

# TELEGRAPHIC. ALL ABOUT SILVER.

Champions of the White Metal Arrive in Force in Chicago.

## THE REPEAL OF THE SHERMAN LAW

Senator Walcott Thinks Free Coinage Will Triumph—Senator Hill Admits the Brewers.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The delegates to the silver conference arrived in force today. Many prominent delegations from the West are already here, including Congressman Hartman, Senator and Senator of Idaho, Senators Shantz, and Durbin of Iowa, Morris, Daugherty, Page, McColley, and McPherson of Montana.

Among the strong Colorado delegation will be Thomas M. Patterson of its Rocky Mountain News of Denver, Governor Waite, ex-Governor Boutwell, Senator Hill and Tamm, President Cooper of the Bank of Commerce.

There will be a large crowd from Iowa. Senators Stewart and James of Nevada will be among the prominent visitors.

There is likely to be considerable discussion over the organization of the convention. While some prominent delegates talk freely of what ought to be done, others are more inclined to be conservative in their action. The convention will fight shy of the affair until they ascertain what course it is to take.

The departure tonight for Washington of Senator Weld, who has been invited to speak at the meeting, will be a great surprise. Several silver men asserted that he could have attended the conference and still reached Washington in plenty of time. They concluded that he didn't want to be a figure in the meeting.

This afternoon Brown, the California congressman, on his silver, appeared on the lake front in a wagon, dressed in a buckskin coat, and having numerous views concerning the political condition of the country from the standpoint of silver. He carried the banks and all the national banking system as a menace to the welfare of the country. A mention of the name of Sherman caused him to repeat his statement that he would be the first to oppose the Sherman law, but would let it run to the West.

A strong arrayed in silver.

LAKEWOOD, Colo., July 30.—Town Marshal A. J. Banks, and Edmund Graham, a tough, tall and hard-looking man, are the most prominent pieces of silverware in the town. Graham holds the gun down used to shoot out Durbin who is a white-haired man of 70, scared a squirrel and attempted to scare it, but was shot in the head by Graham. Graham took the gun and, aiming at the old marshal, shot him in the breast. The gun was soon taken out and turned up in his hands, and Graham died soon after.

A strong arrayed in silver.

DENVER, July 30.—Another important member of the Holy Name church (Polish) was roughly handled by some parishioners this morning. His pants were torn from his body, and since he was severely beaten. The trouble was commenced immediately after a division of the congregation voted the appointment of Father Harrelas.

## QUIET AT DENVER.

**THE CITY COUNCIL MEETINGS TO PROCEED.**

DENVER, July 30.—The city was quiet all day and the indications are that the expected outbreak was not to occur. One thousand persons were to take part in the Camp Relief. About 500 left on the different roads.

At a meeting of the relief committee tonight it was resolved to disperse the crowd. In the early morning, it was discovered that the transportation committee should not issue any further orders to those desiring to go east, but, beginning tomorrow morning, those going will have to pay fares. The association has been in session for two days and is expected to begin at once public improvements. Men with families will give the preference in obtaining employment on the public works.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The speaker was unable to talk freely on the subject of the repeal of the Sherman law, and he did not say whether he favored it or not. He would not say now, but he stood on the proposition to repeal the law and enact a substitute providing for the coinage of American silver at market value.

Craig expects the President to bring the tariff prominently before Congress, and coupled with the question of finance or in a subsequent message, directly upon the subject. He looks forward to a long and arduous session of Congress.

## THE SHERMAN LAW.

Among the congressmen who have arrived here so far the opinion seems to be unanimous that the Sherman law must be repealed, while others are divided. Representative Gray said today that he had always been opposed to the Sherman act.

Gray added that in place of the present law he favors the one that will have one new and top tax, with very minor changes in the schedule. The country, he said, expects this.

Speaker Guy of Pennsylvania also thought the silver purchase clause of the Sherman act should be repealed.

## CONSEQUENCES OF REPEALING THE SHERMAN PURCHASE CLAUSE.

BIRMINGHAM, N. Y., July 30.—Senator Park of Alabama, in an interview on Saturday evening, says the consequences of the repeal of the clause will move silver to the west of the enemies. The majority in both houses are Democratic and a federal responsibility will rest upon them. Democrats who sit in giving the enemies of silver an advantage.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Senator Walcott, who is on his way to Washington, expressed the opinion in an interview today that free coinage would triumph in the end. The silverites, he said, will not be defeated without a satisfactory outcome.

SHERMAN'S ADVICE.

DETROIT, Mich., July 30.—Senator Hill delivered an address being before the Free Brewster association on "personal liberty." He said that in the realm of labor and domain of industry, the principle involved is personal liberty, and it is too frequently disregarded that every man's labor is his own, and he can do with his pleasure. He has a personal right to his own wages, his own leisure, and his own terms under which he is willing to work. If he is not satisfied with the one who hires him, his agreement is reached and there is no end of the controversy between them.

TELEGRAMS WITH INDIANS.

DETROIT, Mich., July 30.—The Indians are a violent people in the lower parts of the state over the entire range of the state. Indians are not the only ones who bring about by a flouting of the law for punishing. The chief is on his way to see the governor and demand satisfaction.

## COMPLICATIONS IN SIAM.

England's Firm Attitude Persuaded France to Be Slow.

**THE SETTLEMENT SOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN AGREED ON FROM OTHER FOREIGN LANDS.**

PHNOM PENH, July 30.—With the government of Siam accepted without reservations France's ultimatum, it received previous assurance that the kingdom would not be dismembered until after consideration by all the powers concerned of France's demand for territory between the 10th and 20th parallels.

The blockade is still maintained, and British and German warships remain in the Siam Gulf, the English blockade being the strictest. The British government is allowed to pass, but maintains correspondence with Siam.

The French increased the number of their ships, and the English blockade remains.

PHNOM PENH, July 30.—One of the most difficult negotiations in history is now in progress between Mr. H. Amman, the French ambassador, and the Siamese. Two well dressed men rang the bell outside and sent for the lady of the house. When she appeared, the French representative handed her a letter, the contents of which, it was thought, Mr. Amman's girl was encoding. When they were fairly inside the room sound and gazing Mr. Amman took his diamond ring and strings of other jewelry from the pocket of his coat, a value of \$200, and made his escape.

May Neumann, a champion of a charitable cause, was noted height of a backed containing \$200 in diamonds.

## SELLERS' FAIR OFFICES.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 30.—Town Marshal A. J. Banks, and Edmund Graham, a tough, tall and hard-looking man, are the most prominent pieces of silverware in the town.

Graham holds the gun down used to shoot out Durbin who is a white-haired man of 70, scared a squirrel and attempted to scare it, but was shot in the head by Graham.

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## A VICTORIAN SPOON.

PHNOM PENH, July 30.—The most important news of the day is the arrival of the French minister of foreign affairs, Dr. Georges Clemenceau, to inspect the French troops.

Dr. Clemenceau held that such a proposal would not be endorsed by the present ministry. He off his plumed the government's ability to defend its independence and either through the king or through the foreign minister.

Dr. Clemenceau proposed the organization of Angkor and Battambang as an alternative. Devalleau refused to agree to this, holding that he would only be giving up a portion of the kingdom. Devalleau informed him of the Deputy of the intention to resign because he was convinced a peaceful blockade was incomplete.

These reports induced the advanced nation to attack Devalleau on the ground that he intended to Great Britain.

## NEWSPAPER CURRENTS.

LAKEWOOD, Colo., July 30.—The Graphic says that the author of the article it printed in its last issue is a Frenchman and has remained in America to protect the interests of his country.

Now a prosecutor over the whole of Siam west of the Mebon, it is necessary to rescue this province. Anything short of that would be a violation of the law.

The Times has a leader on the subject. Its London correspondent telegraphs: "When the French seized the Siamese steel steamer Chanthaburi the crew were unaware of the king's orders. They were ordered to stop, but the king had deserted his ship. Through the French learned her and ran her aground. The seizure is regarded as illegal."

The Paris correspondent of the Post says that the French are being brought to justice for their conduct in Siam.

After communicating an Good Britain's refusal to recognize the Siamese, the Zouave says that the foreign minister, Sir Edward Carden, has told the Foreign Office yesterday the whole question of the blockade and the presence of British vessels at Bangkok assumed the gravest aspect.

## TO PRESERVE THE BETTER STATE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 30.—Lord Kimberley's statements on Thursday overshadowed the Adams county riot night. The only question was the possession of the provinces on the southeastern side of the kingdom. It is currently reported that Lord Dufferin has been sent to Thailand, consulting with the Siamese leaders to see that the peace between the French and the English territories shall be thus preserved.

The feeling in the business press is against any arrangement with England, but the French government is not so sure. It is reported that the English are to be given a free hand in Siam, and with the full power of both from little Siam.

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## CHINESE ARRIVE IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Two of the seven Chinese who arrived on the steamer Yunnan from Hawaii, were released yesterday by Deputy Collector Turner, and this morning he released another. There are four Chinese left on board the vessel and they will probably be taken off on orders.

## CHICAGO, July 30.—The World's Fair was open to the public today, but it might just as well have been closed, as the gates did not seem to be open to anyone. Not since the Fair opened has the attendance been so small. The admission price is 50 cents, and the admission did not raise the total for the entire day and evening much above \$20,000.

## Business in Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 30.—There was a lively though unorganized fight at the steel house, today between Governor Waite, aided by Acting Sheriff Harry Mallory on one side and a large mob on the other. Mr. Glenn, son of the late Waite, and a member of the mob, was severely wounded in the scuffle.

The governor and his supporters, led by John Purman, Commandant of the Eleventh Illinois Cavalry, who had been wounded, held his position.

Devalleau, who had been wounded,

had been captured by the English.

He was held in custody at the steel house, and he was released.

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## WALTER L. PRICE & COMPANY.

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It is the best chocolate in the world.

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