

By Telegraph.

AMERICAN.

NEW ORLEANS, 23.—The steamers *Exporter*, *John Kyle*, and *Charles Bodman* were burned to-day, at the foot of Paydras St.; the fire originated in the blacksmith shop in the *Kyle*, and spread with such rapidity that the cabin was in flames in less than five minutes after the alarm. She was cut loose, and drifted up the stream, there being an eddy at the spot where she was lying. The *Exporter* and *Bodman* were also cut loose and the burning vessel drifted against the *Exporter*, setting her on fire at once. The people on board, seeing no other refuge, jumped on the *Bodman*, which a moment later, also caught, and was soon enveloped in flames, and the three burning boats drifted into the current. The people on board the last two jumped overboard, and though some were saved the larger part are believed to be lost. The number is variously estimated at from 20 to 100. On one of the boats was an excursion party from Cincinnati or Pittsburg, many of whom it is feared are lost. The loss is \$180,000, all supposed to be insured.

HAZELTON, Pa., 23.—A party of miners attacked the house of I. Morrison last evening; F. Lauderban who was stopping there, fired on the attacking party, killing one instantly, when the rioters dispersed.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 23.—State treasurer Parker has been committed to Columbia jail in default of \$250,000 bail.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 23.—The miners at the Hillsmaus mines, yesterday voted against going to work.

WASHINGTON, 24.—The investigation of the mail contract frauds is still progressing, under the direction of the P. M. General and the second assistant P. M. General, Tyner, who, this morning, discovered a fraudulent bill among those for mail routes in Louisiana. About six clerks are already discharged for complicity in the frauds, and it is understood that at least a dozen more are implicated. Tyner states that the department is determined to make a thorough investigation if it takes all Summer.

The restaurant keeper at whose place Beecher dined on the day of the alibi has been found; he was struck by reading Beecher's testimony that about the time mentioned Mr. and Mrs. Beecher took lunch together in his saloon. He made a memorandum of the circumstance at the time, and on looking over his books he found the date corresponded with the one mentioned by Beecher. He has sent word that he is willing to testify.

At Rockville, Allghany County, James Lafferty killed his grandmother and robbed her house, and afterwards shot Miss Van Ray, who refused to marry him, and her mother, and then killed himself.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 24.—The striking operatives at the Natick and Arctic mills have notified the superintendents that they will return to work on Monday next.

ST. LOUIS, 24.—Arthur B. Bassett, mayor of this city, died about 4.30 this morning, of inflammation of the bowels, superinduced by overwork during the recent canvass.

WASHINGTON, 24.—Williams retires on the 15th of May; he denies his intention to go to Oregon to compete for the senatorship, but remains here to practise law. Delano's early retirement is conceded by some, who stoutly deny that his resignation is forced, or consequent upon any official irregularities. The President emphatically says that he has always considered Delano as an honest and efficient executive officer. Delano's immediate friends say that the President has told him that he has never thought of asking his resignation, and that consequently Delano will remain in the Cabinet.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 24.—Information from Lexington states that John C. Breckenridge has been very ill all winter, and his health is still very precarious.

Later reports of the condition of the tobacco plants are more favorable, and it is now believed that the recent frosts have done no serious injury.

ST. PAUL, 24.—A good deal of consternation and no little anxiety is reported at Minneapolis, caused by another break in the celebrated

tunnel, which has given so much trouble heretofore. An immense amount of private corporation and government money has been expended in endeavoring to patch up this unfortunate hole, and thus to preserve the falls and the water power. The extent of the present disaster is not publicly known, those who are conversant with the matter being extremely reticent in fear of the credit of the city, and business men will suffer. The damage can hardly be repaired until the water in the Mississippi falls very materially. The river is now on the decline, but is still at a high state.

SAN FRANCISCO, 23.—The U. S. steamer *Lackawanna*, forty-five days from Yokohama, arrived this afternoon, all well.

A dispatch from San Jose reports the burning, this afternoon, of St. Joseph's Catholic church; loss \$50,000, insurance \$17,000.

OMAHA, 24.—The situation on the U. P. is practically unchanged. Since yesterday a snow storm has prevailed over the entire line from Evanston to the North Platte, in some places falling a depth of five inches, which will make the transfer more laborious and uncomfortable. Everything is being done to relieve it. All the delayed east bound passengers and mails passed the break this afternoon; the west bound passengers are not yet cleared, but if the expected passenger cars arrive from the east to-morrow every passenger will be moving to-morrow night. The Company have 650 men on the ground to work. Two bridges, each 140 feet long, remain to be rebuilt; one of them will be finished to-morrow, the other on Tuesday. The dumps and tracks will be finished by that time, and the Bitter Creek washout will be passable, which puts the whole line in shape.

PHILADELPHIA, 24.—Last night at 12 o'clock Daniel O'Leary, of Chicago, began a walk of 115 miles, to be accomplished in 24 hours; to-night at eight minutes after 11 he completed the distance of 116 miles, thus beating his distance with a mile to spare, in fifty-two minutes less than the time set down; this is the best time on record.

NEW ORLEANS, 24.—Both houses of the legislature adjourned *sine die* to-day; in the senate the resolution suspending Auditor Clinton from office was postponed till the session of 1876. But few, if any, of the reform measures were finally passed by the legislature.

Texas advices continue the report of robberies and murders by roving bands of Mexicans, and there is an intense feeling of indignation among the white settlers on the borders at continued outrages, which appear to be committed with impunity so far as either government is concerned.

NEW YORK, 24.—The preparations for conferring the Beretta on Cardinal McClosky are almost completed. The programme for the religious service is very elaborate. At the conclusion of high mass the Obligate will take the Scarlet Beretta and present it to Archbishop Bailey, of Balto., who will perform the ceremony of imposition. He will deliver an address which will be replied to by the Cardinal, after which a choir of 100 voices will sing a Te Deum composed expressly for the ceremony. The Cardinal will then retire and, after putting on the robes of the cardinalate, will re-enter the sanctuary and give the episcopal benediction.

WASHINGTON, 24.—The President has not yet accepted the resignation of Attorney General Williams.

NEW YORK, 25.—A fire this morning destroyed the Union League Club House, at the corner of 26th and Madison Ave.; loss \$36,000.

Chas. L. Lawrence, Secretary of the American Club and the fugitive smuggler, is expected here from England, next week, in custody of an officer who has followed him since last February. The value of the silks and laces which Lawrence smuggled through is estimated at \$3,000,000. The frauds began four or five years ago, under a deputy collector in the Custom House, now dead. Lawrence is said to be worth half a million, mostly in bonds; what real estate he has is in his wife's hands, and cannot be attached.

WASHINGTON, 25.—The President has assigned Dr. Linderman, director of the mint, to make the examination ordered by Congress as to what point in the western States and Mississippi Valley possesses the

best advantages for a mint. The investigation will be made during the coming summer.

NEW YORK, 26.—A warrant was issued on Saturday for the arrest of John H. Comer, on an affidavit made by Chas. Robinson, President of the National Stock Yards Company, that Comer had embezzled money of the company, of which he had been for many years secretary and treasurer. An expert is examining the books to ascertain the amount of the defalcation, and he has already found that \$71,000 are missing.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, 22.—The president of the French Geographical Society has handed Minister Washburne the gold medal, to be presented by him to the family of the late Capt. Hall, in commemoration of his exploration of the arctic regions.

LONDON, 23.—There has been an unusual increase of dementia among the inmates of the Liverpool workhouse, which is attributed to religious excitement.

In the Commons this evening, Sullivan said he had been assured by the Marquis of Hartington that a resolution would soon be introduced regulating the position of reporters for the press in the house, and in view of this promise he said he would not carry out his intention of calling attention to the presence of strangers. This was a great relief to the spectators, who had crowded the gallery in expectation of an exciting debate in the Tichborne case.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, Keneally rose and moved that a royal commission be appointed to investigate the circumstances attending the Tichborne trial. In a powerful speech in support of his resolution, he alluded to the growing disaffection at the result of the trials, and the manner in which they had been conducted by the bench. Nothing short of a royal commission of enquiry would content the people of England, who were convinced that justice had not been done. He stated that he had received many letters from Americans to the same effect. The discontent had grown into a torrent, which was pouring over the land. The late ministry partly owed its downfall to its conduct in regard to the Tichborne case. He asserted that he had positive proof that the Chief Justice, Sir Alexander Cockburn, in society, while the trial was in progress, said he would give the claimant fifteen years imprisonment. He spoke severely of the Pittendreich forgeries, and stated that the Claimant was unable to call more witnesses for lack of funds, that penalties for contempt had been directed against one side only, witnesses were browbeaten, and the partiality of the bench was patent throughout the proceedings. Keneally declared that he had sacrificed himself to his sense of honor and duty, and had been irretrievably ruined in his profession. He believed the motion before the House would never be renewed in its present form. It was impossible to predict the result if the commission should be refused. The defeat of the motion would spread dismay in the country. He spoke three hours and was followed by Whalley, who seconded the motion. Sir Richard Baggallay opposed the appointment of a commission, there was not the slightest ground to justify it. The observations alleged to have been made by the Chief Justice were grossly misunderstood and misinterpreted.

Whalley remarked that the House seemed to be interested in the suppression of all inquiry which would lead to the exposure of a Catholic conspiracy against the Tichborne claimant.

Sir Henry James, who was Attorney General under the last Gladstone ministry, denounced the motion as an attack on the jury system, and declared that the commission asked for was unprecedented. Disraeli said that Keneally's speech was a thrice told tale, and that the charges of misconduct against the Chief Justice were entirely unsupported. Alluding to Keneally, he regretted that a talented man, under a hallucination, had destroyed his reputation.

John Bright reviewed the evidence in the Tichborne trials, and declared that he couldn't but agree with the jury in their verdicts.

The motion of Keneally was then rejected by a vote of 433 to 149.

CITY OF MEXICO, 13.—The archbishops of Mexico, Guadalajara, and Michoacan have issued an ad-

dress in regard to the recent laws affecting the church in Mexico; they enjoin the clergy and people to use moderation, to show respect for the authorities, and to be patient and act as Christians under their trials.

BERLIN, 23.—The police authorities in person have notified all the Ursuline sisters in this district, who are not natives of Germany, that they must leave the country within two months.

LONDON, 24.—The colliery owners of South Wales have agreed to throw open their pits to the miners at a reduction of 15 per cent on the present wages.

The *Daily News* dispatch from Athens says that considerable excitement prevails over the approaching elections. A state of siege is reported to be impending. The government is concentrating 5,000 soldiers in Athens, and it is supposed intends to raise the army to a war footing.

A St. Petersburg dispatch reports that the Marquis De Caux, husband of Adelina Patti, has been killed in a duel.

The strike of the cotton operators at Blackburn has ended.

LONDON, 22.—In the Commons this evening Sullivan announced, for the purpose of terminating the anomalous relations between the press and the House, that he would nightly call attention to the presence of strangers; this will have the effect of compelling the withdrawal of all persons excepting members.

BRUSSELS, 22.—The examination into the alleged Duchesne conspiracy against Bismarck began to-day; the prisoner, Duchesne, thrice refused to give the names of his accomplices.

LONDON, 23.—The motion of Dr. Keneally impugning the verdict of the jury in the Tichborne trial is to be taken up this afternoon in the House of Commons. A large crowd is fast increasing, and has already assembled about the Parliament house. Trouble is apprehended, and hundreds of extra policemen have been stationed around the building. Dr. Keneally arrived at the Parliament House at 4 p. m., and was greeted with great cheers.

CALCUTTA, 23.—Lord Northbrook, Viceroy of India, has issued a proclamation deposing the Guikwar of Baroda, declaring him and his issue precluded from all rights appertaining to the sovereignty of the country, and compelling the Guikwar to select a place for himself and family in British India. The Viceroy says this measure is based, independently of the recent trial of the Guikwar, upon his notorious misconduct, gross misgovernment and incapacity; and furthermore, that the restoration of the Guikwar would be detrimental to the interests of Baroda. The Viceroy will select a member of another branch of the Guikwar's family to reign.

LONDON, 24.—The opening meeting of Sundown Park, at Esher, Surrey County, within a run of the metropolis, closed to-day with a grand international Steeple chase, in which twenty horses started; Goldfinder won, La Veine, the favorite, was second, Revenge third.

OTTAWA, 25.—A proclamation was issued yesterday, granting a pardon to all persons engaged in the Northwest rebellion, except Reil, Lepine and O'Donnahue; the two former are banished for five years.

LONDON, 25.—Moody and Sankey's revival meetings to-day were well attended; among the distinguished persons present to-night were Mr. Gladstone and Lord Kincaid.

The report that the Marquis Deaux had been killed in a duel is wholly without foundation.

The morning papers announce the death of the Rev. Wm. Selwyn, chaplain to the Queen, aged 69, and H. W. Pickers Gill, the portrait painter, in his 94th year.

Our Country Contemporaries.

Ogden Junction, April 22—

The crowd of passengers gathered here and detained in consequence of the floods on the line of the U. P. R. R., was removed this morning. Two large trains with every car filled, started eastward. From the best information we can obtain, we learn that they will be conveyed by train to the other side of Green River, and then by wagons around the inundated portion of the route to where the road is in good repair.

Three trains are expected in this afternoon and evening with mails and passengers.

The Ogden River is booming. The bridge on the road north of this city is in danger. The stream is undermining it in the centre, and it is not improbable that it will be washed away.

Farr's mill dam is threatened by the flood. Workmen are busy fortifying it against the watery assaults, and it is hoped will be able to save it.

Yesterday Mr. I. N. Goodale, while examining the condition of the Ogden Canyon road, was standing on the bank of the river when the force of the rushing flood carried away the piece of earth beneath his feet, and if he had not been caught by Mr. Jas. Dinsdale, and rescued, Ogden might have been called to mourn the loss of an old and much respected citizen. Mr. Goodale lost a shovel which he held at the time, and it was carried away by the roaring waters.

Ogden Junction, April 23—

Five trains came in from the East yesterday afternoon and evening. A large number of passengers arrived but not much mail matter.

A train of teams was started out this morning for the inundated district to assist in the transfer of passengers. The Company is doing all that could be expected or desired to repair damages and facilitate transportation.

Keep a sharp look out for a saddle, bridle and blanket belonging to Bishop Herrick, which were stolen from his barn night before last. The saddle is "Spanish," and the horn is covered with copper. The blanket is made of three ply carpet, lined, and bound with purple. It is supposed that the outfit was taken by some person or persons engaged in stealing horses. Keep watch of your stables, you who have valuable nags, and let householders put locks on their barns and granaries. Padlocks are not worth a cent; the best of them all depend on a staple, which can be drawn without noise or difficulty.

Theodore Farley, son of Mr. Winthrop Farley, has invented a new kind of labor-saving churn, to make butter in fifteen minutes. The churn is sixteen inches high and nine inches square. Eight paddles are inserted, which are moved by a band and pulleys which are set in motion by an easily turned hand wheel. A child can work it without difficulty. It has been tried and found to work to a charm.

Theodore is an ingenious youth, sixteen years of age, and we hope his invention will prove a profit to him. He intends to improve on the present churn, so as to make it work by the foot instead of the hand. Those who wish to see the new churn should call at Farley's blacksmith and wagon shop, near the Methodist Church, Main street.

Beaver Enterprise, April 20—

We learn that J. D. Lee's health is at present not as good as usual; in fact, it is rapidly declining, he having had an epileptic stroke or fit at his prison room yesterday. He is better to-day, but yet he is too old a man and has endured too much of outdoor frontier life and been too active and stirring to maintain good health in close confinement during the hot weather for many more months.

Utah County Times, April 22—

We learn that it is the intention of the Provo Manufacturing Company in a short time to open a wool and hide warehouse at the railroad depot in this city, and buy and pay cash for wool, hides and pelts.

All the people in a Paris house were startled one night by a tremendous noise made in an upper apartment. Rushing to the doors they saw a man coming down four steps at a time. He was arrested half dead with fear. He was a thief, had made his way in with a false key, and feeling his way about the apartments from room to room to find valuables, had come upon some strange, soft, movable, upright thing in the middle of a room. He felt of it, passed his hand higher and higher and felt a face, cold as ice. Frightened, eager to escape, he could not find his way to the door, and in his flight upset every article of furniture in the apartment. Then they all went up stairs and found the tenant of the fourth floor hanging in his room.