

on the 16th of May. They report the successful landing on the return trip of a hundred men and additional supplies, taken aboard at Aspinwall. The landing was effected on an unfrequented part of the coast, and one infested by Spaniards. The officers of the *Upton* knew nothing of the fate of the first expedition until they reached New York. The entire cruise was made under the American flag.

The manager of the Beethoven's festival concerts acknowledges the loss of \$40,000.

A case, supposed to be one in which sharp practice is attempted on life insurance companies, has occurred here. One Rollack arrived here about three weeks since accompanied by a grown son, and effected life and accident policies on two offices to the amount of \$20,000. A few days after they took steamer for Louisville, and in the middle of the night there was a cry, "a man overboard," and the son was gone. The father comes and makes application for the insurance money, which the companies refuse to pay until the body can be found, or it is investigated.

A man has been found in a canal, with a pistol shot in his head. He has not been identified. He had a letter on his person addressed "C. O. Turpen."

The Reverend Doctor Rodalia, President of the Drew Seminary, died at Madison, N. J., to-day.

WINDSOR.—Eight business houses were burned here last night; most of the goods were safely removed. Total loss, ten thousand, light insurance. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

CLEVELAND.—Thos. Day, while intoxicated on Saturday night, stabbed and killed Richard Long, whom he mistook for a man with whom he had previously quarrelled.

SPRINGFIELD.—The past two days have been terribly hot, the thermometer standing at 96 to 98 in the shade. Rain is much needed in this section, but the crops are not suffering materially.

CHICAGO.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says that among the applicants for the Secretaryship of Utah is General B. F. Shaw, of Dixon, Ill. Another man put in his application in less than an hour after Col. Crowe's death.

It is announced that the Senate Judiciary committee has agreed to report in favor of Ackerman's confirmation.

There is a prospect of a warm debate over Whittemore's case though many members want to proceed at once to vote.

The Sandomingo committee cannot report to the Senate before Wednesday, and perhaps not before Thursday, as the evidence is not yet all printed, and the consideration of the treaty also goes over for two or three days more. The majority report will be very severe on the Consular agent, Perry, who was the principal witness against Babcock, and whom they mean to extinguish by trying to show that he is a thief and perjurer.

The Senate, to-day, confidentially received a large package of papers from the President, covering the correspondence and orders from the Executive to our naval commander and others, relative to the treaty negotiations.

The franking bill lies over unfinished. Very few Senators really want to press it, but the chances are that it will go through in some form to-morrow. As it now stands it abolishes the use of franks on the first of next October, except that newspapers are to get their exchanges free, and country newspapers are to circulate free in the county where they are published. There are strong objections to adding matter to the Post Office appropriation bill, but it will probably be done.

The *Times'* special says that some of the chairmen of committees express the opinion that the session of Congress will have to be extended beyond the fifteenth of July in order to get through the absolutely necessary business.

NEW YORK.—A meeting of merchants was held yesterday to take united action with a view to have the quarantine trouble adjusted by resort to law, if necessary. The matter will first be presented to the quarantine commissioners, on appeal from the decision of the health officer. That official claims that he is justified in pursuing the course which he has followed, and holds that he is acting for the best interests of the whole community.

Henry Bergh has received an official notice that the Rhode Island legislature has incorporated an institution similar to the New York Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals; also that similar societies have been organized in Quebec.

RESOLUTIONS

Adopted by the First Young Ladies' Department of the Ladies' Co-operative Retrenchment Association, S. L. City, organized May 27, 1870.

Resolved.—That, realizing ourselves to be wives and daughters of Apostles, Prophets and Elders of Israel, and, as such, that high responsibilities rest upon us, and that we shall be held accountable to God, not only for the privileges we inherit from our fathers, but also for the blessings we enjoy as Latter-day Saints, we feel to unite and co-operate with, and do mutually pledge ourselves that we will uphold and sustain each other in doing good.

Resolved.—That, inasmuch as the Saints have been commanded to gather out from Babylon and "not partake of her sins," we feel that we should not condescend to imitate the pride, folly and fashions of the world; and inasmuch as the church of Jesus Christ is likened unto a city set on a hill to be a beacon of light to all nations, it is our duty to set examples for others, instead of seeking to pattern after them.

Resolved.—That we will respect ancient and modern apostolic instructions. St. Paul exhorted Timothy to teach "the women to adorn themselves in modest apparel—not with braided hair, or gold or pearls, or costly array; but which becometh women professing godliness, with good works." Peter, also, in his first epistle, in speaking of women, says, "Whose adorning, let it not be that outward adorning of plaiting the hair, and wearing of gold, or of putting on apparel; but let it be the hidden man of the heart, in that which is not corruptible, even the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit, which is in the sight of God, of great price: for after this manner in old time, the holy women also, who trusted in God, adorned themselves." In a revelation given to the Latter-day Saints in 1831, the Lord said, "Thou shalt not be proud in thy heart; let all thy garments be plain, and their beauty, the beauty of the work of thine own hands." All of which, we accept as true principle, and such as should be fully illustrated in our practice.

Resolved.—That, with a firm and settled determination to honor the foregoing requirements, and being deeply sensible of the sinful ambition and vanity in dress among the daughters of Zion, which are calculated to foster the pride of the world, and shut out the spirit of God from the heart, we mutually agree to exert our influence, both by precept and by example, to suppress, and to eventually eradicate these evils.

Resolved.—That, admitting variety has its charms, we know that real beauty appears to greater advantage in a plain dress than when bedizened with finery, and while we disapprove extravagance and waste, we would not, like the Quakers, recommend a uniform, but would have each one to choose the style best adapted to her own taste and person: at the same time we shall avoid, and ignore as obsolete with us, all extremes which are opposed to good sense, or repulsive to modesty.

Resolved.—That, inasmuch as cleanliness is a characteristic of a Saint, and an imperative duty, we shall discard the dragging skirts, and, for decency's sake, those disgustingly short ones, extending no lower than the boot tops. We also regard "paniers" and whatever approximates in appearance towards the "Grecian Bend," a burlesque on the natural beauty and dignity of the human female form, and will not disgrace our persons by wearing them. And, also, as fast as it shall be expedient, we shall adopt the wearing of home-made articles, and exercise our united influence in rendering them fashionable.

MRS. ELLA Y. EMPY, Pres.
MRS. EMILY Y. CLAWSON,
MRS. ZINA Y. WILLIAMS,
MRS. MARIA Y. MCDUGAL,
MRS. CAROLINE Y. CROXALL,
MISS DORA YOUNG,
MISS PHEBE YOUNG,
Counselors.

RESOLUTIONS,

Adopted by the 2nd Young Ladies' Department of the Ladies' Co-operative Retrenchment Association, S. L. City, organized May 31st, 1870.

Resolved.—That we, the daughters of Zion, realizing the evils resulting from our compliance with the vain and foolish fashions of the Gentiles, and also feeling sensible of the sacred, high and important duties devolving upon us as Saints, wives and mothers in the king-

dom of God, will from this day retrench in our dress, and make our apparel plain, neat, and becoming to us as daughters of Zion.

Resolved.—That we, being endowed with natural sense and abilities and with intelligence from on high—appreciating these blessings, are determined to use them to the honor and glory of God, and shall endeavor hereafter to refrain from speaking evil of any one, friend or foe; and improve every opportunity for doing good to those around us—ever striving to build each other up in truth and righteousness, and by so doing, ennoble ourselves, and also gain the approbation and blessing of our Heavenly Father.

Resolved.—That we, being very desirous of storing our minds with useful knowledge, will devote such opportunities as we derive through this association, to mutual efforts for self-improvement; and instead of wasting precious moments will use them for the purpose of becoming thoroughly acquainted with the principles of the Gospel and the various useful branches of education—also study and practice the laws of human physiology and health, that we may have health, strength and long life to do good in the kingdom of God.

MISS LONA PRATT,
President.

MRS. LIBBIE PRATT,
MISS VIA PRATT,
MRS. LOIS WIDDISON,
MISS ELLEN WILCOX,
MISS LUCY ARNOLD,
MISS MARY NEEBEKER,
Counselors.
MISS ANNIE SMITH,
Secretary.

Correspondence.

GALENA CITY, LITTLE COTTONWOOD KANYON, June 18, 1870.

Editor Deseret News:—A few lines from this locality may be of interest to your readers, and possibly a source of information to a few.

Eighteen miles south from Salt Lake City, on the eastern slope of Salt Lake Valley, the rugged, precipitous mountains break into a chasm, down which flows over huge boulders, a foaming stream, fed and kept alive by innumerable smaller streams, whose source can only be traced by the eye, far up the sides of the cliffs, to the white capped peaks of the mountains above, whose covering of snow seems to be eternal. These immense snow fields, under the influence of the sun's rays, are gradually melting and coursing their way down to the valley below, to finally add their mite toward keeping up our grand reservoir, the Dead Sea of America.

The opening the mouth of this canyon must have presented a very forbidding aspect to the pioneer, but by dint of hard blows and unlimited energy, it was effected, and the canyon itself gradually opened, until to-night, from the point whence I write, can be seen the miners' camp fire 12,000 feet above the level of the sea, and from one end to the other, almost at every crook and turn in the road, we meet with disgusted prospectors on foot, making their way out of the "diggins," as rapidly as possible, while teams, loaded and empty, pass and repass in rapid succession.

As a kind of key to the work above, just at the entrance of the canyon, in a brush "wicki-up," long rows of black bottles stand conspicuously forth, to be used, I should judge, in getting up steam to make the heavy grade just by; and farther up the canyon, we pass another. A short distance higher up, we observe stakes driven, along the side of a gentle declivity, at regular intervals, and on inquiry, are informed that this is "Union City." At present it comprises one wall tent, occupied by prospectors, one meat market, composed of hemlock boughs, and a two-horse wagon serving the double purpose of house and conveyance to its inmates. To the right and left, high up on the range, can be seen the yellow dirt, where the miners are "gophering" into the mountain side, in search of "ore." Below where we stand, at least five hundred feet, immense snow fields spread out before the gaze, while within the past half hour, I have walked over snow ten feet in depth, and assisted a vehicle through a snow bank whose depth was such that it was impossible for the team to pass through. From this you can form some idea of the altitude here, and in addition, the snow spoken of was on the south side of the hill.

Higher up still, in the heart of the mining region, is situated Galena City,

comprising some four log shanties, a blacksmith shop and the indispensable never-to-be-omitted whiskey shop. Around a fire, in front of the "saloon," are sitting the miners, talking over camp mess, each apparently sanguine that he is in possession of a fortune unlimited in extent, and which only requires developing. "Ah, but there's the rub," will all the precious metal of Little Cottonwood pay back in dollars and cents, the original amount invested to develop it, to say nothing of the complete demoralization, in some cases and partial in others, that the miner's life undoubtedly brings about. The "Emma" was the only lead that ore was being taken from, while in every direction as far as the eye could reach, huge piles of earth attested the fact that money had been used with a prodigal hand, without satisfactory result. It is all well enough to say that Messrs. so and so are taking out two thousand dollars per day, which will probably pay a nett profit of two or three hundred. But how does that amount stand against the labor of two hundred men, who, to-day, are prospecting, sinking shafts, tunneling and otherwise carrying forward the business of a mining district, leaving out the loss of the labor of these men, in building up a country and developing it agriculturally, mechanically and otherwise? Possibly Little Cottonwood has furnished means to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars, all told, while as near as I can get at the facts, no less than one half a million has been expended to produce the former amount. I may be so constituted as not to be able to appreciate the true nature of the case, but to my eyes and understanding it sums up as follows: Money to the amount of possibly fifty thousand dollars will be taken out in the next twelve months. To obtain that, the labor of two hundred stalwart men will be required, which, coupled with all other expenses, will double, treble, yea quadruple the amount produced. Yes, but will not the digging of the ore give employment to hands? Certainly, at precisely the same wages that is given for common labor all over the Territory, say from twenty to forty dollars per month. Will not the hauling of ore give employment to teams? Certainly, to a limited extent it will. There are plenty of farmers that will leave their farms unimproved, their houses un-built, and their harvesting unfinished for the sake of five dollars per day in cash, which amount is no sooner earned than it finds its way into the merchant's hands, to be sent East for a new stock. While mining may produce transitory prosperity, the farmers' and mechanics' labor produces permanency.

To all laboring men I would say keep away from the mining district. There are men here that can possibly find employment; to any one whose pockets are plethoric, with filthy lucre, and who is hunting a hole to hide it in, no better place than Little Cottonwood can be found. Numerous samples are to be found on every hand; at least when you do conclude to invest, take half your money, and buy a lot to cultivate, and though the hoppers were to eat you to the roots, year in and year out, you still made the best investment with this half of your money, for you have your lot left, while on the other hand, a dismal looking hole, is all that is left to mark the spot where you have buried your dollars.

To the lover of natural scenery, the canyon abounds in beautiful sights: its snow capped mountains, and towering bluffs, its pure crystal snow water, and lofty pines combine to make a scene most attractive.

J. MORGAN.

STATE OF THE WEATHER.—By Deseret telegraph line. June 21st.

St. George, has been raining hard since 2 o'clock this morning,—still cloudy and has the appearance of more storm. Parowan, very cloudy and looks like rain. Fillmore, cloudy and rather cool. Mount Pleasant, has been raining this morning and is still cloudy. Payson, cloudy and looks like rain. Brigham, cloudy, raining a little and blowing. Wellsville, cloudy, looks like rain.

In this city, it has been clouding up for two or three days, and there is every appearance of rain.

PERIODICALS.—Haney's *Journal* for June, *Hearth and Home* for June 25th, containing the first instalment of "Jethro Throop's Night Thoughts," *Every Saturday* and the July number of *Harper's Monthly* have been laid on our table by Bro. James Dwyer, the enterprising proprietor of the Railway News Depot, west side of East Temple street, where may also be obtained Disraeli's new work, "Lothair." Also constantly on hand periodicals, home and foreign, and a large assortment of works of a literary, scientific and educational character.