The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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FROM THE BERMUDA,

Our Dangerous Program Carried Out in Every Particular.

AMMUNITION AND MEN LANDED.

Sue of the Most Important Victories Won by the Cuban Insurgents.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The World publishes this morning a cable dispatch from Carlos Garcia, son of General Calixto Garcia, a leader of the Bermuda expedition to Cuba, has been received by M. Sieva, in this city.

The dispatch was written at Middle Cay, where the expedition landed some weeks ago, and is dated April 2. Mr. Sieva held it in his hand last night and he translated it.

"The news is sad (very) thing is as I prophesied," Mr. Sieva said. "Before the ship called Cuba sailed I told them we were not sufficiently disciplined to make the trip. We were equipped with new guns which we had to throw away in South Brooklyn. These cartridges and bullets were made by the Cubans, and we were the first to use them, as we could buy. The replacing of the engines was kept a close secret at the time. It was even changed in the papers to mislead the people. The Cuba was apparently a slow old fishing trawler, she was in reality a big fast ship, well fitted, and the Spanish knew we were going to catch her. An officer of her had his revolver taken but saved. The dispatch says we landed and the troops without any opposition landed in a bay between Bobin Cove and Mariel, where is some 30 miles west of Havana in a straight line. Cuba was absolutely no interference. On the Hatchine (?) cove, are the six heavy pieces of artillery we have. We were the ammunition for them. The only, with the removing time and ammunition, was ours. Fastings, I will write about the northern side of the island through the Habana channel.

"The 100 men in the expedition were not landed on the morning of March 12. They made a march of forty miles inland, where they were met by General Maceo with the party carrying out the program to the letter.

"It was decided that an attack should be made on Baracoa, which is the largest inland town and a Spanish stronghold. Maceo had caused the report to reach the Spanish garrison that he was going to attack Mantanzas. The message says that Maceo, who Garcia with 2000 men, swept down on Pilar, a town 12 miles west of Baracoa, at 3 o'clock in the morning of March 25, and it was a complete surprise. The Spanish troops numbered about 6,000 and they were taken by surprise a little after daylight the evening. The one of the many artillery which Garcia had brought ashore in other letters. The message says, "Immediately reigned and Spanish troops were thrown into wild disorder. The officers could not even get their men. Very few resisted, capture of heavy artillery, 1,500 Remington, 1,000 rifles, 2,000 rifles, and stores. Cuba lands more men and stores the week. The Spanish loss was 150 killed and 200 wounded and the Cubans 150 killed and wounded.

"And in the city, which is the home of the most important fort the Cubans have won, transports will will be signed tomorrow for the Bermudas to Baracoa. Another for their troops to the interior coming the rainy season. General Garcia has 500 men and at last equipped, making the number 2,500 men.

"Carlos Garcia says that he had not the slightest difficulty in passing the Cuban coast in a small Spanish transport, and they went on safely to the eastern part of the island.

Many volunteers joined them. When they arrived near Santiago they found that the Bermuda had landed her ammunition in a bay a few miles east of Santiago. There was a Cuban fort in the mouth of the harbor, but the landing was not made until the following morning. There were eighteen boat loads of rifles, cartridges and swords.

"General Garcia has gone to the eastern end of the island, because that is the place where the people first gave him an his loyal friends. Jose Maceo is with him. General Garcia will be coming for a month. He expects to bring a picked force. He expects to have an army of volunteers when will number 10,000 men and a regular force of 10,000 men."

Death Before Their Prison.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Twice within a week Chicago has been visited by national reunions. Several days ago a couple thousand, while tents, guarded by the police, cut loose from the Coxey's Army and a train just upon the eve of capture.

Sunday morning a white man, while in his cell, shot himself through the head under circumstances, drew a revolver and shot himself through the head, inflicting wound at the foot of his horrified prisoners.

A dozen was in progress at a call in Twenty-second street, when suddenly was heard that a letter was found in the cell of the prisoner in the cell room. The story spread the news out to Michigan avenue, and the crowd was soon in the cell room. The story was started in public. Private machines endeavored to stop the news, but the news had attained a circulation of the city in no time. Only in other back in fear. While the stronger fathers pitched to a fours and to a halt. The officers came up on the scene. There was a number of people, there was a slight report and the village man fell forward on the floor, with a hole in his head behind the ear.

MR. KNAPP'S EXPERIENCE.

Turks Attempted to Murder a Minister at Erzerum.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 5.—Mr. Philip Calvin, for British consul-general, Mr. J. W. Knapp, the British vice-consul at Erzerum, on Friday, was waylaid and robbed. Mr. Knapp escaped with a slight wound. Mr. Knapp was the Turkish officials, some time ago, of taking part in the Armenian revolutionary movement, and Mr. Knapp was accused of having aided the Armenians to obtain firearms, and he was obliged to resign his consulship in consequence of a charged conspiracy. Mr. Hemlin, a British subject, and Mr. Bilin, a native, were also robbed.

Mr. Knapp's friends believe that the Porte has made no secret in Mr. Knapp being sent by the criminal court, and that he has made his travels, and that he is now in the Turkish Consul-general's service. Mr. Knapp was supposed to be Mr. Terrell, the United States minister, by telegram that Erzerum had sent a letter to the consulate, and it is the week thousands with a view to stay in the town.

Mr. Terrell then informed the Porte that he would not answer to Mr. Knapp being sent by the criminal court, and that he has to travel, and that he is now in the service of the United States minister. Mr. Knapp was supposed to be one two thousand dollars, and it is the week thousands with a view to stay in the town.

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A CHICAGO CHURCH PANIC.

The Pastor's Voice and the Roar of the Organ Have No Effect.

People Preempting Upon One Another in Efforts to Secure Seats a Morning Exhibition.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Eighteen hundred people were in the seats and aisles of the Second Baptist church, Morgan and Monroe streets last night, and Rev. Dr. W. M. Lawrence, pastor of the venerable and historic place of worship, was in the midst of an eloquent sermon, when it was noticed by a few in the congregation that the ceiling was cracking and the plaster was falling until, somewhat, a strong crack formed among the Bibles which were surrounded the pulpit. Instantly there was a rush for the door.

Despite the assurance of the pastor that there was no danger, the worried people did not listen. Again did the pastor plead with the people to remain seated, and finally, very serious, "not so he minister has said what the Spaniards are doing in Cuba." Instantly the people were in the aisles and the pastor was left alone. The organ ceased its roar, and the pastor was left alone. The organ ceased its roar, and the pastor was left alone. The organ ceased its roar,