

Donald, a subject of Great Britain who has been nearly seven years in Ludlow street jail, should be released and allowed to defend the suit upon which he was incarcerated. McDonald is 56 years old, and is a son of Capt. J. McDonald, who with 200 followers left Scotland in 1772 to escape religious persecution. McDonald became bankrupt in 1869, though he had a claim against the Government for \$2,000,000 worth of cotton, destroyed during the war. He failed for \$230,000, and when his assets were sold he purchased them for \$20 through another party. The claim commissioner awarded him \$87,000 for his cotton. He is incarcerated upon a claim made by the attorneys who secured him the money from the Government. The decision was reserved.

PITTSBURG, 28.—The Randall club of this city celebrated the first anniversary of its organization with a banquet at the "Old City Hall" to-night. Addresses were made by Hon. S. J. Randall and others. About 1,000 persons were present. In the course of his remarks Mr. Randall said: "A year ago we were told that the success of the democratic party would result disastrously to the country. That if the Democratic party got in power it would be a tearing down instead of a building up. But now we have a Democratic President, and where is all the disaster to business that was prophesied? We have a stronger Administration than we think. Grover Cleveland may not be called slow, but he is building up the party in a strong and firm manner, and if we will only have little patience he will accomplish the work that the Republican party promised for years, but could never do."

NEWARK, N. J., 29.—General George B. McClellan died at his residence on Orange Mountain, suddenly, of heart disease, about midnight.

Gen. McClellan died shortly after midnight of neuralgia of the heart. He had been under a physician's care about two weeks. Nothing serious was expected until he was taken worse yesterday. He died surrounded by his family. He arrived home about six weeks ago from a trip west with his family, and invitations had been issued for a reception this evening. He died at St. Cloud, Orange Mountain, where he had lived for nearly 20 years.

At Gen. McClellan's office in this city, only the mere news of his demise has been received. He had been failing for months past and had not visited his office in two weeks, though it was not expected his illness would result fatally. He leaves a son and daughter, the former just completing his education. As soon as the news spread throughout the city, great sorrow was expressed at the General's death; flags on public buildings were placed at half-mast. The Grand Army Post has called a meeting to express their sorrow and offer a body guard for the remains.

Arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The President has ordered the flags upon all the buildings of the Executive Departments to be placed at half-mast until after the funeral of General McClellan.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The President sent the following telegram of condolence to Mrs. McClellan to-day:

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.

To Mrs. Geo. B. McClellan, Orange, New Jersey:

I am shocked by the news of your husband's death and while I know how futile are all human efforts to console, I must assure you of my deep sympathy in your great grief, and express to you my own sense of affliction at the loss of so good a friend."

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

WASHINGTON, 28.—The President today appointed Frederick P. Winston of Illinois to be minister resident and consul general to Persia.

PHILADELPHIA, 29.—Robt. Cook of the Press, who was struck on the head with a hatchet yesterday by the colored janitor, passed a good night in the hospital and this morning his condition is viewed by physicians as hopeful.

FOREIGN.

CATTARO, 26.—A fight has taken place on the frontier of Montenegro, between the Albanian and the Montenegrin troops. Three Albanians and six Montenegrins were killed.

ST. PETERSBURG, 27.—In an interview with Karaveloff, the Bulgarian prime minister affirmed the statement that Prince Alexander had notified Russia of the intention of Roumelia to unite with Bulgaria, and that Roumelia was willing to continue under Turkish suzerainty, but would not cede an inch of territory. In conclusion, the Bulgarian premier said: "If Turkey declares war, we alone are able to raze Macedonia in three days. A European war is none of our business, and we are not alarmed at the armaments of Greece, as her army is far from being terrible."

PARIS, 27.—The Bourse is flat this afternoon over the report that an important financier has committed suicide owing to financial embarrassment.

LONDON, 27.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg received this afternoon, states that the Czar has agreed to the proposition to make Prince Alexander, Governor of Eastern Roumelia on certain conditions.

ST. PETERSBURG, 27.—The *Novoe Vremya* and *Moscow Gazette*, in editorials to-day, state that they are skeptical of the benefit of a conference of

the powers on the Roumelian question and fear it will injure Russian interests. Russia has notified foreign banks of the probable early withdrawal of her deposits. The Russian press consider this step a political one.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 27.—The Porte continues massing troops at all points available for offensive operations in Eastern Roumelia in event of extreme measures being resorted to. A dispatch from Smyrna to-day says 20,000 men of the reserves have gone to Salonica. Bulgarian diplomatic agent has informed the Porte that the Servians invaded Bulgaria on Saturday last but afterwards withdrew.

LONDON, 27.—The trial of Stead, the editor of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, and the defendants in the Armstrong abduction case was resumed to-day at the Central Criminal Court before Justice Toles. A discussion between counsel arose respecting portions of the testimony of Mrs. Anne Broughton, taken yesterday. Reference was made to the short-hand notes of Justice Toles, which confirmed the notes of the jury, that Mrs. Broughton declared yesterday, that Mrs. Armstrong said she would never let her daughter for immoral purposes.

The prosecution subpoenaed Dr. Smith of Harley street, and he deposed that he chloroformed and examined the girl Eliza Armstrong, and certified to her virginity at the request of Stead and Bramwell Booth. This testimony created a sensation in court. Mr. Stead paid Dr. Smith three guineas for the examination of Eliza, which was for Mr. Stead's protection. Mrs. Jarrett was in bed awake in the same room at the time. Dr. Smith was a friend to the Salvation Army. He had never performed such an examination before.

PARIS, 27.—General De Courcy, the French commander in Anam, telegraphs as follows:

"General Negrier has again defeated the Black Flags between Bambes Canal and Rapids Canal, and driven them with heavy losses towards the north-west. The French loss was small."

CALCUTTA, 27.—Advices from Mandalay dated Oct. 22, says that King Thebaw, scorns Pacific negotiations, and is fortifying every available point on the proposed line of the British advance.

Rangoon, 27.—It is rumored here that a revolution has broken out at Mandalay, and that King Thebaw has been murdered.

PORTSMOUTH, 28.—The *Genesta*, defeated in the recent international race for America's cup by the American yacht *Puritan*, arrived here at nine this morning after a voyage across the Atlantic. She came into port flying three first prize flags, won in her contests with American yachts. Great enthusiasm was manifested by the crowds on board the men-of-war and yachts in the harbor, and cheer after cheer greeted her as she sailed into port.

SHANGHAI, 28.—Owen Denny formerly American Consul—General at Shanghai has been appointed foreign adviser to the King of Corea, to replace Herr Molendroff, formerly German consul at Tien Tsin. The appointment of Denny to this high position indicates that German influence in Corea, which since the advent of Herr Molendroff has been paramount, is on the wane.

LONDON, 28.—Salisbury continues to improve and is now able to attend to his official business.

A dispatch from Madrid confirms the recent statement that the American government has intimated to Spain that if the latter's sovereignty to the Caroline Islands is recognized the American Protestant mission must be respected and freedom of religion permitted.

LONDON, 28.—The trial of the Armstrong abduction case was resumed at the Central Criminal Court. Testimony for the prosecution being all in, the Attorney General announced that his side of the case was closed. Chas. Russell, counsel for the defense then addressed the court on behalf of the prisoners. He vindicated the sublime motives of Mrs. Jarrett when she took the girl from her mother for Mr. Stead, and claimed that the absence of consent of the father did not make the act a crime, if the mother's consent had been given without misrepresentation or fraud.

Stead then addressed the jury in behalf of himself and the other defendants. His argument was on the basis that the end justified the means. Court adjourned.

The government discredits the rumor telegraphed yesterday from Rangoon that a revolution had broken out at Mandalay and that King Thebaw of Burma had been murdered.

The *Great Eastern*, the largest steamer in the world, was sold at public auction to-day for £26,200.

LONDON, 29.—Dispatches from St. Petersburg to-day state that the Russian cabinet officials allege that Austria and Serbia are intriguing for territorial aggrandisement detrimental to Russian interests in the Balkan Peninsula. Information must have been received from what they consider a reliable source as Russia, for the past few days has been secretly arming, with a view to being prepared at any moment should the contingency arise to assert her claims in the Balkan States.

BERLIN, 29.—The *North German Gazette* commenting on the Carolines question, hints that the diplomatic dealings of Senor Elduayen, Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs respecting that dispute, are of a double character.

Madrid, 29.—Prince Bismarck having refused to admit the claim of Spanish priority of possession of the Island of

Yap, Spain has prepared another note containing a severe argument against the logical deduction of Germany.

PARIS, 29.—Considerable excitement was created here to-day by an attempt to assassinate M. De Freycinet, French Minister of Foreign Affairs. After attending the cabinet meeting De Freycinet took a drive. While returning to the building occupied by the ministry of foreign affairs, a man stepped out into the roadway and fired a pistol directly at the carriage in which was seated M. De Freycinet. Fortunately the shot was harmless, and before the culprit could fire again he was arrested by a police officer. When the would-be assassin was examined at the police station he confessed that he did not know De Freycinet personally, and refused to give his name or occupation. The prisoner looks like a mechanic of superior intelligence and appears to be of Italian origin.

PARIS, 29.—Two French men-of-war have been ordered to proceed at once to Guinea to protect French interests in that country. The dispute growing out of the rival claims of France and Portugal to certain sections of Guinea, has reached a crisis and serious events are feared.

LONDON, 29.—Mr. Stead, editor of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, resumed his address in the Armstrong abduction case immediately after the opening of court to-day. At its conclusion, Mrs. Rebecca Jarrett, one of the prisoners, began her testimony in behalf of the defense and had not finished when the court adjourned.

CORRESPONDENCE.

"SMASHING" OF "MORMONISM."

Predictions of the "Tribune" and "Saints' Herald," in which the Wish is Father to the Thought, Criticized by a Former Leading Light Among the Josephites.

Editor Deseret News:

In the *Saints' Herald* for the 29th ult. I notice a clipping from the *Salt Lake Tribune*, in which it predicts a time "when the people will rise up behind the government, even as they did in 1861, and smash out only what is bad, but what is good in Mormonism," etc. Now, it is just possible that some religious and irreligious fanatics in Utah might project just such an outbreak, just such a mob; but I am fully satisfied that they would get but very little, if any, assistance outside of that Territory, as all who live far enough removed from Utah to allow time to think before acting, would understand and know that all such conduct would be punished by law, and that it would receive the indignant censure of almost the entire populace of the Republic. However, the *Herald* tells us that "now the indications are that they (the 'Mormons' of Utah) have reached a point beyond which they cannot count on the nation's forbearance, and that unless they make a complete surrender to 'the powers that be,' the worst will come, and with it much harm to innocent innocence and the fanatically blind." If the editor means by this, to convey the same idea contained in the *Tribune* by which the "bad and the good in 'Mormonism'" is

TO BE "SMASHED;"

then without hesitation I undertake to say that he is profoundly ignorant of the will and intention of the government. The idea that the government, ("nation") might or would tolerate a mob to rise up in Utah and destroy not only the fruit of many years of hard toil and privation, but the lives also of helpless women and children is preposterous in the extreme, and the inspiration which fans such a flame is that of ruffianism; and not of Christ.

No, gentlemen that will not do, crime in Utah

MUST BE PUNISHED BY LAW,

as in other Territories all being equal under it, and the government cannot afford to, and I have good reason to believe never will allow the people to rise up to perform any such work, the courts and the law being the only proper mediums and power by which it should be effected, for in seeking to have criminals brought to justice in Utah, let us be sure that the innocent be protected not only in life, but in their property.

If one have opposed Utah Mormonism because I believe it in error, and shall continue so to do, but I will not encourage any sentiment knowingly, nor fan any flame which looks to the extirpation of Mormonism (practices growing out of it) by any means other than that which is legally right. And when I say this I believe I but voice the sentiment of a very large majority of the citizens of the Republic, and that I but repeat, in part, the statements of many members of Congress made during the discussion of the Edmunds law.

The law and the courts may finally

SOLVE THE PROBLEM,

but religious fanatics and bigots never; and when the editor of the *Saints' Herald* tells of the strange prophecy which makes "Mormons" of Utah become "the Gadianton robbers of the last days," and how he has "watched with painful anxiety the approaching storm," and that now it appears nearly ready to burst forth with terrible and resistless fury, sweeping down "not only what is bad, but much that is

good among the Utah "Mormons" (which things probably could only occur through the violence of an armed mob) I think after thus emptying his vials of wrath that he had better bathe his feet in warm water and cool his head with the proper lotions, for such talk but fans the flame of mobocracy and is very much in the way of a peaceful and proper solution of the "Mormon" problem, for, we all ought to know that peaceful and kind words will as a rule avert the storm of wrath while inflammatory speeches invariably stir it up, and to those of the experience of years there is no excuse. Before courts or some proper authorities hot speeches may be tolerated, but for a Christian paper to use them in the above mentioned way, seeking at the same time to reclaim the erring, to my mind it is entirely out of joint.

Desiring the right to prevail I am sir,

Very truly etc.

Z. H. GURLEY.

Pleasanton, Iowa, Oct. 15, 1885.

HONOR TO A MISSIONARY.

MILL CREEK WARD,
October 27th, 1885.

Editor Deseret News.

Last evening by the request of our Bishop, J. C. Hamilton, the local Priesthood of the Ward and the members of the choir, met at the residence of Brother John Carlisle, his son John Charles Carlisle having been called to go on a mission to Great Britain.

The evening was spent in an interesting manner, all had an enjoyable time in listening to short speeches, songs, and recitations; some giving the young missionary many items of their experience while on their missions, others giving cheering words of counsel. The Spirit of God was with us, and we all felt well in visiting our young brother who has been diligent and faithful in his duties and calling heretofore. The programme was now changed and baskets were opened and refreshments handed around, while members of the choir rendered sweet music, vocal and instrumental and all returned home rejoicing, over the good time we had together.

Respectfully yours.

GEORGE B. BAILEY.

MOTHERS.

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R. R. CABLE,

President and General Manager, Chicago.

E. ST. JOHN,

General Ticket and Passenger Agent, Chicago.

BED-BUGS, FLIES.

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At Lewiston, Idaho, the preliminary examination of Isaac N. Hibbs, the defaulting postmaster extradited from British Columbia, was set for to-day. The prisoner waived examination, preferring to await the action of the United States grand jury which meets next month.

Men Think

they know all about Mustang Liniment. Few do. Not to know is not to have.

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