

twenty-five of these are available at a time, and that there are only three guard posts on the long shore front, they were only surprised that a far greater number of convicts did not succeed in effecting their escape.

COLUMBIA, 3.—The Union says a gentleman from Washington, N.C., yesterday, states that as he passed Greensboro, N.C., he saw sixteen Ku Klux in charge of the U. S. troops, the commanding officer of whom told that about sixty more were about to be arrested. Those under arrest, one of whom is said to be a member of the Legislature, were on their way to put in an appearance before U. S. Commissioners at Washington.

HARTFORD, 4.—A circular letter of General Hawley is published in reply to General Butler's Springfield speech, in which Hawley says that he thinks Butler the most recreant, unscrupulous and dangerous demagogue this country has seen since Aaron Burr, and that he may make a good deal of trouble, but he will kill himself. He might succeed in Paris as Robespierre and Rochefort succeeded, but is a monstrosity in New England.

LOS ANGELES, 3.—At half past seven this evening there was a quarrel on the side walk in front of Higby's saloon, when Ellitobe Olivea was shot through the heart by Yoidro Altimiraro, and in a few moments died. A crowd filling the street for a block soon collected. The shooting is said to be a cold blooded murder. Altimiraro was arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, 3.—About 3 a.m., a difficulty occurred in a saloon near the corner of Everett and 3rd Streets, between Marion Wilson, employed by the State harbor commissioners, and a policeman, generally known as Maxey, growing out of liquor and the discussion of politics. Maxey slapped Wilson's face, and in return, the latter fired two shots from a revolver, one of which struck the counter and the other struck Patrick Burns, a young man who had nothing to do with the matter. The ball entered near the right nipple, passing diagonally through the body, and coming out on the other side. It is rumored that as the second shot was fired Maxey jumped back and swung Burns around in front of him. Burns is still living, but is suffering intensely, and is not expected to recover.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, 31.—A dispatch from Gumbinneust, a town of East Prussia, says that in the small village of Chimacow, with a total population of 479, there have already been 79 cases of cholera, 46 of which have terminated fatally.

ST THOMAS, 22, via Halifax, 31.—Another hurricane has swept over this unfortunate island, overturning every house and laying the place in ruins. Yesterday a gale broke from the east, shortly afterwards shifting to the north-east, from which point it blew more fiercely until noon, when the wind veered round to the north and fell upon the island in a terrific hurricane. It then shifted to the north-west, and blew with great violence until five p.m., when there came a lull, which lasted until 6 p.m. At this hour the hurricane again swept over the island from the south, but its duration was not so long as on its previous visit; nor was its violence so great. Its term of greatest fury lasted only two hours. Closely following in the wake of the hurricane came an awful gale from the south and south-east, which raged for several hours. During the hurricane in the afternoon, several shocks of earthquake rendered more dreadful the situation of the people, who were hearing overhead the crash of roofs torn by the hurricane, and obliged to feel, at the same time, under-foot the foundations of their shelters shaken by the earthquake. Hundreds of dwellings have been swept away, and not a house is left standing undamaged on the island. Some six thousand people are left houseless and destitute, and nearly a hundred and fifty persons are killed and mangled, or disabled by the houses blown down, or by flying bricks and tiles. Already some thirty corpses have been dragged from the ruins. No serious casualties to the shipping are reported.

The island of St. Kitts is said to be in ruin, as it was caught first by the hurricane.

SAN DOMINGO.—The revolutionists under Cabral have formed a provisional government, having its seat at Las Matas. A new and well organized attack is to be made against the troops of Baer, who, on his side, is not idle.

VERSAILLES, 31.—In the Assembly to-day Picard made a fervent appeal for harmony in the Chamber. The remainder of the preamble, in relation to

the constituent powers of the Assembly, was adopted; and subsequently Du-faure's paragraph, eulogizing the conduct of Thiers, was carried by a vote of 523 yeas against 34 nays. One hundred members abstained from voting.

HALIFAX, 1.—Six boats started this morning in the single scull race. The course was three and two-fifths miles. At a signal to make ready, Sadler, Bagna, Coulter, Kelly, Brown and Lovett, took up positions, and at the word, go, all got off well and together, except Kelley, who made a poor beginning.

VERSAILLES, 2.—The acceptance of Thiers for the presidency by the Assembly is not because the Assembly were content with Thiers on his own terms, or afraid of his resignation, but because they could get no one else to take his place. The Duc d'Aumale's final refusal determined the right to vote for the bill. McMahon, Changarnier, and president Grevy were asked, but all refused. Grevy declared himself more of a republican than Thiers. Others said they were unwilling to become a pretext for disorder.

The number of emigrants who sailed from Liverpool during August was four thousand greater than in the same month of any previous year.

BERLIN, 2.—The anniversary of the surrender of Napoleon and the French army at Sedan will be celebrated throughout Germany to-day by festivities of a patriotic character.

PARIS, 2.—The court-martial at Versailles has sentenced Brissy, the communist leader, to death.

VERSAILLES, 2.—Quertier states that the third installment of the war indemnity, amounting to half a milliard of francs, has been paid to the Germans. He implored the Assembly not to adjourn until it had provided ways and means for meeting the financial demands of the government.

The court martial has been deliberating with closed doors since six o'clock this morning, and has just pronounced the following sentences on members of the Commune brought before it for trial: Ferre and Lullier to death; Urbain and Trinquet to imprisonment for life at hard labor; Assi, Bellivary, Champy, Regere, Grousset, Viridure and the Ferval deputation to confinement in the Fortress of Jourde; Rastoul, the Sunple deputation, and Courbe to six months' imprisonment and a fine of five hundred francs; Clement to three months' imprisonment; Des Camps and Parent are acquitted.

LONDON, 2.—Walter Montgomery, the well-known actor, who had recently returned from a professional visit to the United States, committed suicide last night. Montgomery was married on Wednesday last to an American lady.

DUBLIN, 3.—A monster demonstration was held to-night, with a vast procession. Ten thousand persons were present at the meeting in Phoenix Park. Messrs. Smyth, Butt, and others spoke. Resolutions demanding the release of Fenians, were adopted. As the people were returning several collisions occurred. The police drew their staves and the people used sticks and stones. The latter gradually dispersed. Many arrests were made.

SALT LAKE WOOLLEN FACTORY, was established in the 19th Ward in this city by Wilkinson and May, and commenced running on the first of June. We were shown to-day a piece of dark blue Kentucky Jeans, of which the warp has 2,400 ends and the filling is 75 picks to the inch, manufactured at this factory. The cloth is excellent, and will wear, we imagine, until the owner will be quite satisfied with, if not tired of it.

Our Woollen Mills are likely to suffer this year for want of wool, large quantities having been shipped east. Such a practice is hurtful not only to cloth manufacturers, but to the Territory at large. A wool producer may think that he is making money by selling his wool to eastern buyers and getting the money down; but if, by doing so, he helps to paralyze the operations of mill-owners, he injures himself and the branch of industry in which he is engaged. If wool-producers will have no regard for wool-manufacturers and their interests, an indifference, to call the feeling by no worse a name, is apt to grow up in the minds and conduct of the latter to the former, and should this continue to increase between these classes, confidence in the profitability of woollen factories would be weakened, capital would be withdrawn and there would be danger of the business languishing and falling into decay. For the business to flourish in all its branches, there must be a reciprocity of feeling and action between wool-producers and the manufacturers. Should wool be plentiful, and consequently, cheap, the manufacturer must recollect that it is to his interest to be on the best of terms with

the producer, and deal as liberally with him as circumstances will admit of his doing; then, should there be a change in the market another year, if there is any gratitude or good feeling in the wool-producer's composition, he will remember the treatment he received at the Factory and will meet the manufacturer in the same spirit of liberality. It is an easy matter to foster class feeling—for the wool producer to say, I have sale for my wool this season; and I will show the Factory people that I am independent of them; and then, another season, if wool should be plentiful, for the factory men to retaliate. Better far for all classes in a community to study each other's interests, for none are entirely independent of the rest; and if a course of this kind be taken it will result in true prosperity for all.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY

SANPETE FRUIT.—We have received a specimen of fine fresh fruit, peaches and plums, from the orchard of Edward Cliff, of Sanpete, produced by trees three years from the bud. The specimen is excellent, both kinds being of fair size and very good flavor. This speaks well for the fruit raising capacity of Sanpete valley. Brother Cliff makes a business of raising fruit trees. He has at present about 20,000, of thrifty growth, from two to three years from the bud.

SEXTON'S REPORT FOR AUGUST.—Males 24, females 29. Of these adults 9, children 44. Causes of death as reported:

Bowel complaints and teething 22; fevers 6; consumption 4; convulsions 4; brain disease 4; diphtheria 3; erysipelas 2; old age 2; child-bed 2; still born 2; paralysis 2. Total interments 53.

JOSEPH E. TAYLOR, Sexton.

POLITICAL BUMMERS are said to be under the weather just now in California, their claims to having the control of five to 500 votes each and their requests to be supplied with \$50 to \$250 "to treat the boys, you know," having been slightly investigated and then slightly ignored. Republicans and Democrats refusing to "shell out" as they have been accustomed to in former campaigns. There are some "political bummers" hereabouts, if not of precisely the same class as those above mentioned, who will find themselves under the weather by and by, and the sooner the better.

FOLLOW COPY.—The Reese River Review says of the arrival there of Col. H. I. Thornton, "He is just from Salt Lake, and after seeing the immense advantage accruing to that city from the railroad connection with the Pacific, is enthusiastic in favor of a railroad to Hamilton." That's the way. When other people witness the enterprise, energy, good works generally, and success of our community, not only in railroad building, but in divers other directions also, what more natural than that they be stimulated to similar enterprises, and thus the general welfare be materially enhanced?

FIRE AT WEST WEBER.—The following telegram was received per Deseret Telegraph line, this morning:

OGDEN, 31.

At noon, to-day, on West Weber, as a man was calling the hands to dinner, employed in threshing grain on his premises, a fire broke out, totally destroying the separator of the threshing machine, owned by the co-operative company of that place; and consuming six hundred bushels of grain, a good stack of hay, sheds, the School House of West Weber settlement, etc. The horse power of the machine was saved. The grain, premises, stable, etc., belonged to James Ririe. The cause of the fire is as yet unknown. The loss is all of fifteen hundred dollars.

THANKS.—Bro. B. H. Schettler desires to return thanks to his neighbors and friends who so willingly, actively and energetically exerted themselves to extinguish the fire in his outbuildings on Wednesday afternoon. We stated that Nanny, the goat, was not seriously injured, but possibly we unwittingly did injustice to the damage inflicted upon her ladyship by the devouring element. The fire appears to have originated in a common source of such calamities, children playing with matches, though we cannot bear of blame attached to adults in this case. This is not the first occasion of the kind in this city—it may not be the last, but it may be profitably improved by a brief exhortative suggestion to parents and guardians and all others having the oversight of children to keep the matches well out of reach of their restless, prying fingers, and then dangerous results will not be so likely to occur.

During the fire a five month's old red calf strayed away; Bro. Schettler would be glad to hear of its whereabouts.

A HOT PLACE FOR ROUGHS.—The following notice, which was posted up in Denver lately, will give an idea of how they treat murderers, thieves and robbers in that city:

MURDERERS! THIEVES!

[five coffins]

AND ROBBERS,

Beware!

The first man that commits murder,

robbery or larceny to the amount of \$20, is our meat. A word to the wise is sufficient. This is the first and last warning. Thieve notified to leave this place will do so at once or stay at their peril. The M. and R. H.'s will meet at 8 o'clock p.m., August 26th, 1871, at the rear room of N. and R. H. By order of

THE EXECUTION COMMITTEE.

SO BEAUTIFUL.—An eastern exchange says, "Lotty Hough is pronounced by Harriet Prescott Spofford, one of the best of the female lecturers, a woman of such personal beauty that it is a luxury to look at her." Hem! Send Lotty along. Let us have the exquisite luxury and supreme happiness of one good look at her, even if we have to give her two bits for the privilege. We think we have some handsome women and handsomer children out here, but if Lotty has no peer, let her appear, that we for once may gaze admiringly upon that which is peerless. To study that which is superior is an excellent means of improvement.

ANOTHER DEMAND.—There was a brilliant array of "invincibles" (Deputy U. S. Marshals) in front of the City Hall this morning. The cause of their appearance was that United States Marshal Patrick, by order of the Governor, had made a demand upon Warden Rockwood for another of the Territorial prisoners under his charge. Mr. Rockwood has demurred to giving up the prisoner, whose name is Kilfoyle, and the presence of the jolly looking U. S. M. and his "invincibles" was only the advance guard of the party who propose appearing at the jail to-morrow morning, at ten o'clock, to take forcible possession of said Kilfoyle. "It's a lang road that has nae tumin'."

CONCLUDED FROM OUR LAST.—There is some sage observation extant in the ancient Scotch letter twisting about the best intentions being liable to gang awry. "Such is life," in a printing office, is not outside. Yesterday, with the best intentions we perpetrated a paragraph concerning the best of all good institutions, of its confessed serious neglect outside of our highly favored Territory, with philanthropic suggestions of contemporaries remedial of this neglect, and a Bohemian instance of attempted remedy. The careful and good natured compositors, doubtless appreciating the tender feelings of our readers, anxious to spare them, and apprehensive that they could not endure the whole paragraph at one sitting, very considerably chopped off the tail of the paragraph and held it over till to-day, this morning coming down to us with it and demurely asking where that belonged and what it was all about. As it is difficult to be angry and sin not, we wisely concluded not to be angry, but to resume the thread of our paragraph and say that "Swallow," the narrator of the Bohemian instance, was so overcome with sympathy as to devoutly exclaim, "Bless them, let us marry!" Now "Swallow" must be a she and not a he, or else he would have exclaimed, "Sisters, let us marry!" For what does a man care whether or not the brethren will marry, if the sisters will? The sequel of the Bohemian story does not come in happily, but then what could be expected from thrifless, bumbling Bohemians? We do things better in this neighborhood, and have no faith in unhappy sequels. Being virtuous, our people have a right to be as happy as mortals can reasonably expect to be. No chopping off the tail again, Mr. Composers, please.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

DELIVERED.—John Allan, in custody for the killing of William Hutchinson, at Coalville, on Monday last, was, this morning, handed over to the U. S. Marshal. The prisoner was brought to town the other day by the sheriff of Summit County. The case will be tried by the District Court.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A dispatch was received by President Young, yesterday evening, which stated that Bishop William B. Preston, of Logan, had, while at Soda Springs, been accidentally shot in the left shoulder. We regret to learn that the wound is supposed to be dangerous. Dr. Anderson left by the afternoon train yesterday to attend to the case.

FROM THE NORTH.—Elder Brigham Young, Jr., arrived in tolerably good health last night from Soda Springs, where he has been spending a few weeks. The families which have gone there from this city for recreation enjoy their residence at the Springs and are much improved in health. Hon. W. H. Hooper is there with his family, and his health and others, has been greatly benefited by their visit; a great change has been effected in the appearance of the children. Elder Young informs us that Cache Valley is fully alive to the importance of the Utah Northern Railroad, and the Superintendent, John W. Young, Esq., expects that the work of surveying the line will be so far completed that the work of grading can be commenced next week. Hundreds of men and teams stand ready to take hold of this work, and the people are sanguine and eager to push it through. There is great confidence felt by the people in the enterprise, and they will do their share towards making it a success.

TERRITORIAL FAIRS.—Some days ago we published an article about the coming fair to be held at St. George, Southern Utah,