

has advanced to Clamartine unopposed. Thiers opposes decisive action till 50,000 men are added to the army.

The *Time's* special dispatch says the Versailles troops attacking the southern forts are greatly augmented. The federalists surrounded 3,000 gens d'armes near Asnieres. Their capitulation is thought probable. Dembrowski declares he will burn Neuilly, Linniers and Puteaux. The bombardment of the Mailot gates continues. There is great concentration of troops at Versailles. MacMahon has gone to Ville Lelang, where a decisive attack is expected. Thiers opposed conciliation as he thinks success is certain.

LONDON, 13.—The English consul at Paris has warned Englishmen to leave the city.

It is reported that Assy and Bergeret are condemned to death by the Commune for high treason. The allowance to the national guards is increased to three francs daily.

The sale of railway tickets from Brussels to Paris is stopped. It is rumored that Ducrot is disaffected to the government.

Prince Frederick Charles will visit Berlin in May.

Advices from Versailles state that the bill giving municipal rights to Paris has been adopted. The concentration of troops continues. The Commune is making preparations for a siege. There is a comparative lull in the fighting.

LONDON, 15.—A dispatch from Versailles, on Thursday evening, says an offer has been made by the commanders of the national guards to betray to the Versailles government two of the city gates for 350,000 francs each. Similar offers were made by some leading men with regard to the delivery of Issy and Vanvres for a million francs each. Thiers declined these propositions.

A number of delegates from the insurgents have arrived, but Thiers has refused to treat with rebels in arms. All the insurgents taken prisoners are sent to Brest. On Thursday evening a party of them on the way murdered one of their guards, and eight of them were shot for it next day. The army and Assembly are discontented because Thiers will not permit the *coup d'etat* in Paris.

PARIS, 14, eve.—There is a comparative lull in the contest. The nationals encouraged by the repulse of the Versailles army, are anxious to attack the latter. Cluseret insists on confining their movements to defensive operations.

Three gunboats shelled Sevres and St. Cloud to-day.

A national guard was shot this morning for killing his captain. He confessed the shooting of five other officers.

Petroleum shells have been prepared for throwing into Valerien.

The Church of Saint Roche was seized by the nationals, and the people ejected. A crowd collected, and a woman denounced a man attired in plain clothes as a priest. She was beaten terribly. This is the first sign of re-action in favor of the priests.

VERSAILLES, 15, p.m.—In the National Assembly, to-day, a partial financial statement was submitted by the government. The estimates for military service are not yet fixed, but the other ministries will economize to the amount of a hundred and seven millions of francs. During the last half of the present fiscal year, the revenue cannot be a certain until quiet has been restored to the country. Nothing of importance, of a military character, has transpired.

PARIS, 15.—Yesterday shells fell in the Avenue Nagram, as also many rifle bullets. Tradesmen in the Avenue Des Farnes were wounded and a general exodus from that quarter of the city is taking place. Crowds are demanding passports to leave Paris now that the price is reduced to half a franc; hundreds are disappointed. The streets leading from Porte Maillot are in ruins. Issy and Vanvres are firing small bombs, which splinter in thirty pieces and are terribly destructive. The socialist republicans are making great efforts to secure the return of their candidates. The delegates of the Commune to Versailles have returned, with Thiers' conditions, which have rendered the insurgents very violent. Rochefort demands that Vinoy, Gallipoli, Favre, Picard, and MacMahon shall be brought chained in couples to Champs Elysees, where the relatives of the nationals killed shall be allowed to do what they please with them. It has been decided not to demolish the column in the Place Vendome, but to displace the statue in its apex. A terrible cannonade was kept up all last night. The attack on the government troops everywhere was re-

pulsed by cannonade and fusillade. It will be resumed this afternoon. It is said that Fort D'Issy is damaged; otherwise the results of the three days' cannonade have been insignificant. The government troops have hitherto made no serious attack. The *Temps* summonses the Commune to state its demands. The fall of the Seine has paralyzed the Communists.

PARIS, 16.—Desperate fighting, resulting in victories for the Commune is reported. Five consecutive attacks were made upon Faurres and repulsed with great slaughter. The losses of the government troops are dreadful. At Neuilly the combat was fierce, but the Communists gain ground steadily; their hopes are now raised to the highest pitch.

PARIS, Sunday morning 16.—The communists report that Fort D'Issy repulsed a succession of assaults from Versailles on Friday and Saturday with severe losses to the assailants. Gen. Dombrowski attacked the government forces at Neuilly yesterday and is claimed to have taken four hundred prisoners. The engagement continued through the entire night. The batteries on the hill of Trocadero have opened fire on Fort Valerien, which replies with vigor. Gen. Dombrowski enforces the strictest discipline among the national guards and is doing much towards rendering all branches of the military service more efficient.

LONDON, 16.—The *Tribune's* special correspondent at Paris telegraphs on Saturday night that a powerful barricade had been begun at Place Vendome. A twelve pounder is already mounted. The barricades of Rue Casigliore have been strengthened. The carriages of Prince Murat and Marshal Canroberts have been seized. The cure of St. Roche was arrested yesterday. The delegates of the Commune took an inventory of all the objects of value in most of the fashionable churches of Paris. The national guards yesterday advanced from Boise des Colomies along the Seine to Santerine, intending to take the troops at Canbevoine in the rear. They were met near Colombe and compelled to retreat with a loss of many prisoners. The regulars still hold the bridge Neuilly. Valerien replies to the Paris batteries and has sent shells into Passy and Arteulley. The Prussians have occupied Stowen, near St. Dennis in the quarter due Triomphe. A number of manufacturers have been arrested by order of the Commune, and their manufactories closed, in order to force workmen to join the national guards. The price of fresh meat has been doubled and preserved meat is difficult to obtain. A well known American banker offered to buy the column of Place Vendome, and take it to Central Park, New York.

EVERYBODY here knows what a muddle the judicial triumvirate who "run" the courts of this Territory have got into in their zeal to promote the interests of the anti-Mormon "ring" and clique of which they are zealous and very contemptible members and tools. Everything went lovely while Mormon courts, officers, juries, and the rights of the Mormon community were being trampled under foot by their traitorous and outrageous proceedings; and they no doubt expected to earn the reputation of heroes, and to be lionized abroad. But how the aspect of affairs changed when the bills were presented at Washington and payment refused. Instead of the lions they thought themselves, many here and elsewhere, considered them much in the light of the stupid, patient animal who once donned the lion's skin, but whose braying betrayed the ass. The supplies stopped at Washington, and payment refused at home, the dilemma was terrible; but as long as lies and "wiggling" are of any use at all, there is some hope; and it will be seen by our readers, who peruse the Washington news in to-day's telegrams, that one of the honorable members of the mighty triumvirate is "sloshing" around in Congressional circles, trying his best to have \$30,000 added to the deficiency bill to keep the judges in bread and butter, and to lubricate the judicial machinery of their courts.

This course, says the voracious gentleman down East, is absolutely necessary owing to the fact that Brigham Young will not pay the expenses of the U. S. Courts here, and that if they have no means to run, there is a probability that vigilance committees will be compelled to take the same course with regard to criminals in Utah that they have so often done elsewhere.

Now, one would think, if there was the least particle of conscience or shame left in the "ring" they would repudiate such abominable lies. All classes here

understand perfectly well that such statements are made solely for effect, to prejudice the popular mind against the people of Utah, for Brigham Young has no more control over the Territorial funds and the paying of court expenses than any other citizen; and as for there being any fear of vigilance committees nothing could possibly be farther from the truth.

But these statements of the Judge at Washington are on a par with the whole proceedings of the party he is trying to serve. Its members are terribly loud in denouncing "Mormon" tyranny, "Mormon" falsehood, and chicanery, etcetera, *ad libitum*, when the fact is, lies and chicanery and tyranny are the only weapons they themselves use to answer their own vile ends. Facts are continually coming to light which show such to be the case. We know that no stranger of influence or standing comes to take up his residence in this city, but what he is ostracised by the "ring" if he will not be one with them in trying to carry out their plans. Why, if all the tyranny of which they so loudly accuse the "Mormons" were true, it would not be near as intolerable as the policy they enforce. But it is rather gratifying than otherwise to see them take the course they are now taking; for among the strangers who come here, there will be many honorable and high-minded gentlemen, who will not submit to any such coercion as that attempted to be exercised by the anti-Mormon "ring;" and everyone of such, and their numbers are continually increasing, strengthens the cause of Justice, Truth and of the people here, and drives another wedge into the ranks of the miserable tricksters, who lie, plot and labor to injure them. Go it, we say, and "wiggle" away! Send to Washington, tell every lie and adopt every expedient your malice can invent, your schemes will be thwarted, and the people of Utah will live and be happy when you are covered with disgrace and consigned to contempt and oblivion.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

AN APPEAL FROM SCANDINAVIA.—Bro. Louis L. Borg, who was on a mission in Norway and Sweden in 1889 and 1870 writes us that, while there, he promised several very poor families of Saints who need assistance to gather, that, when he reached home, he would use what influence he possessed with friends of theirs in this Territory to lend them a helping hand. Those friends are scattered through the Territory, so that it would be very inconvenient for Bro. Borg to see them personally, he therefore sends the following list of names and addresses for publication in the News, and we hope that the friends appealed to will respond promptly and effectively if they have it in their power, and assist the following named persons:

Ama Hendrickson, Lier Sylinge; a widow and 3 children.	
Anna Helena, " Drammen " "	
children.	
Bengt Nilsen, " " " "	
children.	
Emma Hendrickson, " " " "	2
children.	
Elise Wickman, " " " "	
children.	
Sophie Christensen, " Gonik, " "	5
children.	
Karne Olsen, " Stavanger, " "	1
child.	
Sister Katrine, " Risor, " "	2
children.	
Sister Haraldsan, " " " "	6
Karne Olsen, " Christianie " "	1
child.	

Also a family by name of Setters, from the same place.

CEDAR CITY, April 14.

We have, this morning, received the following statement from Seth M. Blair, accompanied with a pig of iron, A No. 1, weighing about seventy pounds, which I deem of sufficient interest to send full report as received.

H. LUNT.

IRON CITY, April 14.

Henry Lunt:—We send you a sample of our iron. We are casting from seven to ten hundred pounds of that quality of iron every eight hours. Our furnace, flues, ores, etc., our Superintendent, Bishop D. B. Adams, says, works as well as any he ever saw. Our ore yields seventy-five per cent of iron and is unsurpassed in the United States for quality. We propose to erect a couple immediately and hope in a short time, to be able to furnish Southern Utah with her stoves, sugar mills and all other castings. We have discovered a good quality of coal and the company hopes to convince the people of Utah that the iron business will be and is a more profitable and lucrative one than silver-mining.

Yours truly,

SETH M. BLAIR,
Sec'y Utah Iron Manuf'g Co.

We are exceedingly pleased to learn from the above dispatch that the Utah Iron Manufacturing Company continue unflinching in their efforts to make the manufacture of that valuable article a success, and wish them good speed in the work. We endorse,

without ocular demonstration, the idea advanced by Mr. Blair that iron mines are intrinsically of incalculably more value than silver mines. Iron exists in almost inexhaustible quantities in many parts of the Territory, is easy of access and of a richness not surpassed in any part of the world. All that is necessary to make this resource a means of making this community wealthy is its utilization in the shape of the manufactured article.

ELDER MILES GRANT COMING.—We learn that Elder Miles Grant, the noted adventist preacher, is now en route for this city, and desires to deliver a course of lectures on the prophecies. He is a very able man, and one who has spent his life in studying and expounding the scriptures according to the views of the sect of which he is a leading member, if he should lecture here, our citizens will, no doubt hear something original and interesting. He desires to procure the Tabernacle for lecturing purposes.

DIED.

At Spring City, Sanpete Co., April 1st, 1871, MARY, daughter of William and Margrette Stoddart, aged 18 years and 6 months.

Deceased was born in Brampton, near Carlisle, England.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. That cash entry, No. 2429, for the Townsite of Cedar City, Iron County, Utah, made April 15, 1871, embracing the following described lands, to wit: The E half of the S W quarter, and the W half of the S E quarter of Sec. 11, and the E half of the N W quarter, and the W half of the N E quarter of Sec. 14, Township 36, South Range 11 West, containing 320 acres, has been made in trust for the inhabitants, and is now ready to be disposed of in lots to any person or persons entitled thereto.

All persons claiming to be the owner or possessor of any portion of said entry will take due notice and make application as provided in the Statutes of Utah.

HOMER DUNCAN, Mayor.

Cedar City, April 17, 1871.

will 3m

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