DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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We Guarantee Satisfaction!
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SPLENDID SEWING MACHINE FOR $18

Singer Pattern, equal to any sold for $65. Each machine contains a full set of attachments. The furniture is black walnut, with drop-leaf table. Five drawers and cover box. Crated for shipment it weighs 110 lbs. Every machine guaranteed to give satisfaction or may be returned and money refunded. Address, CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

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Wholesale Manufacturers of
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,
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Mantels, Pews, Church Finish, Stairs, Stair Railing, Banisters, Newels, Etc.
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Our Goods are constantly kept in Stock by the largest Lumber Dealers in Salt Lake City and Ogden. Price Lists and Building Books sent free upon application.

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POLISHED OR BLUED,
Will hold a shoe on Longer than any other. We guarantee our Nails to be Equal in Quality and Durability to any made.
Made from the Best Norway Iron, Finished Already to drive, by the
UNION HORSE NAIL CO.,
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For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores. d103 1y

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Wholesale Manufacturer of
TABLES.
Extension, Leaf and Centre Tables, Kitchen Tables, Stands, Etc.
Sold by all principal Furniture dealers thoughout the Western States.
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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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UPHOLSTERERS' GOODS,
No. 173 Randolph Street,
CHICAGO, ILL.
d92 6m

L. M. RUMSEY M'F'G CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES.
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Agricultural Implements,
FENCE WIRE, BARBED WIRE, FENCING, ETC., ETC.
196 NORTH SECOND ST., ST. LOUIS, MO

Ask for the Corrugated Stove Pipe Elbow. It gives the Best Satisfaction and meets with Quick Sales.
For sale by Z. C. M. I. branch stores.

M. S. VAN DEUSEN. WM. LEIMERT.
JOHN C. NEEMES & CO.,
MANUFACTURING
CONFECTIONERS,
28, 30, 32, & 34 MICHIGAN AVENUE,
CHICAGO.
Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I., its Branch Stores and dealers generally in the Territory. d

USE
Daggett's Roll Braid
FOR TRIMMING DRESSES,
EXTRA WIDTH,
SUPERIOR QUALITY,
FINEST COLORS.
Sale by Z. C. M. I. d116 3m

HAZARD POWDER
Office, 63, Pine St., New York.
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
GUNPOWDER!
Blasting, Kentucky Rifle, Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse.
For sale by Z. C. M. I. and all the principal Stores in the Territory, and by
H. B. CLAWSON, Agent.

NEW YORK TRADE.

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BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.
Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,
100 Duane St., New York.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON Sail Duck, "Woodberry," Drab Duck, "Polhemus" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GRO
COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—14 to 12 inches wide, for Pack, Car Tank and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.
Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity. These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

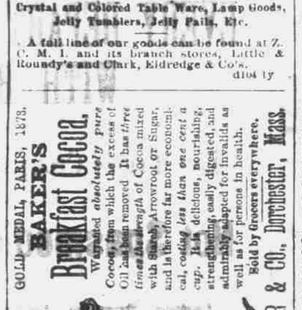
SAPONIFIER
Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft, and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength—dissolves your grease and makes the best soap. Ask your grocer for SAPONIFIER, and take no other.
PENNA SALT MANUF'G CO., Philadelphia.

Trade Mark for the United States.

BEST SIX-CORD Spool Cotton
FOR SALE
AT WHOLESALE
BY
Z. C. M. I.

USE THE
PAN HANDLE CARPET WARP
WHITE AND COLORED.
THE BEST in USE.
Z. C. M. I. SOLE AGENTS. Can be obtained at all their branch stores throughout the Territory. d104 3m

ADAMS & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of
Crystal and Colored Table Ware, Lamp Goods, Jelly Tumblers, Jelly Pails, Etc.
A full line of our goods can be found at Z. C. M. I. and its branch stores, Little & Roundy's and Clark, Eldredge & Co's. d104 1y



A. FISHER BREWING CO.
Brewery and U.C.R.R. & D.&R.G.G. Depots,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH,
P. O. Box 1049. Telephone 294.
We are now prepared to promptly supply the public with Keg and Bottled Beer of a superior quality, at popular prices.
City Depot 109 S. Main St. Telephone, 179.
A. FISHER BREWING CO.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of John Pack, Deceased.

Notice of time and place for the hearing of Petition for admission to Probate of Will.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that Saturday, the 23d day of May, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, in the court room of said Court, has been appointed the time place for the hearing of a petition of John Pack, jr., and Quince R. Pack praying for the admission to probate of a certain document therewith presented, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of John Pack, deceased, when and where all persons interested may appear and contest the probate of said will, or the granting of letters testamentary to John Pack, jr., and Quince R. Pack, as prayed for in said petition.

JOHN G. CULLEY,
Probate Clerk, Salt Lake County.
Dated at Salt Lake City, March, 1885.
140 10t

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

Wired from Washington.

WASHINGTON, 6.—The following dispatch, dated Whipple Barracks, Arizona, June 2d, has been received at the War Department from General Pope: "Captain Smith reports from the Gila River, near Sapillo, May 29th, that the Indians are in very rough mountains north of him, and that Chatto, chief of the scouts, with forty men, struck their rear guard and was after them." In another dispatch of the 61st ult., from the same place, he says the main body of the Indian women and children are scattered through the mountains east of Buck Creek and north of Gila; that Chatto and his scouts are hunting them, and he remains in the vicinity till he can hear from Chatto.

A dispatch from General Crook, at Bayard, yesterday, says they have no definite news from the scouting parties or Indians.

In another dispatch to General Drum, dated San Francisco, June 3d, General Pope says: "Everything possible is being done to put a stop to the Indian troubles in Arizona and New Mexico. Only 34 men of the Apaches have gone off with their women and children, and are trying to get into Mexico, killing and taking everything that happens to fall in their way. The difficulty is to overcome or head them off, but there is a large force of cavalry after them from various directions and it would seem that they must be captured. General Crook, who knows more about these Indians than any other person, is in the field himself, and he says he needs no more troops. Of course the newspaper reports are sensational and exaggerated and create unnecessary alarm. No other Indians have left San Carlos reservation, except the party above indicated."

The Postmaster-General to-day sent the following circular letter to each of the applicants for positions as postoffice inspectors who were selected by the committee appointed for that purpose:

"SIR—You are notified that your application for the position of inspector of the postoffice department has been received and passed upon, and that you are required to attend for examination at Washington on the 17th inst., at 10 a.m., at the Postoffice Department. Failure to attend will be considered an abandonment of application. Among the many applicants who are notified to attend for examination it is not probable that more than one will be chosen from your State on this examination; certainly not unless very special qualifications shall appear in a greater number, and none will be chosen unless the examination be satisfactory. The examination will have special reference to the probable usefulness of the applicant for the peculiar service required, and unless the applicant feels very confident of his qualifications to meet the requirements of the service, he will recognize the risk assumed of loss of time and expenses in attending. This is not stated especially to you, but to every applicant alike, and is not intended by way of encouragement, but simply as caution and fair notice. Attention is invited to the rule herewith sent you, that no recommendation to favor will avail anything to the advantage of the applicant in respect to his examination, but rather to his disadvantage, if being the purpose of the Department to secure the most efficient corps of inspectors possible, and to have them depend for their positions hereafter wholly upon their own merits."

James K. Metcalfe, of Silver City, N. M., who has had much experience in the management of Indians, has written to Secretary Lamar, suggesting a solution of the difficulties now existing at the San Carlos Indian reservation. His plan is as follows: Send all the soldiers to the reservation, and let them take charge of every woman and child upon the reservation. Then say to the bucks, "You must bring in those hostile Indians, dead or alive, or your wives and children will be taken to a far land, where you will never see them again." "Take my word for it," said he, "that in less than two months the trouble will end. Require them to bring in the live Indian or his head. Send a few Mexicans along to see that they do not bring in Mexican heads. When the hostile bucks are brought in try and execute every one who was on the warpath, and do it in the presence of all the Indians."

Gen. Crook telegraphs Gen. Sheridan that the Indians passed Duncan Station on the night of the 4th inst., going south, well mounted and traveling very fast, and states that it looks now as if the only chance is that the troops at Guadalupe Cañon can intercept them. Capt. Crawford, with 90 scouts, will pursue them.

A dispatch from Bradley of the 5th inst. tates that the hostiles have left the Mogollon mountains and are moving south.

Ex-Representative Cassidy, of Nevada, received a telegram to-day signed by the chairman and members of the Democratic State Central Committee, thanking him for having secured the appointment of Mr. A. Skillman as revenue collector of that State, and saying that it was the most appropriate appointment that could have been made. Senator Fair recommended for the position a Mr. Thompson, and there was a square contest between him and Mr. Cassidy, who backed Skillman.

Postal Clerks Kicking.

CHICAGO, 6.—The attaches of the railway mail service here evince a deep interest in the late developments and future probabilities in connection with the observance of certain civil service rules by the new Administration. The *Inter-Ocean* to-morrow morning will publish an article in relation to the matter, the substance of which is as follows: Captain White, division superintendent at Chicago, is said to have received the following telegram from Postmaster-General Vilas to-day: "I understand an organization is forming among the postal clerks in your division for the purpose of retaining their own positions by striking providing other clerks are thrown out. I want to know the truth." General discussion of the message led to considerable talk in relation to some thirty removals of alleged efficient men, who, among others, were a short time ago suddenly required to appear for civil service examination. This circumstance is claimed to have resulted in preparations for a general strike.

Interested in Mines, etc.

BOSTON, 6.—Ex-Gov. Hale's failure has involved a large number of Boston people and banks. C. A. Parks, of No. 17 Milk Street, is involved to the extent of $30,000. The Commonwealth National, Massachusetts National and Freedman's National hold his paper. They say they are secured. Hale was interested in the Boston, Winthrop and Shore Railroad to the extent of $30,000. Henry Hale, of New York, a brother of the ex-Governor, is said to be involved $10,000, and J. Hale, another brother, $20,000. It is stated that Governor Hale, while here recently, claimed to be worth $300,000 more than he owed. He was trying to negotiate some of his paper. It is said the Massachusetts National Bank holds $50,000 worth of trade paper entirely secured.

One of his unsuccessful enterprises was the Lebanon Woolen Mills of Lebanon, N. H., in which it is alleged he sunk over $50,000. Another unfortunate scheme was the purchase of an island near San Francisco, with the idea of starting a mammoth sheep or cattle ranch. Another project was a salt mountain at San Domingo, which was supposed to be a mine of wealth, but which failed to pan out. Governor Hale was interested in mines in Idaho and other places, and it is said numerous New Hampshire farmers invested and lost heavily. Another scheme was the purchase of the Hotel Avon in this city, which also proved disastrous. Mr. Johnson, proprietor of the Quincy House, who had had large dealings with Hale, states that he believes the ex-Governor spent $50,000 in securing his gubernational election. Gov. Hale's property in Suffolk county in the State has been attached by Johnson for $100,000. Sensational developments are promised shortly.

FOREIGN.

THE AFGHAN FRONTIER QUESTION SETTLED.

THE MURDER OF HERR INTERBOCK, ETC.

LONDON, 6.—No progress has been made during the week in allaying the dissensions in the British Cabinet. The government remains on the verge of disruption. Chamberlain, ambitious to become an English Premier, and Dilke, lunately Radical, still stubbornly refuse to assent to Gladstone's announced policy of renewing the Irish Crimes Act. It is true the "grand old man" yesterday retreated from his original position on this question far enough to admit that the government now mean only to renew the bill, modified; but the rebels in the Cabinet insist that there exists in Ireland to-day no reason for its renewal in any form. While neither Chamberlain nor Dilke have personally stated in public that they will resign from the Cabinet if the Premier insists in his renewal policy, it is generally understood that both have actually threatened to do so, and it is not actually believed that the modified policy announced by the Prime Minister has in any wise altered the threat.

The quarrel in the Cabinet has in fact extended to other matters. The radical ministers are just as much opposed to the plan of an electoral campaign formulated for the coming election by the Whig members, as they are to the renewal of the Crimes Act. The number of ministerial rebels on this point is larger even than those arrayed against renewal. Chamberlain, Chairman of the Board of Trade; Dilke, President of the Local Government Board; Trevelyan, John Bright's successor in the Chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Shaw Lefevre, successor to the great Fawcett as Postmaster General, all insist on a radical platform. These gentlemen agree that the principal planks in the Liberal platform should be: First, reform in the constitution of the House of Lords by reducing the number of heriditary peers and increasing the number of life titles; second, a reform in the law of entail which will work toward a division rather than a concentration of land titles; third, a general reform in the land laws of Great Britain to the end that the number of holdings in fee may be increased and titles to land be more easily obtained; fourth, for Ireland the widest possible measure of self-government consistent with the unity of the British Empire; fifth, public denominational education on the principles accepted by the Irish party. The whig faction in the Cabinet refuses steadfastly to adopt any of the five principals in the platform of the liberal party for the coming campaign; hence the party will enter the canvass weak from lack of cohesion. On this account it is more than probable Gladstone will be induced to remain in political power for the purpose of personally conducting the campaign for his party. The liberals have no other man competent for the task.

Gen. Wolseley is engaged in the preparation of his official report on the charges preferred against Gen. Graham, commander of the Suakim Berber expedition, and Gen McNeil, commander of the advance force of the expedition, for neglect of duty and incompetency in the conducting their campaign. If the report be unfavorable both generals will be subjected to a special inquiry by a military council.

The outspoken denunciations of the conduct of the government toward the British Afghan Boundary Commission, reported to have been made by Sir Peter Lumsden on his way home after his recent visit to the Ameer, have aroused the British War Office to ask him whether the newspaper interviews published are accurate reports of what he said. His answer to this interrogatory is awaited with interest. The authorities in the War Office undoubtedly sympathize with Lumsden, but the cabinet are exasperated over his stinging criticisms of the government's management of the Afghan dispute, and they demand that he repudiate them or be punished by some signal mark of displeasure by the government.

Lumsden's friends say he meant every word attributed to him in these interviews, and that he will not repudiate a word. He believes, his friends argue, that the government outraged the country and disgraced the Afghan boundary commission, and he will abandon office rather than retract any of his criticisms.

Bi-Metalism.

From Berlin it is stated that Prince Bismarck, in reply to an address sent him by the present congress now in session at Koestritz, asking him to use his influence to secure the adoption among the nations of bi-metalism, said he could at present give no personal opinion upon the subject, as the entire question of bi-metalism has been submitted to the examination of competent authority.

Herr Interbock's Death.

Berlinese and Germans generally are still greatly puzzled over the mysterious death of Herr Interbock, the eminent journalist. Although at first regarded as somewhat singular, it was deemed natural. Interbock was found insensible on the pavement in front of his residence at a late hour in the night. He was carried into the house and placed under the care of a physician, who found him unconscious from hemorrhage of the lungs, and when he died to death the doctors certified that he died from hemorrhage of diseased lungs. The corpse was duly composed, and the death mourners and funeral arranged; but after the hearse had reached the grave; and when the coffin was about to be lowered into the ground, some policemen gathered up, stopped the burial proceedings, and claimed the body for autopsy, on the charge that Interbock had been murdered. The scene was sensational in the extreme and women swooned, but the officers removed the coffin and the remains, and a post mortem was held. This confirmed in every respect the allegations of the police. They said Interbock had died from injuries inflicted during a fight in a restaurant. He was accustomed to visit the place, and on the night preceding his death he was there. He became involved in a dispute, and his opponent beat him until he was insensible, and then called a cab, had the unconscious man placed within and dumped on the sidewalk in front of his residence. It is regarded as very strange that none of the many personal friends of the dead man ever suspected that his death was unnatural, and the entire case has been worked out voluntarily by the police, who every one interested is now sure, will prove the murder and undoubtedly succeed in arresting and convicting the slayer.

Social Sensation Caused by a Peteous.

The Princess Lidl Dolgorouki, daughter of the late Czar's morganatic widow, has caused quite a social sensation in Berlin by appearing as a public performer on the violin in garden concerts and exhibitions. Her conduct has disgusted her family and society friends. The Princess, however, is an immense card for her managers and she never fails to draw crowded houses. She seems to be charmed with the energy and excitement of her new life, and says she plays in public simply to exhibit her disdain for the conventionalities and prejudices of aristocratic life.

The Ameer's Reported Murder.

The Russian report that the Ameer of Afghanistan has been murdered by his sons is not credited at the British foreign office. Couriers from Cabul arrive at British posts on the Afghan frontier twice a week regularly. In the latest reports brought to British agents at these posts, there was no news of an actual disorder in Afghanistan, but the general situation in the Ameer's dominions has been described in all recent reports as portending danger to his authority. This has been attributed to discontent among the tribal chiefs over the Ameer's failure to distribute among them the sums of money which the chiefs believed he received from Earl Dufferin, Viceroy of India, in the recent durbar at Rawul-Pindi, with which to subsidize the Afghan tribes. The chiefs have all along felt certain that Abdurrahman was intrusted with a large sum for their benefit and the benefit of their tribesmen, and they have chafed under their failure to get what they expected as their shares. It would not be surprising if some of these disappointed chiefs should have resolved to adopt murder as a revenge upon the Ameer.

The Gordon Memorial Fund.

Cardinal Manning's proposal that the fund for a memorial to General Gordon be expended in founding a Gordon free state, to include the Nile country, and to preserve the River Nile for the world's commerce, on the plan on which the International African Association is founding the Congo free state, finds but little favor among the majority of subscribers to the fund, most of whom oppose the employment of money in anything pertaining to trade. A strong syndicate, however, is being formed in London to carry out in a purely commercial and speculative way the Cardinal's scheme. The syndicate will form a company under a charter from the Crown, and will soon organize a series of public meetings throughout England to boom the enterprise as a national project to form a new basis for the extension of British commerce and the suppression of the African slave trade. Among the many distinguished patrons of the scheme in its new shape are the Baroness Burbett-Coutts and a number of rich philanthropists, although the number of Hebrews, pure and simple, is greater than that of the Christians.

Satisfactorily Settled.

LONDON, 6.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* says it is glad to be able to state, upon the highest authority, that the long-standing difference between England and Russia concerning the northwest Afghan frontier will be finally and satisfactorily settled. A definite agreement has been arranged and the commissioners will forthwith commence to mark precisely the delimitation of the boundary. They are now on the spot. The *Gazette* believes that the above might have been announced last week, but for a difference of opinion as to a more precise definition of the frontier east of Zulfikar. The Penjdeh incident will be referred to the King of Denmark, who has informally agreed to accept the office of arbitrator. The arbitration will be rigidly confined to the interpretation of the sacred covenant of March 16.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PINE VALLEY, Washington Co., Utah, May 30th, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

After several interesting meetings, and under the direction of President Jacob Gates, the Seventies of Parowan were set in order and some ordained into the 69th Quorum of Seventies. We drove to

SUMMIT,

six miles, and held meeting in this small place of 18 families—a beautiful location with plenty of good land, but only a limited supply of water. There are thousands of acres of unoccupied land in this valley, which may yet be cultivated on the dry farming principle. No doubt but Rye will mature on it without irrigation.

Bishop Henry Lunt kindly conveyed us to

CEDAR CITY,

where we became the recipients of his usual hospitality, held meeting and arranged the Seventies, ordaining some.

On the 27th we visited the Seventies, looked over the settlement, and in the evening gave a lecture on the history of Gibraltar, which was largely attended as was also one at Parowan previously.

The Co-operative Sheep Herd of Cedar is doing, as it has always done, excellently. There are in the herd at the present time 7,600 head, with 2,800 lambs already, and a good prospect for 3,500 altogether. They expect to shear 41,800 pounds of wool. At this season of the year they divide the herd into ten parts, but in the winter have only three herds. The surrounding country is admirably adapted for sheep raising, and the business is being made a financial success.

There is also a co-operative store carrying about $7,000 worth of stock which has connected with it a grist mill that cost $10,000, but is now listed in the stock books at $5,000; also a very creditable tannery, the capital stock of which is 1,200, with leather and hides worth about $1,500. Some of the leather, which is of a superior quality, is manufactured into boots and shoes and sold in the store. The tanner was emigrated by the company from Switzerland.

The new meeting house has taken a renewed start, and the walls, which are of brick burned in the vicinity, are looming up, and bid fair for an early completion. The building is 41x88 ft., including the tower, which is to be 80 feet high, and there is to be a gallery in the interior.

Several new brick buildings of good dimensions have recently been erected in Cedar, and other preparations show tariff and life under the energetic Bishop Lunt, who first settled here in 1851.

The presidents of the 63d Quorum of Seventies met us at Brother George Perry's, where we looked over one of the most delightful gardens this side of Salt Lake City, with evergreens, flowers in every variety, and hothouse plants—a credit to any thriving country town.

Cedar City furnished a good outfit with a spanking span of blacks which conveyed us 35 miles over the Iron Mountains, through Iron City, whose millions of tons of ore await utilization, and landed us in

PINTO

in which isolated town in the midst of the mountains we held an excellent meeting.

Pinto, by the courtesy of Bishop's counselor, Neil Forcyth, conveyed us over into

PINE VALLEY

fifteen miles where we held two meetings in the two-story frame meeting house.

During nine days we have held twelve meetings and ordained about 70 of the brethren. Thus the work of the Lord is rolling on, while all are talking of Utah.

Pine Valley is a very beautiful town, surrounded with mountains covered with cedar and pine, well watered but rather frosty, and the place is occupied by a cheerful, happy people.

It was rather astonishing to leave Pine Valley on the 31st, and, after a drive of less than three hours' duration, take dinner on green peas and new potatoes, and see the small grain headed out, while the people of Pine Valley were planting their potatoes, the earlier ones just up and frost bitten, and the wheat just nicely up and beginning to stool out. So goes Dixie life.

I am happy to say that, although suffering some pain from my recent bruises, I am fast recovering.

E. STEVENSON.

Russia in a Bad Way.

Russia has nearly run out of money, and seems to have no friends among the nations of Europe to help her out or give the government all manner of botheration and threaten its destruction. Russia is like a debilitated dyspeptic without funds. But there is hope for the most debilitated dyspeptic if somebody will only supply him with a bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters. Mr. I. B. Tarope, Charlton, Iowa, was affected with debility and dyspepsia of five years' standing. Brown's Iron Bitters cured him.

New Firm.

Having purchased the stock and good will of Mr. H. O. Stearns, in the New York Candy Store, we are prepared to cater to the public taste, hoping by our experience and a careful attention to business to win a good share of public patronage.

THUMBO & BOGOS.

HO! FOR THE LAKE

Firemen's Excursion to Garfield on Wednesday, June 10th, 1885, under the auspices of the Firemen's Band. There will be a dance in the afternoon, free to all, and other amusements. Tickets 50 cents, children 25 cents.

Three trains will leave the Utah & Nevada depot as follows: 8.40 a. m., 1 p. m. and 5.10 p. m. Returning arrive at Salt Lake City at 3.45 p. m., 4.30 p. m. and 8.20 p. m. Tickets for sale at the Firemen's Hall. d3t

FLY DOORS
AT
CO-OP FURNITURE STORE

FOR SALE, CHEAP FOR CASH

Five (5) by twenty (20) rods of ground, south front, on Sixth (6th) South Street, two and a half blocks east from Main Street. Enquire of
J. D. H. McALLISTER,
d 241, E. Fifth South Street.

ORDER YOUR FLY DOORS

At J. C. Sandberg's Furniture Factory 108 W. South Temple Street.

DR. HENLEY'S Celery, Beef and Iron, enriches the blood and quietens the nerves.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

Weber, Rock Spring, Pleasant Valley and Red Canyon—All the Coals sold in the Salt Lake market. Our Weber is from the celebrated Grass Creek mines and we are mining better coal than ever before. No other Weber brought to this market can compare with it. All our coals are nicely screened and cleaned.

Coal Department, Union Pacific Railway Company.
A. J. GUNNELL, Agent.
Office, Wasatch Corner.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron. Its control over scorfulous diseases is unequalled by any other medicine.

DR. HENLEY'S Celery, Beef and Iron cures Nervous Headaches and Neuralgia.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRUE MARK

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a Bottle. Directions in 11 Language.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

JOSEPH WM. TAYLOR,

Undertaker, Funeral Director and Embalmer.

A full line of Fine Cloth, Metallic and Redwood Coffins and Caskets. Air-tight Oak Cases and Caskets.
A complete stock of Burial Robes and Undertakers' Goods of every description kept constantly on hand.
Black or White Hearses.
Bodies preserved without ice for any length of time.
Particular attention given to embalming, shipping and care of bodies.
Embalming and shipping a specialty.
Lots and graves furnished in any cemetery in the city.
All orders by telegraph or telephone, day or night, will receive prompt attention.
Prices low and terms reasonable.
Office Never Closed. Telephone No. 357.
23 S. West Temple Street.

SUPERFINE
WHOLE-WHEAT
FLOUR.
This Flour is made by special process, from the best qualities of Irish Wheat, and contains ALL the nutritive elements Nature has implanted in the grain, producing superfine, healthful, white bread.
Warranted as represented, and Manufactured by
The Pioneer Roller Mills,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Sold at $2.50 retail, by
P. C. B. I. Grocery Department.
Eddington & Pace, 58 w 1st South
Elias Morris, opposite Z. C. M. I.
AND OTHER DEALERS.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, WE THE undersigned, will until further notice, sell school books at the following prices:

INDEPENDENT READERS:
First Reader,.....20c. Third Reader,...50c.
Second Reader,....35c. Fourth Reader,..65c.
Fifth Reader,.....90c.
RAY'S ARITHMETICS:
Elementary,.....35c. Practical,.....50c.
SWINTON'S LANGUAGE LESSONS, 65c.
APPLETON'S GEOGRAPHIES:
Elementary,.....55c. Higher,.....1.25
H. PEMBROKE,
C. H. PARSONS & CO.,
W. F. RAYBOULD.
March 20, 1885. d99tf

CLEAN YOUR PREMISES.

The attention of all citizens is called to the following provisions of the city ordinance in relation to nuisance:

Be it ordained, by the City Council of Salt Lake City, that no person shall have, make, use or keep, at any place within the corporate limits of Salt Lake City, any nuisome, offensive or unwholesome substance, or any rot, pit or pool of standing water, * * * nor shall any person have a pig-sty, cow house, shed, stable or privy, or suffer any offal or other refuse matter from the same to accumulate on their premises, which may cause any noisome, offensive or unwholesome smell. * * * Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, on conviction therefor, be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars for the first offense, and attached to abate or remove forthwith from said city the offensive matter with which he may be charged; and for any second or subsequent offense a fine of ninety-nine dollars, or imprisonment for one hundred days, or both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court, and the said nuisance may be abated or removed by the city authorities at the expense of the accused.

In pursuance of said provisions, a thorough canvass of the city will be made by the undersigned, and the premises of every resident subjected to a rigid inspection. All persons having any such offensive matter about their premises are hereby warned to cause its removal forthwith, as the terms of the ordinance cited above will be strictly enforced.
WM. G. PHILLIPS,
d1w City Marshal.

Forewarned

of danger by the condition of your blood, as shown in pimples, blotches, boils, or discolorations of the skin; or by a feeling of languor, induced, perhaps, by inactivity of the stomach, liver, and kidneys, you should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It will renew and invigorate your blood, and cause the vital organs to properly perform their functions. If you suffer from

Rheumatism,

or Neuralgia, a few bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will relieve and cure you. Alice Kendall, 218 Tremont st., Boston, Mass., writes: "I have been troubled with Neuralgia, pain in the side, and weakness, and have found greater relief from Ayer's Sarsaparilla than from any other remedy." J. C. Tolman, 336 Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass., writes: "In no other remedy have I ever found such a happy relief from Rheumatism as in

Forearmed

with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, there need be no fear of Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Eczema, Catarrh, Liver troubles, or any of the diseases arising from Scrofulous taints in the blood. Geo. Garwood, Big Springs, Ohio, writes: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been used in my family for a number of years. I was a constant sufferer from

Dyspepsia,

but Ayer's Sarsaparilla effected a permanent cure. Seven years ago my wife was troubled with Goitre: two bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured her, and she has never had any return of the disease. I regard this preparation as the best medicine in use for the blood." B. Barnard Walt, 75 Adams st., Lynn, Mass., writes: "For many years I suffered terribly from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and Scrofula. Almost hopeless, I took Ayer's Sar-

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

saparilla." It instils new life into the blood, and imparts vitality and strength. Being highly concentrated, it is the most economical blood purifier.

and am a well man to-day." Be sure and get Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most thorough and effective blood purifier. The best is the cheapest.

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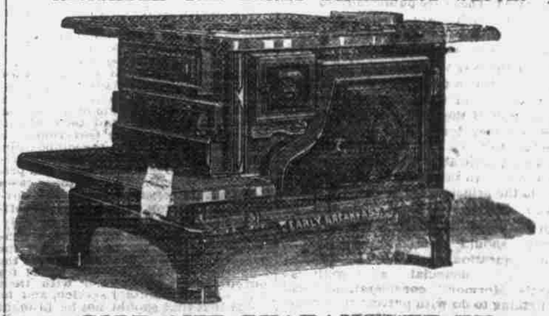

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And the well known Percheron,

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