ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 170. FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV

THE JUNTA'S NOTE.

Grounds on which the Congressional Party Claims to be Recognized as Belligerents.

NO PROSPECT OF RECONCILING THE TWO FACTIONS.

Ricardo Trumbull has an Interview with Secretary Tracy.—The Condition in Chile.

By Telegraph to the News.

CHILEAN AFFAIRS.

The Insurgents Claim Recognition.—No Amnesty.—Trumbull.

LONDON, June 11.—The Junta's note is signed by the Congressional party's agents, Senor Waite and Senor Rios, and speaks of the recent insurrection on the part of "The Dictator" Balmaceda and claims for the provisional government belligerent rights on the ground of being an organization sufficiently capable of being responsible to Chileans and to foreigners and able to make itself respected by force of arms.

The note maintains that the Junta had been invested with regular constitutional authority by the congress elected in March, 1888. The note stated that the Congressional party has unilateral jurisdiction over four of the richest provinces of Chile, comprising, it is added, over half of the populated territory of the republic. The Congressional party also claims that it is growing in military power, and that its naval supremacy is indisputable, enabling it to maintain sovereignty over the territory, and to threaten the provinces still under "Dictator" Balmaceda.

In view of these facts, the provisional government says it is called upon to maintain international commercial and other relations, and therefore it claims that it is entitled better than the Balmaceda government to be considered a perfect international body.

The note adds that the probabilities of the future rest with the Congressional party, which "from the first represented law and right, and now also represent force."

President Balmaceda has sent the following dispatch to Reuter's Telegraph company from Santiago:

Surprise and disdain has been produced here by the false, calumnious statements which the rebels have published in the European press. The congress lately elected here works regularly. It has approved the acts of the government and invested it with extraordinary powers and authorized it to contract loans. Perfect order prevails. The army is well disciplined and is actuatedly great *esprit de corps*. The government cannot be compelled by rebels who are only able to prolong the struggle to enrich themselves out of the nitrate deposits. They have undertaken no expedition against the government. Events now are completely circumscribed. The war ships "Lynch" and "Condell" have gone northward. General Alejandro's division is here after twice crossing the snow-covered Andes. The discipline of the troops is demonstrable. British, French and German commerce will be prejudiced by the rebels remaining at Iquique.

AMNESTY NOT ACCEPTED.

IQUIQUE, June 11.—The amnesty proposed by the American minister at Santiago to Balmaceda was not accepted, but the latter offered to entertain a proposition for an arrangement, he indicating its basis. To this the Congressional party refuses to accede.

The armed transport "Imperial" with the heroic crews "Lynch" and "Condell" landed a party at Tocapilla yesterday, which cut the State telegraph lines and then re-embarked. To-day the ships made a demonstration at Antofagasta, similar to the demonstrations at Pisagua and Iquique. No damage is reported. The superior speed of these ships enables them to keep clear of the Congressionalists' vessels.

WHAT TRUMBULL SAYS.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Chilean legation today received a telegram from Chile saying that naval vessels in the Balmaceda government passed the insurgents' ships at Tarapaca. The "Condell," "Lynch" and "Imperial" have bombarded Pisagua and Iquique without managing to bring out the insurgent ships, which are in a very bad condition. All the veteran sailors have deserted and offered their services to the Balmaceda government.

Ricardo Trumbull, Congressionalist, who was arrested at San Francisco for violating the neutral laws, had a long interview with Secretary Tracy. The subject of which cannot be learned definitely, but there is reason to believe he made a strong plea for the insurgent cause and contended that the arms still on the "Itata" remain in custody of Admiral McCann until a judicial determination of their ownership can be obtained.

Trumbull said to a reporter that the condition of affairs in Chile was one of absolute despotism. He (Trumbull) had no hope of relief from the result of the presidential election which takes place in Chile this month. Balmaceda's adherents, he said, comprised all the office holders and the army, but the people as a whole were opposed to him. Nevertheless in the present state of affairs Balmaceda would find it an easy matter to dictate his successor.

PAPERS SUPPRESSED.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—A private letter from Santiago, Chile, states all the papers in Santiago have been suppressed except two government organs, while only one newspaper is allowed in Valparaiso.

De Lesseps Accused of Deceiving Investors.

PARIS, June 11.—De Lesseps has been accused of deceiving investors in the Panama canal. In consequence of the fact, stated absolutely in the Panama Canal Company have filed a complaint against the officers of the company. The prosecution of these officials will open with the plaints of De Lesseps, his son and two other directors, upon trial.

The action of prosecution is taken by virtue of the law relating to public robberies, and is based especially upon the last issue of Panama canal stocks.

De Lesseps being possessor of the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor, the case against him must be tried in the court of appeals, of which he is a member. The government ordered the prosecution as a formality, to prevent the statute of limitation operating before the judicial inquiry into the affairs of the Panama canal failure is finished.

A Strike Assuming an Alarming Aspect.

COLUMBUS, O., June 11.—The strike of the boilers at Ashtabula is assuming an alarming aspect. A number of the strikers desire to return to work at the newspapers' aside, but are prevented from doing this according to the sheriff, by about 200 retired strikers. A riot will follow an attempt to resume work and the sheriff thinks any posse he can raise will be inadequate. The question of calling out the militia is now being considered.

World's Fair Matters.

CHATTANOOGA, June 11.—At the Tri-State convention yesterday resolutions were adopted favoring a united exhibition by Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee at the Chicago World's Fair in 1893, and a permanent organization was effected to carry out the plan.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 11.—The conference committee of the legislature agreed today on an appropriation of $500,000 for the Illinois exhibit at the World's Fair. The house adopted the report, and the house will undoubtedly adopt it tomorrow.

BOSTON, June 11.—At the convention of the Boston and Associates of Furniture Manufacturers today, the report of the special committee on the World's Fair favoring an exhibit was accepted.

CHICAGO, June 11.—At a meeting of the board of control of the National World's fair commission today, a preamble and resolution were adopted setting forth that the board has learned that efforts are being made by individuals and by corporations, manifestly organized for this purpose, to obtain authoritative recognition so as to constitute such persons quasi-official agents for the advertisement of the exposition in foreign countries. Such efforts, it is declared, are clearly inspired by expected gain and have not for their primary and principal object the promotion and success of the exposition. The board therefore declares no person shall be permitted to exercise such functions with the approval of either the national commission, board of control or director general through the department of foreign affairs.

A Festive Welcome is Coming.

LONDON, June 11.—The municipal authorities of Tupes, in the vicinity of Sir William Gordon Cumming's seat, Altyre, has decided to extend a festive welcome to Sir William on Saturday, on the occasion of his return home with his bride.

Earthquakes in Verona.

ROME, June 11.—Earthquake shocks were felt in Verona today, especially at Tragnago and Bolla Calavena. Many houses collapsed. The inhabitants are panic stricken.

Cruelty to Children.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—E. P. Ahalne, superintendent of a Greek Russian church, and his assistant, "Princess" Lilja, were arrested this afternoon on a charge of cruelty to children.

Fourteen Esquimaux boys were rescued from the school. According to the statement of Joseph Lewin, a priest of the Russian church, the boys have been the victims of extreme neglect and cruelty. They were induced to come here from Alaska upon representations that they would become priests. But in reality they are slaves and brutally treated.

A Suggestion.

If you are troubled with rheumatism or a lame back, allow us to suggest that you try the following simple remedy: Take a piece of flannel the size of the two hands, saturate it with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on over the seat of pain. It will produce a pleasant sensation and relieve you of all pain. Many severe cases have been cured in this way. The Pain Balm can be obtained from Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 2

For pure Confectionery and Confectionery go to Arbogast's.

Dent Foot Well.

And yet you are not sick enough to consult a doctor, or you refrain from so doing for fear you will alarm your self and friends—we will tell you just what you need. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will lift you out of that uncertain, uncomfortable, dangerous condition, into a state of good health, confidence and cheerfulness. You've no idea how potent this peculiar medicine is in cases like you's. 1

GARFIELD BEACH.

Commencing May 10th, and until Further Notice,

Trains between Salt Lake and Garfield Beach will run as follows:

Leave Salt Lake.	Arrive Garfield.	Leave Garfield.	Arrive Salt Lake.
9:00 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	11:00 a.m.	12:45 p.m.
1:30 p.m.	3:15 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
3:30 p.m.	5:15 p.m.	4:30 p.m.	6:15 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
7:30 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	8:45 p.m.

Omnibus Band in attendance every day.

Fare for round trip, 50c.

D. E. BURLEY, Gen. Agent.

Buy your drugs of "The boys," Johnson, Pratt & Co., 40 Main st.

FINE French Candies at Arbogast's

Parties and Portraits

Supplied to any quantity at short notice. 109 Main street and 49 First South street.

U. S. CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM COMPANY.

Ice Cream for Family Trade.

Made only from Pure Alderney and Jersey Cream, thus giving every owning our own farm. Telephone 434. Order from your grocery or by Telephone. Prompt delivery. Office—Moore, Allen & Co. Drug Store.

Dr. Burrows, Oculist, Aurist and Optician. Spectacles fitted. Commercial Block.

Go to Arbogast for Boston Ice Cream Soda!

SOME PLAIN TALK.

Herr Rickert in the Lower House of the German Diet Makes a Motion.

CHANCELLOR VON CAPRIVI OPPOSES HIM.

He Suggests the Necessity of Recalling Bismarck to Direct the Government.

By Telegraph to the News.

RICKERT'S MOTION.

A Sensational Speech in the German Diet.

BERLIN, June 11.—In the lower House of the Diet today, Herr Rickert made a motion to the effect that the government should submit to the House a statement upon which Chancellor von Caprivi based his recent speech on the grain duties.

The chancellor opposed the motion, declaring that the negotiations were in progress since April, but, he added, they were confined to official quarters in order to avoid creating excitement. The government, he continued, was convinced there was no distress existing from the duties now levied on grain, but in consequence of the agitation which had been carried on in regard to this matter, the government had since consulted a number of private parties and naturally could not submit these reports to the house, and he, the chancellor, was not in a position to mention the names of persons who had been consulted.

Herr Rickert made a most sensational speech, during which he said it would be found "necessary to recall the man who alone was able to direct the government."

Herr Rickert charged the government with endeavoring to "silence those who were defending the interests of millions against the monopoly." The same speaker also said he discredited the government report about the grain available. The stocks, he said, were small and price would advance. Prussia, he continued, had already replaced bread as food for the people, and they (potatoes) were also placed at an exorbitant price. His party would not wait until the duties on grain were abolished.

Baron Eiffa-Wersberg insisted that the agricultural distress could not dispense with the duties. He stated that agrarian existed at all and called upon the Freisinnige party to "cease its demagogical proceedings."

Sir John Macdonald Buried.

KINGSTON, June 11.—The remains of the late Sir John Macdonald were laid in their last resting place today in Cataraqui cemetery.

During the morning twenty thousand persons in double lines passed the bier in the city hall. The procession was the grandest ever seen in Kingston. It was over two miles long and occupied over forty miles in passing a given point. Not less than forty thousand persons viewed the solemn advance. Stores were closed and draped in mourning. The parade was composed of Brethren of Masons, various benevolent and National societies with bands, yellow, the Fourth Regiment cavalry, Royal Military college cadets, Governor General and staff, officers of the Queen's troops and naval officers, the lieutenant governors and staffs of the provinces, the archbishops and bishops of the Catholic, Anglican officials and consuls and consuls of foreign powers, deputy ministers and officers of the militia.

The pallbearers were members of the cabinet and Hon. J. C. Aikins, ex-Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba. At the cemetery the burial service of the Church of England was conducted by Archdeacon Jones, which was followed by the benediction, and Canada's greatest man was to his last resting place.

Dyer Suspended.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—In the court today Assistant District Attorney Rinney called attention to the indictment charging ex-Treasurer Bardsley with embezzlement as a public officer and said, as Bardsley has already pleaded guilty on the seven-count bills involving the maximum punishment of fifty or sixty years it would be useless to take up this indictment. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty on that count.

The announcement of Bank Examiner Dyer's suspension was not a surprise to the authorities here. There was no, it is said, any particular knowledge affecting Dyer's integrity, but it was the dispute between Dyer and Comptroller Lacey over the examiner's reports before the Keystone bank closed.

On being shown a dispatch from Washington, Mr. Dyer said some days ago the comptroller wrote him desiring a conference on the situation and suggesting the propriety of his not resuming work until such conference was had, and Saturday he received a telegram from the comptroller stating that he would fix an early time for conference. This promise this is the foundation for the reported suspension.

He is confident the investigation will result in his complete vindication. City Solicitor Warwick has filed a bill in equity to restrain the Bardsley family from disposing of certain property in Germantown, alleging that the purchase money was contributed by him to the treasury. Suit has also been filed by the receiver of the Keystone bank to restrain Bardsley's assignee from disposing of certain collateral, etc.

Reply to Emmett's Circular.

CHICAGO, June 11.—William Redmond and John O'Connor, Parnellite envoys now in this city, issued an address tonight responding to that sent out by Dr. Emmett, president of the Nationalist Federation of America. While speaking highly of Dr. Emmett and Eugene Kelly, the envoys say in this case they represent only themselves. The National Federation, they assert, is composed of a few gentlemen of social distinction, who met in a New York hotel and received themselves into an organization, but who have never sought sanction by a public meeting, well knowing that the vast body of Irish public opinion is against them on the issues raised by division.

Redmond and O'Connor, analyzing the circular, lay the blame to rupture in the Irish party on the mischievous of Gladstone, and proceed at great length to endorse Parnell's course.

A Large Gun.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, June 11.—The heavy-loading fifty-two-ton new steel gun, the largest ever made in this country, was landed at Sandy Hook yesterday. It was cast at Watervliet arsenal and is 30 feet long. Its charge is 700 pounds of powder and its range fifteen miles.

Threatens to Strike.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The Architectural Iron Workers' Union has decided to submit the ultimatum to the bosses for eight hours and an increase in wages per hour, and if one the demands are not complied with will strike next Monday.

A Democratic State Convention.

BALTIMORE, June 11.—July 29th was today decided upon as the date for holding the Democratic State convention.

Ohio Prohibition Convention.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 11.—The Prohibition State convention was called to order this morning. Twenty-five delegates were present. Mr. Wade was made temporary chairman. The platform denounces the liquor traffic as the usual terms; demands a division of the temperance and satisfactorily laws; declares for woman suffrage; denounces speculation in margins; recommends pensions to soldiers and sailors; favors the Australian system, graded according to the time of service; recognizes gold, silver and currency as proper circulating mediums, issued in sufficient quantity to meet the requirements; demands reclamation of unearned land grants and that no more of the national domain shall be granted; advises the free coinage of silver; denounces on goods from such countries as tax American products, and that the expense of government should be paid by income tax.

The following ticket was nominated: Governor, J. Ashenhurst of Stark, lieutenant governor, W. J. Kierkendall of Clermont; supreme judge, Newton Peake of Linn; attorney general, W. H. Matthews of Hamilton; state treasurer, George W. Mace of Darke; state auditor, O. H. Brown of Clark; school commissioner, E. P. Ballard of Portage.

Natural Gas.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 11.—An injunction was issued today restraining Judge Hanna from proceeding with the hearing of a case in the supreme court of Indiana this morning. It was a case involving the right of foreign corporations to export the natural gas of this state to Illinois. The Chicago Gas trust is said to be behind the decoration. Arguments were to be heard this morning, but when a motion was made affidavits were submitted, alleging the plaintiff had been prejudiced by the defendant company to the extent of hundreds of dollars, and filed by the defendant, and the whole suit was a fraud on the judiciary of the state. Counsel unanimously replied to the allegations of the affidavits and referred the matter to a master in chancery for investigation.

Forcing Men to Work.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 11.—John A. Ziner, president of Brinker Lettering No. 1 works was convicted in court today for forcing men by threats and intimidation to go to work during the strike. Ziner is the first man to be the strikers, and about offsets the conviction of John Morley and Mike Dinnan, the labor leaders, for conspiracy and riot at Lorain.

The case of President Roe, of the United Mine Workers, Peter Wise, district master workman C. M. Parker, president of District Assembly 1, charged for conspiracy and rioting, was given to the jury at noon today, but no verdict has been reached tonight.

The Moon Flower.

Arnold Brinkworth, who owns perhaps the finest private botanical collection in the country and whose greenhouses near Mount Sterling, Ky., are filled with the rarest and most delicate plants of all nations, is exhibiting, with much pride, says the New York Journal, a specimen of the Bourdie lion, the existence of which in the lion has been doubted, but which was sent Mr. Brinkworth a few months ago by a friend residing near Ogdoo, Brazil.

It was obtained for him from an Indian who found it growing in a swamp in the depths of the Amazonian forests and is the only specimen which has ever reached the outer world. Those who have been favored by a glimpse of the curiously say it is a delicate, tenacious vine, covered with small glossy leaves of a light green and very tender green, climbing to a height of four or five feet, leaving here and there a milk white blossom of a delicate shape.

When the moon is at its first quarter a distinct shadow or stain of a deep yellow, which seems rather in than on the petals, appears in the blossom. As the shape of the moon, makes its appearance on the disc and grows or the planet does, unfit, when at its full size, the yellow stain has spread nearly over the flower. As the moon begins to wane again this retreats in the same ratio, and finally disappears altogether, to return only when the new moon is seen to come back.

When the planet sets the flower closes and does not unfold until the moon rises on the following night. It pursues this course month after month whether placed in the open air or kept in a hot-house, though under the latter circumstances the yellow that is much paler and more undecided, while the white surface takes a dingy, unhealthy tinge. The plant outside almost survives the yellow, but the hot-house variety succumbed with a little under gravel.

How to Cure the Tough Following La Grippe.

Have you tried Arbogast's Cream Soda!

Five and a half furlongs—Firefly won, Sam Morse second, Repeater third. Time, 1:08½.

Seven furlongs—Tanner won, King Pale second, Khatan third. Time, 1:32½.

Six furlongs—John Atwood won Mr Fellow second, Pilgrim third. Time 1:16.

Five furlongs—Longard won, Lady Lopez second, Valley third. Time—1:02½.

Mile Gypsy Queen won, Success second, Jim Wasson third. Time—1:44½.

Chicago Races.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Mile—Insolence won, Patrick second, Arundel third. Time—1:52.

Mile—Bertie won, Joe Blackburn second, Inferno third.

Four furlongs—John Windisch won, Miss Bulwark second, Bessie Bland third. Time—0:50.

Eight and a half furlongs—Sourire won, Louise second, The Moor third. Time—1:30½.

Baseball.

NATIONAL LEAGUE—PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, 1; Cincinnati, 2. Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 4. Chicago, 2; Boston, Harvard game.

BOSTON.

Boston, 10; Chicago, 4. Cleveland, 8; Brooklyn, 7. Pittsburg, 5; Boston, 1. Louisville, 1; Cincinnati, 2.

NEW YORK.

New York, 10; Pittsburg, 4. Baltimore, 8; New York, 3. Washington, 6; Philadelphia, 4.

PHILADELPHIA.

Cleveland, 1; Philadelphia, 6. Baltimore—Boston, rained, 7 innings.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION—BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, 9; Athletic, 3.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, 1; Brooklyn, 10.

ST. LOUIS.

Louisville game postponed.

CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, 8; Columbus, 10.

KANSAS CITY—DENVER.

Denver, 8; Omaha, 10.

SIOUX CITY.

Sioux City, 3; St. Paul, 6.

SALT LAKE CITY.

Salt Lake City, 4; Lincoln, 10.

MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, 11; Minneapolis, 7.

The Omaha Bridge Case.

OMAHA, June 11.—The trial of the great bridge case of the Bank Island road against the Union Pacific opened this morning in the federal court. The entire morning session was consumed by Thomas F. Withow, general solicitor for the Rock Island, in presenting a statement of the facts in the case. During the course of his statement, Judge Withow, speaking of the famous letter of Government Director Plummer, stated he had been curious to know to whom Plummer alluded when he said: "His attention had been called to the contents." When Plummer was put on the stand he stated his attention had been called to the contents by Judge Dillon. He stated he had three interviews with Judge Dillon and several with Jay Gould before the letter was written. The main points of the letter were given to him by Gould. Plummer afterward wrote a letter in which he asserted the government's interests were being interfered with and advising that the operation of the contract be suspended. At the conclusion of Judge Withow's statement Mr. Dupleiss presented the law and authorities upon which plaintiff's plea.

An Italian Center in Activity Again.

NAPLES, June 11.—The famous center of Italian, near Naples, is showing signs of renewed activity. The volcano was active long before Vesuvius, but for ages has been nearly extinct.

GARFIELD BEACH.

Commencing May 10th, and until Further Notice,

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3:30 p.m.	5:15 p.m.	4:30 p.m.	6:15 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
7:30 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	8:45 p.m.

Omnibus Band in attendance every day.

Fare for round trip, 50c.

D. E. BURLEY, Gen. Agent.

Decoration Day.

The celebrated Salt Lake Ice Cream only made by Arbogast. Send in your orders at once.

MONEY TO LOAN

By Utah Investment Co. Bonds negotiated. Offices 259 and 240 Constitution Building. Jos. E. Johnson, Pres.; V. P. Caffey, Sec'y. N. S. Jones, Treas.

Everything for Neatness, Freshness and Sweetness at Arbogast's.

Go to SCRUGGS, HEWITSON & CO'S 27 and 29 West South Temple street, for Tin Roofing Guttering, Spouting Stoves and Tinware, etc.

The Pulpit and the Stage.

Rev. F. M. Stroud, pastor United Brethren Church, Blue Mound, Kan., says: "I felt my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my participant thought I would live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, and am sound and well, gaining 32 pounds in weight." Arthur Lewis, Manager Love's Funny Folks' Combination, writes: "After a thorough trial and convincing evidence, I am confident Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption heals 'em all, and cures when everything else fails. The greatest kindness I can do my many thousand friends is to urge them to try it." Free trial bottles at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

A New Stage Line.

The Union Pacific has commenced selling tickets from Salt Lake to Albion, Idaho, via Minidoka, at rate of $17.85. Persons going into Cache County via the route will avoid the long stage ride of sixty miles via Kelton, as the distance via stage from Minidoka to Albion is only thirty miles. Parties may leave Salt Lake on the evening of one day and arrive at Minidoka the afternoon of the second day without difficulty. 4da

NOT YET CONCLUDED.

The Trunky Croft Affair to be Discussed by Radical Commons and the Government.

THE QUESTION OF MILITARY DISCIPLINE INVOLVED.

The Prince is Said to Have Told the Secret to a Lady Who Told it to Another, etc.

By Telegraph to the News.

INTERROGATIONS.

The Government to be Questioned Concerning the Recent Affair.

LONDON, June 11.—Several radical members of the Commons have decided to put a series of questions to the government touching upon the recent sinking which the Trunky Croft party incurred in concealing Sir William Gordon Cumming's offense, and the question of military discipline involved. If the replies are unsatisfactory they will move an adjournment.

THE PRINCE IS BLAME.

LONDON, June 11.—The fact that in his examination in the Cumming case the Prince was not asked whether he divulged the name of the peeb, while all the other parties to the affair were questioned on that point, is taken as confirmation of the rumor that this secret did actually owe its publicity to the careless tongue of his Royal Highness. The story is that the Prince confided it to Lady Brooke, who in turn revealed it to a friend of hers who happened to have been courted by Sir William Gordon Cumming and who at once saw in the episode an opportunity for her revenge.

CHURCHMEN STAND BY THE PRINCE.

BIRMINGHAM, June 11.—At the church council today a motion was offered expressing the Prince of Wales for his connection with the recent gambling scandal, but was lost.

The Keystone National Bank.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Comptroller of Currency Lacey has completed his report in regard to the Keystone National Bank of Philadelphia and will submit it to the members of the Common Council.

Another Failure.

CINCINNATI, June 11.—David L. and John S. Lytle, dealers in tools and shoes under the firm name of Lytle & Co., assigned this evening. Their liabilities are $100,000; assets, $90,000.

Convention of Traveling Men.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The convention of traveling men, representing different associations, has resolved to form a body to be known as the World's Fair Association of Commercial Travelers, membership to be composed of all organized bodies of traveling men in United States, and foreign drummers will be invited to become members. The body will have charge of authorizing the World's Fair Traveling Men's Congress in Chicago during the progress of the fair.

A Mysterious Tragedy.

WINNIPEG, June 11.—A mysterious tragedy has just been unearthed near Marquette station. James Tagdell left home leaving his sister-in-law and a young Englishman together. He returned last night and found the house vacant. Search being made, the body of his sister-in-law was found in the well. She had been shot. The young Englishman is missing and no doubt he is the murderer.

Railroad Officers.

NEW YORK, June 11.—At the postponed meeting of the new board of directors of the Kansas, Missouri & Texas road the following officers were elected: President, H. C. Cross; vice-president, J. Walcot; treasurer, J. S. Neeville, and chairman board of direction, Joel F. Paschal.

Fires in New Brunswick.

ST. JOHN, N. B., June 11.—Over a hundred miles of the country are already devastated by fire, which is still spreading. The result will be felt severely by the settlers and lumbermen, as many valuable timber areas are swept away.

St. Louis Races.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—The road was slow. Mile and seventy yards—Clarion won, Lintroll second, Elom third. Time—2:00½.

Nine-sixteenths of a mile—Great Dixie won, Walter second, Cometh-or third. Time—1:04.

Mile and a quarter—W. G. Morris won, Dr. Nave second, Sussex third. Time—2:12.

Mile—Jule M. won, Little Crete second, Algithgow third. Time—1:43.

Handicap, nine furlongs—Paramotia won, Stilbleath second, Red Sign third. Time—2:00.

Red Sign ran against a fence injuring his left leg; he would have won but for that.

Two-year-olds, four and a half furlongs—Johnny Winkle won, First Day second, Gila third. Time—1:04½.

Morris Park Races.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., June 11.—The track was fast.

Six furlongs—Longstreet won, Lakeswood second, Tormentor third. Time—1:14.

Mile and one eighth—Riley won, Maidstone second, Sir John third. Time, 1:58½.

Six furlongs—Spinning won, Lizzie Dunbar second, Annie B. third. Time, 1:16.

Seven furlongs—Terrifier won, L'Intransigeante second, Jilma third. Time, 1:29.

Mile and one sixteenth—Demoth won, Judge Morrow second, Diablo third. Time, 1:47.

Mile—Tent won, Vanice second, Strike third. Time, 1:41½.

Buffalo Races.

BUFFALO, June 11.—The track was fast. First Furlongs—Blackbird won, Lies second, Various third. Time, 1:03.

HERR GOLDBERGER,

A Well-Known Jewish Financier, has Something to Say About Russia.

THE WHOLE STORY OF MISERY NOT TOLD.

A Condition of Bankruptcy Likely to Follow the Barbarous Measures.

By Telegraph to the News.

AN EXPELLED JEW

Describes the Awful Scenes He Had Witnessed at Moscow.

BERLIN, June 11.—A correspondent today had a conversation with Herr Goldberger, the well-known Jewish financier, who was recently expelled from Russia. He went from this city in the interest of the banking house with which he is connected, having been furnished with a special consular pass by the Russian consul general here.

At St. Petersburg M. Vischnigradsky, Russian minister of finance, and other persons of high standing, showed the Berlin banker special attention, but this did not prevent the police of St. Petersburg from inserting upon his passport the words: "The new Goldberger is here on interdiction and under police supervision."

Herr Goldberger, does not understand Russian, and thought it was some regular police notation. He learned differently when he reached Moscow. The police called upon him and told him he must leave at once. The hotel manager told him a few minutes would fix it all right, but Goldberger declined to pay the blackmailer and left at once. He did not care to establish a bank in a country where such policemen had the power of levying blackmail.

Herr Goldberger described the awful scenes of expulsion which he had witnessed at Moscow during his two days' stay. Social standing, high position, he said, were of no avail. None of the accounts so far published tells the whole story of misery, and the persecution is simply indescribable. Contrary to the accounts mentioned, Goldberger says the Czar is well aware of the cruelties practised; that he always has been a radical anti-semitic, and that his hatred of the Jews has increased since the memorable railway accident which happened on the line built by the Jews von Polieskoff.

Goldberger thinks Russia will not only suffer from commercial disasters due to follow the expulsion of the Jews, diseases which Russia, with her great resources, might defy with impunity, but that these measures have brought about a feeling of insecurity among Russian Protestants and non-Russian foreigners, including Russia, to whose enterprise most of the commercial undertakings owe their existence.

Nobody knows whose turn is to come next, and no one care to risk his money or work under the present state of barbaric rage against everything foreign or non-orthodox, and the consequence will be that Russia, with all her immense agricultural and mineral resources, will sooner or later be forced into a condition of absolute bankruptcy.

The Behring Sea Bill.

LONDON, June 11.—The Behring sea bill today received the royal assent.

New Stockyards.

CARLISLE, June 11.—P. D. Armour of Chicago, who is here with his invalid wife, said today that he had just received a long dispatch from Chicago stating that plans had been broken at Tolleston, Ind., for the new stockyards. He said they proposed to establish packing houses there. They will not be so crowded for room as at the old yards which, he says, are altogether out of place in such proximity to the best part of Chicago. They propose to issue $10,000,000 of stock, which they will divide among the packers and dealers who follow them.

When asked if the other packers would follow and leave their old yards, Armour said: "They cannot help themselves. We three (Armour, Morris and Hugh) practically control the business and the others must follow. Besides, it is to their own advantage. The old yards charge now so high that it scarcely pays to do business there. We shall give accommodations at more moderate rates.

"You see, the old yards, which originally cost about $1,000,000, were sold to the trust for $3,000,000. The trust subsidiate for $25,000,000. The investors want to get interest on this immense sum, consequently high charges are necessary."

"But what will become of the million men who you and all the other great houses move away?"

"I am not worrying about the English investors," said Mr. Armour. "I feel sorry for them, but I must look out for my own interests and the interests of the common people first."

Mr. Armour said there were also many reasons why the change should be made in the new quarters they will have. He said the perfect arrangements for the proper examination and packing of pork, and he thinks as soon as Germany is convinced of the proper examination, it will show the importation of American pork.

Judge Morris and Governor Rulkeley.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 11.—The application of Judge Morris to the reply of Governor Rulkeley in the year contempt suit, was filed today. It is a general denial of all the allegations of fact made by Governor Rulkeley, appertaining to the election returns, and denies the right of the general assembly to go behind the returns.

A Train Jumps the Track.

MARQUETTE, Mich., June 11.—Owing to the failure of the brakes to work on the South Shore freight train going down the Lake hills this morning, the train jumped the track in front of the station, while going at a tremendous speed, and smashed the station house into flinders.

The engineer was fatally injured, but the other trainmen escaped with bruises. The train was completely