TELEGRAPHIC.

PREPARE FOR WAR.

The Advice Given the Venezuelans By the Press.

PATRIOTISM ABLAZE IN CARACAS.

Pictures of President Monroe Displayed Everywhere—An English Fleet on the Way.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—A dispatch to the World from Caracas says:

The news of the Cleveland message, uncompromisingly upholding Venezuela and the Monroe doctrine, created the wildest joy and enthusiasm. It has produced new confidence in the future of the country, and it acts like magic.

The Venezuelan foreign office declares that it will sustain the dignity and sovereignty of the republic by force if necessary, and 100,000 soldiers can be put in the field. The government declines to speak officially in regard to the Urumo incident, but the World correspondent is assured that it will refuse to concede the indemnity of $60,000 recently demanded by Great Britain.

It is reported that England's warships are on their way here. The arrival of the American naval squadron is anxiously awaited.

The Venezuelan press calls upon the people to show their patriotism upon this great occasion and their gratitude towards the noble Republic of the North, which has proved in the supreme crisis its staunch alliance to the principles laid down by its most advanced statesmen in the early years of its history. The press also urges upon the people the duty of preparing for war with all their energy.

Tonight Caracas is crazy with patriotic enthusiasm. The populace show that they are deeply moved with gratitude toward their sister Republic. Pictures of President Monroe are displayed everywhere and the statue of Washington has been decorated with American flags and floral wreaths.

A grand mass meeting was held in the public place tonight, at which ringing speeches were made. The American minister was serenaded by the military band. A grand ball in celebration of the event which new counts the thoughts of Venezuelans will be held January 1st at the Union club.

The minister of foreign affairs called at the American legation today and expressed to Minister Hanlston the thanks of President Crespo.

NO NEWS FROM ZEITOUN.

It is Feared a Terrible Massacre Has Taken Place.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 18.—As day after day passes and there is no news of any importance direct from Zeitoun, the feeling of anxiety as to the fate of the Armenians who are holding that town against the Turks increases, and the darkest forebodings are heard on all sides among the Armenians. It now seems to be generally admitted that the Turks surrounded Zeitoun, and nobody here would be astonished at the news of a terrible massacre of the Armenians of that city and vicinity. The strongest representations possible have been made to the Porte on this subject, and until assurances are given that the Armenians will be protected the worst is feared for the inhabitants of Zeitoun.

Alarming rumors as to the attitude of the populace here are still in circulation, and the ambassadors have, it is understood, laid plans for concerted action upon the part of the guardships and their crews in the event of fresh disturbances here, and it is reported that any serious rioting may lead to the presence here of further reinforcements of guardships, for the representatives of the powers will not leave anything to chance or caprice in the matter of protecting the lives and property of the foreigners in this city and vicinity.

NOTHING BUT PEACE.

Ambassador Bayard and the Actors Have a Good Time.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The annual banquet of the Actors' Benevolent fund at the Hotel Metropole tonight was the occasion of a notable public demonstration of good feeling toward the United States ambassador, Hon. Thomas F. Bayard.

The guests who sat down to the banquet numbered 150 actors and dramatists, among them being George Alexander, S. H. Bancroft, Edward O'Connor Terry and Henry Arthur Jones. Sir Francis Jeune presided, and at his right sat Mr. Bayard.

Those who anticipated that Mr. Bayard's appearance in public at this critical time of the relations between the United States and Great Britain would produce an expression of public feeling on Venezuela that might prove embarrassing to him were disappointed.

Sir Edwin Arnold, in proposing the "Stage and the Drama," said he laughed at the idea of any difference between England and America, and Mr. Comyns Carr touched the friends across the sea.

Mr. Bayard, upon rising to respond, was greeted with a perfect tumult of applause, and his toast was drunk with cheers. Mr. Bayard was perceptibly and deeply moved. He said:

"Tonight we are on common ground, and there is no sea between us. There are some things it is impossible to divide."

He then proceeded: "Gentlemen, it cannot be. We cannot be divided. They are children of the brain, and of the heart, and of a common ancestry. I do not think that a true friendship will ever be permitted to die. I will answer for my kindred and your kindred beyond the sea."

These inferential references to current affairs were greeted with renewed cheers and the greatest possible enthusiasm.

Mr. Bayard concluded: "The time is reasonable to invite you to name my country and to join hand across the dwelling main."

The ambassador then resumed his seat amid a scene of unusual enthusiasm.

Arrested for Grave Robbing.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 18.—The police today caused the arrest of a man who is believed to be guilty of the body-snatching that recently came so near provoking the people to mob violence. The prisoner is M. E. Lowe, who until recently served the city in the capacity of scavenger.

SENATE WILL NOT PASS IT.

The Bill Adopted by the House for a Venezuelan Commission.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The Post tomorrow will say: The resolution which the House passed yesterday with unanimity, providing for the commission to Venezuela in accordance with the recommendation of the President, will be laid before the Senate today. Contrary to the general expectation, it will not be passed by that body. In addition to late, the resolution passed by the House for adjournment for the holiday recess to begin next Friday, will not be agreed to by the Senate. Congress will be in session until next Tuesday at the present outlook, and it may be here until even a later date. Too reasons exist for its failing to pass promptly are that the Republican senators and many of the Democrats are opposed to giving the President all the power which would be invested in him by the resolution. It will be insisted, says the Post, that the commissioners shall be nominated and confirmed by the senate, instead of having them named by the president without any check upon his selection. In addition to this, the point was made in the caucus yesterday that there was in the House resolution no limitation as to the time when the commissioners should report, and this was felt to be an oversight which should be remedied.

Gold for the Treasury.

HELENA, Mont., Dec. 18.—President L. H. Hershfield of the Mormans' National bank last night forwarded to the sub-treasury at Chicago $60,000 in gold coins of the denomination of $20, for which he expects that currency will be sent in return. Ten days ago he sent $20,000 in the same manner, and announced that if the returns from the first shipment showed that the loss from abrasion of coins was not too great he would make $100,000 in all.

VENEZUELAN DISPUTE.

The President's Message Criticised by a Professor.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 18.—Prof. Theodore S. Woley, who holds the chair of international law in the Yale college, speaking today of the President's message on the Venezuelan dispute, said:

"The President has been bludgeoned. When he says the dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela is dangerous to our national safety, he says that which everybody knows to be ridiculous. The President emphasizes wisely a single phrase of the Monroe doctrine, without taking into account the special circumstances which the Monroe doctrine was intended to meet. In the whole matter the Monroe doctrine should be kept out of sight as inapplicable, and the question should be argued on grounds of national policy.

"The President finds his offer of arbitration declined. He now announces himself as mediator, but the mediator knows to international law must be accepted by both parties who are also both free to reject his decision. In this case neither party made the President mediator and he announces his intention to enforce a decision. He is therefore not a mediator, but the dictator. The compulsory mediation in this case is as much out of place as would have been a similar proposition in our northwest and northeast boundary disputes."

Prof. Woley said he regarded England's refusal of arbitration as a mistake. Referring to the message of the President, he said: "The President has gone gunning without taking out a gun license."

International Chess Tournament.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 18.—The third series of games, which completes the first round on the international chess tournament, was played in this city yesterday afternoon and finished in the early hours this morning, when Lasker beat Teshigorin in a queen's gambit, after twenty-five moves, and Steinitz beat Pillsbury in a Petroff defense, after sixty moves.

The score up to date: Lasker won 2, lost 1; Pillsbury won 2, lost 1; Steinitz won 1, lost 2; Teshigorin won 1, lost 2.

Good Character and an Alibi.

BOWLING GREEN, Mo., Dec. 18.—The defense in the trial of Dr. Hearne for the murder of Amos J. Stillwell put a number of witnesses on the stand today to show the doctor's good character and to prove an alibi. In his opening statement for the defense, Senator Ball said he would show it was 12:45 o'clock when Dr. Hearne came to his door to let in his daughter, Virginia, who had been accompanied home from the party by Lyman Munger on the night of the murder. Both Miss Hearne and Munger stated that it was not later than 12:30.

Two physicians were put on the stand as experts, to testify as to the cause of the death of Mr. Stillwell. One of them was badly confused by the prosecution, while the other gave no important testimony.

Two Nations—One People.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—Robert Treat Payne, president of the American Peace society, sent the following cablegram to the Marquis of Salisbury: "Is it possible that Great Britain prefers war to arbitration?" America wants arbitration and peace. Two nations—one people."

THE SITUATION GRAVE.

The Venezuela Question Discussed by Senators and Others.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The greater portion of the time of the caucus of Republican senators today was devoted to a discussion of the Venezuelan question, as presented by the President's message. This matter was brought up in committee with a renewal by Lodge of his suggestion of yesterday that the Senate do not, in view of the critical state of affairs, adjourn for the holidays until the committees should be completely equipped for action, in case the necessity should arise. A large number of speeches were made, after which it was announced as the sentiment of the caucus that there should be no adjournment until the committees should be perfected. Senator Mitchell, as chairman of the caucus, was authorized to present this view to the Democrats and impress upon them the necessity for speedy action in making their committee assignments.

It was suggested that England might accept the President's utterance as an ultimatum and proceed immediately to pour her troops into Venezuela, and it was asked what the United States would do in that event, in case the question should still be tied up in the hands of a commission. There was no reference to the bill passed in the House appropriating money for the proposed commission, and the opinion was expressed that the bill should go to committee for amendment.

CONGRATULATIONS.

President Cleveland had many calls today from senators and representatives who came to congratulate him upon the attitude he had assumed in his message.

It is still confidently believed here that the difficulty can and will be settled peacefully. This belief is based upon the expectation that England will re-establish diplomatic relations with Venezuela. As the revolution in that country has been quelled, and the interest peace Lord Salisbury demanded as a condition to resumption of Venezuelan negotiations is restored, he will treat the subject, it is believed, and as he practically promises in his last note, in a more compliant spirit than the British government has exhibited heretofore in the negotiations, and thus speedily reach an agreement satisfactory to Great Britain and Venezuela, and so, as a natural result, acceptable to the United States.

It is entirely probable that Great Britain will abstain from presenting any evidence in support of her title to the proposed commission, for by so doing she would admit our right to interpose, which is the vital point in the controversy.

One source of present danger, it is conceded, lies with the Venezuelans themselves, as it is feared that, carried by enthusiasm, they may be led to attack the British outposts on the Urumo.

Lord Salisbury's responses to Secretary Olney's arguments are not regarded in official circles in Washington as being weighty or logically strong. The parallel he seeks to draw between the Alaskan boundary question and the Venezuelan boundary controversy utterly fails, it is said, when viewed in the light of the definition of the Alaskan boundary given in the Russian treaty of cession. As for his objection to the injection of the Monroe doctrine into international law, international law, as Spencer Read once remarked of parliamentary law, "is not an exact science," that it is made and amended from time to time by nations able to support their views, and that the United States has as much right to apply this doctrine to American affairs, as had some of the European powers by combination to regulate affairs in Europe and force their views upon Oriental nations.

As the North Atlantic squadron corresponds to the British channel squadron in being charged with the defense of our most important seaboard, it may be that the authorities will take the view that prudence would seem to necessitate the abandonment of the proposed evolution cruise, which would take the ships away from home and leave the east defenseless, and also would cut them off from their base of supplies in the event of trouble, the particular coal ports in the waters where the drills were to take place being in British hands. The place for the squadron, however, will not be fixed until Secretary Herbert returns to Washington.

The armored cruiser Maine was today attached to the North Atlantic squadron.

No Danger of War.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 19.—Ex-Secretary of the Navy R. W. Thompson, in commenting on the President's message to Congress, said that he did not think there is a remote chance of war with England. There is no probability of the two English-speaking peoples of the world going to war about a little strip of territory alongside of Venezuela.

"It would be a war of diplomacy," he said. "Both countries will make an exhibition of power and purpose, but the controversy will be settled by peaceful methods. Neither nation is prepared to go to war, and neither wants a war as a result of the quarrel over a boundary line. It is not necessary for either to fight to show that it is not cowardly. Both know the other will fight, but each is too far advanced in civilization to be the aggressor in bringing on a war on such provocation."

Colonel Thompson said one phase of the question presented itself to his mind which would probably open up a prolonged discussion. The country had never affirmed the Monroe doctrine and given notice to other nations. So far the doctrine is merely the doctrine of President Monroe. While it is accepted everywhere as expressing our position in regard to the encroachment of foreign powers on the American continent, it has not been given the force of constitutional affirmation. England may say it had never been notified of the definition of the position of protesting against the acquirement of territory by European nations on the American continent.

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A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 5th, 1895, as follows:

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12.00 m.	1.15 p. m.	11.00 a. m.	12.15 p. m.
1.00 p. m.	2.15 p. m.	12.00 m.	1.15 p. m.
2.00 p. m.	3.15 p. m.	1.00 p. m.	2.15 p. m.
3.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.	2.00 p. m.	3.15 p. m.
4.00 p. m.	5.15 p. m.	3.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
5.00 p. m.	6.15 p. m.	4.00 p. m.	5.15 p. m.
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No. 3—For Provo, Nephi, Marysvale, Gunnison and all points south. 7.40 p. m.
No. 21—For Provo and intermediate points. 4.00 p. m.
No. 9—For Ft. Pierce, Moab, Gunnison and all intermediate points. 1.00 p. m.
No. 8—For Provo, Provo, Frisco and all intermediate points. 3.00 p. m.
No. 2—For Ogden and the West. 1.45 a. m.
No. 4—For Ogden and the West. 10.35 p. m.

Arrive Salt Lake City

No. 6—From Ironton, Provo, Grand Junction and points east. 11.05 a. m.
No. 3—From Ft. Grant Junction and points east. 11.00 a. m.
No. 8—From Provo, Nephi, Marysvale, Gunnison and all intermediate points. 1.00 p. m.
No. 22—From Provo and intermediate points. 9.00 a. m.
No. 1—From Ogden and the West. 3.00 a. m.
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From San Francisco, Carlin, Valley, Ogden and intermediate points. 7.35 p. m.
From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and Ogden. 2.10 a. m.
(From Provo, Milford, Sagwin Vernal, Nephi, Frisco, Marion and Keeler. 3.00 p. m.
*From Terminus, Provo and Garfield Beach. 4.00 p. m.

DEPART

For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Park City. 2.00 a. m.
For San Francisco, Ogden, Carlin Valley and intermediate points. 4.00 a. m.
For Ogden and intermediate points. 4.00 p. m.
For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Butte, Portland and San Francisco. 2.00 p. m.
(For Provo, Marion, Frisco, Nephi, Sagwin, Vernal, Milford and Frisco. 7.45 a. m.
*For Garfield Beach, Tooele and Terminus. 7.45 a. m.
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