

RUSSIANS ARE BADLY DEFEATED.

Field Marshal Oyama Estimates Their Casualties at Thirty Thousand.

FALLEN BACK TWENTY MILES.

Reports from the Field Indicate Three Japanese Armies Have Made Distinct Gains.

THE FIGHTING STILL CONTINUES.

Center Column Has Succeeded in Occupying Shabopu, Russian Main Body Falling Back.

Tokio, Oct. 15, 7 p. m.—Field Marshal Oyama estimates the Russian casualties at 30,000. The fighting continues but the Russians are retreating.

KUROPATKIN FALLS BACK.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 15, 1:15 p. m.—Unofficial reports from the battlefield are more encouraging this morning.

According to private advices, dated Mukden at 6:30 last night, Gen. Kuropatkin checked the Japanese advance yesterday at the Shabke river.

JAPANESE MAKE GAINS.

Tokio, Oct. 15 (noon).—Heavy fighting continued yesterday. The reports from the field last night indicate that all three Japanese armies made distinct gains.

JAPANESE RESISTANCE OVERCOME.

Mukden, Oct. 14, Friday. (Delayed in transmission).—News has been received here to the effect that one of the Russian eastern columns has overcome the Japanese resistance at the Shabke river.

THE RIGHT COLUMN HAS RECEIVED REINFORCEMENTS.

The right column having received reinforcements during the night of Oct. 12, holds its position against a superior force of the enemy.

THE LEFT COLUMN TOOK POSSESSION OF MANCHU MOUNTAIN.

The left column took possession of Manchu mountain and a line along the northern heights. On the morning of Oct. 14 the center column seized the heights of the northern heights.

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NEW YORK SUGAR MEN EN ROUTE.

Mr. Havemeyer Will Spend Monday Next in Salt Lake City.

IS VISITING IDAHO TODAY.

Party Rides Through Beet Fields on Egin Bench This Morning With Messrs. Cutler and Eccles.

(Special to the "News.") Idaho Falls, Oct. 15.—H. O. Havemeyer president of the American Sugar Refining company and his party, with General Manager Cutler of the Utah and Idaho Sugar companies and David Eccles, president of the Amalgamated Sugar company, arrived here at 12:50 p. m. today.

The party spent the morning in the beet fields on Egin bench, pausing at Parker to inspect the new pumping station of the Fremont County Sugar company.

At 10 o'clock tomorrow they will be at Garland, where they will spend four hours visiting the factory and the beet fields.

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R. G. PASSENGER TRAIN DITCHED.

East Bound Train No. 6. From Salt Lake to Denver Smashes Into Freight.

EIGHT ARE SAID TO BE HURT.

Two of Whom May Die as the Result of the Bad Wreck This Morning.

(Special to the "News.") Pueblo, Colo., Oct. 15.—Eastbound California limited passenger train No. 6, and a westbound freight train No. 6, collided head-on shortly after 6 o'clock this morning.

The scene of the wreck was a large cut between Dome and Beaver Creek, where the Santa Fe and Rio Grande tracks run parallel of each other.

Both engines were piled in a heap in a ditch, the baggage car was thrown to one side and one passenger car was picked up bodily and thrown across the Santa Fe tracks.

FIFTEEN INJURED.

Pueblo, Colo., Oct. 15.—Fifteen were injured, two of them perhaps fatally, in a head-on collision today between the eastbound California limited passenger train No. 6 and a westbound freight train No. 6.

The accident was due to the failure of the freight train, which was late, to take the siding at Portland, and allow the passenger train, which was running on schedule time, and had the right of way, to pass.

Both locomotives were completely wrecked, the baggage and express cars were overturned and piled up in a heap, the forward end of the freight car was smashed, and five freight cars, loaded with merchandise were demolished.

NEW HEADLIGHT.

Denver & Rio Grande Experiments With Novel Device.

The operating department of the Denver & Rio Grande last night placed on trial the latest invention in the way of a headlight, which will lessen the chances of collision on canyon curves.

The device consists of a headlight that is under the control of the engineer, who, on entering a cut or other place where the train is hidden from view can project a stream of light vertically towards the sky that can be seen like a pillar of fire above all obstructions.

The device is being tested on the line between Denver and Pueblo, and it is expected that it will be used to designate the class of train, white for passenger, red for freight and green for extra running without schedule.

FIREMAN'S ESCAPE.

Walter Blakemore Falls from Front End, Not Injured.

Walter Blakemore, a fireman in the employ of the Oregon Short Line, was brought into Salt Lake this morning from Pocatello, and was taken to St. Mark's hospital.

Upon examination, however, it was found that he was not badly hurt, and accordingly will return home tonight. He was bruised up by falling from the front of his engine, and had a wonderful escape from death.

He was fixing the headlight at the time of the accident.

NO SHOPS.

Outlook for North Salt Lake Is Not Very Good.

The "News" was accused of being a calamity howler three months ago when it said that there would be no big shops erected by the Oregon Short Line at North Salt Lake.

This morning the Tribune fell into line, and stated what was told months ago, that no shop plant was to go up, simply a residence and other necessary division buildings.

The Rio Grande Western also is not building any extensive shops, as agreed upon at the time of the granting of the franchise. Instead the forces are being reduced right along.

Several of the old-time employees, including N. D. Corser, Mr. Simpson, Masterman and others have been let out. The whole coach plant has been abolished, and the paint shop forces greatly cut down.

SMALLPOX SCARE.

Students of L. D. S. University Afflicted—Buildings Famigated.

Moroni and Rebecca Gustafson, students of the Latter-day Saints' university, are down with smallpox. They were attacked during the week after having been in attendance at the institution.

Fearful lest some of the other students might take the university buildings were last night thoroughly fumigated, and it is not thought further trouble will result.

The Gustafsons live at 3334 South Ninth East, the girl being a fourth-year normal student and her brother a first-year normal.

Another case of smallpox is reported at the house of P. J. Galt, 302 First street, while the disease is said to be quite prevalent in Mill Creek.

NINE MORE VOTERS.

Nine persons were admitted to citizenship today by Judge Morse. Of that number six were from the town of Sued.

Bridgeport, Conn., won the woman's national golf championship today by defeating Mrs. E. F. Sanford, of the Essex Country club, Bridgeport, by 5-up and 3 to play.

SMYTHE DRAWS A COMPARISON.

Says Democrats Stand for Democratic Development and Republicans for Militarism.

WHAT UTAH NEEDS AND WANTS

Judge King at Farmington Tells What He Thinks of the New Party—Political News.

(Special to the "News.") Fairview, Utah, Oct. 14.—In his speech here tonight William E. Smythe, of California, spoke in part as follows:

"Utah is a state of enormous resources which are in the infancy of development. You have made wonderful history in the past half century and led the nation in the work of continental conquest between the Missouri river and the Pacific ocean, but the opportunity for individual or small community effort in irrigation and kindred lines is mostly exhausted.

What you want now is a class of public policies which will widen the foundation of your economic structure and enable new population to come in and build homes and industries which shall not only benefit them, but largely increase the prosperity of your merchants, manufacturers and workmen.

"Let me call your attention to the real differences between the two great parties. The Republicans, in their national platform, declare that they will use the public revenues to build a greater navy, but say not one word about the increased need of the navy. The Democrats do refer to the army and this is what their platform says:

"We favor the reduction of the army and of army expenditures to the point historically demonstrated to be safe and sufficient."

"Let me illustrate what this would mean as applied to conditions here. In our war against the independence of the Philippines we have spent \$50,000,000. The per capita cost to every man, woman and child in Utah, is \$3.85. This is a town of 4,000 people taxes to the amount of \$32,000, have been spent on the Philippine Islands, and we have little to show except graveyards."

"Now, the people of Spanish Fork are building city water works at a cost of nearly \$25,000. The people of Springville are building electric light works at a cost of \$32,000. In both instances it has required considerable effort to meet these needs and the people feel the burden. It is interesting to note that the amount of their contribution to the Philippine expedition would have supplied the waterworks at Spanish Fork and would have come within \$4,000 of meeting the cost of the electric plant at Springville."

"Is it not better for the people of Utah to vote for the Democratic policy of domestic development instead of the Republican policy of bigger armies and navies and increasing colonial expansion. I believe it is a grave injustice to the children of Utah for us to neglect the building of the west in our mad effort to rival European monarchies in the field of military empire and colonial exploitation."

"AMERICANS" SCORED.

Judge King Says a Third Party Is Not Needed in Utah.

Judge King, in his remarks at Farmington last night, took occasion to refer to the new party and to incidentally pay his respects to the men at the head of it. The meeting was held at the Farmington opera house and was attended by an enthusiastic crowd of people who cheered his caustic allusion to the "Americans" to the echo.

After discussing national issues Judge King turned his attention to the "Americans" and asked what need there was for such an organization. He said he deprecated the existence, saying that the people of Utah were not in need of such a party.

The speaker pleaded for peace and harmony and urged all to work together to prevent strife and thus further the interests of Utah and her splendid resources.

The other speakers were Hon. James H. Moyle, Democratic candidate for governor, Hon. C. S. Varian, candidate for the supreme bench, Hon. Z. L. Cobb of Texas, and Mr. Horne, all of whom were listened to with rapid attention.

STALKER, THE STALKER.

How He Might Have Been President Roosevelt's Successor.

The following is published in the Caldwell Tribune:

Editor Tribune: One William Hyde Stalker, a young spellbinder from Utah of very uncertain antecedents, is now stirring the state of Idaho with Senator Dubois in the interests of the American party of Utah.

Stalker claims to be the offspring of polygamous parents but, since discrediting them, he has become a Republican, and is now rendering his valuable services to the Democracy of Idaho, and later on will do the "American" stunt in Utah.

It is pretty hard for the ordinary mortal to keep track of these lightning political changes, unless he sticks a pin in them each time. It all depends on climatic conditions and state lines. It requires a man of Senator Dubois' colossal political acumen to successfully engineer an "American" Republican party in Utah and an "American" Democratic party in Idaho.

For some time Mrs. Popper has been a invalid, and for the past few weeks her condition continued to grow steadily worse until the end came when she passed peacefully away as one who had simply fallen into a sweet and refreshing sleep.

Mr. Baumgarten was greatly shocked at the sad news and immediately wired his brother Leo, now in St. Louis, of what had happened. The latter immediately left for New York, where the funeral will take place.

MRS. POPPER DEAD.

Former Salt Lake Woman Passes Away In New York City.

Mr. Joseph Baumgarten received a telegram last night from New York saying that his sister, Mrs. Charles Popper, wife of the former well known Salt Lake butcher, had died during the evening.

Mrs. Popper was 59 years of age and was married to Mr. Popper in this city in 1879. There are five children as a result of the union: all were born in Salt Lake. About 15 years ago the poppers moved to New York, which has since been their home.

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Three Artillerymen Killed, Eight Injured.

Boston, Oct. 13.—Three men of the Eighty-ninth regular coast artillery were killed and eight injured by the explosion of a mortar battery at Fort Banks, Wash., today. Three of the injured may die.

The dead are: Sergeant George Nevins, Private Kelley, Private Higgins.

The injured included Sergt. Foley and seven others. The accident occurred while the artillerymen were engaged in target practice.

KUROPATKIN HAS A NARROW ESCAPE.

Was Personally Directing Fight When Japanese Masked Battery Opened on Him.

COMPELLED TO SEEK SHELTER.

Shells Burst All Around Him and His Officers, Making Them Move in A Hurry.

BLOODIEST EPISODE OF FIGHT.

Under Cover of Darkness Russians Bayoneted Several Battalions Of Japanese.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 15.—According to special dispatches received here, Gen. Kuropatkin had a narrow escape during the fierce fighting of Wednesday night and Thursday for the possession of Temple hill and the Double Horned mountain east of the railroad. With his staff he was personally directing the fight at this point. Orderlies were constantly galloping up with reports from other parts of the field and carrying dispatches to and from the telephone and telegraph stations which were working behind the hills. This evidently attracted the attention of the Japanese, who cleverly unmasked some batteries, the shells from which burst all around the distinguished group, compelling Gen. Kuropatkin to shift his position hastily and seek shelter.

It is understood that Gen. Kuropatkin, before the battle commenced again, designed Lieut. Gen. Sakharoff and his Lieut. Gen. Bilibin to succeed him in the command in the event of his being disabled.

JAPANESE TAKE THE OFFENSIVE.

At the Russian front, Thursday, Oct. 13, by way of Mukden, Oct. 15.—The Japanese offensive began Tuesday along the whole line. The heaviest work was on the Russian extreme right, where the fighting for the possession of Hau and Tumin pass did not cease until midnight. The Russians succeeded in capturing the latter, though at fearful cost.

The position at Polissau still further toward the Taitse river held by the Tomsk regiment was furiously assaulted and the regiment lost heavily. The Tomsk regiment extricated itself from a seemingly hopeless position and succeeded in effecting its retirement. The Russians stuck to most of their positions heroically Tuesday except at the Schill river.

On the morning of Wednesday the Japanese renewed their attack, preparing the way for their infantry with an artillery bombardment. At noon the Russian right began falling back, but the attack upon the Russian center and left weakened perceptibly. The artillery fire slackened in the evening, but the fighting continued with intermission throughout the night. The Japanese today (Thursday), Oct. 13, renewed their attacks and the battle proceeded with varying success, but on the whole favorable to the Japanese as the Russians continued to give ground.

The Russian wounded are being sent north to Harbin.

RUSSIANS BAYONET JAPS.

Mukden, Oct. 15.—One of the bloodiest episodes of the desperate fighting between the Shabke river and Yentai during the last three days occurred at the village of Endotulla, west of the railroad and on the neighboring heights, east of the railroad. The Japanese had been driven out of those positions with terrible losses, but Oct. 13 they concentrated a seemingly hopeless position on the village that it became necessary for the Russians to withdraw. The same evening the Russian commander gave imperative orders to recapture Endotulla. The Zaraisk regiment, without firing a single shot, marched under cover of darkness and bayoneted several battalions of the Japanese, many of whom died as they slept. A few Japanese escaped and sought shelter in stacks of Chinese corn, but the Russians, in the frenzy of revenge rushed upon the survivors and literally tore up their bodies with bayonets. The Russians then rolled themselves in the Japanese blankets. The next morning the Japanese again shelled out the regiment, while their artillery came on at a run and secured a position east of the railroad. Again Gen. Kuropatkin ordered the Russians to retake the position, but the efforts of his troops were in vain. The Russians could not reach the Japanese trenches, so withdrawing the Japanese fired and only a few returned were companies had charged. The companies in some cases were commanded by sergeants after the officers had fallen. One officer, his face streaming with blood, limped up to a general, who was furious.

"Where is your company?" asked the general.

"This is all that is left of it," replied the officer. "It was like a slaughter house."

The artillery fight Wednesday was the fiercest of the war. The Japanese handled their guns superbly and chose splendid positions. Their guns seemed to have every range measured. They could concentrate the fire of 200 guns first on one place and then on another. Some of the Russian regiments were literally shot to pieces. The bombardment reached a climax at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, when the Japanese tried to envelop and break through the Russian left wing.

MORTAR BURSTS.

Three Artillerymen Killed, Eight Injured.

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The dead are: Sergeant George Nevins, Private Kelley, Private Higgins.

The injured included Sergt. Foley and seven others. The accident occurred while the artillerymen were engaged in target practice.

RUSSIAN LOSSES.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 15, 5:21 p. m.—The extent of the Russian losses is partially indicated by the correspondence of the Russo-Slovo, who telegraphs that Gen. Biderling's corps, holding the center of the right, lost almost an entire brigade of the Third division, including a third of its artillery brigade. (48 guns), the neighboring corps being too hard pressed to offer assistance.

Gen. Zarubaloff's corps suffered terribly before its retreat Oct. 10, his brigade of reserves arriving too late. Zarubaloff himself narrowly escaped a shell bursting inside a hut from whence the general had just emerged.

Gen. Mitshchenko, on the left, also suffered heavily. The fighting was at such close range that his gunners were moved down by the Japanese infantry fire. The Japanese positions which the Russians were trying to take were surrounded on three sides by wire entanglements which cost the Russians dear. The Japanese in some instances abandoned their khaki uniforms, donned gray overcoats and repeated to trick they have often employed during the war, especially in night attacks, of yelling out in Russian, when discovered "friends." This time they crept up to the Russian positions shouting "orders have been given to retreat," but were soon discovered.

A correspondent telegraphing from Mukden yesterday said there was a lull in the fighting and that the Russians east of the railroad were holding the line of the Shabke river.

Prices of the Japanese were not much affected by the news from the front. Government 4's dropped only one-eighth of a point.

The officials of the war office themselves seem to share in the general pessimism. The emperor, they say, has been reading reports but has not yet transmitted them.

The only thing the general staff is able to offer is the information contained in the Associated Press St. Petersburg dispatch of this morning, announcing that unofficial reports from the battlefield were more encouraging and that there had been no question that the Russians had fallen back 20 miles. The public, however, taught by long experience the meaning of official silence, refuses to interpret it as anything but a disaster.

The failure of the Russian newspaper correspondents at the front to send the results of yesterday's fighting is also taken to be confirmatory of the worst, as it was noticed invariably in the past that when a reverse overtakes the army the censor immediately shuts down, limiting the correspondents to incidents from which no idea is obtainable of the large scale of the results.

JAPANESE RESISTANCE OVERCOME.

Mukden, Oct. 14, Friday. (Delayed in transmission).—News has been received here to the effect that one of the Russian eastern columns has overcome the Japanese resistance at the Shabke river.

The Japanese have been driven back in flank and rear. One more effort, it is asserted, and the Japanese must retreat with heavy loss from the Shabke river or run the risk of being cut off from the army between the Shabke and Schill rivers and be annihilated. But, it is added, it must be a large number of movements are double edged and cut both ways. In any case the decisive moment appears to have arrived.

OYAMA'S REPORT.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The Japanese legation today received the following cablegram from the home government at Tokio:

Marshall Oyama reports engagement on Friday as follows:

"His imperial highness, Prince Kanin, is now fighting on the left bank of the Taitse river at a point seven miles east of Benshu. Our attack and advance are progressing satisfactorily throughout the whole front. Our left army captured ten more guns."

A second cablegram reads as follows:

"Marshall Oyama reports that throughout the entire front of all of our forces the enemy was driven back to the right bank of the Shai river, thus totally destroying the enemy's plan of attack. The casualties of the enemy are estimated at 20,000. The corpses which were buried by our men on Thursday exceeded 4,000. The result of a large number of rifles, ammunition, cars, etc., besides the guns already reported."

NEW KING OF SAXONY.

Dresden, Saxony, Oct. 15.—Prince John George, Prince Mathilda were at bedside of King George when he expired at Pillnitz early this morning. The new king, Frederick Augustus, eldest son of the deceased monarch, received the ministers and officers of the royal household later in the day and fixed the period of mourning at 24 weeks. The king was also occupied with many details of taking over the government and consulting in regard to the funeral arrangements and the mourning. The shutters are up at all the shop windows, flags are at half-mast and the bells are tolling.

Women's Board of Missions.

St. Louis, Oct. 15.—The second day's session of the Christian Women's board of missions, which group of meetings constitute the opening sessions of the International Mission convention of the Christian church, was held in the Music hall building. Delegates are constantly arriving, and it is estimated that the full attendance will not be reached before Monday. The boards meetings conclude today.

Meetings of the board of managers of the foreign Christian missionary society and the general board of the American Christian Missionary society, the parent body, were held today and the regular sessions of the societies will continue next week.

The board of missions' meeting today opened with devotional exercises which were presided over by Mrs. S. L. Wilson of Kansas. Mrs. T. W. Grafton of Indiana, then made a report of evangelization in the United States.

Military Surgeons' Congress.

St. Louis, Oct. 15.—At the final day's session of the International Congress of Military Surgeons today Detroit was selected as the meeting place for the next annual convention and Surgeon-General Walter Wyman of Washington, D. C., was selected president. Among the vice presidents named was Surgeon-General P. M. Riker, U. S. N.

A gold medal was presented to Lieut. Col. William Hill-Climo, of London, England, for the best paper read during the sessions on military surgery.

HOUSE-RENTERS LOOK FOR BARGAINS AS AGENT AS SHOPPERS.

If you can offer a bargain to a good tenant your offer will find many a reader.

"Help refused is hindrance sought and found," as in the case of the man who imagines that he can rent his house just as well