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INVESTMENT TO THE DESERET NEWS.

By Telegraph.

For WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line

Paris Capitulated!

Terms secured by Bismarck!

Bourbaki in a fix!

Bombardment ceased several days ago!

The Emute in Paris!

Number of French Prisoners in Germany!

Important General News!

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

Without disposing of the income tax bill, Hooper, chairman of the committee on ways and means, arising to a question of order, and privilege, offered a resolution that the Senate bill to repeal the income tax be returned to that body with the respectful suggestion on the part of the House that section seven of article one of the Constitution vests in the House of Representatives the sole power to originate such measure. The article of the Constitution was read, which requires that all bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House. Randall suggested that the provision did not meet this case as the Senate bill was not a bill to raise revenue, but to repeal a tax to raise revenue. The House refused to order the bill and on the motion of the speaker, the House took a recess until 7.30 in the evening. The evening session and the session to-morrow will be occupied in debate only.

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to what they suppose to be the desire of the Administration. It is known here, however, that Pleasanton, in his opposition to this unequal law, is acting after a full consultation with the President. He expressed himself as unconditionally in favor of the repeal, and supports the Commissioner in the course he has taken as the net revenue, which will be derived from the tax, if it is continued. Pleasanton is still of the opinion that the expense of the collection of it will nearly equal the amount obtained.

A complimentary banquet to Forney of the Press, on retiring from Washington journalism, took place to-night and was attended by about thirty-six journalists, representing all shades of politics and the newspapers of all portions of the country.

The House met for general debate and speeches were made by Mr. Cox in favor of a revenue reform, and by Mayhew in condemnation of the federal interference at elections.

The Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Commodore W. R. Taylor, to be Rear Admiral; Capt. Napoleon to be Colonel; Commodore James E. Callaway to be Secretary of the Territory of Montana; Jos. C. Clements as Secretary of Washington Territory; R. Amy, Indian agent for New Mexico, and B. Herman receiver of public moneys at Roseburg, Oregon.

The case of representative Butler, of Tennessee, was called on to-day in the Criminal Court on an indictment for forgery. There are six counts in the indictment. He waived the arraignment and pleaded not guilty. After the examination of a number of witnesses, the Court said there was not the slightest foundation for a prosecution, and the jury gave a verdict of "Not Guilty."

NEW YORK.

Explosion.—Two fire and bomb—Alabama quest on Arraigned—Postal notice—Paris capitulated on the 27th—Indictment—Account of the riot in Paris.

New York, 28.—A Paris correspondent gives the following further details of the bloody outbreak of the Republican mob and the attack made on the Hotel de Ville: "About noon of Jan. 2nd, about two hundred of the most desperate and villainous-looking rascals in the city, including a large number of soldiers and the 101st Battalion of the national guard, marched in a body to the place in front of the Hotel de Ville, uttering revolutionary cries and calling upon the citizens to arm. Never, during the present troubles, has a crowd been seen bringing so vividly to mind the horrors of the French revolution. They occupied the Place over an hour, without any opposition, singing, shouting and yelling. In the meantime a small guard of Mobiles and Bretons were drawn up in front of the Hotel de Ville, who stood their ground, avoiding any collision with the mob by all the means in their power. After the assault on the barricade command advanced in front of the men on account of a somewhat more threatening demonstration by the crowd, and was fired upon and he fell severely wounded in the head and arms. Immediately on seeing their officer fall, the Mobiles fired on the crowd, creating a terrible panic. Unfortunately a number of persons who had gathered as lookers-on, encouraged by the length of time which had elapsed without violence, were drawn up in front of the Hotel de Ville and received the shots of the Mobiles. The crowd fled in all directions. Fifty of their number were left on the ground. It was afterwards ascertained that five were killed, including the woman who had been shot, and eighteen wounded, more or less severely, besides several others slightly hurt. At the same moment that the Mobiles fired, a number of men were charged from the windows of the houses on the east side of the Place occupied by the rioters. Three or four Mobiles fell from the fire, which was badly directed. The circumstances above the status of Henri Quatre were completely riddled with bullets. After several rounds were fired, the Mobiles withdrew from the building and a large force of national guards came up, at double quick time from Rue Rivoli, with Gen. Vinet at their head. As they approached the Hotel de Ville the rioters left the house and fled before them, the guards allowing them to escape without shooting or arresting them. It is said that Florentin was prominent among the rioters in the last attack before the firing began, but was not seen again afterwards."

The tug-boat Phoenix, towing the ship Hudson up the Bay, today exploded her boiler, killing the fireman and badly scalding the captain, engineer, pilot and one deck hand and sinking immediately.

Paris capitulated on the 27th. The terms were the surrender of the city and the summing of the national assembly.

The New York Post Office authorizes and requires the publication of the following notice: The steamship City of London will sail on Monday afternoon for Liverpool and Queenstown, and will be the first mail steamer for Europe. The mail will close at the New York Post Office on Monday at two o'clock.

ALBANY, 27.—The grand jury, to-day, indicted John J. Filkins for robbery in the first degree.

Filkins was arraigned to-day on the charge of robbery and pleaded not guilty. He was committed to the County Jail, and the District Attorney to fix a day for trial.

NEW YORK.—A Washington special to the Evening Post says: "Your correspondent is now enabled, not only to report the truth of the dispatch of Tuesday, that the question is settled that the Alabama claims had been repudiated, but to say, without violating any confidence, that the matter in question was the subject of careful consideration at a recent Cabinet meeting, and that, at the instance of the Secretary of State, was brought before the committee on foreign relations at a meeting held by them last Tuesday. The subject was introduced by a prominent Republican Senator, who is a member of that committee. For some unexplained reason there is a strong feeling and disposition on the part of the Administration to settle this long-pending controversy with Great Britain, and the latter has made known her readiness to do so by a compromise, before any bill should pass Congress authorizing the Government to audit and purchase the claims arising out of the capture of the Alabama. While the Administration is anxious to settle this matter with Great Britain, by a treaty, even more than by a bill, the House is made to postpone bill, pending the demand with a cry 'to Berlin.' The Post, to-day, announces that the marriage of the Princess Louise with the Marquis of Lome is fixed for the 21st of March.

The Telegraph says the bombardment of Paris continues slowly and that the shells have fallen near the church of Notre Dame. The total losses of the Germans in the three days' sortie were only 2,000. The German batteries, except three on the southern and southern side of Paris, throw shells into the city, and fires are occasionally kindled there.

The number of French prisoners in Germany on the 1st of January were 11,000 officers and 833,856 men.

The ladies of Munich have resolved to present a laurel wreath to Emperor William and to erect a statue to Gen. Moltke.

The Times, to-day, editorially says that the rumors respecting the capitulation of Paris are conflicting. The only positive news seems to be that negotiations are in progress. Paris consents to parity and is therefore ready to capitulate.

A correspondent of the Times writes from Paris that there will certainly be one more sortie, and probably more. It will require a firm hand to prevent the enactment of terrible tragedies, for Paris loathes the word "surrender," to which it must be forced by its thousands of hungry mouths.

General Faidherbe is at Dunkirk, making preparations for the defence of the town. The French have destroyed the bridge near the town of Laroche, capturing thereby a few prisoners.

Sable, twenty-seven miles W. S. W. of Lonsann, has been occupied by two thousand Germans, with artillery and cavalry.

Bourbaki's loss, in his attack on Von Werder's army, was fully ten thousand. There is great suffering among the French and their sick and wounded have been abandoned by the retreating army. The remainder of Mantuffel's army have interrupted communication in Bourbaki's rear, and now occupy St. Vierge and the Monchard Junction.

An official dispatch from Versailles, on Friday, says that Favre returned yesterday to Paris. He will come to Versailles to-day, accompanied by a military officer, for the purpose of settling the terms of capitulation. There has been no firing on either side since the midnight of Thursday.

It is positively known that Bismarck is endeavoring to treat for peace on the basis of the cessation of Alsace and a portion of Lorraine to Germany. If Favre accepts the peace, the Emperor will recognize the Republic. The Imperialists are willing to accept these conditions.

Favre was in conference with Bismarck at night, and Bismarck relieved his point. The capitulation involves peace and the cessation of Alsace and Lorraine and part of the fleet; a money indemnity to be guaranteed by municipalities; a portion of the German army to return home, and the war to cease. It is necessary that some territory be retained to secure the fulfillment of the contract. The Germans are to be sent home and the German army is to enter Paris. The Emperor will return immediately to Berlin.

London, 27, 3.30 a. m.—A dispatch from Brussels says the Germans before Manbeuge and that its bombardment is expected. The citizens are preparing to defend the place. The Siege of Launich has been raised. The Prussians are concentrating at St. Quentin and Amiens; they have also re-appeared before Cambrai, and have occupied Marguion. The French shot down a party of Uhlans and captured the godson of the Empress Augusta. They refused to exchange him for a French prisoner and have confined him in the hospital at Cambrai, exposed to the bombardment.

The following particulars have been received of the first visit of Favre to the German headquarters at Versailles: It appeared that Favre arrived at Versailles on the 23rd in Bismarck's carriage which had been sent to the Prussian outposts for him. He was much fatigued, but drove, at once to the Chancellery office, where, after a long interview, he took dinner with Bismarck. The latter held a conference with the Emperor until eleven o'clock the same night.

FRANCE.

Negotiations.

VERSAILES, 27.—The negotiations in reference to the surrender of Paris are now so advanced that the articles of capitulation are expected to be signed in the course of the day.

AUSTRIA.

Sympathy for the French.

VIENNA, 27.—The intelligence of the intended capitulation of Paris was received here to-day, and although the news was anticipated, the feeling of the populace, on the receipt of the news, was intense. The people rejoiced at the approach of the close of the war, but express a feeling of sympathy for the French.

ITALY.

Removal of the capital to Rome.

FLORENCE, 26.—The Italian Senate have adopted measures providing for the removal of the capital from Florence to Rome on the 13th of June. The Senate also, by further resolution, declared with confidence that an engagement had been entered into by the ministry concerning guarantees for the indebtedness of the people and the liberty of the Church.

PRUSSIA.

Bourbaki in a fix—Prisoners on route.

BERLIN, 25.—The army of General Mantuffel is crossing the Dulo, in the rear of Bourbaki, who is being driven into a dangerous position; and it is certain that he will either capitulate or escape into Switzerland.

SAARBRUCK, 25.—Several trains with French prisoners from St. Quentin called at the station to-day, yesterday, on their way to the interior. Some of them were wounded; all were haggard in the extreme, and many are suffering from hunger. Yesterday under twenty and men and women were in the conveyance, and some were in a sinking condition and excited a feeling of sympathy in the hearts of the German people.

The most conspicuous of the arrivals, arrived. Wounded Prussians and Bavarians have also arrived here. Long trains of provisions are passing on route. It is supposed they are intended for the relief of Paris in the capitulation. A heavy snow storm prevails here.

TO WASH YOUR CLOTHES

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The most economical soap in the world, it saves women's work, and gives three times as much as yellow soap. It dissolves white clothes, brightens colors and does no injury. It is also an excellent toilet soap. It is pure white.

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