The evening paper is the paper of today, the morning paper is the paper of yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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ARMENIAN MURDERS.

Turkish Policeman Assassinated by Alleged Christians.

THE SULTAN GREATLY SHOCKED.

A Story from Constantinople Calculated to Make Another Stir in Europe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Constantinople says Armenians have added assassination to the crime of bomb throwing. Three or four days ago Christian Avedis, the Armenian advocate in the section of the foreign office, received a letter from the Armenian committee demanding $1,000. This typical of the committee can have wisely and successfully applied by the Armenian sympathizers with an eye to anything Armenian.

Christian asked for police protection and evening. A little later three armed men at his door, within one of the policemen opened. One shot immediately killed the policeman and was quickly followed by two others.

The letter attached the policemen from behind while the first began to shoot them from the front with a large knife. Nouri Effendi, one of the policemen, was wounded in the stomach, being well high disembowelled. The other, Mehmet, was stabbed twelve times.

The doctor says that Nouri Effendi is very grievously wounded and will probably die.

The news was at once conveyed to the sultan who was much grieved at the constantly recurring outrages.

The murders took place in Pera Kaldi close near the military school.

Pera serves as a highly strong stronghold for the Armenian agitators in Turkey. The crime against law and against the authorities the flight of assassins, is most desperate. There is also a very good general disgust at the novelty means adopted. The murderers have not been arrested. A big reward has been offered for their capture and conviction.

Public spirit is aroused against the Armenians. The people are telling it there is no sympathy for Armenian, what is to happen next. Nouri Ozed is chosen the Armenian assassins until he had fallen wounded and bleeding on the street. His life might have been saved but it has been set down that instructive call to carry "Armenians," he said, "it is time with."

Mehmet, who may pull through, said that after being stabbed he fell upon the ground and was unable to rise and assisting. From there he was thrown out of the window into the garden below and from thence the Armenian assassins took his revolver the street.

The sultan sent to the hospital a message of sympathy and directed care be kept commensurately proportioned with the condition of the wounded man.

THE PAYMASTER THREATENED.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 20.—[Delayed in transmission.]—At the end of the Armenian conference, M. De Mandelli, one of the leaders of the Armenian party, addressed his fellow countrymen in a long speech. The latter expressed his firm intention of carrying out the reforms decided upon by a better administration of Armenia. M. De Mandelli said he would shortly go to Rome to make a personal report to the pope on the situation here.

The Catholic Armenian patriarch, it is announced, has received a letter from the Armenian revolutionary committee, demanding $1,000, and threatening that unless the money is sent he will meet the fate of other Armenians who have refused the demands of the committee.

Paper Suspended.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 19.—The Grodnenski has been suspended for having published dispatches, which its proprietor, Prince Meschersky, received from Paris at the time of the visit of the czar and czarina to the French capital, in which the prince attacked President Faure and the king of France.

Coinage in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 20.—At the imperial mint 2,200 pieces of gold and silver are being converted into coin. A hundred million rubles in gold will be coined soon, and 50,000,000 in silver, and 50 million in small coin.

Russian Ambassador to France.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The Echo today says M. N. N. De Giers, ambassador of the Russian embassy in Paris, will succeed Baron Von Mohrenheim, Russian ambassador to France, on account of the latter's prominent position in the recent visit of the czar and czarina to the French capital.

EXPEDITIONS IN SPAIN

The People Tired of the Government and the Cuban War.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—A special to the World from Havana says:

Weyler and Blanco will be recalled. Premier Canovas will fall and great events will occur in Spain. Madrid dispatches say it is believed there will be the revolt in Cuba and the Philippine islands are conquered within a month.

The Madrid press openly attacks Canovas and Weyler because of their inability to check the Cuban revolution.

The Madrid Herald says:

"While Havana and New York intrigue so that the Cuban junta can deal with hostile any money to carry on their revolt, Premier Canovas has to make one extra million to pay money to Serra and now broadcast in Spain and for silence.

The result is uprising in Valencia and Pedrera (Spanish) by family chiefs in the Cuban junta, through in pass here. Every time a disturbance occurs the government declines responsibility for it, attributing it to the determined doings of the Cuban junta.

"The truth is that there is a deep feeling among the masses who are in type hostility toward the government, tired of suffering for its mistakes and sick to find no vent against it.

"The new reinforcements of 40,000 will hardly fill the gaps in the ranks at top and none will be required—who knows how many more?"

The Madrid Correspondence says Premier Canovas is responsible for the existing state of affairs which would be bettered should he retire.

The Nuevo Mundo violently attacks Weyler, saying that under his command the Cuban revolt has assumed greater proportions than when Campos was in Cuba and that if in a month's time after the arrival of the reinforcements he does not see a finishing blow to their rebellion he will be treated with the same Campos was.

Gen. La Cumbre, recently operating in Cuba, will be prosecuted in Madrid on account of a scandalous affair in a gambling house.

A CRIMINAL RECORD.

A Suicide and Robberies and Murders by a Maniac.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20.—There is little doubt that Dowson's Cadillac, the maniac, is given up himself, is an illusion, as seen a number of the tells of as occurring in St. James Park, San Jose, actually took place and the shooter of a woman followed shortly after. On the night of February 21, 1895, a young man named Wright, Jones and two young men named Maggie Nihill and Mollie Conners left Santa Clara in a buggy bound for San Jose. Just after passing the Lunatic Asylum a man leaped from behind a tree and commanded Drachenauer to halt. Instead of doing so the young man lashed his horse with a whip and he escaped from the robber. The bandit took a shot at the party and a bullet from his pistol struck Miss Nihill in the right shoulder. The girls who were despatched of for some time, but she finally recovered.

The bandits on the Alameda took place about the time of the murder in St. James Park.

HE PROFESSES DEATH.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 19.—The Denver police today arrested a man and he night revolted a confession from him which gives the solution of the great highwaymen at fast of Britain. The man gives his name as Albert Hence Dowson, and he confesses to not less than fifteen robberies in the vicinity of Denver, as well as the murder of one man here and a man and woman in California. He says he is not a veteran criminal, but has spent his life in the San Quentin prison, and now he proposes to plead guilty to murder and be hanged rather than go back to prison.

Dowson is a pleasant looking man, about 45 years of age, and he says he began his career of crime when 15 years of age by robbing an Illinois Pacific stage west of Sacramento. He was caught and sentenced to twenty-five years in the penitentiary. After serving three years of his term he escaped, but was recaptured after breaking his leg and hence that through the long. When he got out the first years of his sentence he gave the express company some information and they secured his pardon. Shortly afterward he was again sentenced to the penitentiary for seven years. After his release he continued his career as a highwayman in California, Oregon and Washington, going under the name of Albert Hence. In 1888 or 1889 he killed and robbed an unknown tramp in a park in San Jose, and about the same time shot a woman while trying to rob her and her escort. Later he killed and robbed a woman in San Francisco.

About a year ago he came here and went to work on a farm near town. Soon afterward he began his work on the road, and since that time "the long and the short of it" has passed in the city and suburbs of Colorado. A dozen times the police announced that they had the man, but always within a week another robbery would occur in another street. June 25th last Joel Ainsworth, a cart, was shot down on the streets of Denver, and until twilight the murder has remained a mystery. He says Dowson says when he selected Ainsworth to fall the latter struck him with his cane. Other men have received Dowson's bullets, but were not seriously hurt.

Dowson's arrest was the result of the bold robbery of Mark Morris, a grocer, at Hughesville, twelve miles north of here, last night. Morris recognized Dowson and came in today and gave the police the information. Dowson says he does not know why he didn't kill Morris as a robber himself.

The records of the rooms here which Dowson has occupied when not on the earth revealed a large amount of plunder, much of which has been identified.

A BROTHER AT SALT LAKE CITY.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 20.—Chief of Police Hamilton received a telegram from Deputy Attorney Wallace of the convicts of Albert Hence Dowson, the highwayman, that he murdered Joel W. Ainsworth in St. Louis, Mo., and committed numerous robberies, besides having murdered a man in 1885 at San Jose, Cal., and committed other crimes there. The district attorney will arrange to have the prisoner arraigned in the criminal court at an early day. The chief of police, on receipt of the telegram, telegraphed Dowson. He is 45 years old and was born in Polk county, Missouri; he has a mother and brother living in Salt Lake City, and a brother Davis, at Salt Lake.

Waiting for McKinley.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Charles H. Smith, a heavy operator on the board of trade, announces that he will bet $10,000 to $2,500 that McKinley will be elected.

George Castle, a wealthy theatrical manager, offers to bet $5,000 to $1,000 on McKinley.

THE VENEZUELA QUESTION.

Sir Clark Will Discuss England in Wrong in the Matter.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Sir Edward Clark, Q. C., conservative, formerly solicitor general and member of Parliament for Plymouth, is expected to advocate criticisms of the recent speech in the Venezuelan question at York, in which he said, "Nothing short of the impartial adjustment of commission could excite the level of England's claims upon the estimate." He added a letter to the Associated Press on the subject. He says: "The speech was deliberately made in the belief, which I still entertain, that it will be of public service, and was, I understand, made after a full study of all documents officially published on the subject."

THE CASTLES' CASE.

Will be Heard at Clerkenwell Sessions Next Month.

TESTIMONY IN THE POLICE COURT

Mr. Castle Confident that He Can Prove his Innocence—the Bills Nearly Five Years Old.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—(Copyrighted 1896 by the Associated Press.) Twenty after routine police cases had been disposed of today the court room was crowded of the throng which had been interested in them and was almost immediately afterwards to filled, this time by an overwhelming gathering of newspaper, city men and others. All the members of the Castle were present, Mr. Lewis, representing the Central Criminal Court, was accompanied with a seat at the solicitor's table. There was a humming of excited comment, which was quickly hushed by the announcement, Mr. Robert Milnes Newton, as Mr. Castle, calm and dignified in demeanor, entered the court. He was followed by his wife, who was slightly and seemingly unmoved in a tailor-made dress of gray material. Mrs. Castle carried a handkerchief in her right hand and her left was continuously to her face as if to lighten the cloth of court artists, if there was any in the vicinity, to sketch her beauties. Mrs. Castle was accompanied then last week, when her demeanor touched everybody present. But in spite of this gain in strength, she, as a whole, is far more pleasing and real at the reunion of a friend, Mrs. Castle was sooner found herself in the prisoner's dock than she showed signs of uneasiness weighing on to relieve, when the policeman on duty at her side to fetch a seat and place in the dock for the use of Mr. and Mrs. Castle. The latter took wearily more or less, her eyes and fastened her head upon her husband's shoulder, as if to say there the strength necessary to enable her to bear up against such a trying ordeal.

Mr. Castle, as on Tuesday, supported her on one arm.

During the further hearing of the case against her and, incidentally, against her husband, Mrs. Castle's sympathy manifested as intensely that Engaging the kind-hearted policemen, assisting herself to handed her a bottle of smelling salts. Mrs. Castle was kept wondering comfort in the sufferer's ear, holding her hand while sitting in every possible way to encourage the heart-beating woman.

Miss Polly Alward, a stenographer in the employ of Gordon Sims Fire company, in Gresham street, testified that on Thursday, Oct. 1, Mrs. Castle and her son, 10 years old, visited the store. The woman, the witness stated, asked for the value of Albert Hence. Miss Alward said she informed the woman the value was $1,000. Later Mr. Castle entered the store and asked the same question. Witness further testified that the prisoner showed her a small silverite value and informed her.

"I would like to have these matches."

Continuing, Miss Alward testified: "I went to another part of the store to speak to Mr. Ellis and on returning the prisoner said she had left her purse in the single gold sovereign. Mr. Downing's letter was written on July 23, and was prompted by the letter printed in the Evening (Mr.) Journal, July 18, in which Mr. Manley says that to repeal the Sherman law and stop issue of silver would speed financial ruin to the country.

Mr. Downing in his letter submitted to Mr. Manley, said that the action of a majority of the Republican members of Congress in supporting President Cleveland's efforts to secure the repeal of the Sherman law was responsible for the defeat of the Republicans in the Missouri, and he asserted that without their aid the Republicans party could never again hope to gain the ascendancy in the nation. He cited if something could not be done to reunite the disaffected Republicans of the silver states.

Mr. Manley replied as follows:

"SACRAMENTO, Mo., July 31, 1896.—Hon. J. M. Downing, Denver, Colo.:

"My Dear Sir—I am in receipt of your letter of the 23rd instant, and thank you sincerely for the valuable monitary words it contains. I may you a full copy of the interview, and I propose to put myself right in regard to the matter, whether the Republican party does or not. I agree with you fully as to what ought to be done, but I think it was a great mistake for the silver states to have gone against the Republican party at the last national convention. With the Republicans party they not taken the position in the convention which I wrote in last, one thing is sure, you never will get any help from the Democratic party, and if they do not take the right position on the silver question, it will be the Republican party. The Democratic party never was and never will be a party of progress. Our people must be educated on this question and we must as a matter of right and policy solicit our own Senator Jones to work for the great interest of the world to a double standard. The day of the single standard, either of gold or silver, is a thing of the past.

"Commonly yours,

"J. H. MANLEY."

Entitled to Vote.

RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 20.—Attorney General Newell holds that a man becoming of age Nov. 3 is entitled to vote for President this year, having reached his legal majority November 3—that is having completed twenty-one years of existence. On the morning of November 4 he can vote upon his 22nd year. A person born November 4 is therefore entitled to vote Nov. 3.

THOMAS WATSON'S NAME.

Legal Proceedings to Have it Inserted on the Ticket.

TOPEKA, Kas., Oct. 20.—The name of Thomas E. Watson, as Democratic-Populist candidate for Vice President, has been nominally removed from the Kansas ticket, in deference to the wishes of the Democratic leaders, whose letter of withdrawal has been received by the secretary of state. Chairman John W. Breidenthal of the Populist committee, has filed a mandamus petition to compel the secretary of state to place Watson's name on the ticket. The case will be heard on Wednesday. Meanwhile, at the last only it is expected to decide on the ultimate disposition of the certificates of nomination to the county clerks. But written, and filed under date of Oct. 17, with Lucas Walsh in behalf of Thomas E. Watson here. This only have to be seen."

Heath's Harvest.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Dr. Wm. Campbell, professor of "Queen's" College, Cambridge, is dead.

The Czar in Germany.

WIESBADEN, Oct. 20.—The czar, czarina and Marina and the grand duke of Hesse arrived here this afternoon and were received at the railroad station by Emperor William, who was the Russian imperial guest. There expressions were the same in a warmer degree by his kinsmen. The royal visitors were in good health and seemed to be delighted at the Hessian reception of the Russian visitors. The czar will return to Darmstadt this afternoon.

THE VIGILANCIA AFFAIR.

Greatly Exaggerated by the Yorker Reports.

General Weyler Did Not Threaten to Sink the American Ship in Havana.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 20.—It is stated by officials that the reports coming from New Orleans of an exciting controversy at Havana between General Fitzhugh Lee, U. S. consul general, and General Weyler over the attempted apprehension of a Mexican named Fundevila on board the Vigilancia, are exaggerated and importance to the event and warranted by the facts. The law on the subject is so clear and its application has been so firmly established by precedent that officials here were in no doubt as to the proper course to pursue in the case. Consul General Lee has not informed the state department of the affair and the fact that he did not deem it worthy of the expense of cipher telegram is of the importance and cited the incident.

Spanish authorities received Havana advices only exploding the case but the state department officials are satisfied the matter as an incident which had been satisfactorily adjusted between General Weyler and General Lee. Neither will any breach of their friendly relations.

The facts as reported are substantially these: On Saturday last the arrest of Fundevila as a suspect, not knowing that he was on board the American ship.

Lee notified the Spanish authorities that the Vigilancia was an American ship, which under treaty rights had immunity from search and seizure of suspects in transit. Meanwhile, General Weyler constantly sended to the captain below to tell him the Spanish authorities were coming to search the ship, and he would be compelled to sink the ship, and he would be compelled to sink the ship, and he would be compelled to sink