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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for it. Take no other.
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GENERAL NEWS.

The Regular Daily Railway Occurrence.

CHICAGO POLITICS MIXED.

Dun's Review of the Business Outlook.

THE NOTORIOUS KISSANE CASE.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

The Daily Disaster.

GALVESTON, Texas, April 1.—A special from San Antonio, Texas, to the *News*: Last night, while Assistant General Manager Krintschmitt and party were traveling over the Southern Pacific Railway on a tour of inspection, the special train which carried them was ditched east of the city. The accident was caused by a broken wheel. The car occupied by the railway men was turned upside down. Mr. Krintschmitt and Superintendent A. R. Adams received some cuts about the head and a brakeman was seriously if not fatally injured.

CHICAGO'S ELEPHANT.

Socialism the Disturbing Political Element.

CHICAGO, April 1.—Emissaries from the socialistic headquarters have had frequent communications with Mayor Harrison and they now boldly assert that they can show a list of 40,000 pledged voters for the socialist's ticket. Jo Greenhal, the leading light of the socialists, and a city official under Harrison, says: "History is being made very fast just now. You see Chicago is a European colony. The masses are day laborers who do not own their business. Three hundred firms employ 15,000 workmen within fifteen miles of City Hall. It is distinctly a capitalistic city. Here the fight is to be made between

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

They are now face to face. Harrison is playing a peculiar part. He was never elected by the democrats. The socialists made him. He has been honest enough to at least acknowledge it. The tables have changed. The socialists have their own ticket. The democrats are asked to get out of the way. The mayor is done. Democrats will now return the compliment by voting the socialistic ticket. This is the understanding. The holders of presidential appointment offices will not be disturbed on Tuesday, but all the wheel horses of the democracy will vote our ticket, knowing they will share their benefits. The campaign will cost them nothing, and their enemies (the republicans) will go down before the

FUSION TICKET.

Talk about the Irish; I tell you that coercion bill is making them mild socialists every day. We will carry every Irish ward in Chicago by next Sunday. The people may become desperate for fear of the Socialists. The citizens may rise up in a day and compel all party lines to be dropped and demand a union of all citizens to defeat the socialists. If they become alarmed at the commune they may do this. This is a contest between the American commune and capital. It is irresistible.

The republican convention last night nominated Joseph Davis for mayor, Richard P. Borden for treasurer, and Antonine Kuntz for police magistrate.

Two letters issued this afternoon are creating

MUCH COMMENT

to-night. The first was from Mayor Harrison's appointee as city collector, William J. Onahan, widely known throughout the country as president of the Irish Catholic Colonization Society. Onahan was to be the democratic candidate for city treasurer. His letter emphatically announces that, unlike Mayor Harrison, he will under no circumstances give the slightest aid to the election of a "ticket put forward and championed by well known and avowed allies of socialism and anarchy." Continuing, he says: "Mr. Powderly, who represents and is the official spokesman for the legitimate labor organizations of the country, disavows, as I am informed, the action of a political body which assumes to put itself forward in Chicago as the

'LIBERAL PARTY.'

The success of the so-called labor ticket," the latter declares, "would be fatal alike to the business interests of the city and to the real welfare of the laboring classes."

Onahan concludes with the words: "If I must choose on election day between the republican ticket and that championed by the socialists, I shall vote the republican ticket."

The other letter causing discussion is from Robert Nelson, union labor candidate for mayor. Nelson says in it that he will, if elected, regard the office of mayor as a great and grave public trust. Efficiency will be his

SOLE GUIDE

in making appointments or removals from office, and that the property rights of the people will be protected and the laws enforced. Republicans and democrats alike pronounce Nelson's letter a sop to the legion of democratic office-holders and employes.

The Cook County Democratic Club, an organization occupying middle ground between the silk stocking and the short hair elements of the party, had a meeting to-night presided over by Charles Kern, at which it was expected that an anti-Harrison democrat would be

NAMED FOR MAYOR,

or the republican nominee, Roche, endorsed. Nothing of either kind was attempted, and the meeting adjourned without transacting any important business.

The democratic South Town convention assembled to-night, but failed to put up any candidates for town offices or do anything else.

So great is the confusion in the democratic circles that in a number of wards there are no democratic candidates for places as aldermen.

DUN'S REVIEW.

The Country's Business Outlook.

NEW YORK, April 1.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly trade review, say: With three inches of snow in Virginia, the roads in many sections almost impassable, and Canadian railroad blocked by drifts, the distribution of products is difficult. But for the extraordinary demand to anticipate the inter-state act and its changes of rates this retarding weather would have been more seriously felt. As it is, the dry goods and boot and shoe dealers complain that, from the regions buried in snow, small orders come from summer clothing, and the deep mud and bad roads in many of the States arrest the movements of produce. The business of the past month has been remarkably large, not only at New York and Boston, but Chicago reports a

PHENOMENAL RECORD,

and other cities as well. Largely, this business has been in anticipation of the demands for eighty days to come or more, hence it is scarcely possible that the noteworthy unseasonable reaction should not be felt. The opinion grows that the inter-state act will help the railroads rather than commerce. Its evident tendency is to cause lower charges on local traffic, which is heavier, and higher charges on long, through traffic, which, for important roads, is larger. Neither the uncertainty nor the activity in markets under such circumstances, indicates much for the future.

Wheat has risen over one cent, with sales of 40,000,000 bushels for the week.

Corn, oats, oil and pork products, sugar and tea have

SCARCELY CHANGED,

with moderate dealings. Coffee has advanced a quarter. Cattle and wool are weaker, with tin and copper. Cotton has boomed, with sales of 1,088,200 bales at New York in six days. Print cloths are barely 3 39 cents, with only 168,000 pieces in sight, against 1,684,000 pieces two years ago. Iron is weaker at Philadelphia and Pittsburg. The collapse of the coal combination and the higher and fixed rates for transportation of coal, do not encourage consumers.

Whether the bank clearings outside of New York, ranging 18 per cent. above last year, indicate more than a temporary activity, cannot yet be judged, but the great reduction of rates on the Canadian canals for shipment to

CANADIAN PORTS,

and the attitude of the Grand Trunk toward other trunk lines foreshadow a sharper competition between the Canadian and New York forwarding merchants and other new arrangements indicate manufacturing development in Canada.

The Mexican tariff promises a larger traffic in that direction after July 1st. With April's settlements over, large amounts of money usually return hither, and this year the amount sent to Boston has been unusually large, the dividends payable there, amounting to $12,662,049, against $8,061,111 last year.

MONEY HAS RANGED

from 3 to 8 per cent. for the week, but operations to cause a stringency will now be increasing so rapidly, unless an unusual outgo of money should set in, as in 1884, in place of the return customary in April.

The failures during the first quarter of 1887 were smaller in number than in 1886, 1885 or 1884, but the aggregate of liabilities was larger than last year not because of the general enlarging of the indebtedness but because a few unusually heavy failures were included. The failures in the last seven days number for the United States 196, for Canada 27—total 223, compared with 259 last week and 214 for the corresponding week of last year.

The House of Commons.

LONDON, April 1.—The whips of both parties in the House of Commons, are doing their utmost to secure a full attendance at to-night's session. It is not known positively whether Parnell will move the amendment, of which he has given notice. The Gladstone liberals will meet the government's motion for a second reading of the Irish crimes act amendment bill, with a hostile amendment. The form which this shall take has not yet been decided upon.

In the House of Commons to-night the cloture was carried by a vote of 350 to 253, and the first reading of the coercion bill was acted upon without division.

In the House of Commons to-night W. H. Smith, first lord of the treasury, suggested that if the Irish crimes bill be read the first time to-night, the second reading could be taken up Tuesday and then there would be an interval of a week between the second reading and going into committee. It was the imperative duty of the government to insist that the House come to an early decision on the principle of the bill. Referring to the land bill he said it was of vital importance that the government use every effort to make the measure a law.

THE KISSANE CASE.

The Woods Seem to be Full of Them.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Recorder Smyth, in general session to-day, heard argument on the motion by counsel for J. B. Hart, of San Francisco, to have a *nolle prosequi* entered on an indictment for forgery, on file in the district attorney's office, against Wm. Kissane, now a wealthy and influential citizen of San Francisco. The indictment was for the forgery of a check for $12,000 in in 1888 against the Chemical Bank of this city.

HIS LIFE.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—The case of William Kissane, which is surrounded with so much mystery and which was heard to-day in New York before Recorder Smith, has attracted immense attention in California. This is due to the fact that Kissane, it is said, is now known to be one of the most wealthy and prominent citizens of California, and connected by marriage with many leading families in this city. Many attempts have been made by the press of San Francisco to get at the actual facts in the case and unearth the identity of this mysterious individual. The immediate notoriety of the case is due to the motion made by counsel for J. B. Hart of this city to have a *nolle prosqui* entered to the indictment

FOR FORGERY

on file in the district attorney's office in New York against this man, Wm. Kissane. The inoictment was for the forgery of check for $12,000, in 1854, on the Chemical Bank of New York.

Counselor Jones appeared for the bank and opposed the motion. He said Kissane had not made any restitution to the bank for the money thus obtained in a criminal manner, although it appeared that he was well-to-do. Lawyer Jones submitted

AN AFFIDAVIT

made by the cashier of the bank, which set forth that the bank sustained a loss of $26,000 by Kissane's acts.

District Attorney Martine was present, and favored dismissing the indictment, considering the length of time elapsed and that Kissane had reformed and was leading an honest life. Everything considered, he was not disposed to call the case for trial at this late day.

Recorder Smyth was not so willing to dismiss the matter. He said that there was no evidence that Lawyer Hart was acting with Kissane's consent, and intimated he would require assurances on this point before taking action. A telegram from the principal in the case would not be sufficient. The parties then left the court.

A prominent gentleman to-night, who knows Kissane well and who knew him in the east, and who has been, as also has his family, a severe sufferer by Kissane, gave to the Associated Press reporter to-night the full story of Kissane's career, suppressing only the name which he is known by in California. It may be said here that Kissane is one of the most prominent and wealthiest residents of Sonoma County, and that his half-brother is a prominent attorney of this city and his connections by marriage are all

LEADING SOCIETY PEOPLE.

The statement of this gentleman is as follows: It is believed that the statements made through Jesse B. Hart in New York and telegraphed there have revealed the identity of Kissane, and may probably lead to a complete disclosure of his criminal practices in the past. It is well known by certain parties that Kissane has been guilty of felony since his arrival in California. He is unrepentant and seeks only the removal of the legal disabilities and penalties for his past crimes. He is still under indictment for forgery in New York City and for murder in Arkansas, resulting from the great loss of life by the burning of the steamer *Martha Washington*, bound from Cincinnati to New Orleans, near Helena, Arkansas, on the night of January 14, 1843. He was, on his indictments, in January, 1858, together with some others,

PLACED ON TRIAL

for conspiracy and defrauding insurance companies by fictitious cargoes said to be on the steamer *Martha Washington*. He was convicted on three occasions in Cincinnati on these charges, but each time managed to evade the law. After this he was arrested for murder and taken to Helena, Arkansas, but owing to a lack of county funds and the neglect of Congress to provide an appropriation for his prosecution he again escaped the clutches of the law. A request was made by Hon. James Guthrie, for an appropriation, but it could not be passed. Kissane, in the meantime, had jumped his bail, and the next heard of him were his forgeries on the Chemical Bank of New York in August, 1854, for which he was arrested, convicted and sentenced to

SING SING PRISON,

New York. Among his effects, which were found at the time of his arrest, were some notes of $500 denomination on the Chemical Bank of New York. He was brought to New York handcuffed and locked to the wrist of an officer. The key of his handcuffs was lodged safely in the pocket of the Chemical Bank teller, who still lives to probably assist in the last chapter of Kissane's criminal career. While in Sing Sing he offered to make a full confession of the *Martha Washington* steamboat conspiracy, and to confirm the same on the witness stand so as to aid the insurance companies in resisting the fraudulent suits brought against them for

FICTITIOUS CHARGES.

The authorities concluded his testimony would be available and useful for that purpose, as he might not voluntarily give the testimony if he served the full time. For this reason he was liberated and thereafter made a full confession of the *Martha Washington* conspiracy, the burning of the boat and the efforts to secure the insurance. The confession occupied one hundred pages of foolscap. His gang, one of the most complete organizations ever known in the country, scattered in consternation when the fact of the confession was made known. Kissane himself violated his promise to the insurance companies and fled to Nicaragua, where, under an assumed name, it was reported he had been shot. His career in California, under another

ASSUMED NAME

is well known and all his connections in business, society and marriage are equally well known, he having acquired enormous wealth. His reckless attempt to quash the indictment in New York will bring on himself and his immediate friends, many of whom are ignorant of his past history, most unpleasant consequences. General Dorr, of this city, who is perfectly familiar with Kissane's career, stated to-night that on first seeing him in this state some two years ago, he immediately identified him, but that out of consideration of Kissane's family and connections, he had persistently refused to make any statement in regard to him, hoping he would make restitution to those whom he had ruined.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

A Batch of Details of More or Less Interest.

PLANS FOR OUR GRAND NAVY

Designs from Various Sources Handed In.

THE OLEOMARGARINE TROUBLE

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—C. Kickhoff, Jr., agent for the division of mining statistics of the United States Geological Survey, has prepared a preliminary statement of the production of lead and zinc for 1876, from which it appears that 114,829 short tons of desilverized lead and 2,800 short tons of non-argentiferous lead were produced. A considerable increase in make is expected during the current year, in southeast Missouri. The production of spelter in the United States is estimated as follows, the unit being a short ton of 2,000 pounds: Illinois, 21,077; Kansas, 8,832; Missouri, 5,870; Eastern and Southern States, 6,762. Total, 42,461. The reports indicate preparations for the further increase in the product during the current year.

THE COINAGE

of the mints during the month of March was $5,195,906, of which $3,040,390 was in standard silver dollars.

Some time ago the Seawanhaka Yacht Club, of New York, made a request to the Navy Department that a naval officer be detailed to visit New York for the purpose of giving the club practical instructions in the management of its vessels, with a view of increasing its proficiency to such a point that the fleet can be relied upon as a naval reserve. In compliance with this request Commander McCallahan has been detailed to this city.

PRE-EMPTION RIGHT.

In the *ex parte* case of Todd Knopple, on appeal from the commissioner of the general land office sustaining the decision of the local land office at Lamar, Colorado, acting-Secretary Muldrow holds that a qualified pre-emptor who has exercised his right of filing and perfecting an entry on the Osage trust and diminished reserved lands in Kansas, under the act of May 28, 1880, has exhausted his pre-emption right to all other lands. This affirms the previous decisions.

Henry B. Billings, of Alton, Illinois, has been appointed register of the land office at Hailey, Idaho Territory, instead of receiver of the land office at that place.

THE PENSION OFFICE

yesterday issued 1,000 pension certificates. This is estimated to be the largest number ever issued in one day by the bureau.

The inter-state commerce commission having made a request for a temporary clerical assistant, the Secretary of the Interior to-day detailed Major S. A. Jonas of his office for that duty.

At noon to-day plans were opened at the office of the Secretary of the Navy for an armored cruiser and a powerful battleship under authority conferred by the act of August 3, 1886. Advertisements have been published by the department in American and European newspapers since August last inviting a

SUBMISSION OF PLANS

of these vessels. Designers were required to submit detailed statements of weight, hulls, engines and armament and the fullest particulars consisting of weight, power and economy of engines, boilers and screws, torpedo apparatus, rigging, displacement, speed and other material points. In case the plan is accepted, the designer is required to make any changes of designs in armament free of expense and the department agrees to pay $1,500 to the designer of each type of vessel which may be selected from the plans submitted. The general requirement of the department for the

ARMORED CRUISER

is that it shall have a double-bottomed hull of steel with numerous watertight compartments, a ram bow and steel-armored deck covering machinery, full sail power and a battery composed of four ten-inch and six-inch rifles and machine guns.

The armored battle ship is to be substantially like the cruiser in hull, but is to have a heavy battery composed of two twelve-inch and six six-inch guns and a secondary battery.

PLANS WERE SUBMITTED

by the following firms and persons: Barrow Ship Building Company of England, two designs; Thames Iron Ship Building Company of England, two designs and two half models; the Bureau of Construction Navy Department, two designs and models; Grand Jean of France, design for armored cruisers; Lieutenant W. I. Chambers, U. S. N., design for armored cruiser; Francis L. Martin of New York, design for armed battleship; Captain L. N. Towns of New York, design for cruiser; Naval Constructor Park, design for armored cruiser. These designs will be submitted to the board appointed by Secretary Whitney to make a selection of the two vessels best adapted for the American navy.

The commissioner of the general land office has approved and sent to the Secretary of the Interior for transmission to Congress a

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

from the surveyor-general of New Mexico holding for rejection the private land claim known as the Ignacio Chaves grant No. 06, for 243,000 acres, on the ground that no legal or equitable right has been shown by the claimants.

The President to-day appointed Martin V. Montgomery, of Michigan, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia to succeed Justice Arthur MacArthur, retired. The appointment of Montgomery as commissioner of patents was one of the first important appointments made by President Cleveland.

ADULTERATIONS.

The popular notions with respect to the practice of butter adulteration before the oleomargarine law went into effect will not be sustained by the forthcoming report of Prof. Wiley, the chemist of the department of agriculture, on this subject. Prof. Wiley's experiments have been progressing for more than a year. The materials for investigation were purchased in the open market in all parts of the country, no intimation being given in any case of the purpose for which the purchase was intended. In not more than one-third of the cases did the purchase prove to be an adulteration or imitation, except when something else than butter was asked for and the

FRAUDULENT ARTICLES

were almost uniformly those secured when low-priced materials were called for. In no instance was it found that an article in the market as butter was entirely fraudulent. The adulterated articles usually contained between 30 and 40 per cent. of pure butter, the remainder most commonly consisting of beef fat, lard and cotton seed oil. Prof. Wiley devotes some space to the consideration of the opinion of scientific men with regard to the wholesomeness of oleomargarine and kindred compounds. He finds that about nine out of every ten of the scientists who have expressed themselves, declare the belief that properly made oleomargarine is unobjectionable and wholesome. The larger and more important part of the report is devoted to an analysis of

DAIRY PRODUCTS

and their substitutes, and the methods of determining the adulterations. The chemist's opportunities for investigation were greater than have ever before been afforded, and the result is a treatise which covers every detail of this important subject. The conclusion is reached that the microscope is a much more useful instrument in this direction than the European chemists have ever been willing to admit, and is in fact an invaluable adjuct to a chemical laboratory for this particular work. The chemical methods of analysis are, however, no less thoroughly treated, and a few simple means of detection for popular use are pointed out. Artificial coloring substances are discussed and those which are harmful and those which are harmless are described.

THIS REPORT

is to form part No. 1 of Department "Bulletin No. 13." Part No. 2 will be Mr. Richardson's report on spices, adulterations of baking powders, native beers, wines and cider, flour, meal, rice and other cereal products, and tea, coffee, cocoa and articles of that description will form the subject of other parts of the bulletin.

The Treasury Department presented an unusual spectacle this afternoon. The appointments of Secretary Fairchild and Assistant Secretary Maynard caused great rejoicing among the employes, and they expressed a universal desire to be allowed to extend their congratulations in person. Apparently no promotions were ever made in the

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

that met with such general favor among the employes. The two officials therefore consented to receive such of the employes who desired to pay their respects after the close of business. Word to that effect was sent through the building, and by 3 o'clock a large crowd had congregated in the corridor opening into the secretary's office. Mr. Fairchild was visited first, and then Mr. Maynard, the crowds passing in a stream from the room of Mr. Fairchild to the corridor and then into the room of Mr. Maynard. The bureau officers, the chiefs of divisions, clerks of all grades, messengers, watchmen, laborers and charwomen mingled in the crowd and shook hands with the newly-appointed officers.

Red Star Cough Cure supplies a needed want. It has no narcotics, and is purely vegetable.

NOTICE.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, will be held in the Social Hall, in this City, on Tuesday, April 5th, 1887, at 2 p. m., for the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting.

THOS. G. WEBBER,
Sec'y and Treas.
Salt Lake City, March 28, 1887.

SALT LAKE CITY GAS CO.
Stockholders' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Salt Lake City Gas Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 49 E., First South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Tuesday, April 5, 1887, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary.

T. W. ELLERBECK, Secretary.
Salt Lake City, Utah, March 28, 1887.
d1w

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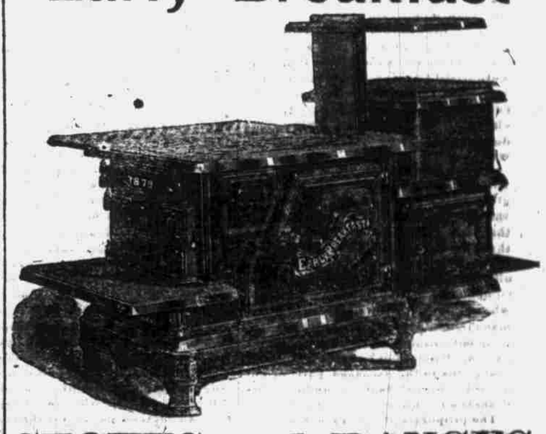

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