The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 187. TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1893, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI.

AMONG THE RUINS.

Dead Bodies Found, Charred and Impossible to Recognize.

TEN THOUSAND SPECTATORS.

The Burned Cold Storage Building the Chief Point of Attraction at the Fair.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The center of attraction at the World's Fair today is something not down in the guide books. It is the ruins of the cold storage building, which was burned yesterday with such fearful results and loss of life. Ten thousand people gathered around the debris this morning watching the search which still goes on for the bodies of the victims.

Early this morning the remains of three more unfortunates were recovered from the ruins, so badly charred as to make recognition impossible though it is not believed that they are the bodies of firemen, owing to the locality in which they were found being some distance from the deadly smokestack around which the imperiled firemen huddled on the upper balcony, and covered with a mass of twisted stampipes and machinery which had fallen from above. From the fact that one of the bodies had on a leather belt carrying a pair of pincers, it is believed the victim is an electric lineman. The discovery opens the question how many persons besides the firemen lost their lives in the burned building. The total of dead bodies so far recovered number fifteen, but the search in the ruins has thus far been very slight on account of the heat and confusion, and there is no doubt that the list is still incomplete.

The Columbian guards on duty at the scene during the fire have constantly maintained that several World's Fair visitors and electrical employes and other workers were caught in the flames, and today's discoveries lend color to their contention. It is certain that a number of visitors and workmen were in the building at the time the fire broke out. It has therefore been decided to make a minute examination of the ruins, foot by foot, as rapidly as possible.

The electric light company had a number of men in the lower part of the building stringing wire when the fire broke out and several of these are still missing. Four Columbian guards are still unaccounted for.

There are at least a hundred people, who have missing friends or relatives, around the ruins this morning, trying to identify the bodies discovered. In numerous instances these are World's Fair visitors, whose friends do not even know that they were in the neighborhood of the building, and it is therefore probable that most of them will turn up safe.

Many inquiries came from Springfield, Ill., as to the fate of Lieutenant John H. Freeman of fire company No. 1. There is no longer any doubt as to his fate. He was one of the first to reach the top of the burning shaft consequently one of the first victims of the fire. His charred body has been recovered and in some way identified by comrades, though the features of the form were unrecognizable. Freeman only entered the World's Fair fire department a few weeks ago. He was for many years chief fire marshal at Springfield, but recently lost his position through change of administration. It has been definitely ascertained that only eleven firemen lost their lives. They are as follows:

FIREMEN DEAD.

Captain James Fitzpatrick,
Lieutenant J. H. Freeman,
William Denning,
P. R. Brion,
Captain Javes Garvey,
John McBride,
John Cantil,
Carl Schroeder,
Captain B. E. Page,
Lieutenant Chas. Parvis,
James A. Smith,

There are three unidentified bodies, known, however, not to be firemen. There are seventeen wounded in the hospital and elsewhere. Of these L. J. Funk, a fireman, will probably die. Among the wounded are:

THE WOUNDED.

Capt. Thomas Berry, arm broken; will have to be amputated.

Marshal Murphy, chief of the World's Fair fire department, slightly injured.

Marshal Kenyon, chief of the battalion, bruised.

Three Columbian guards who went up the deadly cupola to help the firemen to draw up the hose are missing and it is supposed shared the fate of the firemen.

The examination of the remains of the structure this morning reveals its flimsy character and many blame the construction department of the World's Fair for allowing it to go up in that form.

It is said that the council of administration has been warned time and again of the dangerous character of the structure, including once by Marshal Murphy, and that the council took down the expenses order of the withdrawal of the Columbian guards on duty there, in spite of the protest from the commander. But for the favorable direction of the wind yesterday, it is believed that nothing could have prevented the fire from sweeping right through the White City. The council of administration has been in secret session all the morning and from the tone of the voices heard from within, it is evident the session was stormy.

Director of Works Burnham was before the council an hour.

He declined to say what was asked of him. It is not doubted that the fire was under consideration.

A coroner's jury has been impaneled and viewed the bodies, after which it adjourned till Thursday to give time for the preliminary investigation. The coroner says he understands that the first place of the burned building called for steel lath, but that the other plans subsequently adopted allowed wooden lath, of which the building was constructed.

Great crowds surrounded the morgue all day, many in search of missing bodies and many out of morbid curiosity. The bodies recovered from the ashes have been identified as follows:

Norman N. Sherman, electric lineman of Nebraska. It is said to be the only one of the Nebraska firemen in the building at the time, who lost his life.

Henry Gylonsky, painter.

Bernard Slurpsky, toilet maker.

Mayor Harrison is arranging to receive subscriptions for the families of the unfortunate firemen. The World's Fair officials also approved the suggestion that all pass holders next Thursday on entering the grounds deposit an amount of admission to the Fair for the same purpose.

A Wife Deserter.

Special Dispatch to the News.

LARAMIE, Wyo., July 11.—Paul Leach, concerning whom Lieutenant Stone of the Denver police force, has received inquiries from Mrs. Anna Leach of Herkimer county, New York, was employed as the foreman of the *Daily Boomerang* of the city until a few weeks ago when he left Laramie, leaving his wife and married daughter behind. Leach always claimed while here that his wife was dead.

MORE FAIR FIRE TRAPS.

President Palmer Recommends a Thorough Investigation.

Resolutions of Respect to the Memory of the Dead and Sympathy with Their Families.

CHICAGO, July 11.—On the assembling of the national commission President Palmer expressed his opinion concerning several buildings from which it would be impossible to take people off in case of fire, if the elevators were affected, and suggested an inspection of the buildings in which the public were in the habit of going, and a resolution to that effect was passed; also a resolution, of respect for the memories of the dead.

A CONTESTED SEAT.

In the case of the contested seat of New Mexico President Palmer insisted to select a committee to which the matter should be referred, and which should report without further delay. "This delay" said he "shows lack of courtesy to the President and is injuring the commission. This commission might adjourn this week and it is important that this case should be settled before the commission adjourns. The committee having the case in hand promised to report at an early day. The case in question involves the right of President Cleveland to appoint John Webber commissioner from New Mexico in the place of Rutard Mansfield, while the latter is contesting the right of the governor of New Mexico to recommend and the President to appoint his successor before such has resigned or been removed by the proper authorities.

The council of administration finally adopted resolutions of respect for the bravery of the men who lost their lives and in sympathy with the bereaved, recommending the Exposition company to contribute to the relief fund and that suitable medals be presented to the survivors, who showed special bravery.

CHANGED HANDS.

The Business of the Wyoming Investment Company.

Special Dispatch to the News.

LARAMIE, Wyo., July 11.—The business of the Wyoming Investment company has been purchased by Wm. D. Thomas. Mr. Thomas is now in charge of the vaults and safety deposit boxes. He will conduct the business in his own name instead of in the name of the company.

THE CHOCTAW TROUBLE.

Governor Jones Will Defy the Federal Government.

CADDO, I. T., July 11.—In regard to the shooting of the nine condemned Choctaws, in behalf of whom the Federal government has intervened, Governor Jones says they will be shot or he will call out every member of his militia to that end.

India's Silver Legislation.

LONDON, July 11.—In response to an inquiry in the house of commons today G. E. Russell, parliamentary secretary of the Indian office, stated that the effect of the silver legislation of India was not to fix the value of a rupee at sixteen pence or any other amount, but to prevent a future fall in price. He added that it had not yet fixed the ratio of value between the rupee and sovereign.

FINANCIAL NEWS.

A Kansas Deposit and Trust Company Fails.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 11.—Kansas City Safe Deposit and Trust company, with a capital of $300,000 and supposed to be one of the strongest institutions of the kind in the state, failed to open its doors this morning. A notice on the said the bank had assigned last night and the assignee has taken possession. No statement is yet obtainable. There is no excitement and it is not believed the failure will affect the other banks.

The assets are $900,000 and the liabilities $1,100,000. The officers say they will be able to pay all obligations in full in 30 days. Then it will go out of business.

ON ACCOUNT OF YESTERDAY'S FIRE.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The heavy financial loss entailed by the cold storage fire at the World's Fair yesterday caused the Hercules Iron works, owner of the plant, to make an assignment this morning. The company owes the plant at Aurora, Ill. The assets are $200,000 and the liabilities $300,000. Vice-President Yerkes says the concern is one of which the company was wont to stand as the insurance companies recently cancelled all risks on the structure.

The president of the Hercules company says the plant is unincumbered and sufficient to meet all liabilities. The company will continue in business, but will not rebuild at the World's Fair.

NO STATEMENT.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Hide county bank has failed. No statement.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Stocks opened weak in sympathy with lower calls from London. Silver opened weak, 50,000 ounces changing hands at 71. Stocks recovered increased weakness soon after the opening and room traders succeeded in bringing about material decline in prices. The failures in various parts of the country and the suspension of brokers on the London stock exchange, accompanied by advice to sell stocks for foreign account, created a very bearish feeling. General electric low the brunt of stock after opening at 40½, rallied, and dropped rapidly to 33½. The decline was accelerated by more stop orders. Sugar declined 2 to 3, Cordage, common, fell over 11 to 1½ on exercises of the time for deposits under the plan of reorganization, but later sold at 16. All the market was heavier, frankfully higher.

A further rally occurred on stocks after 11, on covering by the shorts. General electric sold up to 40½, sugar from 87½ to 91½. Later general electric fell to 35. The market at noon was dull, barely steady.

Money was active this afternoon, 6 to 12; bar silver 70½; Mexican dollars 57.

An uneasy feeling characterized the dealings after mid-day; the bears had full control and no resistance was offered. Tiny expressed sun stock after another, even dividend payers as Lake Shore and Northwest, did not escape. Lake Shore, for the stance on light sales broke two points to 116; the latter settled down to 115. The lowest point for a long time. Northwest, Central got below par; Northwestern fell to 97½. Brokers operating for lower traders waited from crowd to crowd and simply did as they pleased with the prices. Failures were limited at but no names were mentioned.

About 2 o'clock the decline was checked, but near the close there was a further decline in general electric and the price dropped to 33½. Other weak spots were cotton oil and Atchison. These reached the lowest prices for long time. The market left off heavy.

THE MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Silver was weak, lower, certificates falling to 71 at the stock exchange. The treasury purchases yesterday were disappointingly small [illegible] that accounts for the weakness of the market. Commercial bar silver fell to 70½. Mexican dollars were unchanged at 57. Money on call easier at 6 @ 8. Time money is difficult to obtain, the rate still being nominally 8. There was better inquiry for commercial paper, the banks in some cases advising purchases. Sterling exchange was heavy, posted rates reduced to 483 and 488. There was a good supply of commercial bills, but the demand was light, the rates gradually sinking to the gold importing point.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, July 11.—An unsettled tone pervades the stock market. Little business is being done except settlements which began today. English railway securities declined 2; American railroad securities are weak. Two failures were reported at the exchange. One firm suspended in an important one.

The most important of the two failures today was that of John F. H. Head, a long-established firm with large accounts in railroad and Peruvian securities.

Stocks sloughed this afternoon. Further trouble is feared, the differences in account being heavy, especially in railroad securities. Bar silver 30½.

A SUNDAY OPENING SUIT.

Judge Jenkins Decides Against Wanamaker.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Judge Jenkins in the United States circuit court today decided against Wanamaker and throws in their suit to restrain the Sunday opening of the World's Fair. He held that the complainants, as stockholders, had elected the directors, and could not now question the directors' discretion.

LYNCHING IN PROSPECT.

Another Supposed Murderer of the Ray Sisters Caught.

CAIRO, Ills., July 11.—News has been received here that a negro arrested at Milan, Tenn., and thought to be the accomplice of Miller and partner in the crime, is the one that actually committed the murder of the Ray sisters. The sheriff at Hardwell, Ky., has been notified and if he proves to be the man, as claimed, another lynching is in project.

GOVERNOR SLOCUM.

CLEVELAND, O., July 11.—The twenty-seventh biennial encampment of the Northwestern Sangerbund begins here this evening. The city is crowded with members of German singing societies from all parts of the country.

In Its Sting.

Special Dispatch to the News.

TIE SIDING, Wyo., July 11.—George Cashman, a young man employed by William Waxwell & Company, was thrown from his horse the other night, resulting in concussion of the brain which rendered him unconscious for ten hours. His physician thinks he will recover.

W. R. Kaye, proprietor of the hotel at Tie Siding, injured the knuckle on his right hand with a meat saw. Symptoms of blood poisoning have developed, and his friends are greatly alarmed about him.

Suspended Publication.

Special Dispatch to the News.

LANDER, Wyo., July 11.—*The Lander Emineer* has been compelled to suspend publication on account of litigation over the ownership of the plant.

ALL IN CONTEMPT.

Judge Bartch Decides Against Sheriff Sullivan and His Aides.

ATTORNEY THAXTON EXPLAINS.

He Did Not, He Says, Mean to Hinder Any Order of the Court or Give Wrong Advice.

It was nearly 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when the arguments of counsel in the contempt proceedings against Sheriff Sullivan et al, arising out of the trouble at the mill in Tooele county to a close and the matter was submitted for Judge Bartch's ruling.

His honor found that certain of the writs under which the sheriff was holding the property were void, and that all the defendants were guilty of contempt. He further ordered that the property be turned over to the United States marshal, the defendants to pay the costs of the contempt proceedings and to stand committed until both orders are complied with.

The defense applied for a stay of five days pending an appeal, but the application was denied, the court holding that no appeal can be taken.

AN "EXTRA."

When the above matter had been disposed of the case of contempt against Sheriff Sullivan and Attorney C. M. Thaxton was taken up. These defendants are charged with contempt for refusing to turn the property over to A. E. Hyde, who was appointed receiver by the Third district court.

The affidavit of Mr. Hyde was read, to the effect that he went to the Utah Milling company's place of business and demanded possession of the property, which was refused by the sheriff, acting under the advice of Attorney Thaxton.

The defendants denied that they were guilty of contempt, and alleged that they received the writ under the appointment by the Third district court at the time he demanded possession of the property in dispute.

Mr. Hyde was the only witness called by the prosecution, and his testimony was in substance the same as his affidavit.

The defense then moved for the discharge of the defendants on the ground that the sheriff was in possession of the property at the time the receiver was appointed, and that the order appointing such receiver did not direct Sullivan to relinquish possession of the property or describe the property to be taken possession of.

The prosecution opposed the motion, and no testimony was offered by the defense the case was allowed to hang on the point raised, as to whether or not the sheriff had notice, and the sufficiency of the order appointing the receiver. After agreement the matter was submitted and taken under advisement by the court.

When Judge Bartch took his seat this morning he stated that, after studying over the matter, he was of the opinion that he was yesterday. When the court made a decree, all persons in court at the time were bound by it, and when any party did not claim to be in the property, he had no right to hold it after the receiver was appointed.

Col. Kaighn asked, then, whether it was the order of the court that the property be turned over to the receiver, by the sheriff.

Judge Bartch replied in the affirmative and wanted to know where Attorney Thaxton, one of the defendants, now was. He thought the whole of this trouble grew out of the advice he had given. Mr. Thaxton might appear here and explain.

Col. Kaighn replied that the attorney named was staying at the Walker House, and suggested that the court send the bailiffs after him. Mr. Thaxton was, he said, in very ill-health and left a sick bed in order to come here, against his doctor's orders.

Bailiff Sprague was accordingly dispatched after Mr. Thaxton and in the meantime,

Attorney Clarence W. Hall, representing Cunnington & Co., who are among the plaintiffs in the suit brought against the Utah Milling company, asked—Will those parties be held until the order of the court is complied with?

Judge Bartch—Yes.

Attorney Thaxton arrived in court about ten minutes later and Colonel Kaighn called the judge's attention to that fact.

Judge Bartch thereupon addressed him thus—Mr. Thaxton, it would appear that all the trouble that has arisen in this case was caused by your advice, and the court wants to know what your reason was for giving the advice you did.

Mr. Thaxton replied that he was acting as attorney for Sheriff Sullivan, who simply came to him and asked him what to do. He had levied the attachments on the mill property, and, as he believed, properly. He did not understand the order which Receiver Hyde brought out there to be an actual order to turn over the property to him. He informed the sheriff, however, that he would look further into the matter and examine the authorities, and then came to the conclusion, that they were fully entitled to hold the property under the writs of attachments previously levied. He believed that he was simply protecting the rights of his clients under those attachments.

The Judge—Did you give any orders to your clients to hold that property with shotguns, if by force?

Mr. Thaxton—No, that I remember; I told them simply to hold it, but not with shotguns.

The Judge—And you say now that it was not your intention to disobey the order of the court?

Mr. Thaxton—It was not, because I felt satisfied that I was right.

The Judge—And what you did you did in good faith?

Mr. Thaxton—Yes, sir.

The Judge—Under these circumstances—this being the first case of this kind and I disposed not to enforce any fine, but you may simply pay half of the costs of these proceedings and desist from giving any further advice against the receiver as far as the order is concerned.

Mr. Thaxton—I am ready to obey any order of the court.

So the matter ended—for the present at least. But it does not appear to be the intention of Colonel Kaighn and Attorney Hoyt, counsel for the defendants, to let the ruling of the court go unchallenged. They are very "warm" over the result of the investigation and declare that, as there is said to be no channel of appeal open to them, they will speedily take other steps to obtain redress for their clients—either by petition or by means of a writ of habeas corpus.

The share of Attorney Thaxton in the payment of costs amounts to about $12.

OVATION TO OLD AGE.

Annual Excursion of the Old Folks—1893.

The old folks' committee are grateful for the kind invitation tendered by the citizens of Ogden to bring the aged residents of Salt Lake and Davis counties to enjoy the royal reception prepared for them on Tuesday, July 18th, 1893.

The officers of the Union Pacific railway have generously tendered a free ride there and back to all persons aged 70 and upwards who are in charge of the committee.

The invitation is extended to all classes without distinction as to sex, faith or caste—age only entitles those invited to the courtesies offered. Any person of the required age in this city or county is entitled to go after obtaining the necessary ticket.

Any old person who may be blind, much enfeebled or crippled is entitled to have an assistant, but such should be of mature age. We have no room for children or young people. Our guests will please observe this, as the invitation is extended to aged persons only.

All persons between the ages of 70 and 80 should wear a red badge; all between 80 and 90 a blue badge; all between 90 and 100 a white rosette.

The Salt Lake and Rapid Transit street railways will honor for passage to and from the depot all persons wearing the badges before named.

All over seventy living in the south end of Salt Lake valley must make their own arrangements for getting to Salt Lake City on the day of the excursion.

Tickets will be distributed by Mr. John Kirkman at the office of Bishop Preston, on Friday, July 14th.

Every possible effort will be made to make the excursion one of genuine pleasure. The Old Folks' choir, under the leadership of Mr. Wm. Foster, will entertain the occupants of the cars going and returning.

Let us not be frightened at the cry of hard times! All who have the work at heart can help us to make the outing complete by sending to some living to either member of the undersigned committee:

Wm. B. Preston, George Goddard, C. R. Savage, William Naylor, W. L. Binder, John Kirkman, Nelson A. Empey, Andrew Jensen, Wm. Eddington.

MORE DEPUTY REGISTRARS.

Sanpete County Provided For by the Utah Commission Today.

This morning the appointment of deputy registrars for the various precincts in Sanpete county was made by the Utah Commission as follows:

Manti—Charles Tennant.
Ephraim—C. W. Peterson.
Chester—David Candland.
Wales—Henry Lamb.
Fountain Green—Peter M. Oldrayde.
Moroni—Lewis Swensen.
Spring City—Freeman E. Allred.
Mount Pleasant—Magnus G. Ralph.
Fairview—Guy C. Wilson.
Milburne—Richard Graham.
Sterling—Wm. D. Funk.
Mayfield—Frederick Christiansen.
Fayette—Edward S. Reid.
Gunnison—O. R. Bergland.

This was the only business transacted during the forenoon.

TWO MORE GET AWAY.

Another Escape From the Utah Penitentiary Last Night—A Run and Cry.

Another escape was made from the penitentiary some time last evening, and the two fugitive convicts had not been recaptured up to this afternoon, though men are scouring around in search of them. Their names are John McDonald and C. Ketchum (with the alias of Flaherty), the former serving a sentence for grand larceny and the latter for housebreaking. Both men have been working as trusties outside the penitentiary buildings for the past six weeks, and it was when the time came to lock up last night that these particular worthies were missed.

Following are the particulars furnished by the authorities regarding them:

John McDonald on June 27, 1891, began a three years' sentence from Ogden for grand larceny. He is eighteen years of age, 5 feet 3½ inches in height, weighs 145 pounds, and has light blue eyes and light brown hair, two small scars on the forefinger of his left hand, two on the thumb of the same hand, three vaccination marks on the left forearm, just below the elbow, and two scars on the left side of the head.

Ketchum comes from the Fourth judicial district, and entered the penitentiary on October 8, 1892, for one year. He is seventeen years of age, of dark complexion, has dark brown eyes, is 5 feet 3½ inches in height and weighs 127 pounds. Has a cut scar on the back of his head, near the top, and two vaccine scars four inches apart on his left arm.

Press Club at Saltair.

The weather permitting Press Club day at Saltair on Thursday next will be a pleasurable one. A very choice program has been arranged. Boating, racing and swimming matches, a concert which the best local talent will participate and dancing of elegant and costly prizes will be among the events of interest. Every purchaser of a ticket has a chance at drawing one of the valuable prizes.

Released Today.

Two convicts were released from the Utah penitentiary this morning on the expiration of their sentences—George Wall, a negro, sent up for Ogden county for robbery, and James Fox, sentenced to two years for burglary, both were committed from the Third district court.

PAYING DIVIDENDS.

Three More Substantial Home Institutions Heard From.

TO DISTRIBUTE $20,500 IN CASH.

The Business of Conservative Establishments Shows Satisfactory Returns.

The extensive business institution of H. J. Grant & Company comes to the front today with a quarterly dividend, payable Saturday, of three per cent on its capital stock of $100,000. This is at the rate of twelve per cent per annum—a showing of well conducted business during this period of close times. The stockholders will no doubt appreciate the $3,000 in ready cash which this dividend gives them, and which will go to swell the volume of public business.

The State Bank of Utah also loosens to the fore with a quarterly dividend. The success that has attended its financial management is very flattering, and the holders of the half million capital stock of the institution will save $10,000 distributed among them according to their claims, as declared by the directors' meeting yesterday afternoon.

The third incorporation of magnitude in the dividend-paying business at present is the Co-operative Wagon and Machine company. Its capital stock is $200,000, and on this a quarterly dividend of three per cent has been declared, aggregating $6,000.

Another association that will probably announce a satisfactory dividend is Zion's Benefit Building society, whose annual meeting of stockholders will be held this evening.

JOHNSON STILL IN JAIL.

He Claims to Be Engaged to Mrs. Ada Collett and Has Appealed to Her for Assistance.

E. R. Johnson, the dashing young sport from the far east who fell into by and forbidden paths soon after his arrival in this city and who was arrested by the police a few days ago on the charge of forgery, is still in the county jail in default of $500 bonds, pending an investigation of the case by the grand jury.

Johnson sets up the claim that he is a detective; that he was on his way to the coast to arrest some parties whose criminal career has been eighty as to cause the offering of a large reward for their apprehension.

After this piece of work he was to accept a situation (a lucrative one he says) with the Pacific Mail steamship company of San Francisco. Johnson has a curious collection of articles in his possession. The one object of local interest is nothing more nor less than a photograph of Mrs. Ada Collett, wife of the late W. L. Collett and daughter of John T. Kelly, a well known Brigham City business man. It is said that Johnson met Mrs. Collett on her recent sojourn in the East for the purpose of studying vocal culture. He became infatuated with the widow's face and voice and he claims that he proposed to her and was engaged to become her husband. Last night he wrote her an affectionate letter in which he appealed for relief and is quoted as saying: "I know she will come to my aid. She will not do it personally, but she will have some one do it for her."

Up to a late hour this afternoon, however, Johnson had not heard from his alleged fiancee and the prospects of his remaining in jail are decidedly promising.

Third Precinct Democrats.

The following announcement is made: There will be a meeting of the Wasatch Democratic club of the Third precinct held tomorrow, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, in the vestry of the Sixteenth ward assembly hall. A full attendance is desired. Prominent speakers will be present.

W. A. Hickman, President.

Today's Probate Court.

Estate of Frank E. Foote, deceased. This matter was continued till July 14th, at 10 a. m.

Estate of August Bonghalen, deceased. Hearing on final account of administration and petition for distribution and order made allowing same.

BACK WITH US AGAIN

Governor West Returns From His Trip to Washington.

A BRIEF VISIT TO CHICAGO.

Utah's Showing at the World's Fair.—His Excellency's Talk With a "News" Reporter.

Governor Caleb W. West returned to the city by this morning's "Flyer" over the Union Pacific railroad, having been absent on his eastern trip since June 16th. His excellency spent one day at Chicago on the outward journey, and finished up his holiday at the same place, having left the World's Fair city for home last Saturday.

The Governor—who is now in the very best of health and spirits, having derived great benefit by the change—received a host of friendly callers at the executive office for a couple of hours this morning, and was kept quite busy up to noontide. Among the number was Colonel Merritt.

In the course of an interview which a representative of the News entered into with Governor West, his excellency said that he made a call upon President Cleveland on the morning of his arrival in Washington and had a very cordial reception. At that and a subsequent meeting they talked over general affairs, Utah, of course, included. The Governor did not appear to be "in the know" as to what the future may bring in the matter of presidential appointments for this city, but in regard to Utah ventured this remark: "We have had to encounter obstructions in the past; but I certainly hope we shall succeed in getting our enabling act through. I do not think, however, that Utah will be done without strenuous effort on our part. There are difficulties in the way, and we cannot afford to go to sleep."

"What is the feeling in the east generally, with reference to the silver question?" was asked.

"That, of course," answered his excellency, "is the one subject of discussion everywhere. It is the only thing really talked about now; but upon it there prevails a great diversity of opinion. The general feeling, however, seems to be that the Sherman act ought to be repealed. I could not find in any quarter any really fixed conviction as to what ought to be done in the circumstances. Everybody seems to appreciate the necessity and propriety of doing something; but just exactly what, all appear to be in doubt. Personally I have an abiding confidence that by a thorough discussion of the all-absorbing question, and by the attention not only of this country but of the whole civilized world being centered upon it, it will eventually, by legislation, be satisfactorily settled in some shape and put upon a basis that will prove far more satisfactory to the silver men than is the case now. I am thoroughly convinced that we have to use it as money; I do not see how we can go along without it, and a great many persons who are classed as gold bugs out here are as strong in that opinion as myself."

He mentioned as to the showing made by Utah at the World's Fair, the Governor said he was very pleased to see Utah's building in such excellent shape. It was a very attractive place, and a constant stream of visitors was seen there all the time. He went over the Utah building in company with Secretary John S. Carter and his party, which included a dozen or fifteen belles of Kentucky, all of whom were loud in their expressions of praise of our territory's exhibits. The reception rooms, said Governor West, are elegantly furnished, the furniture, silks, etc., being a special feature in the ladies' reception room.

"What is the feeling east, Governor," asked the reporter, "on the Mormon question?"

"Well, of course," was the response, "you cannot talk about Utah without the Mormon question coming up. A great many people speak of Utah as it was in the past, when polygamy was practiced here and ask strange questions in regard to that institution. In short, a great lack of education is shown as to the condition of affairs in Utah at the present time. Those of our people who are in charge of the Utah building at the World's Fair do all they can to enlighten strangers on these points, by explaining how matters now stand here. Miss May Preston, Miss Van Cott and Dr. Fowler were among the Salt Lakers who returned from Chicago on the same train as myself."

Governor West expressed his delight at having visitors—while the guest of Secretary Carlisle—from on board the revenue cutter Andrew Johnson, the ceremonies attendant upon the reception of the caravels on their arrival last Friday.

Governor West was favored with delightful weather while in Washington, and quartered himself at the Riggs house during his stay in the city. After traveling (from Chicago) since Saturday night, he was not sorry when the time landed him safely here in the small hours of this morning.

Having had a short but refreshing sleep, partaken of breakfast, and had a bath at the Warm Springs he turned out to meet his friends, feeling a "new man."

Only a Rubbish Fire.

The fire brigade had a lively run and a bit of hard work about 9:30 this morning. It was occasioned by a blaze of burning rubbish in the middle of the block bounded by South Temple, First and north state and A streets. A high wind was in progress at the time and the flames were communicated to partition fences. In order to extinguish them the firemen were compelled to string four hundred and fifty feet of hose and do some lively work for about thirty minutes. The loss is very light.