

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN.

BOSTON, 9.—The *Advertiser* says of the mouth and foot disease found in sheep sent to England: "The shipments have increased very largely of late. The *Victoria* sailing to-day, takes out 1,000, and it is not believe the English authorities in slaughtering the animals will disturb the business even temporarily, as the meat can safely go into market."

NEW YORK, 9.—Martin A. Sullivan, of Jersey City, aged 18, sent by his mother to deposit money in the savings bank, disappeared, and inquiry among the youth's associates revealed the fact that he had gone to Leadville to look for gold.

The steamship *Wyoming* to-day brought from Liverpool, 600 Mormons mainly English, Scotch and Swedes, the larger portion of the same being women. They leave for Utah this evening.

The *Public* to-morrow gives a table showing the Clearing House exchanges for the week ending the 6th inst., as compared with the corresponding week last year. From this it would seem that the increase is still large and general, notwithstanding the week contained one more holiday this year than last. The following cities have gained: New York, 22 3-10; Boston, 3 10; Philadelphia, 13 4-10; Chicago, 58 9-10; Cincinnati, 13 7-10; San Francisco, 7 9-10; Baltimore, 7 4-10; St. Louis, 6 3-10; Louisville, 24 7-10; Cleveland, 14 3-10; Indianapolis, 5 7-10; New Haven, 1 3-10; Syracuse, 38 4-10; Lowell, 7 2-10. The following have lost: New Orleans, 25 8-10; Milwaukee, 12 5-10; Pittsburg, 6 4-10; Providence, 15 6-10.

The *Public* in commenting on this exhibit says: "It does not appear that Milwaukee shares in the activity of trade which operations in grain have caused at Chicago; but it is probable that a considerable part of the increase at the latter city was due to the settlement of June contracts in wheat, rather than to any actual transfers of property. Neither here nor at San Francisco, however, were transactions materially affected by the speculative movements in stocks, and the volume of legitimate business in the strictest sense, appears to be unusually large for the season."

The sixth council of the Union of American and Hebrew Congregations, resumed its session to-day, Rev. Dr. Silventhal, chairman of the special mission on a course of study from the Hebrew College, presented a unanimous report on the subject, in which he said he was happy to say all differences between the clergy had been settled. The report was adopted.

Rev. Dr. Mendes, chairman of the committee on a Union College, presented a report recommending the establishment of a college and erection of a building at Cincinnati, and adverse to the establishment of a branch college in New York, which was adopted.

The chairman of the committee on the Sabbath question presented a report pertaining to the preservation of the Sabbath institution, which was adopted.

A letter was received from Governor Seymour giving his views on the subject of land culture. He said he watched with interest the plan of the Catholic purchase to get the people into the country and to make their homes on farms. He deemed it a wise policy, and wise to have those of different faith so placed at the outset that they can keep their respective places of worship. He had no idea but the Hebrews would become good farmers. *Recess.*

After some discussion the report of the special committee relative to opening overtures for the employment and residence of Israelites in the agricultural districts of the country, was made the special order for to-morrow, and adjourned.

MEMPHIS, 9.—Frank Mulbrandon, an Irishman, aged 47, a shoemaker by trade, was taken sick last Saturday evening, and died to-day. A post mortem examination held by six of the leading physicians of the city, revealed the fact that the patient had died of yellow fever. All the physicians declared it a sporadic case. Considerable excitement prevails.

BOSTON, 9.—The wool market is comparatively quiet. Supplies continue to arrive quite freely and stocks are now rapidly accumulating. Fine fleeces are neglected but

medium grades and combings and delaines are still in very fair demand. Manufacturers are disposed to hold off, and sales could only be forced at concessions and the holders not inclined to press sales at present. California is in fair demand at 23 @ 32½ for spring. In pulled wools very little is doing, but the stocks are sold up close.

WASHINGTON, 9.—A special agent of the Post Office Department arrested in New Mexico a mail robber belonging to a gang of Texas highwaymen. The Judge granted an order of removal to Texas for trial, but the United States marshal had no money to pay the necessary expense. He telegraphed the marshal of Texas, but the latter was in the same condition. The post office agent thereupon started for Texas with his prisoner, the stage companies carrying him on trust and the agent providing provisions for an 800-mile journey and guarding the desperado night and day himself.

SAN FRANCISCO, 9.—The six-day go-as-you-please walking match will begin at the Mechanics' Pavilion at 1 o'clock to-morrow morning, for the following prizes: First, champion diamond belt, valued at \$1,500 and \$1,000 in coin; second, \$750 in coin; third, \$500; fourth, \$250. The following parties have entered, drawing positions in the order named: C. D. Thompson, H. Norhoff, J. Bowman, J. A. Santes, W. H. Scott, J. Kennovan, P. McIntyre, Wm. Cherowith, J. Callahan, John Armstrong, John Macfarland, Frank Edwards. During the evening before the contest commences, several Piute and Bannock Indians will run a twenty-five mile race.

NEW YORK, 10.—The *Herald's* Memphis special says of the yellow fever death there yesterday: He was buried to-night at nine o'clock and the premises are being disinfected under the direction of the board of health. The neighborhood where the death occurred turned out en masse to witness the burial. The exodus of citizens to-morrow will doubtless be great.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: The painting of the electoral commission has mysteriously disappeared. The article was in litigation and an attempt had been made to seize it for debt.

Manton Marble was, yesterday, married to Mrs. A. W. Lombard, of this city.

A Boston dispatch says: The miniature ship *Golden Gate*, eleven tons burden, sailed from Boston, yesterday, for Melbourne, Australia. Her crew consists of two men.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Col. Burch, Secretary of the Senate has stopped several republican papers, among them the *San Francisco Bulletin*, and ordered in their stead several Southern democratic dailies.

The announcement is made that the Union Pacific proposes building this year from a point on the line of the Republican Valley branch to Lincoln, thence to Beatrice, then to Marysville, Kan., intersecting there the St. Joseph and Denver City line, ultimately to some point on the Kansas Pacific.

Yesterday's *Express*, reviewing Glover's so-called report, demanded that Linderman should be degraded at once from his high office. The *Tribune* this morning lampoons the *Express* for an enterprising democratic organ.

Col. Tom Scott returns in September. He is entirely well.

The *Times* comments as follows: The estimates of the Secretary of the Treasury, prepared with the results of the four months of the fiscal year already before him, fell 10 millions short of the actual revenue and 27 millions short of the actual expenditures. It is gratifying to find that the elasticity of our revenues has been so much greater than was expected, even though under the head of profits on coinage, there may be a million or two of purely fictitious gain to the government. But it is monstrous that the reckless meddling of the irresponsible majority in Congress should have added at least 20 millions of unforeseen liabilities of the balance sheet of the year. The frittering away of the responsibility for the details of national expenditures among a multitude of committees and a general disregard alike for the recommendations and warnings of the Treasury, exhibited by the committees and the main body of both houses, are among the most serious defects of our system of conducting public business.

The *Tribune*, reviewing European crops, says: Even if accounts are approximately correct, the demand upon this country will be far greater than ever before. The well-known exports within twelve months have been about 148,855,358 bushels of wheat, besides the quantity exported within the past two months from the Pacific Coast and minor Atlantic ports, but the prospects are that a still larger supply will be required from us during the next twelve months, for the condition of foreign crops is more unfavorable than it was at this date last year, and stores abroad are much more nearly exhausted.

A letter received at Washington from Grant, says he shall defer his return till after the republican nomination for the presidency is made. His change of movements is brought about by accounts received of the officious intentions of some individuals who fastened themselves upon his administration and whom he found it difficult to shake off. The same parties, he has been informed, intend to obstruct themselves upon the public by tendering him a reception, against which he expressed the greatest aversion.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., 10.—The board of health, this morning, issued the following order:

To the people of the city of Memphis: We would say, quietly remove your families to a place of safety until we can at least see whether the few cases of yellow fever will assume an epidemic form. To the people along the different routes of travel we say, there can be no possible danger of infection for many days to come.

Five new cases were reported this morning, and one death an infant of Judge E. R. Ray, of the Criminal Court, who, together with another son, is prostrated with the disease. A perfect stampede of citizens is in progress, trains being unable to carry away the hundreds who are ready to leave.

NEW YORK, 10.—The council of the Union of American Hebrew conventions to-day considered the subject of agriculture. An amendment was offered, that in order to carry out the plans successfully, the executive board be instructed to appoint a committee on agriculture, said committee to solicit donations of land, farming implements and money, and as soon as they obtain a tract of land they shall subdivide it into farms of from 50 to 80 acres for one family; said family shall have that land free of rent for a term of seven years; after seven years the price shall be fixed on favorable terms for which that family can buy said land, and the money thus received by the executive board to be reinvested in fertile lands, and to be given to other settlers, under these conditions.

Rev. Dr. Wise spoke in favor of the scheme.

Rev. Dr. Moses, of Alabama, said the dwelling place of the Jews always had been in cities, and he thought it much better for them to devote their attention to commerce.

Joseph, of Cincinnati, contended that the carrying out of the scheme would be a great benefit, as it would result in rescuing many men from idleness, who would otherwise remain in pauperism.

The report was at length adopted with the following further amendment: That the committee be authorized to purchase such additional tracts of land as they may deem expedient, and as the funds for that purpose will allow.

The executive committee were further ordered to confer with such other organizations having kindred objects in view, for the purpose of carrying into successful operation a practical plan of agricultural pursuits. It was resolved to hold the next annual meeting of the council in Chicago on the second Tuesday in July, 1880. The following gentlemen were elected to compose the executive board: David Adeler, Milwaukee; Lewis Ash, New York; Marcus Berlinger, New York; Bernard Bettman, Cincinnati; Auguste Burschwanger, St. Louis; B. H. Feibstman, Philadelphia; Julius Freiberg, Cincinnati; Max L. Guttman, Rochester; W. M. Goodheart, W. B. Hackenberg, Philadelphia; Louis Heinscheimer, Cincinnati; Adolph Harris, Houston, Texas; Merry S. Isaacs, New York; Hezekiah Kohn, New York; A. Cramer, Cincinnati; J. D. Levy, Quincy, Illinois; Solomon Levy, Cincinnati; Moritz Loth, Cincinnati; Sigmund Mann, Cleveland; Council adjourned.

At the close of the Council the executive board elected the following officers for the next two years:

President, Moritz Loth, Cincinnati; vice-president, Adolph L. Sanger, New York; secretary, L. Levy, Cincinnati; treasurer, Solomon Levy, Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON, 10.—Dr. Hamilton, Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, does not apprehend a repetition of the yellow fever epidemic of last year in the south. He thinks there may be sporadic cases, but considers the precautions taken will prevent any spread of the disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 10.—At a meeting of the State board of health, to-night, resolutions were adopted setting forth that New Orleans was never healthier, being entirely free from yellow fever and remarkably free from all kinds of diseases. The port is rightly quarantined and great care is given to the sanitary condition of the city. It was resolved that in order to continue this healthy condition it is the duty of the board to enforce against Memphis the rules and regulations suggested by the national board of health. The president of the board was further authorized to establish rigid quarantine against Memphis both by rail and river and to place inspectors on all the trains entering the State.

MEMPHIS, 10, 3 p.m.—There has been no change in the situation. The great desire of everyone is to leave before the fever spreads. Physicians are hopeful as to the future, but the stampede of citizens has almost assumed a panic form. There will not be cars enough to-night to carry the people away. Business is progressing as usual, but in a limited manner.

To-night a more hopeful feeling exists. The panic of the day has gradually subsided and a thorough investigation shows the condition of affairs. There are only two persons in the whole city prostrated with fever—Judge Ray and his son. Two deaths have occurred, Frank Mulbrandon, as telegraphed last night, and a son of Judge Ray, as telegraphed at noon. Of the five new cases reported to the Board of Health, upon the examination by the president, Dr. G. P. Thornton, three of these were declared other diseases than yellow fever.

SAN FRANCISCO, 10.—A Bodie dispatch says: There was a terrible explosion of the powder magazine near the Old Standard incline works, which were blown to atoms and everything near them levelled to the ground. The Summit works, a short distance off, were shattered to pieces, and many men were killed, though the number is not known. At this writing, about 20 wounded men have been found thus far. It is not known how many, if any, have been injured in the shaft and the underground works. The top of the shaft in the old incline is now on fire, but can surely be put out. A people's fire department is doing good work. James Hickey, foreman of the mine, is slightly hurt. At this time no estimate can be made of the number killed or wounded.

NEW YORK, 11.—Unquestionably there is great alarm here about the yellow fever, not particularly that the disease will reach New York, but that it will paralyze business throughout the country, an instance of which is seen in the decline in pork of half a dollar per barrel in Cincinnati, yesterday.

The *Sun's* special says there were two fatal cases at New Orleans, yesterday.

There was a fatal case of yellow fever at quarantine yesterday, a seaman from Havana. The President of the Board of Health, Chandler, was interviewed last evening, and he emphatically declared there was not the least danger of the disease spreading or even appearing here. He thought the outbreak at Memphis was because of improper and incomplete disinfection. The disinfectants used last season were either diluted or too sparingly used. Dispatches from Washington announce that the National Board of Health has issued complete regulations relative to vessels entering American ports, but none as yet looking to the establishment of inter-State quarantine.

Many rumors from the south are received of fever breaking out in different places, but promptly contradicted by other and later dispatches. Louisville is rapidly filling up with refugees from points further south, as was the case also last year. All the journals treat the subject editorially, hoping the Memphis cases may spur the authorities to greater efforts to check and prevent the disease.

Little Rock, Ark., 11.—Yellow fever news from Memphis creates a profound excitement. The board of health has resolved that no train on the Memphis and Little Rock railroad shall be permitted to enter the quarantine limits five miles east of the city after 12 m. to-day. The health officers were ordered to be placed on the Iron Mountain Road. Dr. Colburn was appointed to meet the incoming Memphis trains.

MEMPHIS, 11.—There has been no new developments to-day of new cases, and a general feeling of confidence is being experienced. The panic of yesterday has entirely subsided. Everything this morning is quiet. The sick members, Judge Ray's family are progressing favorably. No spread of the disease is anticipated. It is estimated that fully 5,000 people departed from the city yesterday. The midnight trains of the Louisville and Memphis and Charleston railroads, last night, were crowded to suffocation. Both roads sent out double trains and yet were unable to accommodate many, who were compelled to remain over until to-day. The Little Rock Railroad sends out its last train at noon. The authorities of that city, having notified the railroad officials, quarantine would be established on all trains leaving Memphis at that hour.

NEW YORK, 11.—The *Times* says: the new treaty between Spain and China is certainly a liberal one. It makes great concessions to the Chinese. Hereafter, if the treaty obligations are fulfilled, the Chinese in Cuba will enjoy all the rights enjoyed by the most favored nation. They sue in the courts; may depart from the dominions of Spain whenever they choose; their responsibility to criminal law alone being sufficient to detain them. Those now under contract obligations must fulfil their contracts, but no more such agreements, which constitute coolieism, are to be tolerated, and the Chinese government binds itself to prevent the embarkation of these contract laborers for Spanish ports.

The movement on foot in Europe for the international congress at Rome next year, looking to the adoption as part of the international code of a provision for the proportional disarmament of all the great military powers progresses favorably. It is asserted that the Czar, Bismarck and Gambetta have given their warm adhesion, and letters approving the objects of the congress have been received from 600 Protestant ministers, two Catholic bishops, ninety members of chief legislative bodies of the principal nations, including America, 121 Masonic bodies and a large number of societies of operatives, mechanics and other laborers.

NEW ORLEANS, 11.—A Lake Providence, Louisiana, special reports the killing of Postmaster Austin by Squire Lusk, of West Carroll, and the mortal wounding of Altin, Jr., parish judge. W. H. Smith, colored, crossing the street during the melee, was struck, it is alleged by a stray bullet and instantly killed.

BALTIMORE, 11.—The explosion of a boiler in the box factory Adams & Setzer, Low street, demolished the boiler house, a story building adjoining and rear wall of the factory, wrecked the contents. A portion of boiler fell two squares away. Gust Setzer, one of the proprietors and Henry Ulrich, engineer, were killed.

WARRENTON, Va., 11.—Two grocers, John Williams, who ordered Howard Holtzelaw, railroad agent and telegraph operator Warrenton Junction, in February last, and Winter Payne, for killing of an old negro named Adams, near Salem, Farquhar in April, were hanged to-day.

TRENTON, 11.—The supreme court has affirmed the judgment in the case of Mrs. Smith and Bennett, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of police officer Smith, the husband of Mrs. Smith. The case now goes to the court of error and appeals.

SAN FRANCISCO, 11.—As far as can be learned at present, the following are killed: Frank Ryan, Thomas Flaherty, William O'Brien and several others, whose names are not yet obtained. The wounded are: A. D. Pierce, slightly; Murphy, arm fractured; Mr. and Mrs. Chaff, slightly; Sullivan, engineer at the Standard, both eyes blown out and skull fractured.