

FIFTIETH YEAR.

TRIED TO KILL THE PRINCE OF WALES

Attempt to Assassinate the Heir to Britain's Throne.

SHOOTING WAS IN BELGIUM.

Prince and Princess Were at Brussels Railway Station, En Route to Copenhagen—Prince Not Hurt.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] London, April 4.—The prince and princess of Wales started for Copenhagen this morning for the purpose of attending the celebration of King Christian's birthday which occurs April 4.

Brussels, April 4.—The police of Wales was shot at while leaving the railroad station here. He was not hurt. As the train was leaving the Northern station for the Southern railroad station an individual fired a revolver at the prince of Wales but missed his royal highness.

The attempt upon the life of the prince of Wales occurred at 2:55 p. m. The would-be assassin jumped upon the footboard of the prince's train car as the train was starting and fired into the car, aiming at the prince of Wales. The man was immediately arrested.

A BOY ANARCHIST.

The would-be assassin is a thirteen-year-old boy, a resident of Brussels 16 years old. His pockets were found to be full of anarchistic literature. He fired two shots at the prince. The prince of Wales and others were in the car, but no one was touched. When examined by the station official the boy declared he intended to kill the prince of Wales, and that he did not regret his action and was ready to do it again if given a chance.

LONDON EXCITED AND INDIGNANT.

London, April 4.—The news of the attempt on the life of the prince of Wales spread with marvellous rapidity in all parts of London and created the most intense excitement and bitter indignation among all classes. The fact that the attempted assassination occurred in a city where Dr. Leyds, diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, has made his headquarters, was generally taken to indicate that the would-be assassin was a Boer sympathizer, and this so inflamed passions that most bitter invectives were hurled against the Boers and everything connected with them.

The government was wholly ignorant of the attempt on the life of the prince of Wales until the press dispatches on the subject were communicated to the foreign office.

The marquis of Salisbury immediately telegraphed to the prince of Wales his congratulations on his escape, while the United States charge d'affaires, Henry I. White, who was calling on the premier, promptly repaired to Marlborough House and left his card there.

BOERS ARE BLAMED.

All the officials were greatly disturbed by the occurrence and the general view was that it must be connected in some way with the Transvaal, especially as the prince of Wales has always heretofore been such a favorite on the continent, and never before has been molested in the slightest degree.

One official remark: "That settles the question of the prince of Wales' visit to the Paris exposition."

Some fears were expressed as to the effect the occurrence may have in Dublin.

It was pointed out that such attempts are contagious. On the other hand those who are best acquainted with Ireland contended that the only effect would be to increase the determination of the Irish that no unwelcome incident should mar the success of the queen's visit.

The news of the attempt on the life of the prince of Wales was immediately telegraphed to Queen Victoria.

Democrats Take Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 4.—Complete returns from the city give Mayor David S. Rose (Dem.) a plurality over H. J. Baumgartner (Rep.) of 2,374. Two years ago Rose's plurality was 475.

CUBANS ARE FOREIGNERS.

Petition From Islanders Should Come Through State Department. Washington, April 4.—In the United States Senate today, Mr. Stewart presented a petition from citizens of Cuba, representing \$150,000,000 of capital, praying Congress to enact a law prohibiting the use of the United States military power to prevent the landing of a competing cable from the United States.

Mr. Morgan called attention to a rule of the Senate which provides that no petition should be received from citizens of a foreign country except through the state department. He did not object to the petition because he believed that Cuba held such a relation to the United States that it could be received only by Congress.

Mr. Spooner said the rule was founded in good sense, and he believed the petition ought to come through the state department.

The chair held that the petition could be received if objection were made. Mr. Stewart urged that the petition did not come within the rule. The Cubans having no other alternative appealed to Congress.

The petition finally was read and ordered printed.

River Steamer Sunk.

Helm, Ind., April 4.—The steamer Henry M. Stanley struck a tow boat at 2:30 this morning and went to the bottom. No lives were lost.

Col. Bryan in Oregon.

Portland, Ore., April 4.—Col. W. J. Bryan arrived from Puget Sound today and took a special train for Yamhill and Washington counties where he will make several speeches today. He will return to Portland and will deliver an address at the exposition building.

Discussing Hawaiian Bill.

Washington, April 4.—Without preliminary business the House today resumed the consideration of the bill to establish a territorial government in Hawaii. Mr. McDowell (O.) a member

CONFERENCE 50 YEARS AGO!

Illustrated, with half tones of the leading men of the Church

AS THEY LOOKED 50 YEARS AGO.

This will be one of the specially interesting features of the Big

CONFERENCE EDITION

of the "News" to be issued on

SATURDAY NEXT.

Advertisers are requested to note that during Conference all country subscribers of the "News" are given the paper FREE.

KILLING A BEEF.

He carried the word to Springville, where the sheriff, Mr. Beeler happened to be that night. The sheriff, with a posse started in pursuit that night. The thieves came on to St. Johns and were here at dark that same night, but went about three miles north of St. Johns and camped.

Sheriff Beeler and posse came upon them early on the morning of the 27th, and as soon as they saw the sheriff and posse, began firing at them. They kept up a running fight twelve or fifteen miles, when the horses of some of the posse gave out and they returned. In the meantime the sheriff had left word for his deputy to raise another posse to follow him, leaving four miles north of this place for the posse to follow their tracks.

When the sheriff and posse returned, the boys who followed missed them, but kept on, struck the trail of the thieves and followed it, thinking all the time that the sheriff was ahead or to the right of them.

PARTY SEPARATED. When about twenty miles from St. Johns the party divided, four going to the north for the purpose of heading off the thieves from a ranch to which they were apparently steering; the other four, Francisco Ruiz, Antonio Jarimillo, Frank Lesueur and Andrew A. Gibbons, followed the trail. They saw a sheep herder, who told them that the thieves, five in number, had passed there about half an hour before, and showed the way they had gone. When about 25 miles from here Ruiz and Jarimillo's horses gave out, so they were compelled to return to the sheep-camp and stay for the night. Gibbons and Lesueur stayed on the trail. Jarimillo and Ruiz tried to persuade Gibbons and Lesueur to return with them. Gibbons was inclined to do so, but Lesueur declined and said: "Let us go on; the sheriff is ahead and will need our help."

Then these two proceeded on the trail, and Ruiz and Jarimillo turned off. It was then between 4 and 5 o'clock p. m., Tuesday, March 27th, 1900. They had not gone more than five or six hundred yards from where they separated till they came to a rocky bluff covered with cedars, brush and large boulders.

The thieves were in hiding on the top of the hill. Lesueur having the best horse was about fifty yards ahead, and as the bluff was quite steep they were

The posse was not satisfied with murder, but in a spirit of vandalism mutilated in a most shocking manner the bodies of their victims.

On Monday, March 26, the mail driver, carrying mail from St. Johns to Springville, saw five men

riding slowly up a trail, the only one in that vicinity that went on top of the hill. When within about fifteen feet of the posse, without a word of warning, the desperadoes opened fire on the two unprotected, innocent boys. Lesueur was apparently

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MUTILATING THEIR BODIES. The posse took their horses, saddles and guns, rifled their pockets and stole their hats. Their bodies lay there from the time they were killed until the next day about noon, when they were found by a posse under William O. Gibbons, a brother of the deceased, remained with the bodies, while the others returned to town to bring the sad news. As soon as possible after receiving the word, a telegram to the officers in New Mexico and to friends of the deceased. Word was also sent to Pres. Dillard at Springville and Pres. Gibbons on the mountain.

Yesterday at 2 o'clock p. m. the funeral services were held here in the assembly hall. The speakers were Andrew C. Peterson, Andrew V. Gibbons, Bishop C. P. Anderson, Pres. Elijah N. Freeman and Pres. David K. Uddall, who all referred, in words of praise and commendation, to the bravery and martyr's sterling qualities of the two young men. They died as martyrs to the peace and safety of the citizens of this county, and their names will be held in sacred remembrance by all good people. Most of their friends were here from Springville to attend the funeral, and all classes of citizens here were in attendance to show their respect for the departed and their sorrowing friends, their vehicles following the remains to the cemetery.

RENDEZVOUS FOR ROBBERS.

In their silent graves, on the hill, in our quiet little grave yard now lay the mortal bodies of two of Zion's noble, worthy sons, whose blood has drenched Arizona's sandy soil for peace, order and good government! How long shall these things continue? How long will the Black River remain a rendezvous for thieves, robbers, cut-throats and murderers? Must the good citizens of these settlements continue to suffer at the hand of this lawless element? Could not the officers of this fair Territory do something to break up this infamous roost?

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Sheriff Beeler is now on the trail of the murderers with a posse of our good and determined citizens, but the murderers, having thirty-six hours the start, it is probable they will not be overtaken.

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MURDER OF TWO NORMAN BOYS.

One a Native of Utah and the Other Well Known Here—They are Andrew A. Gibbons and Frank Lesueur—Shot Down by a Gang of Arizona Robbers—Affair Causes Deep Gloom.

Special Correspondence. St. Johns, Ariz., March 26.—Again the good people here are in mourning. Two of our respected young citizens have been brutally murdered.

At a desolate place about twenty or twenty-five miles northeast of St. Johns, while trailing a band of thieves and ruffians, Frank Lesueur and Andrew A. Gibbons were shot to death by a band of as vile men as walk the earth.

The fiends were not satisfied with murder, but in a spirit of vandalism mutilated in a most shocking manner the bodies of their victims.

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THE QUAY CASE

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Attempt Was Made to Postpone it Till Tuesday Next.

HAD AN HOUR'S DEBATE.

Matter Was Then Put Off Until Tomorrow, and Alaska Bill Was Taken Up.

Washington, April 4.—There was a lively time in the Senate today over the Quay case, it being a continuation of the contest inaugurated last evening. At the conclusion of the morning business, the chair laid before the Senate the resolution declaring that Hon. M. S. Quay was not entitled to a seat in the Senate from Pennsylvania.

That the question might be brought to a direct issue, Mr. Chandler, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, moved to strike out the word "not" in the resolution.

Speaking to this motion, Mr. Burrows said he would be glad to proceed with the case today, but a very important matter involving the seat of a senator was under consideration by the committee on privileges and elections, and the attendance in the committee room of the members was necessary.

The people shouted "Traitor," but he succeeded in reaching the house. Finally the people again sang "God Save the Queen," when he raised his hat amid the cheers, and was heard to say: "Reserve your judgment."

GEN. GATACRE AWAKE.

Springfield, O. F. S. Tuesday, April 3.—Owing to information that the Boers are hovering in the neighborhood of the railroad running from this place to Bloomington, Gen. Gatacre is prepared to take vigorous measures to cope with any attempt to cut off Lord Roberts' line of communication at that point.

150 MASKED MEN DID IT.

Blew Up Two Bridges and Burned Two Toll Houses in Indiana.

Logansport, Ind., April 4.—One hundred and fifty masked men blew up two bridges and burned two toll houses on the Logansport and Burlington pike at midnight. The road is the only pike in the county, and the toll has been directed against high toll and the alleged bad condition of the pike.

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TRIAL OF WATER CASE.

The cases against James Dixon, Jens Jensen and Hans Anderson, charged with befouling the waters of Parley's canon, is being tried before Judge Timmony this afternoon.

BABY LAIN TO REST.

Funeral of Little Doris Hilton This Afternoon in the Twentieth Ward.

Funeral services over the remains of Chief Hilton's little daughter who was buried to death Monday, were held at the Twentieth ward meeting house this afternoon at 3 o'clock. A large number of friends, including a number of the officers, were in attendance and manifested their great sympathy for the bereaved ones. The floral offerings were beautiful and profuse. Interment was in the city cemetery.

ELECTION AFTERMATH.

Judge King's plurality, which now reaches 4,074, will, in the opinion of Chairman Walton, of the Republican State committee, be considerably reduced when further returns are received from Carbon, Garfield, Kane and Towa counties as these are, he claims, in the Republican column under normal conditions. The Democrats, however, expect to recoup these losses from San Juan county.

CONGRESSMAN-ELECT KING, AND Mr. Backman, his private secretary, expect to depart for Washington early next week, probably Monday, though that has not yet been definitely determined upon.

JUDGE KING'S PLURALITY IN SALT LAKE CITY WILL BE NEARLY 1,000.

Judge King delivered a political speech before the Women's Democratic club this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Milano Pratt, No. 360 south State street.

HON. FRANKLIN S. RICHARDS, trustee under the will of late Doctor William H. Groves, whose demise occurred in 1895, in this city, has made a place of property on East Temple street which belonged to the estate. The place is occupied by the Utah Liquor company and brought the sum of \$21,000. The estate is computed to be worth about \$75,000, all of which was given by Dr. Groves to the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints to be used for the purpose of founding in this city a hospital to be known as "The Dr. William H. Groves Latter-day Saints hospital." Mr. Richards said today: "We have no plans for the immediate erection of the hospital for the reason that not all the property has been sold and converted into cash. Of course, this sale is one step towards the establishment of the institution agreeable with the provisions of the will of Doctor Groves, and as soon as practicable his wishes shall be carried out."

QUEEN HANDS OUT REPLY AT DUBLIN

Response of Her Majesty to the Address of Welcome.

First Time in Thirty-nine Years—Day is Bright, and Huge Crowd Goodnatured.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] Dublin, April 4, 11:45 a. m.—Queen Victoria landed in Ireland this morning for the first time in thirty-nine years. The disembarkation from the royal yacht was accomplished at 11:30. The commander of the forces in Ireland, the duke of Connaught, the lord lieutenant, Earl Cadogan, and their staffs greeted her majesty, and the ride from Kingstown to Dublin commenced in splendid weather and before huge and good natured crowds.

At the entrance to the city she received an address of welcome, and handed the lord mayor the following reply: "I thank you heartily for the loyal welcome and good wishes which you have tendered me on behalf of yourself and your fellow citizens on my arrival in the ancient capital of my Irish dominions. I name to this fair country to seek a change and rest, and to re-visit scenes which recall to my mind the warm welcome given to both myself and my beloved husband. I am deeply gratified that I have been able at this time to see again the motherland of those brave sons who have recently distinguished themselves in the defense of my crown and empire with cheerful valor and as conspicuous now as ever in their glorious past. I pray that the Almighty God may ever guide and direct you in the high functions which you exercise for the benefit of your fellow citizens."

The queen appeared to be much affected by the warmth of her welcome. Mr. Burke, a son of the former city sword bearer, took the place of Mr. James Egan, the sword bearer, who had refused to officiate, but the lord mayor himself handed the sword and keys to her majesty, who touched them.

The ceremonies at the city gate were most picturesque. London's jubilee mayor, Sir George Fausset-Phillips, said the ceremonies were the finest he had ever seen. Far surpassing those of the great jubilee. In reply to the address of welcome of the town commissioners of Kingstown the queen landed the following to the chairman: "I thank you for your loyal and dutiful address and for the warm welcome I receive with you have greeted me. On setting foot again on Irish soil I received with heartfelt satisfaction your assurances of devotion and affection towards me. I am looking forward with much pleasure to my visit to this part of my dominion and I pray may God bless Ireland's welfare and prosperity."

As this written reply was handed to the chairman her majesty said: "I am very pleased to find myself in Ireland again."

GREAT FIRE IN KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, April 4.—The mammoth and superb auditorium in which the Democratic convention was to have been held July 4, was burned to the ground by fire that started at 1:10 p. m. Within a few minutes after the fire caught, the whole structure, taking in half of a block each way on Thirteenth and Central streets, was a mass of flames, and twenty minutes after the first alarm was turned in the mammoth roof fell with a crash, throwing showers of burning embers in every direction.

The fire started over the furnace room in the rear of the building. Before the first alarm had arrived the fire was beyond control. Within twenty minutes every engine in the city was at the scene, but the work of the firemen proved of no avail, and efforts were directed to saving the surrounding property.

At 1:30 p. m. the fire jumped two ways, attacking a half block of three story residences in the rear of the hall on Twelfth street and across Central street, where it first caught the Second Presbyterian church, one of the finest edifices in the city, and then the Lathrop public school, which was partially destroyed by a tornado in 1888. The residences on Twelfth street, together with the church and school are a total loss.

At 2:25 p. m. the fire was pronounced under control, the flames having been confined to three or four small residences outside the hall, church, school and Twelfth street row. The total loss is roughly estimated at from \$250,000 to \$350,000, with insurance about half the loss.

Convention hall is well insured, and will be rebuilt in time for use for the Democratic convention. Fifteen minutes after the hall was pronounced under control, through whose efforts the structure was built, began collecting funds to begin rebuilding.

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HEAD CRUSHED BETWEEN CARS.

Lee Parker, R. G. W. Switchman, Killed at Ogden Today.

Accident at 2:30 a. m. and Death at 8:17 a. m.—Leaves Wife, Four Children, and Other Relatives.

[SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."] Ogden, Utah, April 3.—A fatal railroad accident occurred this morning at 2:30 o'clock in the Union depot yards in which Lee Parker, a 140 Grand Western employe, lost his life.

The R. G. W. was doing some switching, also the Union Pacific. A coach was being cut off from the R. G. W. train, to be attached to the Union Pacific No. 2, and Mr. Parker was working the two coaches, putting loose the one to be attached to the Union Pacific train, when unexpectedly the U. P. engine backed up with several cars against the car that was being cut loose, and by some means Mr. Parker's head was caught in between the platforms of the coaches, and crushed quite badly.