

FIGHT TO THE BITTER END

Queen Regent of Spain Informs the Pope of Her Resolve to Carry on the War--The Cortes also Notified.

Spain Has No Idea of Yielding, But Will Throw the Nation's Whole United Naval Strength into One Supreme Effort to Crush the American Squadron in Cuban Waters.

Present Madrid Government Continues in Power—Difficult to Find Successors—Madrid is Under Martial Law, and Orders are Given that no War News shall be Given Out—Preparing Another Squadron—The Guards in Madrid Have Been Mounted for Fear of an Uprising.

London, May 20.—Special dispatches from Rome say that the queen regent has telegraphed the pope that Spain is resolved to resist to the bitter end the engagement. The government is preparing to reply to all questions on the subject.

Gen. Weyler, the former captain-general of Cuba, is expected to visit the

It is announced that Premier Bagnato will inform the press in behalf of the Cuban Government of the results of the anti-government debate today in the senate.

TO BE INSTRUCTED INTO OFFICE.

Economics by Which The Cuban Autog-

It is announced in a special despatch from Madrid that there is no idea of surrender there, either in ministerial circles or in the army.

The special dispatch adds that it is stated at Madrid by those who are well informed that the king will be accompanied by a squadron of dragoons, with go four or five hundred men.

Fifteen cannon shots will announce that the captain general has left the house.

Continuing, the dispatch says:

It is ordered that when the governor enters the hall, every person present must stand and hail him.

PRESIDENT CABINET RETAINED.
The Madrid correspondent of the London Evening News cables the following:—The President has retained his cabinet, and the government will continue as now constituted.

Although Premier Saganata's conference with the queen regent and liberal leaders Minto and Hloa, led to rumors of the formation of a national government, the facts are that Saganata

Next the president of the council of secretaries will deliver to Gen. Blanco the address for the opening of the session and will then withdraw to his seat. The governor will read the address and add a few remarks.

impaired confidence in the government, which will continue as now constituted for the present.

"Senors Gamazo and Montero, express the opinion that the present cabinet should continue in power."

The ministers met at 8 p.m. at the residence yesterday evening and the premier communicated to them the result of his interview with the queen regent.

have agreed that the courts should continue in session.

Senator Zimmerman has given notice that he will introduce the government on the events in the Philippine Islands and likewise request all senators to be present.

Gen. Blanco has ordered troops to line the streets through which he will pass and has directed that the Spanish flag be run up on the palace and

According to officials at the palace, no shots fired by the United States ships at Cienfuegos, April 19, fell in the city, as the United States ships were then fired at Sagua Grande in the afternoon.

Madrid and Gov. Gen. Durosoy told five kilometers from the shores.

Madrid, May 2, 8 a.m.—The proclamation of martial law issued by the government-general expressly prohibits the publication of any news concerning the war or the movements of ships of the Spanish navy.

The principal newspapers advise calmness, "so as to avoid the unpleasant spectacle of disturbances when the city is in a state of confusion."

SPANIARDS MAY RETALIATE.
It is expected that they will attempt to bombard some New England towns.

Although the position of certain members of the cabinet is regarded as unfavorable, it is a matter of difficulty to find men who are willing to succeed

Nobody will listen to a proposal of war will appear at some

10 a.m. As a precaution, the troops have been confined to the barracks and the guards have been doubled.

PREPARING ANOTHER SQUADRON
London, May 4.—A Cadiz dispatch says that the second Spanish squadron, consisting of the warships Pelayo, Alfonso XIII and Victoria, and a num-

It is reported, however, that the great difficulty is experienced in fitting out the ships, owing to a lack of

The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Guardo, which is being used to prevent Spanish privateers from ravaging the Northeast coast, that the cruisers Columbia and the Minneapolis were sent to patrol duty lanes, and the mobilization of the northern patrol squadron at Provincetown is with the

DISCUSSION IN SPAIN.
Madrid, May 1.—The Imperial (Ind.) and the Liberal moderate Rep. insist

then to join the flagship *San Francisco* at Portchester without delay. Their crews will have gun practice on the way and will be given as much training as possible.

the crushing defeat of the Spanish fleet in the Philippine islands, and the alleged unpreparedness of the fleet for