

SENATOR DUBOIS FINALLY WON.

Persuaded Idaho Democratic Convention to Adopt an Anti-Polygamy Plank.

EXCITEMENT RAN VERY HIGH.

State Was Divided on Question, Northern Part Being For and the Southern Against.

Leviaton, Ida., Aug. 16.—After one of the most exciting conventions ever held in this state the Idaho Democrats concluded their labors at 10 o'clock tonight and adjourned after having nominated a full state and congressional ticket, as follows:

Governor—Henry Heitfield of Nez Perce.

Presidential Electors—A. E. Parker of Idaho county; W. W. Wood of Shoshone; John W. Brown of Blingham.

For Congress—E. H. Holtzheimer of Blaine.

Supreme Judge—N. H. Clarke of Custer county.

Lieut. Governor—Frank E. Harris of Washington county.

Secretary of State—J. P. Walling, Canyon county.

Attorney General—Carl Paine of Ada county.

Superintendent of Schools—Miss Pearl French of Elaine county.

State Auditor—W. H. Stutcheam of Blingham county.

State Mining Inspector—Capt. M. J. Linke of Shoshone county.

There was little or no contest over the choice of candidates, but the same harmony of opinion was wanting during the consideration of the platform.

The northern portion of the state went into the convention prepared to adopt a radical plank condemning polygamy. The southern portion of the state came here just as strongly determined that no such plank should be inserted. And it required all day yesterday and until well along in the afternoon before the matter was compromised by omitting all reference to plural marriage in the platform, but passing strong resolutions condemning the practice.

The platform was completed and adopted shortly before 5 o'clock this afternoon and with that no longer blocking progress, motions were commenced and henceforth the convention made good time.

The Dubois-Heitfield forces regained control of the Idaho Democratic convention today, routing the "Mormon" forces after a fierce fight that culminated this morning. Last night the anti-Dubois forces succeeded in striking the anti-"Mormon" plank out of the platform by a vote of 163 to 131. Adjournment was then taken. During the recess the Idaho county delegation was rounded up and swung into line for Dubois.

When the convention assembled this morning the following resolution was presented and carried through by the Dubois forces led by the senator himself:

"We demand the extermination of polygamy and unlawful cohabitation within the borders of Idaho and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs. We pledge the Democratic party to enact such legislation as will eventually suppress this evil."

When the convention reassembled this afternoon after a lengthy discussion, planks were adopted demanding taxation of timber on state lands, and denouncing the attempt to have the 20 year term, during which standing timber purchased from the state must be removed, increased in length; and pledging the party to effect reform in the state treasurer's office so that all earnings from state funds shall accrue to the benefit of the state treasury. The platform as amended was adopted by acclamation.

As soon as the platform was out of the way the convention proceeded to the nomination of Francis H. Heitfield, governorship the name of former United States Senator Henry Heitfield was proposed and seconded by the delegates from the "Mormon" counties of the state, who had opposed the anti-"Mormon" plank which he as a supporter of the Dubois faction had favored. There was no opposition to the ex-senator and he received the nomination by acclamation.

Part of Crew Massacred.

London, Aug. 16.—The Tokyo correspondent of the Times, referring to the statement from Nomura, Japan, that Russian soldiers at Kamchatka massacred 87 of the crew of the Japanese schooner Tetsui, says that the schooner sent a boat with 12 men to procure water and that the Japanese were attacked by Russian soldiers, who killed seven of the crew and wounded five. These wounded died of their wounds. The correspondent says that the statement that 87 of the crew were killed is incorrect.

A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

Evidence of it Disclosed at an Autopsy Held in New York.

New York, Aug. 17.—Evidence of a mysterious murder have been disclosed by an autopsy held on the body of a man found dead in Spuytenwyck creek on Monday.

Identified at first by the police of the Kingsbridge station as a fellow police man whom they had seen daily for 10 years, the body was later found to be that of Stephen McCarthy, a real estate agent who was for several years a gov-

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ernment employee attached to the appraiser's office in this city.

McCarthy, who was at first believed to have met death by drowning, was found to have sustained a fracture of the skull and numerous cuts about the face and head apparently made with a hatchet. No motive for the murder has been found, although the victim's clothing had been plundered of considerable money and jewelry.

JAPS ARE HAUGHTY.

Don't Propose to Have a Repitition of the Mandjur Incident.

New York, Aug. 17.—Japanese journals, in commenting upon the Ryehiteini affair state that the country does not intend to have a repetition of the gunboat Mandjur incident, says a Times dispatch from Tokyo.

Japan, it is declared, cannot break up her fleet for the purpose of watching ports where Russian vessels take refuge. Confidence is expressed by the papers that when the facts in regard to the Ryehiteini's capture are known Europe will indorse Japan's procedure.

May Be Tom Turney.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 16.—Friends of Tom Turney, who left Arlington about three weeks ago to deposit \$2,000 in a Seattle bank and has not been heard from since, say that his description fits in every detail that of a corpse found in the bay off a Seattle dock July 31.

One temple of the forehead had been crushed by a heavy object. The body will be exhumed tomorrow for identification by acquaintances.

KOREA ADVISED.

Japanese Minister at Seoul Insists on Certain Reforms.

New York, Aug. 16.—The Japanese minister at Seoul has, according to a Times dispatch from Tokyo, advised the Korean government that the following essential reforms must be carried out:

The functions of the imperial household and the executives must be differentiated.

The principle of ministerial responsibility must be established.

The national finances must be reorganized.

FIRE AT ANACONDA.

Big Concentrator of Anaconda Copper Company is Burning.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 16.—A Miner special from Anaconda says that the big concentrator building of the Anaconda Copper Mining company is burning fiercely and will probably be entirely destroyed. The building was in the city of Butte, being torn down and has been idle since the Washington smelting works were blown in and the loss will be slight. The firemen are directing their efforts to saving a large warehouse building which contains about \$100,000 worth of machinery from destruction. The fire is affording a magnificent spectacle and the building is of such dimensions that it will probably burn for two days.

Senator Fairbanks' Itinerary.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—The members of the republican national committee in this city continued their efforts today to arrange an itinerary for Senator Fairbanks with the result that it was practically decided that after his speech at Marion, Kansas, on the first of September the senator will go to Maine and remain in that state until Sept. 14, when he is to be at Saratoga Springs, N. Y. If practicable he will speak at East St. Louis en route to Maine. A tentative engagement had been made for a speech by the senator at Windsor, Vermont, on the 20th inst., but in view of the Kansas engagement the Vermont date may be cancelled. The Republican managers in Maine and Vermont are anxious to secure the appearance of the vice presidential candidate in their states before their state elections in September.

Former Senator Carter of Montana, called at the Republican headquarters today and arranged for the appearance of Secy. Shaw at Helena, Aug. 23 and 24.

Secy. Shaw Will Visit Utah.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Secy. Shaw left Washington today for Boston and from there he will go to Squirrel Island in the Maine coast for a brief visit with his family. Later in the week he will start on a tour of the Pacific coast and will make speeches in Montana, Washington, Oregon, California and probably in Utah and Colorado.

The Lincoln Party Formed.

St. Louis, Aug. 16.—A party of men designating themselves the Lincoln party met today and perfected the organization of a political body. The platform adopted demands freedom for every man with special reference to the negro, Hawaiians and Porto Ricans. The committee on candidates announced that the most available candidates for the office of president and vice president respectively were E. P. Penn of West Virginia and Judge John J. Jones of Chicago, who were accordingly named.

Committees were appointed to raise funds, establish headquarters, secure speakers and to select candidates for other offices. A national committee was also appointed.

SURROUNDED THE RETVIZAN.

Japanese Torpedo Boats Swarmed Around Her.

Chefoo, Aug. 16.—A striking incident of the naval engagement of Aug. 10 was the surrounding of the battleship Retvizan by Japanese torpedo boats, the other Russian vessels having gone to the assistance of the Czarvitch, which was then hard pressed. The Retvizan desperately attempted to break through the line and tried to ram a cruiser which approached, but she was fairly blown out of her course by a hail of shells from the cruisers, which began now participating in the fight.

Every officer of the Czarvitch was either killed or wounded. While the Czarvitch was making for Tsing Tau funeral services were held in many cases, over heads, arms and legs.

One sailor whose hand was severed by a fragment of shell became crazed by pain and the horror of blood about him. He approached the captain, held out the severed member, his remaining hand, and requested that prayer be said over it.

LABOR UNIONS

ARE DEFEATED.

The Illinois Appellate Court Deals Them a Severe Blow in Kellogg Switchboard Case.

CLOSED SHOP CONDEMNED.

Court Holds That the Labor Organizations Sought to Compel Execution of an Illegal Contract.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, Aug. 12.—In a decision handed down a few days ago by the appellate court of Illinois in the case of the Kellogg Switchboard company, the court dealt a severe blow at the closed shop and incidentally at the anti-injunction bill which is before Congress. The Kellogg Switchboard case is one of those about which the anti-injunction bill revolves, it being one of the principal sources of complaint of the labor unions against the use of the federal injunction in labor disputes, that by its application in the case of the Switchboard company's strike they were prevented from winning the strike. The American Anti-Boycott association took the case of

the Kellogg company, which was one of its members, when the non-union employees of the company were being beaten almost to death and harassed in every possible manner by the strikers and their sympathizers. The case has now been passed upon by the appellate court of Illinois and the Anti-Boycott association has announced that it will fight it through the Supreme Court if necessary where a verdict against the unions is expected. The question at issue was brought about by the demand of the unions that the company should execute an agreement that none but regular members of the unions should be employed together with regulations providing for the exercise by the unions of authority to enforce the agreement. The Kellogg company refused to sign, a strike was declared and the factory was picketed. Although a large number of men seeking work at the Kellogg company's factory were seriously beaten, and that the casualties in this connection almost made a record even for Chicago, when an injunction was obtained and a number of the officers were fined and some of them ordered to be imprisoned, the union set up the claim that the men engaged in picketing "only used peaceable means by persuasion." Defeated in the lower court, the unions appealed and the appellate court has now sustained the injunction unanimously. In doing so, the court takes occasion to note that the unions sought to compel the company to execute a contract in violation of the law, and that "detriment exists when a person is induced to perform an act to avoid a threatened and impending calamity." Not only that but the court vigorously points out that "especially was the purpose to compel compliance to execute the agreement in question an unlawful purpose. Article one of the agreement strikes at the right of contract and provides that complainant shall employ none but persons of the several unions, thus discriminating in favor of one class of men and excluding all others." The court holds that an employer whose workmen have left him and gone on a strike particularly when they have done so without any justifi-

able cause "is entitled to contract with other laborers or workmen to fill the places of those who have left him. Any workmen seeking work has a right to make a contract with such employer to work for him in the place of any one of the men who have left him to go out on a strike."

The opinion holds that it is well said that the privilege of contracting in both a liberty and property right, liberty including the right to make and enforce contracts because this right is included in the right to acquire property. Liberty is property and to deprive the laborer and the employer of this right to contract is a violation of the constitution of the state of Illinois.

It is further held that it is equally a violation of the fifth and fourteenth amendments of the Constitution of the United States. "The agreement in question, would, if executed, tend to create a monopoly in favor of the members of the different unions, and are in this respect unlawful. Contracts tending to create a monopoly are void."

The significance of this decision, should it be upheld by the supreme court, is one which appeals to every employer and every workman in the United States, union or non-union. It is in effect, that where agreements are entered into by employers and labor unions to the effect that none but union workmen shall be employed a monopoly of labor in that particular instance is thus created which is unlawful, and contracts tending to this end are void. Thousands of businesses are now conducted on this plan. The meat strike was prolonged simply for the reason that the packers would not discharge the non-union men who had taken the places of the strikers and take back their old employees. In almost every labor dispute the same question is involved as it has been for years the constant aim of the labor leaders to enforce the closed shop. Yet it is scarcely likely that either the unions or the employers would care to execute contracts of a character which the supreme court of the United States has declared unconstitutional and consequently a final decision on this point by the highest court in the land will be of the

greatest importance and will be awaited with unusual interest.

PURCHASING STAMPS.

Where Orders Are Large Postmasters Get no Benefit from It.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The attitude of the postoffice department toward the practice of purchasing stamps in large quantities at one postoffice for use on matter mailed at other offices is officially announced in a general order made public today by Postmaster General Payne. The following order, requiring postmasters and their assistants everywhere to inquire into the good faith of large purchases, has been issued by the postmaster-general:

"In determining the gross receipts upon which the salary of a postmaster shall be based, stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards sold in large or unusual quantities to any person so to be used in mailing matter at other postoffices, will not be included, whether the sale be made with or without solicitation by the postmaster."

"When postage stamps or stamped paper are sold in large or unusual quantities, it shall be the duty of the postmaster to inquire into and ascertain whether or not the purchaser intends to use such postage stamps or stamped paper for mailing matter in his office or in other offices and the fact shall be clearly indicated in his monthly stock report."

"Upon evidence of neglect of the postmaster to ascertain and report such facts he will be required to refund the amount of the excess salary and allowances he may have received on account of such sales."

PRENTISS INGRAHAM DEAD.

He is Said to Have Written More Than a Thousand Novels.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Col. Prentiss Ingraham, of Chicago, said to be the author of more than 1,000 novels, is dead at Beauvoir, Miss., aged 60 years. Col. Ingraham was born at Natchez, Tenn.,

the son of the Rev. Joseph Ingraham, who was the author of "A Prince of the House of David." The young man served in the confederate army as colonel and after the war began writing stories, which were published in various weekly papers and in book form. For years he turned out a novel every few weeks. His best known book is "Land of Legendary Lore." He left a widow and three children. His daughters are Mrs. Austin Cole of Los Angeles, Cal., and Miss Rosa Ingraham of Chicago. His son, Langley Ingraham, lives at Atlanta, Ga.

MANNING'S KIDNAPPERS.

Salvador Altadonna Arrested for Complicity in Crime.

New York, Aug. 17.—Italian detectives working on the Antonio Manno kidnapping case in Brooklyn have arrested Salvador Altadonna, whom they assert has been acting as a go-between for the principals in hiding and their families. The prisoner is alleged to have been about to deliver a message to Mrs. Laducca from her husband, the alleged head of the gang who carried the lad away.

The arrest was made at the point of a revolver. Altadonna, was about to enter the Laducca house and stumbled over the detectives who were listening to a conversation among those within, abouts of the wealthy contractor's son. The latter has now been missing one week and his parents have given up hopes of ever seeing him alive.

Blind Musician Dead.

Alton, Ill., Aug. 14.—Emilius Pierre Trenchery is dead at his home here, aged 91. Mr. Trenchery, who was blind, was half a century ago known as one of the foremost blind musicians and educators in America.

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