

SHOW WINDOWS BY THE THOU-
SAND—that's what newspaper ad-
vertising gives to a store.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

LOCAL OPERATORS RETURN TO WORK

Commercial Telegraphers Decide
To Return to Their Keys
In This City.

APPLY FOR REINSTATEMENT.

Action Terminating Long Strike
Unanimous at Meeting Held
In Harmonie Hall.

Western Union Company Has Few Vacant Places—Postal Taking Old Men Back—A. P. Working Full Force.

IN THE LOCAL OFFICES.

The Western Union company's local office has received 12 applications for reinstatement, some of which will go to district headquarters in Denver for consideration and some of which will be thrown out altogether. All men will enter the office as new employees, length of service prior to strike not to be taken into account. The office is working practically a full force.

The Postal company's local office has received applications for reinstatement from all its men who went on strike. Operators will be received back generally, but chief operators will not be hired at their old positions, but as operators only.

The Associated Press has a full force of men working its wires into and out of this city.

The telegraphers' strike is over, at least for an indefinite period. This follows the action taken at a special meeting of the members of the Commercial Telegraphers' union held at Harmonie hall last night. All members were in favor of suspending the order declaring strike against the Postal Telegraph-Cable company, the Western Union Telegraph and Cable company and the Associated Press. The order providing for the suspension went into effect this morning.

This action on the part of the local union was taken after the keymen had fought desperately for months. Local unions in other cities, however, have taken similar action and the local union is not alone in this city. The feeling of ill will against the company officials in this city, but that their going on strike was merely in conformity with the general order which was intended to prevail throughout the United States.

The local operators responded to the call on August 3, in their leaving their keys in the three offices mentioned. Since that time only seven men desert of the local. This is considered an exceptional record.

All members of the local union who were present at last night's meeting pledged themselves to support their brethren more strongly in the future than they did during the strike, pledging to President Hugh Evans their hearty co-operation.

WILL TAKE MEN BACK.

Supl. W. P. S. Hawk of the Postal Telegraph-Cable company said this morning that his company is disposed to take back any and all of the union operators who went on strike, provided they may be placed. Many of the positions of the striking keymen had been filled, however, long before the local union decided to go back to work. He stated that the company intends to take back none of the chief operators who went on strike, maintaining that they could have no grievance against the company. The chief operators, as said, were paid more for their ability as chief operators and for their capability in handling multiplex equipment than as operators. The Postal company, Mr. Hawk asserts, has every wire manned by competent men, but will give the strikers work as they may be needed.

AN ILLUSTRATION.

As an illustration of the attitude of many of the men who went on strike, Mr. Hawk cites the instance in one of the large offices where a young operator was selected in Chicago from among 600 others. He was working a wire that paid him \$40 per month. He went into the service in the western office in less than a year and was a chief operator at \$140 per month. When the strike was declared, he went out, but in letters to the company said that he had no grievance, and that he would like to go back to work in some capacity after the strike situation cleared. Mr. Hawk says that the man's position is not filled by a competent man and that the attitude of the company regarding chief operators will prevent him from going back to work, except as an operator at a much smaller salary than he was receiving at the time of the strike.

AT WESTERN UNION.

Mr. Long, superintendent of the local office of the Western Union company, declares that in this district, including Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Texas and part of New Mexico and California, the company is operating with a force of 75 per cent, leaving less than one-fifth of the places to be filled. Applications filed for reinstatement in this office will go to Denver and be referred to Supl. Leonard of the district. Many applications will go no further than this office, as the men would not be received back to work under any consideration. The men will go into the office as new employees and their length of service before the strike will have nothing to do with their rating.

The local Associated Press office is working with a full force.

MRS. SOLOMON WANTS DIVORCE.

A suit for divorce was filed yesterday afternoon by Emily Solomon against Ben D. Solomon, non-support being the grounds upon which the dissolution of the marriage bonds is asked. The suit

NO MORE "ROUGH HOUSE."

All Classes at High School Promise to Be Good Hereafter.

Since the seniors "rough-housed" the junior party, there has been some talk of doing away with social functions at high school. The different classes seeing that there was trouble ahead, decided to do something which would assure Prof. Eaton that all social functions would be held in an orderly way, and that rowdiness at these affairs would be abolished.

To bring about these ends the juniors held a meeting Wednesday morning and adopted a set of resolutions to the effect that hereafter they—the juniors—will comport themselves in an orderly and gentlemanly manner at all future school functions. That same afternoon the seniors followed suit and did the same as the juniors, and last evening the sophomores and freshmen did the same.

Now that it is practically decided that parties can be given at the high school the juniors are making elaborate plans for a dance to be held on the 30th of this month.

WOMEN INJURED.

Two Denizens of Commercial Street Get in Path of Wagon.

Two female denizens of Commercial street were slightly injured early this morning on that notorious thoroughfare by being run over by a delivery wagon but not a water wagon.

The two women were in an advanced stage of intoxication and were parading the street when a wagon dashed along. The driver tried to turn out of the way but the women got in front of the vehicle with the result that the hind wheel passed over their heads and the front wheel passed over their feet, inflicting cuts and bruises. The women were taken to the police where no arrests were made. The two women were taken to their rooms.

POTATOES CAUSE FIGHT.

Japanese Cold Customer Said They Were Cold, Making Proprietor Hot.

A question of hot or cold potatoes caused a rumup in a Japanese restaurant at 17 Commercial street early this morning, and as a result a man named Pat Brycelina is suffering from a badly pummeled face and cut head, while two of his assailants, Japs named Nakajar and J. Hiramoto, are under arrest for beating up Patrick.

Brycelina went into the restaurant this morning and ordered a meal. Among other things he ordered potatoes. When breakfast was served Brycelina "kicked" on the potatoes, declaring he wanted them hot and not cold. Then a wrangle followed and Patrick refused to pay for the meal. Hot words were followed by blows and three little brown men proceeded to assault the countenance of the customer. Officers Clough and Taylor were attracted to the scene and arrested two of the Japs and the injured man. The latter is being held as a witness.

EVAPORATED FRUITS.

New York, Nov. 7.—Evaporated apples are in light demand, but prices are steadily held.

Fruit is unchanged on spot and market is receiving enough fruit through deliveries to forward contracts to supply their present needs. Apples and peaches are unchanged. Raisins are in fair demand, but are offered at 75¢ per cask, seeded raisins at 75¢ per cask, and London layers at 75¢ per cask.

OTTO VIRGUTZ ARRESTED.

Missouri, Mont., Nov. 8.—Otto Virgutz, wanted for forgery by Sheriff McNoll of Presser, Wash., was arrested here last night by Deputy Sheriff Held upon a description which was sent here several days ago. Virgutz admits his identity. It is understood that he has a long list of forgeries attached to his career.

BROKE HIS PAROLE.

And After Thirteen Years Will Be Sent East.

Oakland, Cal., Nov. 8.—Frank Smith, who broke parole in Minnesota 18 years ago and who was sent to San Quentin, will be sent back east. He was arrested in Berkeley and has been identified by J. Z. Barnard, state agent for the Minnesota state reformatory.

TOWER'S SUCCESSOR.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Secy. Root announced today David Jayne Hill, American minister to The Netherlands, and a former assistant secretary of state, will be named as ambassador to Berlin to succeed Mr. Tower, who is about to retire on account of ill health.

FORGOT WHERE SHE CONCEALED \$18,000.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—At a time when she needs money badly in her fight for life, Mrs. Dora McDonald, charged with the murder of William Guerin, has forgotten the hiding place of \$18,000 worth of bonds given her by her late husband, Michael C. McDonald.

This proof of the woman's mental aberration, cited by her counsel, Col. J. Hamilton Lewis, was sufficient to induce Judge Brennan yesterday to permit her case to go over until the December term of court.

"The condition of my client is pitiable," said Col. Lewis, "who cannot talk coherently of the events connected with or following the shooting. I have tried to talk to her for 10 times that I might be ready for trial, but I have not been able to get a coherent story."

"What could be more convincing that her insanity is real than that she is unable to tell me where she has hidden valuable bonds? Her inability to produce these bonds has delayed the settlement of her husband's estate. She has spoken to me frequently of those lost bonds, and I have done everything in my power unsuccessfully to bring her back to some recollection of where she has placed them. She does not know the exact value of the bonds, but I suppose it is a round \$18,000. The bonds are of the Lake Street Elevated road and are the property of the Chicago and North Western railway, in which McDonald was interested."

SECY. TAFT'S LAST DAY MANILA

Given Brilliant Farewell Reception at Residence of Gov. Gen. Smith.

RETURNS VIA ASIA-EUROPE.

Leaves for Vladivostok Tomorrow—Emperor William Will See Him At Osborne House.

Manila, Nov. 8.—A brilliant farewell reception was given to Secy. Taft tonight at the residence of Gov. Gen. Smith. It was characterized by extreme democracy, representatives of nearly every class of residents of Manila being present. Secy. Taft and wife were greeted practically by every man in attendance.

The secretary's last day in Manila was marked by many busy features. He received and conferred with many prominent Filipino heads of bureaus, members of commissions, business men and delegations from various provinces and cities. He told one delegation which was petitioning for free trade in sugar and tobacco to send the right men as delegates to Washington to help the fight in Congress to secure tariff concessions. After a conference with Gen. Gomez regarding political matters, he referred to that well known agitator as a good friend.

The arrangements made for the escort for Secy. Taft to the dock at the time of his departure tomorrow include a monster parade of military forces, parades of the public schools and citizens generally.

SALES TOMORROW.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Cable advices received at the war department today confirm the Associated Press dispatches from Manila of Secy. Taft's intentions to return to the United States by way of Asia and Europe. Secy. Taft will leave Manila tomorrow on the flag ship Rainbow of Admiral Hemphill's squadron for Vladivostok. The following cablegrams regarding the secretary's movements were received today from Brig. Gen. Edwards, who was accompanying Mr. Taft on his trip:

"Manila, Nov. 8.—Will take advantage of the fall cruise of Hemphill's squadron to go on ship to Vladivostok tomorrow. One of the cruises accompanying will run into Nagasaki to get any cables that may come."

"We leave as contemplated. Ten o'clock today morning for Vladivostok. Advices from there reassuring as to conditions."

TO MEET EMPEROR WILLIAM.

Berlin, Nov. 8.—Emperor William will see Secy. Taft at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, during the former's visit to England. A message, conveying this which was the subject of the play, was received at Washington, it being understood that Mr. Taft has finally decided to return to the United States by way of Europe.

It is regarded as likely that Mr. Taft will also seek an audience of King Edward, as for the American to visit the German emperor on British soil without paying equivalent respect to the king might be regarded as discourteous.

So much has been said about Mr. Taft planning to visit the emperor that some of the other governments have become curious in regard to whether anything is intended by the step taken by the American government. Ambassadors Bryce and Jusserand, it is asserted here, already have made inquiries on the subject at the state department at Washington, and it is further asserted that there is a feeling at the foreign office of London that Mr. Taft would be slighting King Edward and President Fallieres if he did not ask to see them on his way home or at he stopped over at St. Petersburg and Berlin en route homeward.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL CASE.

Judge Ball Sets Nov. 25 as Date for Hearing Arguments.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Judge Ball today set Nov. 25 as the date upon which he would hear arguments affecting the voting of \$500 shares of stock of Illinois Central, held by the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York. The proceedings are a part of the action covering the bill for an injunction restraining the voting of these shares at the proposed annual meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central.

The attorneys for the insurance company declared that they were ready to proceed with the arguments. Counsel for Mr. Fish, however, declare that they were not ready.

Judge Ball requested the attorneys to agree upon a date, with the result that Nov. 25 was selected.

Riot Breaks Out On Lower Second South.

White Man Enters Saloon and Takes Two Grips, Whereupon Greeks and Italians Pounce Upon Him—Five Hundred People Gather—Cries of "Lynch the Greeks"—Police to Rescue.

A riot broke forth in all its fury on Second South street about noon today and for some few minutes it looked as if several lives were to be sacrificed. The trouble started in the Rio Grande saloon near Fourth West, when Frank Egan, a laborer walked into the place and picked up a couple of grips. These belonged to a Greek or an Italian, but Egan thought they belonged to a companion. At least such is the story he told the police after the trouble had been quelled. The Greeks or Italians started beating Egan; there were a dozen or more of them. Egan fought them off and getting into the street ran east. Within a half block he was caught and thrown down on a lawn. Someone threw a rock, weighing at least 20 pounds, at him and it struck him full in the chest. Mike Arnon, an attaché of the saloon belated Egan over the head with a billiard cue. Other foreigners used their hands and heavily booted feet with terrible effect.

500 PEOPLE GATHER.

A crowd of over 500 people gathered about the scene of combat and seeing the uneven fight being made upon a white man started cries of "Lynch the Greeks!" "Lynch the Danes!"

A blacksmith rushed from his shop nearby and with drawn revolver shot into the middle of the melee. Other white men vaded into the crowd and a hopeless mixture of excited white men and foreigners swept back and forth over the lawn and into the street. A half dozen riot calls were sent into the police station by frightened neighbors and the patrol with Officers Johnston, Harris, Clough and Moore, made a record run down Second South street.

POLICE TO RESCUE.

The officers reached the scene just as the unknown blacksmith ran out of his shop flourishing a gun. The fellow was disarmed before he had a chance to hurt anybody. Five foreigners were captured by the police. At the station they gave their names as Phil Hodas, Nick Calapalis, Ulfese Fessell, Mike Arnon and Lenth Rizer.

THREE BEHIND BARS.

Fossell and Arnon put up bonds in the sum of \$25 each and were released but their countrymen remained behind the bars for lack of funds. Egan was taken to the emergency hospital and Dr. Paul, city physician, attended him.

FIVE THOUSAND MARRIAGES ILLEGAL

Of Chicago Couples Who Were Wedded in Hammond, Indiana.

ATTY. BOMBERGER'S OPINION.

Holds Licenses Issued by Superior Court of Lake County Without Legal Authority.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Five thousand marriages of Chicago couples which have been performed in Hammond, Ind., within the last five years, were declared to be illegal, in an opinion rendered yesterday at Hammond by Atty. Lowndes O. Bomberger to Ernest L. Shortridge, clerk of the circuit and superior court.

In his opinion, he holds that licenses issued by the superior court of Lake county, located at Hammond, are issued without legal authority, and that the forty court of Lake county which is empowered to issue licenses is the circuit court at Crown Point.

If he is right, about 500 couples who have sought the aid of the kindly laws of Indiana during the past five years, and had the knot tied at Hammond, have been living together without legal sanction. The possible complications of a legal character which would follow such a state of affairs are innumerable.

Transfers of property, inheritances and a variety of matters depending upon the marriage of contracting parties will be cas. Under a cloud, which will remain until the higher courts are called upon to settle the point which is raised in the opinion.

INFECTED CURRENCY.

Causes Death of E. H. Hall from Rare Disease, Myxedema.

New York, Nov. 8.—Myxedema, a rare disease, which was brought on in this case by continual contact with paper money, has caused the death here of Edward H. Hall, formerly cashier of the firm of Arnold, Constable & Co. Twenty years spent in counting currency infected Mr. Hall with the germs that lurk in the ordinary bank-note and for 10 years prior to his death he had been a sufferer from the strange malady that baffled medical skill.

YIDDISH PLAYS.

Series of Theaters to be Established For Presenting Them In.

New York, Nov. 8.—Henry C. Miner, the theatrical manager, has joined hands with Boris Ananov, Max Thomashefsky to establish a series of theaters over the country, in which only Yiddish plays will be presented. They will also control the companies that circulate between these playhouses.

Mr. Miner will furnish a good part of the money needed for the new theatrical corner, together with some Yiddish experience in the management of the theaters. The Thomashefsky brothers will furnish long experience in schooling Yiddish companies and presenting them on the stage.

Theaters will be located in Chicago, Baltimore, Cleveland and St. Louis. It is said, and later on, if the patronage justifies it, the circuit will be still further enlarged. It is designed to organize a number of stock companies to take turns about playing at the syndicate houses.

BIGGEST STEEL SAFE

DEPOSIT VAULT IN WORLD.

New York, Nov. 8.—Much interest is being taken by crowds of on-lookers as well as by engineers and contractors in the speed and accuracy with which the new safe is being built. Weighing 17 tons each, are being unloaded and put in position in the basement and sub-basement of the Carnegie Safe Deposit company building at Broadway and Cedar street. They will be parts of the biggest steel safe deposit vault in the world.

The vault, which will be ready for use next March, will weigh 1,115. It is a two-story structure with special elevator and stairways between the lower and upper stories. The inner dimensions of the vault are 10 feet 6 inches by 10 feet 6 inches by 10 feet 6 inches; height, 9 feet 4 inches.

There is an entrance to both vaults and an emergency entrance through a plate of the same thickness. The main doors weigh 40,000 pounds each. The joints of the doors are build and gas proof. The steel safe used in the construction of the vaults are similar to those on United States battleships.

LOCAL TELEPHONE PEOPLE SURPRISED

Manager Jones is in the Dark as To the Latest Move

BELL CO. REPORTED BUYERS

Likelihood of a Legal Fight Before The Matter is Finally Settled.

No one was more surprised than the group of Salt Lakeers forming the syndicate organized some time ago to buy the stocks and bonds of the Utah Independent Telephone company, on reading in last night's "News" the special dispatch from Rochester, stating that the stocks had been turned over to entirely new owners in New York for \$910,000, and that these parties were supposed to have bought them for the Bell company.

As already recorded in the "News," the sum of \$90,000 was paid in Rochester to secure an option on the deal. Later, when the clouds in the financial horizon were, Messrs. Jones and O'Connell went to Rochester with a second \$25,000 raised by the local people, which they deposited in Rochester to obtain an extension of the final payment beyond Dec. 15. This extension was obtained until March 15 next, and the local promoters were quietly pursuing their policy of raising subscriptions. Halter J. Grant & Co. having the matter in hand, and having secured subscriptions for something like \$100,000 on the transaction.

Mr. Grant, himself, is now in Canada, and could not be seen. Mr. Elmer E. Jones, who has taken the leading part in the negotiations between Salt Lake and Rochester, said:

"All I can say is that the Bell people have been trying to get control of our company ever since we started here. It is the effort of the Bell interests to stifle all competition wherever possible. Last winter I had a round with the Bell people and won. If they have won finally and have purchased the property I have not been advised of that fact. I suppose if this is the case I will be advised in a short time, possibly in a day or so."

FORFEIT NOT RETURNED.

"Our syndicate put up \$25,000 as a forfeit for an option. When money matters became so acute we asked for an extension on our payment. We put up another \$25,000 to secure this extension. I supposed this had been granted. I know that the second \$25,000 forfeit has not been returned to us to date. I am as much at sea as anybody else in Salt Lake to know just what it is all about. I have been in New York in regard to the Utah Independent."

It has been reported that the Bell Telephone company, which has been trying to secure control of the Utah Independent company ever since it was known to be in difficulties, was back of the New York purchasers of the stocks and bonds. The local Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company, however, deny any knowledge of the matter, but the feeling is that the American Bell company is in every back of the deal in the interests of the local concerns.

The likelihood is that there will be some immediate and long-drawn-out legal complications before Mr. Jones and his syndicate can retire from the field and lose the first \$50,000 forfeit which they deposited. In case the sale has been made to New York parties, the second \$25,000 deposited for the extension will, of course, be returned.

STARVING STOW-AWAY

HAS SONS IN SALT LAKE.

(Special to the "News.") Boston, Nov. 7.—Almost starved and in a dying condition, an aged Roumanian named Adrian Argules, who was found in the hold of a ship, was brought to the city.

After the meeting Mr. Jones said: "If we had been told in the 'News' that the Utah Independent Telephone company is in business in Utah to stay, we would have been in a different position. We will compete with the Bell people on the same plan as in force before the strike. We will recognize nothing as having altered our plans in any way. The board will back any fight looking to consolidation."

LOST THEIR LIVES.

San Bernardino, Cal., Nov. 8.—Conductor J. C. McGregor and brakeman J. J. Stauffer of the Santa Fe Colton switching crew, lost their lives last night a mile north of Colton by being jolted from the running board on the head end of their engine, which had plunged into the head end of an ice block train, used during the past few days while the main line was undergoing repairs.

CARNEGIE IN PRINCETON.

There to See First Rowing Race on Lake Built by Him.

New York, Nov. 7.—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie are in Princeton to attend today. The distinguished visitors will view the contest from a yacht which will follow the crews along the canal that is parallel to the lake.

Mr. Carnegie has presented a magnificent cup, on which the winning crew will have its class numeral engraved.

It was Mr. Carnegie who made rowing possible at Princeton by providing a lake for the purpose. He cost about \$200,000.

BANDITS MAKE WATER

HAUL IN STAGE HOLDUP.

Colton, Mont., Nov. 8.—Word reached Dillon yesterday that the stage coach running between Salmon, Idaho, and Red Rock, this county, was held up by two masked highwaymen as it was nearing Midway, at the summit of the Snake mountains. The bandits apparently thought the coach was conveying out a shipment of gold from the Salmon country, for they commanded the driver to throw off the stage box. While one man kept Driver Walter Colman covered with his six-shooter, the other climbed on the coach and started a fire. Finding nothing of value, he dismounted and Colman was commanded to drive on. Not a shot was fired and the men did not attempt to rob the driver nor the passenger. The gold had left on a previous coach.

NEGRO LICKED JAP.

Manila, Nov. 8.—A Japanese and an American negro, had a fight at Obang over the right of the Japanese to place his national flag higher than the American ensign on the birthday of the emperor of Japan. The negro was arrested and the Japanese was sent to the hospital.

GERMANY TRIES TO PROTECT HER GOLD

Imperial Bank Advances Rate of Discount from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2 Per Cent.

IS THE HIGHEST EVER KNOWN.

Further Evidence That European Money Centers Are Determined To Protect Their Reserve.

Rise Was Expected in London and New York—Doesn't Seriously Affect American Engagements.

Berlin, Nov. 8.—The rate of discount of the Imperial Bank of Germany was raised today from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2 per cent. The increase had an unfavorable effect on the market, depressing stocks as soon as the announcement was made. Prices partly recovered later, but business was meager.

INCREASE EXPECTED.

London, Nov. 8.—The increase in the discount rate of the Imperial Bank of Germany has been expected here, as it had little effect on the stock exchange where the trading opened comparatively quiet. Americans were offered freely, but they subsequently stood to wait about parity.

The Bank of England today received \$250,000 in American eagles from Paris and \$150,000 in bullion from elsewhere on the continent and added \$250,000 in bar gold for shipment to the United States.

AS VIEWED IN NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 8.—The advance in the advance rate of the Imperial Bank of Germany from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2 per cent announced today from Berlin, is further evidence of the determination of European money centers to protect their gold stock against depletion by the United States. The advance was fully anticipated as Gov. Koch, of the Imperial German bank said a week ago that an increase in the Bank of England rate would lead to similar action by Germany, and his course yesterday in calling a meeting of the directors of the Imperial bank for today definitely foreshadowed the advance. The rate as now fixed is the highest the German bank has ever had. Not only has part of the recent American engagements been taken directly from Germany, but the German stock of gold has been depleted indirectly, as the American engagements at other European money markets have resulted in larger exports of gold to England and Holland. The American gold engagements already placed in Europe approximate \$10,000,000, so that the increases of foreign bank rates don't operate as seriously as they might have done during the early days of the money stringency. About \$2,000,000 of gold have already reached New York, including the Lusitania's stock of \$12,000,000 brought ashore today.

Aside from the movements of the financial situation shows an absence of notable developments and steady tendency back to normal conditions.

TREASURY OFFICIALS BUSY.

Washington, Nov. 8.—There is a noticeable congestion in the treasury department in the handling of securities offered by banks in substitution for government bonds, which have been loaned as security for additional circulation. The correspondence on the subject is almost unprecedented and although the officials applied themselves unremittingly to the work until late at night, the volume of work increases rather than diminishes. The amount of additional bank notes being spread is daily increasing and the treasury officials are greatly encouraged in the belief that the crisis in the money stringency has passed and that a gradual relaxation in the tension that has existed for three weeks may be confidently expected. The National City bank of New York has arranged for \$1,000,000 additional circulation.

WAR RUMORS.

Cause Russians to Offer Services to Fight Japan.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 8.—The talk of the possibility of a war between the United States and Japan, which throughout has been taken seriously by Russia, is bringing many volunteers to the American embassy who say they are anxious to serve in the United States army in case of hostilities. A report is also in circulation in military circles that the American army in the Philippines needs instructors, especially for the artillery and engineer corps. Five or six Russian officers of these branches of the service apply daily at the embassy for commissions and are disappointed by the assurance that there is no likelihood of Japan and the United States going to war.

TELEPHONE FRANCHISE.

Mayor Busse of Chicago Will Be Urged To Veto It.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Mayor Busse will be urged today by several influential political and civic organizations in Chicago, by the Telephone Users' Protective league, and by the Illinois Manufacturers' association, to veto the Chicago Telephone company's ordinance. Important amendments looking to the protection of the people's interests will be demanded.

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