

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
BRIGHAM YOUNG, JUN.,  
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Monday, August 6, 1877.

PEOPLE'S TICKET.

General Election.

MONDAY, August 6, 1877.

Commissioners to Locate University Lands.

JOHN ROWBERRY,  
JOHN VAN COTT,  
LEWIS S. HILLS.  
Territorial Superintendent of District Schools.

JOHN TAYLOR.

Commissioners to the Legislative Assembly for Salt Lake, Tooele and Summit Counties.

JOHN W. YOUNG,  
ROBERT T. BURTON,  
ALONZO H. RALEIGH,  
WILLIAM W. CLIFF.

SALT LAKE COUNTY.

Selections.

REUBEN MILLER.

County Superintendent of District Schools.

THEO. B. LEWIS.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Gen. Lee Wallace says the valley of the Tigris, Mexico, is the most beautiful valley on the earth, the vale between Monterey and Matlillo being matchless.

The West Chester (Pa.) News, some time ago, took a practical view of the cremation question. It said, "With some people, cremation is only a question of time. If it doesn't come in this world, it is sure to come in the next."

The Baptist Weekly says the Baptists in this country have 9,000 more churches than ordained ministers, and of these churches 500 suffer from fastidiousness and self-conceit, 4,000 from chronic covetousness which will not support a preacher, and 4,500 are too poor to pay \$500 a year for a preacher. A New York freethinker estimates that a first-class church in that city, with first-class appointments, costs as much as one hundred palace cars, or seventy-five locomotives, or thirty brown stone front houses, or 130,000 barrels of flour, or an equivalent number of tons of coal, and raises the question which expenditure of the money would do most good.

Rev. Charles Kingsley says that the most original races, those who have succeeded best, and left their stamp most broadly and permanently on the human race, have also been the most tractable, provided they were allowed to learn in their own way, and to adapt to their own purpose any higher ancient civilization with which they might come in contact.

TOPICS FOR THE TIMES.

In the circular recently issued by the First Presidency to the different Presidents of States, Bishops, their Counselors and other officers and members of the Church, some excellent suggestions have been given for the consideration of the entire people. As the First Presidency remark, there is an excellent field for the exercise of the highest administrative and executive talent among the people of this Territory, in organizing different branches of industry and furnishing employment to those who are unemployed in our midst. Recent occurrences in the east and west ought to impress us with the necessity for action to be taken by us in this direction. There are too many people unemployed in this Territory for the prosperity of themselves or of the community. We have been noted as a people for our activity and persevering industry. Instead of losing that character, we should take pains to have it better established. But this will not be the case if a portion of our people are compelled to be idle. For a community to be happy and prosperous its members should be constantly employed. Idleness, whether enforced for the want of remunerative labor or from choice of those who indulge in it, is the parent of innumerable evils. It is an old and very true saying that "an idle man's brain is the devil's workshop," and experience proves that idleness and vice go hand in hand. The leading man of every settlement should take into serious consideration the best method by which employment can be furnished every person within their limits who is capable of performing labor. There are many people who are willing to work who do not have the facility of creating work for themselves. Other men possess that faculty, and if they had a hundred hands instead of two, they could find employment for them all. These latter should exercise their talents in devising ways and means by which those who have not the aptitude for furnishing themselves work might be employed. There are numerous branches of industry that might be established among us, which are totally neglected. Every branch of manufacture, however insignificant it may be, that keeps a dollar in the Territory that would otherwise go out of it, is a direct benefit to the entire community; and every man who has any influence among the people should use it to the fullest extent to increase our articles of manufacture and to lessen our importations.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Eastern War News.

LONDON, 6.—The Times correspondent, who left the Russian camp before Plevna, on Thursday, says the Russian advance guard is within six miles of Plevna. The main body occupies a strong position nine miles further east, on a range of hills running nearly north and south. Strong reinforcements have already reached Gen. Krudener's corps, which is able to resist any offensive movement of Osman Pasha, should one be attempted, which is not very probable. The Russians have suffered a disastrous check, but that is all.

The second pontoon bridge at Simnitza is nearly completed, and will be ready for use in a few days. The old bridge is still in good order.

Strategically, the most important news from the seat of war is the occupation of Selvi. This exposes Tirnova and the Balkan passes. Gen. Gourko's corps is said to be short of provisions and ammunition.

Rostschuk is no longer invested from the land side, and communication with Shumla opened yesterday.

Gen. Gourko has sent word to Tirnova that his forces are too scattered to protect the Christians in the various places against the certainty of massacre.

A life of usefulness are not gratified, are liable to fall into bad habits and to place comparatively little value upon themselves and their efforts. The energy which, if properly directed, would make them useful citizens and valuable members of the community, runs to waste and is expended in directions that are injurious to themselves and unprofitable to the community. If a strict account were kept of all the time that is wasted in this Territory because of the lack of constant employment, the aggregate amount would be amazing to a great many people who have not reflected upon this subject. When we consider that time is money, we can understand how serious is the loss, not only to the individual, but to the Territory.

Leading men, business men, men with the capacity to organize, think of these things, and in your various settlements get together and devise plans to remedy these evils. Instead of having the men of your settlements spend the winter in caring for a few stock and hauling and cutting fuel—the chief employment of many persons in numbers of our settlements during the winter season—provide means for their employment, and if they do not make large wages, they can turn something, and probably acquire skill, and certainly be kept out of mischief.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

EASTERN.

The Exile Law—Arrests.

NEW YORK, 6.—About two hundred arrests were made yesterday, for violation of the exile law. It was mainly the poorer houses that were raided. Drinks were obtained as usual at decent places. The exile law and its enforcement is generally regarded as a failure.

The Spanish Difficulties.

KEY WEST, Fla., 6.—Advices from Havana say, rumors are current that Jovellar will resign and be succeeded by Gen. Blanco. Gen. Martinez Campos has sent a dispatch to the King explaining the situation of the campaign, and stating that the insurgents are so well supplied with information by spies and their facilities for disbanding, when pursued, are such that it takes soldiers to look after ten insurgents. Gen. Campos, therefore, requires 50,000 more troops to crush the insurrection. He says the insurgents will only surrender on receiving their independence, and recommends the Spanish Government to adopt one proposition or the other.

Another Onslaught Expected.

CHICAGO, 6.—The Tribune's London special says, the report that Plevna had been re-captured is contradicted. The condition of the Russian army after the battle rendered an immediate renewal of the battle out of the question. The Russians are showing great energy in sending reinforcements. The force in the Dobrudzha has been ordered to Slatova. Everything indicates that the Russian commanders fully appreciate the importance of reviving the position as soon as possible. Osman Pasha's situation must draw upon him a serious onslaught before many days. The twelfth corps, hurriedly pressed by Mehemet Ali, cannot remain in bivouac before Rutchuk, but must march to the support of its beaten comrades. The Russians have retired from Biala to Slatova.

According to the latest intelligence from Turkish sources, the position of Osman Pasha at Plevna is now solidified, and with the recent cavalry reinforcements, he commands 65,000 men.

Force has been established at Rahova and Gianna, and he has been able to detach a flying column under Hafiz Pasha, by the post roads, to Selvi. This column is intended to communicate with the army of the Lower Danube.

Suspended—Nothing Official—Spanish Steps.

WASHINGTON, 6.—C. W. Ringold, United States appraiser at New Orleans, and C. J. Barber, at Portland, Maine, have been suspended with a view to the reduction of the force.

No official advice has been received here that the American flag has been hoisted at Samon, and allegiance tendered to this country.

The Spanish government, on Saturday, deposited with the Secretary of State \$30,000, being interest on the loan of \$5,000,000 of American claims on the Spanish government, and distribution will be made to the claimants by the Secretary of State.

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are absolutely depending on charity. In Madras presidency alone 1,700 persons daily receive assistance. The mortality is increasing. The distress is now reaching the better classes. The pressure must continue until the crops are gathered in January. The necessity for the assistance is most urgent and pressing.

DESTRUCTION BY FIRE.

Special dispatches report that the village of Garze, near Marienwerder, Prussia, has been destroyed by fire, and 500 persons rendered homeless, and that the town of Sundevall, Sweden, has been almost totally burned.

BRITISH AMERICA.

Strife of Stone Cutters.

QUEBEC, 6.—All the stone cutters on the new parliament buildings, have struck. The contractors decided to pay twenty cents per foot instead of \$1.50 per day. The men demand forty cents which they claim about equal to present wages.

Our Country Contemporaries.

Ogden Junction, August 4.

Mr. Dunn, who was recently sent out here by President Bessmer of the U. N. R., from New York, returned from the north a day or two ago and went to Salt Lake, having completed the investigation which he was delegated to make. It appears that the entire cost incidental to pushing the road twenty-five miles further (Cottonwood) will not be so great as to operate detrimentally to the consummation of the project; and in the event of raising the necessary funds in the east—a matter of trifling moment but for the recent strikes—Mr. Dunn is to remain and take supervision of the work. The road is already graded ten miles beyond Franklin, which brings it to the base of a hill, necessitating a tunnel of 1,200 feet in length; both sides of this hill have been dug into so some little extent, and it is not believed that there will be anything more serious than ordinary earth to penetrate. The people of that vicinity are willing to do the work and furnish the ties, taking payment in cash and first mortgage bonds, one-half of each. In the absence of a law for the organization of railroad companies in Idaho, the Utah Northern will be compelled to take advantage of the regulation for organizing such companies; so that the only real obstacle to the extension at this time is the obtaining of money in the east, and this will doubtless soon be overcome.

Heavenly Squares Dealer, Aug. 3.

The county jail is progressing rapidly in the hands of Thos. Frazer & Co.

The Heavies will be in the midst of their wheat harvest by the first of next week.

The new barn in the Tithing Office yard is about completed and is a spacious and substantial building.

The grain-crop in Beaver County everywhere on the river, is up top, and the lucerne crop in Minersville is abundant.

The Court has been mainly employed during the week with the case of McGerry vs. Shepherd. The jury reported this forenoon that they would be unable to agree on the verdict point. The Court sent them back for another pull at the verdict.

The writer was living at Salt Lake at the time of the arrest of the Morrisites and knows that neither the people nor their leaders were responsible for any lives that may have been lost.

At the time was the sheriff of Salt Lake County, together with the sheriff of Davis County, was ordered out with a posse under the command of officers of the Territorial Militia, by the Governor, to arrest Morris and Banks, who had resisted the warrants of the Davis County sheriff, and threatened his life. Governor Frank Fuller and Judge Kinney were wholly and solely responsible for the Morrisite war. This will be shown by the first step of judicial investigation. The arrest of the Morrisites was a perfectly proper step. They had stolen cattle and horses belonging to the people of Kay's Ward, and forcibly occupied the farms of two or three of the Davis County citizens, expelling the owners thereof. When the Governor was made aware of these facts, he took steps to have the laws of the Territory enforced, and this brought on the collision which resulted in the capture of the Mormon soldier, and a number of the Morrisites. We are confident that no body was murdered, either by Sheriff Burton or Dr. Clinton.

Utah County Enquirer, August 4.

Nelson Beebe is on a mission and his good wife has the management of his farm in his absence. The grain at this season is ripening fast, but Mrs. Beebe was unable to have it harvested last year.

The second Ward, Provo, knowing the state of things, used his influence and twenty men turned out on Tuesday last and cut, stacked and saved a large field of wheat in good style for her and family.

A Marriage Question.

Kattiaraw, in Western India, has been the field of labor of Christian Missionaries, and converts are occasionally made to Christianity, and they are compelled to conform to the rules and traditions of the church with which they may unite. The young Theodor is in evidence. The princess bride was aged respectively, twelve, fifteen, sixteen, and twenty-two years. The Prince, whose broad territory slopes down to the blue waters of the Gulf of Cambay is meditating seriously a change of religion, forsaking that of his fathers, and bowing to the Christ. He is now twenty years old, being only seven years before he was married for four times over in one day. Now, wishing to be a Christian, he seems to be in trouble and his case to be a perplexity to his instructors, as the missionaries tell him that Christians must only have one spouse. This is a sad condition of things to him, and the missionaries who tell him as a Christian, he can retain only one of the four wives at present lawfully his, and the proper wife to be retained is the one who has a prior claim upon his Highness. This is all very well but does not meet the case. "Which of my wives has a prior claim?" he asks. "I married them on the same day," he answers. The dilemma seems to be insurmountable, but Bishop Coleman, of Natal, would distinctly tell him to retain the whole four wives, unless the circumstances would compel him to "marry of Christ's child of God, and an inheritor of the kingdom of heaven."—Utah County Enquirer.

Prices.

Each book is furnished with a title page, on which the person owning the record can enter his or her name. An explanation of the forms, or instructions how to keep the record is also printed in each book, and its pages are numbered.

These Records are well printed and ruled on good ledger paper, substantially bound in full sheep, English roan, or Buck. We can furnish them of any size, from one to five quires, or larger, but probably five quires is as large as will be desired. We can also furnish the various forms in a record, proportioned to each other to order.

Prices.

A Book Full 1/2 Roan Full Full of Fleeter A Cloth Roan Book

1 Quire \$2.50 \$2.50 \$2.50 \$2.50

2 " 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00

3 " 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50

4 " 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00

5 " 12.50 12.50 12.50 12.50

6 " 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00

7 " 17.50 17.50 17.50 17.50

8 " 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00

RAIDERS.—At the residence of the bride's parents, 25th Ward, on Saturday evening, August 4th, 1877, by Judge A. P. Pope, Brigham T. Randall and Miss Sarah D. Ross, both of Salt Lake City.

DIED.

In this city, August —, CORNY, daughter of L. S. and Annie Bradford, by being accidentally run over between Fort Harrison and Salt Lake City, aged 7 years, 6 months and 2 days.

At Ogden City, August 4, 1877, of cancer and exhaustion, WALLACE HAROLD PENROSE, son of Charles W. and Lucretia Penrose, aged two weeks and two days.

At Wigtown, Lincolnshire, England, after a long illness, Edward Frances, aged 80 years. Deceased belonged to the Goshen Branch, and died in full faith of a resurrection through the Gospel.—Millennial Star.

MINING STOCKS.

STREETS.

San Francisco, Aug. 5.  
Cale, 27 1/2  
B & N, 15 1/2  
J & N, 15 1/2  
Jacket, 15 1/2  
B & O, 15 1/2  
Overman, 15 1/2  
Imperial, 15 1/2  
Union, 15 1/2  
B & N, 15 1/2  
B & N, 15 1/2  
Point, 15 1/2

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following stock:  
One roan spotted STEER, four or five years old, underbit out of, and hole in right ear, underbit out of, no brand visible.  
One red and spotted STEER, three years old, brand T T on left hip, dewlap and left ear cut off.

One red and spotted STEER, three years old, brand T T on left hip, dewlap and left ear cut off.

One red, yearling STEER, star in forehead and white tail, crop off and underbit out of, left ear cut off.

One red COW, four or five years old, has a calf, brand F H combined (the F reversed) on left hip, underbit out of left and underbit out of right ear.

One roan COW, five or six years old, has a calf, brand X on left hip and shoulder, underbit out of left ear, no mark or brand.

One light brown COW, four or five years old, brand X on left hip and shoulder, underbit out of left ear, no mark or brand.

One red HEIFER, three years old, crop off left ear, brand A H combined on left side.

One roan HEIFER, two years old, white face and underbit out of, no mark or brand.

One dark red Yearling HEIFER, crop off left ear, no mark or brand.

Which, if not claimed, will be sold, Aug. 10, 1877, at 10 o'clock, the estray pound, at North, Supto County.

JAMES HANSEN, District Poundkeeper.

August 24, 1877.

FAMILY RECORDS.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED

to receive orders for FAMILY RECORDS of an approved form.

Each book is divided into four forms.

The first form is that of a "FAMILY RECORD," with ruled and printed spaces for births, marriages, and deaths, in each family, also for names, dates, and places, one page accommodating one family.

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