the jail. He was so severely wounded to offer any resistance, and the fact was all that saved him from the wrath of the people of the village, who crowded that followed him to the jail.

Lawson was taken to Chicago as a late train tonight and placed in the county jail. Although it was manifest that the name of Lawson is an assumed, he having taken the precaution to cut all initials from his linen before the arrest, he has given the name of Lawson. Pilbert, he insisted that he had given his initial name. He denied that he had entered the bank for the purpose of robbery and claimed that the attention of his wife's affection to Pilbert, who was about five years ago at the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York City. Pilbert, forced that he has not been in Chicago for the last five years.

Late tonight it was announced that both Pilbert and Lawson will die. The former's death is expected in the morning and the latter cannot survive the wound. In his attempt to escape he is doubtful that the looting of the bank was Lawson's design. The cash drawer of the institution was filled, all of which was in the vault at the time the assault took place.

Senator Mason's Fight.

Washington, Sept. 20.—In an interview with a Post reporter today, Senator Mason of Illinois said:

"On the floor of the senate I shall continue my opposition to the war upon the Filipinos. I would sooner vote to see that treat a dog the way we are treating these people. I am ashamed of my country. People make a great mistake." he continued, "when they see that I am against expansion, I am not. The expansion by purchase or other honorable means is one thing, expansion by force is another. I do not believe there was any necessity for the war upon the Filipinos.

"I believe that if we had adopted a resolution in Congress asserting that we do not intend the Cubans, that we have no ambition upon the Filipinos, we would have met with any opposition in the Philippines. The fact is that we have driven the Filipinos away from us instead of to us, and they are fighting us as they fought Spain.

"Talk about backing down our flag," continued Senator Mason, "tell our flag cross down in Cuba to retreat it will if we are true to our principles. And the day that it comes down will be the greatest day in our history. Sometimes I will show that we are a great, unselfish nation, devoted to the eternal principles of liberty. I believe that the Cubans want to be entirely free, and that the Filipinos want to be entirely free, and that is another question. Why cannot we deal with the Filipinos in the same way?"

Success of Venezuelan Revolution.

New York, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Port of Spain says: General Castro, the leader of the Venezuelan revolution, holds possessing of the city of Valencia. He has been assisted by a force of 1,500 men, including Valencia citizens.

It is reported that President Andrade medition, as agreed upon from the insurgents. It is said to be a "rocky" warship, the Bolivar, in the port of Laguayra.

The Philippines schooner Josefita, which left here with a load of arms, ammunition and supplies for the Filipinos, arrived at Guaria, Venezuela, communicated with the revolutionary leader and landed the supplies of war material.

ANTI-SEMITE RIOT.

Notorious Jew-baiter Causes Serious Trouble in Algiers.

Algiers, Sept. 19.—Max Regis, former mayor of Algiers, and a notorious Jew-baiter, who was recently sentenced to imprisonment for three years, was hooted and hissed by the Jews, and was rescued by the authority of Jules Guerin, who himself for four days with a force of anti-Semites in a villa called "Anti-Jud," just outside the town. He held in a stock of provisions for a siege.

Yesterday, apparently assured of the absence of any force on the part of the police, he ventured into the town and the town, entering an anti-Jewish demonstration, during which the shutters of several shops owned by Jews were smashed. The Jews responded by firing revolvers upon the anti-Jewish demonstrators, and finally rained the cry, "Death to the Jews."

The riots continued throughout the evening and finally the troops charged with sharp swords and dispersed the rioters, many of whom, it is said, had intended himself and his companions.

During the affray nine persons were stabbed and wounded, three being police agents and two inoffensive citizens. It is rumored that some Jews were killed, but the police force was finally rescued about midnight.

Clerks Shot Out.

Washington, Sept. 20.—The attorney general has given an opinion to the effect that the clerks in the office of the interior in the large array of department employes in this city, or what is known as the supervisory force, the clerks of the state department decline to permit the publication of the opinion, but from other sources it is ascertained that the attorney general holds broadly that the amendment to the law of the civil service rules recently made by President McKinley applies only to those supervisory employes who are appointed by the government service at Washington who were entitled to the civil service commission for such temporary appointments.

The effect of the opinion is to completely shut out from possibility of transfer to the permanent rolls of the department all persons who have temporary appointments not certified by the civil service commission.

Nearly all the persons on the temporary roll of the treasury and war departments were appointed without preliminary examination, the reason that they were nominated by the heads of the respective departments during the Spanish war without certifications from the civil service commission.

Island Sunk in the Sea.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 20.—The steamship City of Topeka arrived from Lewis canal this evening with news of a terrific earthquake which began September 3rd and continued until September 16th. The steamship Dora cleared the week to Juneau. The earthquake extended from Lituya bay, 100 miles north of Yakutat, 100 miles south, west into the Cook Inlet country. It was the greatest disturbance ever felt in Alaska since a volcanic disturbance in the Russian days.

Three distinct shocks were felt at Yakutat. Several shocks were felt there in Yakutat bay were severely lost into the sea. At Yakutat the sea has at some time within the last three months risen in the earth. Trees are sprouting out that in the past have been under water for years. Indians say the island has risen in the sea.

TURKISH BONDS WORTHLESS.

Spain Repudiates the Debt Incurred Under Her Sovereignty.

New York, Sept. 19.—A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Washington says:

The decision to the Spanish effect that the interest on the Cuban bonds must be paid by the Cuban government is a direct announcement that Spain will not pay the interest, and that the bonds are valueless. Interest on the announcement is the condition that they may be accepted by commercial houses in the Cuban market, and especially for the Cuban Bank government for the interest during the absence of sovereignty of the Spanish.

The action of the Spanish cabinet was taken in the state department, from which the Spanish representative said it was obtained.

The United States commissioners at Paris acquired that the United States government would not pay the Cuban debt. There never was any misunderstanding that any claim would be responsible for the Cuban Bank bondholders. The reason the United States did not assume the Cuban debt was that the debt was contracted without authority by Spain to create the national government. The United States would have assumed to guarantee the debt if the Spanish assumed had been contracted in behalf of the people in Cuba. The government, as it will should, contended to pay Spain the money for the Cuban debt, and the Spanish government, in the exercise of its sovereignty, could not pay the Cuban debt. There never was any misunderstanding that the Cuban bonds were worthless.

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Senator Mason, therefore, has assumed no attitudes for and has no interest whatever in the declaration of the Spanish government that the Cuban debt is a direct obligation of the United States, or that they shall be paid. The present declaration looks like a repudiation of the Cuban debt and interest."

The state department states that when the Spanish government assumed the Cuba she relieved that island of debts contracted in Spain not in behalf of Cuba, and that the debt of Cuba is secured in the notes which passed between the two disputing commissions in Paris, the treaty of peace discussion in Paris.

ELECTRIC FLASHES.

Italy has adopted the Transvaal to rule in England.

The President will be in Chicago from October 9th to October 11th.

The speed of the Southern Pacific Indian Ocean carry Indians are closed from that protection.

Kimberly, the Boerian who attempted to kill ex-King Milan of Servia, has died.

Out of a party of 150 Minnesota citizens visiting Denver, only one is for Dewey. The others say Minnesota is for Hanna for President.

It is said in Liverpool that Dewey is coming to America, a lot of bonfires for Mr. Dewey having arrived at the Buffalo manufacturers, bound for New York.

The President has issued a proclamation declaring that Isaac Hamilton Gillette are without power to transfer title to public lands to Hanson pending legislation by Congress.

A cable message from United States Consul Jenkins at Vera Cruz says he learns that the state of siege has been removed and that peace prevails in the land.

The Mexican senate and chamber of deputies in joint session by a unanimous vote granted to President Diaz (Dewey) one year leave of absence to visit Chicago.

At St. Paul, Minn., resolutions were adopted by the German Catholic Central Verein, representing 40,000 members, approving the action of the last general convention of clergy in the Philippines.

Cardinal Gibbons had left an Indian's conference with the President yesterday. He was accompanied by Former Stafford of Washington. Conference related to affairs in the Philippines.

The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that for the month of August receipts from all sources amounted to $14,174,000, an increase as compared with August last year of $1,938,000.

Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), who a short time ago wrote to the Princeton, N. J., for a suite of rooms for the latter school, has cancelled the arrangement and will spend the winter in London.

The supreme court of Nevada has decided that Hobbard Sutherland, who to date has been elected governor of Nevada over Wm. McMillan, Republican, is ineligible to the office, he being a major of the Second Nevada cavalry, for McMillan, was thrown out.

It is not expected that the G. A. R. will march in the Dewey land parade, as the chairman of the committee has advised the Hobbard Sutherland Commission to invitations to various posts and the latter refuse to consent to the departure from the regular order of procedure.

An order restraining Hugh J. Brady from entering the department store of Siegel, Cooper & Co. was issued by the Missouri State legislature and under which he was appointed licensed collector for $6,000 a year, was issued by Judge Zachrisz in St. Louis yesterday.

The executive committee Investigating the management of the department of the Greater New York, contained government devoted itself yesterday to further investigation of the charges of the Ramapo Water company, which had proposed to enter into a $200,000,000 contract with the city.

PRICES REACH DANGER POINT.

Doubling of Figures Will Adversely Affect Consumption.

SHORTAGE OF IRON ORE.

Mines Have Not Had a Share of Prosperity—How Railways are Profiting on Rails.

New York, Sept. 19.—Speaking of the condition of the iron and metal trades, the Iron Age will today say:

The feeling is growing among large interests that prices have risen too fast to the future good is to rate. They have not gone too fast. Much has been made in the fact that demand apparently increases weekly. That heavy pressure on the supply will be prompt delivery is really at hand that very large orders are now being placed for delivery in 1900 and 1901. Some of the orders are for specific quantities, but other are for a certain number of tons per month, and are to be delivered in the specified time. Many