

tleman's ignorance of his subject is truly remarkable. Here it is:

"No law of any territorial legislature shall be made or enforced by which the governor or secretary of a Territory, or the members of any territorial Legislature are paid any compensation other than that provided by the laws of the United States." (U. S. Revised Statutes, Sec. 1855.)

Senator Roscoe Conkling of New York spoke forcibly against the measure and in favor of the amendment, concluding as follows:

"Mr. President, I can think of nothing more utterly destructive of the theory of representative government, whether in a Territory or anywhere else, than a provision of this sort. I repeat that the merits of the legislation into which we seek to coerce a territorial Legislature does not by any means redeem such a method as this. There may be instances in which it is defensible to do evil that good may come, but I submit it can never be defensible for the Congress of the United States to say to the Legislature of a State, if they had power by way of fundamental compact, as has been argued, or to the Legislature of a Territory as in this instance, do as we say or you forfeit your pay. I shall vote for the amendment of the Senator from Connecticut.

Mr. Edmunds attempted to speak again, but was objected to under a rule of the Senate. In order to evade it he moved to indefinitely postpone the bill, and after speaking withdrew his motion. He advanced nothing new but merely enlarged upon his former remarks.

Senator Sargent, in order to reply, renewed the motion. He refuted the statement that the Legislature of Utah had made no appropriations for these expenses, related the history of the working of this unjust provision, and said:

The only year this law was in operation the Legislature of Utah appropriated nearly the amount, refusing to appropriate the exact sum because they would not earn their pay by appropriating the full amount because they would not yield to it, and yet were disposed to obey as good citizens the laws of the United States. If they had appropriated a few hundred dollars more they could have drawn the amount from the Treasury which was appropriated to pay them and to pay their officers, but they declined to do so, acting upon a high sense of duty, I think, and a high sense of self-denial. For whatever may be said against that peculiar people in reprobation of their assumed religious idea in favor of polygamy, it cannot be denied that they are an honest and thrifty people. I wait for a denial of the fact that they are honest in their personal relations, and that they are industrious and that they are thrifty.

The Congress of the United States took away from the local officers, the Legislature, the power to administer their laws, a power given in every other Territory of the United States, and conferred that power upon United States officers who exercised the power so extravagantly that there have been two Marshals removed for the waste which they made of the funds of the United States. It is not strange that the Legislature of the Territory were unwilling to put their funds in the hands of such wasteful agents, so wasteful that the United States Government itself removed them on account of their waste and extravagance, to call their acts by the very mildest terms."

Senator H. M. Teller, of Colorado, followed, stating that he supposed it would not be popular to defend the people of Utah. But he proceeded to do so in a manly way, and when stating that the Territorial Legislature were not at liberty to appropriate money for their own salaries, he was interrupted by Senator G. F. Hoar, of Massachusetts, and Senator Edmunds, who each said they had never heard of a law prohibiting the Legislatures from paying themselves. Mr. Teller could not then quote the law, but referred to it correctly. We have given it above.

Mr. Windom again attempted to defeat Mr. Eaton's amendment, but it was finally agreed to, and the obnoxious interpolation was stricken out.

We have referred to this matter at some length, in order that the

injustice sought to be perpetrated towards Utah may be understood, and that the names of those who stand up for truth and justice and of those who range themselves on the side of oppression and special legislation may be known, and they be recognized in their true character. There is a day coming when all these facts and scraps of history will prove of very great value.

Local and Other Matters.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, MARCH 14.

Police Court.—Sam. Edgerley was fined \$10 yesterday for obtaining meals under false pretenses.

Third District Court.—People, etc., vs. E. W. Taylor *alias* Henry Davis. Defendant arraigned and pleads guilty. True name Henry Davis.

People, etc., vs. Barney Mowry. Trial by jury in progress.

Important Land Sale.—In another column appears a notice from Mayor Little of the proposed sale of certain lots in the western part of the city, that section known as the old adobe yard. The Sale takes place on Saturday the 22nd inst., on the premises. Great bargains will be offered, and those having means to spare can not do better than invest.

New Music.—D. O. Calder is continually receiving something new in the music line. The latest arrival is a collection of 100 old favorite songs, words and music for thirty cents! The Eclectic Album is a new work, containing 40 pages, with \$4.50 worth of music for 25 cents! "Let Me be Kindly Spoken Of," is a pretty song and chorus, which will become a favorite. Either can be had at Calder's, as well as all other popular musical novelties.

Spanish.—We are informed that a class for the study of Spanish is to be started by Mrs. Clara Cannon, at the residence in the 14th Ward. The lady is thoroughly acquainted with the language, and as great interest is being taken at the present time in the Mexican mission, she has been induced by friends to give lessons.

For the benefit of those who may desire to make themselves capable of future usefulness, we give this matter public notice, assuring those who may be inclined to the study, that an excellent opportunity is thus presented.

Emigration.—The *Millennial Star* of Feb. 24th has the following:

"It is probable that the first company of this year's emigration will leave Liverpool on the 19th of April. We have been advised, by letter from President John Taylor, to make arrangements to that end. The object in having a company leave so early, is that those who desire to arrive in Utah in time to have the whole summer before them to work in and prepare for their first winter may have the opportunity. For the benefit of those who will be unable to go in April, we may state that it is expected the second company will leave about the end of May, and the third toward the end of June, besides others later in the season. Not having yet made shipping arrangements, we are unable, at present, to state unqualifiedly that the first company will depart on the date mentioned. As soon as we are able to give information as to fares, etc., it will be published in the *Star*."

Temple Rock.—While making a brief visit to the Temple Block this afternoon, we saw a most beautiful specimen of the stone cutter's work which has just been completed. It consists of a semicircular block of white freestone, quarried in Sanpete County, measuring 7 feet 8 inches long, 3 feet 10 inches high, and 1 foot thick. On its face is an ellipse, emanating from which are rays of light, and enclosed in it are clasped hands—"the right hand of friendship." The design is very well executed and the workmanship is almost perfection. When placed in position this stone will form the arch of the main front window (there is a similar stone being cut for the main window on the west side); and over it will be placed the keystone, made of granite, bearing a scroll on which are engraved the words "I am Alpha and Omega."

The design and the execution reflect great credit upon both architect and workman, and a view of the production is well worth a visit.

Missionary Reports.—Elder B. F. Cummings Sen., writes from Council Bluffs of his labors in that vicinity. He is unable, on account of the great prejudice to do much public preaching, but in private conversation and visiting he is doing a good work, and has hopes of emigrating a number of Saints. The great mass of the people in that region have lost all faith in religion and either believe in spiritualism or are confirmed infidels.

Elder A. C. Brower, in a communication from Pepin, Wisconsin, gives a similar report of the apathy and indifference existing among the people in that locality. He has made many warm friends but has also to encounter much enmity and petty spite, especially from the professors of religion, who, to use our correspondent's own words, "do all in their power to make it warm for me." He is prepared for such treatment, however, realizing that never, from the beginning of the world, has one bearing the truth been well received or assisted in any way by those whose dispositions and deeds are evil.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, MARCH 15.

"Juvenile Instructor."—Number 6 of the above-named popular periodical is issued, and is, as usual, attractive and interesting, indeed, we think its progress and improvement will be noticed by every observer. It has a bright, neat appearance, typographically speaking, contains illustrations, music, and original and selected articles on a great variety of subjects.

Time Extended.—The city water master, realizing that many who expect to use the water have not yet filed their applications, has decided to give all such persons a few more days' grace, and respectfully urges those calculating to make use of the water for irrigating purposes, during the coming season, to immediately file their applications, as he is about prepared to distribute and allot the supply to those who have complied with the regulations.

Notice.—The following has been handed in for publication:

Wanted for the New Tabernacle, immediately, 12 good carpenters and six painters.

COMMITTEE.

We notice with pleasure the energy and determination of the building committee to crowd this structure to a completion. The people of this Stake can, if they choose, so aid and lighten the labor of these gentlemen that the handsome Tabernacle will be ready for use by the October Conference. So may it be.

Ogden Items.—The *Junction* contains slight particulars of an alleged robbery committed in that city. A young man came from Evanston having considerable money which he carried in a salt sack, he had not been in Ogden long before he commenced spending it profusely, visiting liquor saloons. Of course he became intoxicated, but when he finally got sober he discovered that his money was all gone. Suspicion rested immediately upon a companion of his revels, especially when it was found that he had also disappeared. Full developments are expected to-day.

A police officer in his patrol last evening discovered the presence of burning embers in close proximity to shavings, etc. near to a dwelling house. A slight breeze would have caused a serious fire, of which too many have occurred in Ogden lately.

Third District Court.—Proceedings in the Third District Court this morning, M. Schaeffer, Chief Justice, on the bench:

Edward Bell and Rasmus Lund were admitted to citizenship.

The People, etc., vs. Harry Davis; obtaining property by false pretenses. Defendant yesterday plead guilty to the indictment; it is ordered that he be imprisoned in the County Jail for the term of six months and pay a fine of \$2.00, in default of which he shall be imprisoned two additional days.

The People, etc., vs. Barney Mowry; grand larceny. Defendant having been yesterday found guilty by the jury, it is ordered that he be imprisoned in the County Jail for the term of one month and pay a fine of \$25, besides the cost of the suit, taxed at \$67.30. In default of such payment he shall suffer additional imprisonment, one day for each dollar adjudged.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, MARCH 17.

High Council.—The members of the High Council are requested to meet in the Council House, Salt Lake City, on Wednesday evening, the 19th inst., at 7 o'clock.

WM. W. TAYLOR, Clerk.

Postal.—Henry E. Miller has been appointed Postmaster at Lewiston, Tooele County, Utah.

Coming Home.—Hon. John Sharp and Hon. Wm. Jennings have started from New York for home. They will probably reach this city on Thursday evening.

Ore Shipment.—The noted and justly famous mine, the Emma of Little Cottonwood, has taken one step towards proving that its value is still great. The shipment of a body of ore was made on Saturday last.

Kanab.—Elmer W. Johnson, Secretary of the Mutual Improvement Associations of the Kanab Stake, writes us particulars of a joint meeting of the Y. M. and Y. L. M. I. Associations held in Kanab on the 3rd inst. After singing and prayer a brief lecture on Church history was delivered, and following it were songs, declamations, readings etc., all given in good style and to the satisfaction of the audience. Interesting remarks were made by some of the authorities present and the whole affair passed off in a very enjoyable manner.

Sunday School Celebration.—Thomas Cooper, secretary of the Sunday School at Monroe, Sevier County, sends us for publication some interesting items of its progress. It was organized on the 10th of March, 1872, with a total attendance of teachers and scholars of about 50. On the 10th of March, 1879, it celebrated the anniversary of its organization, with an attendance, about the average number, of over 200 members. An examination was held, comprising questions on matters of study in the school, music, recitations, etc. A number of prizes were distributed, and encouraging remarks were made by visitors present. In the afternoon a pleasant dance was participated in by the children, and the day closed with a party, in which the adult members of the school and invited guests spent the evening.

Fifth Ward Jubilee.—The exercises at the Fifth Ward Sunday School yesterday afternoon were of a very pleasing character, the jubilee, which consisted of recitations, recitations from Church publications, and songs and music published on the music cards, being given with much grace and vigor. Appropriate remarks were made by Elders George Goddard, Wm. Willes, Robert T. Burton and Wm. A. McMaster, all of whom expressed their pleasure at witnessing and listening to such a happy jubilee. Bro. F. Stanley who has been assistant superintendent of the school, but who has now left the Ward, was presented by Bishop Brimley, who made a touching speech, with a testimonial of the esteem in which his labors were held. The occasion will be long remembered by all present.

Cattle at Large.—The season has now arrived when the roaming of cattle at large through the streets is being complained of by the citizens. An incident is brought to our notice which occurred in one of the higher wards of this city, in which an honest unassuming citizen mildly remonstrated against the nuisance to the owner of some of the trespassing cattle, and only received for his pains considerable abuse, with the admonition to mind his own business. Nearly every one who expects to raise his own vegetables has now got his garden prepared and the seeds planted, and it is high time that the ordinance in relation to the keeping of stock out of the streets should be enforced. We respectfully suggest that due notice be given to parties who are violating the law by their carelessness in this matter, and after that, we hope to see all trespassers upon the rights of their neighbors dealt with as the law directs.

Police Business.—The notorious Sailor Jack was arrested on Saturday for being drunk and disturbing the peace.

A number of saloon keepers were caught selling liquor after the lawful hour on Saturday night. They will probably be dealt with this afternoon.

A Chinese woman and man are in the jail awaiting trial for adultery.

A soldier came up to one of the police officers this morning and wanted to sell his overcoat. The officer refused to buy, when the former became angry and began to curse and swear. He was locked up for the time being. Too much bad whiskey was the cause.

Grand Concert.—Arrangements have now been completed for the grand orchestral combination concert, which has been discussed and for which such thorough practicing has been done for some time past. It is fixed to take place in Independence Hall, on Monday evening, the 24th inst. From every indication, we do not hesitate to say this will be the finest concert ever given in this part of the country; its performers comprise 12 of the leading musicians of the city; Mrs. George Careless and Mr. B. B. Young in vocal selections; Professor Heimbürger and lady in choice piano selections; Professor Kennicott will preside at the organ, and other eminent musicians, as well as vocalists, will combine to make the performance one of great merit. Solos on various instruments will be given, and the musical selections rendered by the combined and practiced orchestra will be from the most famous and worthy productions of the greatest musical masters. The funds realized from the concert are to be expended in the establishment of a library of musical compositions and publications. The programme and further particulars will shortly be announced.

Educational Meeting.—The meeting of the Salt Lake Educational Association convened on Saturday at 1 o'clock. After the usual opening exercises an address on the duties of trustees was delivered by Mr. John W. Snell. His ideas of education were of a sound practical nature, and he favored the particular study of the main common branches before attention was paid to the higher studies and dead languages. He expressed the opinion that vocal music should be introduced in schools, and he believed in opening and closing the day's study with prayer, recommending also that religion be taught, as from that important branch a more perfect knowledge of all true science could be obtained.

Mr. George J. Taylor in a very interesting and amusing manner, explained his method of teaching drawing. He first gave a short history of the art, and its antiquity, showing that the alphabet itself originated in drawing. His illustrations of his mode of teaching the art were explained with much clearness, and his statements concerning the utility of the study were well received, and are becoming generally admitted.

A. C. Smyth delivered an explanation of his manner of teaching music, saying that it was necessary to give reasons for every step, and that he found pupils improved faster when they did most of the singing themselves. The necessity of music in our schools is every day becoming more widely conceded, and the remarks of the gentleman and his recognized ability as a teacher, commanded the strict attention of the audience.

Messrs. Wm. Fuller, John T. Caine and John W. Snell were appointed the committee to examine and report upon the merits or defects of the present school law.

The meeting adjourned for two weeks, to meet in the same place at the same hour.

The Crowning Discovery.

All the "phones" of this phonic age are surpassed in practical benefit to mankind, by the discovery of Allan's Anti-Fat, the great and only known remedy for obesity, or corpulency. It produces no weakness or other unpleasant or injurious effect, its action being simply confined to regulating digestion, and preventing an undue assimilation of the carbonaceous, or flesh-producing elements of the food. Sold by druggists.

Ellsworth, Kan., July 13th, 1878.

BOTANIC MEDICINE CO.,

Buffalo, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me seven pounds in one week. Yours respectfully,
d&w1 MRS. TAYLOR.

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. d&w