

CZAR NICHOLAS' EVIL GENIUS.

It is Grand Duke Sergius, the Most Reactionary Member of The Imperial Family.

ACTS LARGELY ON HIS ADVICE.

Warsaw in State of Anarchy—Strike Disorders Grow Serious—Address by Holy Synod.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29, 12:25 a. m.—Evidence is accumulating that Emperor Nicholas, throughout the present crisis, has acted largely upon the advice of Grand Duke Sergius, who is the most reactionary member of the imperial family, the head of what is denominated the war party, and whom the Liberals stigmatize as Russia's evil genius. With the first appearance of Father Gopon in the movement, Sergius urged the necessity of putting down the demonstrations in the most energetic manner. Since Sunday last his hand is considered to have been visible in the appointment of General Trepoff to the governor generalship of St. Petersburg with the exceptional powers conferred upon him. Grand Duke Sergius is known to be responsible for the charges placed by Deputy Chief of Police Rodnoff, of Moscow, which are causing Foreign Minister Lamsdorff embarrassment and now, it is believed he is about to prevail in the matter of Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky's successor in the ministry of the interior, M. Bouligan, formerly governor general of Moscow, who, like his patron, is an extreme reactionary.

The Associated Press is informed from a high source that Grand Duke Sergius, more than M. Witte, is responsible for the elimination from the imperial manifesto of Minister Sviatopolk-Mirsky's plan for an elected zemstvo council of the empire. Against Sergius' influence the ministers at present are apparently powerless. Sergius reigns in the little place inside the strong ramparts of the Kremlin fortress in Moscow, from whence he dispatches daily a courier to Tsarskoe-Selo.

Arrests continue. Among those seized last night and conveyed to St. Peter and St. Paul fortress were Yakovlevich, the poet, who served a term of exile in 1886 for connection with the revolutionaries; Mme. Plimoff, an novelist, and her daughter, Father Gopon, who has been definitely established, escaped through Finland and was conveyed across the gulf to Sweden by sympathetic friends. At present he is supposed to be in Stockholm. A story has been started and which is attributed to the police, that Gopon is a Jew.

The zemstvos of Saraff, Nijni Novgorod and Vladimir have adjourned because the St. Petersburg zemstvos are practically in control of the governmental machinery of the provinces and some of the Liberals are trying to induce them to close with the subject of further embroiling the government and compelling it to accede to the demand for the convocation of a constituent assembly.

A marshal of nobility from one of the central provinces has expressed the opinion to the Associated Press that the government could not extricate itself from the present situation without very substantial concessions. The situation in Poland is increasingly threatening, especially in Warsaw and Lodz. At the latter place it is reported that there were no strikes. There are prospects of extension of the strikes in Odessa and other manufacturing cities of southern Russia, where the workmen are better organized. Meanwhile practically all classes anticipate renewed terror.

It is said that when the leaders notified the Socialists that a truce had been proclaimed immediately after the close of the zemstvo congress they were told that the Socialist would again be thrown down to the aristocracy, but that this time the sovereign, who was declared to be exempt from danger in the late activities, as shown in the trial of Sannoff, the assassin of Minister von Plahve, would be included in the challenge. Attempts especially are expected upon the officers who a week ago ordered the soldiers to shoot. The resumption of work is expected to become general here. The newspapers are only able to hint strongly that it might have been avoided if proper measures had been taken in advance. It is extremely significant, however, that all the papers severely criticize the information about Enslin's responsibility for the strike. As the editors all have been apprised of Grand Duke Sergius' responsibility their comments are indirectly aimed at him.

WARSAW IN STATE OF ANARCHY.

London, Jan. 29.—The correspondent at Warsaw of the Daily Mail telegraphs as follows: A group of hussars ran down British Vice Consul Moukash Saturday night in Marshakowski street. Two hussars rushed at him with their swords, inflicting severe cuts across his face and lower lip. Driven with blood, Moukash was conveyed to the hospital where he is now doing well. British Consul General Murray had a narrow escape from being similarly run down in Wierszbak street. It appears that the incidents were due to a company of hussars getting drunk and running amuck.

The same correspondent describes

The Costs of Wash-day

are: Coal, labor, and wear on clothes. No coal, half the labor, and very little wear with Fels-Naptha.

Fels-Naptha Philadelphia

Warsaw as being in a state of complete anarchy. Many have been killed or wounded in charges by troops and the recklessness of swashbuckling hussars," he says.

The only conveyances moving in Warsaw today have been military supply carts, ambulance wagons and tumblers for the dead. The attempted ransacking of workmen has failed, and the great demonstration timed for today has been postponed. After some fighting the wrecked and distraught city pauses to see what night will bring.

Describing the pillaging of stores the correspondent says: "Many marked chalk crosses on other doors or lighted icons in their windows and thus secured their safety. The stores paused before the sacred emblems. The hoarse murmur of the mob drowned the church bells. In several cases soldiers fired on looting mobs, and in one case, in a working class suburb, they fired a cannon shot hoping to disperse the crowd. Intermittent firing was proceeding there all day. Hundreds of shops were wrecked and several stores were burned. Probably a few score were killed. The ambulances were busy all day. There are alarming rumors from the country districts that the town of Brest-Litovsk is burning."

The Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent reports that Sir Charles Hardinge, the British ambassador, has asked the Russian government to make inquiry into the outrages on the British consul general and vice consul at Warsaw.

STRIKE DISORDERS SERIOUS.

Warsaw, Jan. 29.—The strike disorders are becoming more serious. The ordinary life of the city is quite suspended. On Saturday the strikers stopped the street railway service, but remained orderly. Today, however, they began wholesale pillage. The majority of the shops were looted. All the factories, shops and schools and theaters in the city were closed. The street lamps are extinguished. There have been several collisions between the police and the strikers and many arrests have been made. Police are abiding citizens are terror-stricken.

ADDRESS BY HOLY SYNOD.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29.—The holy synod has addressed the following circular to the orthodox church with reference to recent events:

"At the moment when all should have stood united for the protection of the fatherland, strikes broke out in the capital and other towns, incited by enemies at home and abroad, and thousands of the orthodox gave up work, determined to obtain rights which they already had been granted under the law. Many peaceful citizens were deprived of bread and many of their comrades uselessly forfeited their lives. Those who led them astray had in their mind a criminal project which is now before the ecclesiastical court. He was not ashamed to give into the hands of the workmen who had devoted the holy cross and pictures, and the church banners which he had forcibly taken from a chapel, in order, under the protection of the sacred relics so dear to the faithful, to lead men to disturbances and some even to death. The most grievous fact is that the disturbances were caused and brought about by Russian enemies, and that considerable sums of money were received to create civil war and, by drawing men from their work, to prevent the due dispatch of land and sea forces to the front and to weaken the active army with all its needs. Russian enemies are striving to shake down her pillars of orthodoxy and autocracy, without which Russia would cease to exist."

What a grief it is that orthodox people should rise against the lawful power and against one another while their brothers are fighting in the far east and the emperor and empress are endeavoring to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded."

The circular concludes with adjuring the people to render obedience to the emperor and the authorities. "Let the clergy," it says, "admonish their flocks to keep the peace. Let those in power seek the truth and defend the opinion that is right. Let the workers obey God's commands and beware of false counselors who are the associates or are in the pay of the enemy and destroy of bringing Russia to ruin."

Russian Aristocracy Denounced.

Boston, Jan. 29.—Fifteen hundred people at Faneuil hall tonight applauded sentiments denouncing the Russian aristocracy and promising financial aid to the revolutionists. Abraham Kahn of New York, the principal speaker, said he had received dispatches stating that the leaders of the revolution movement intended to keep the spirit of revolt alive until their demands had been granted.

New York, Jan. 29.—Sympathizers with the Russian revolutionary movement thronged the Academy of Music tonight and applauded addresses delivered by John Dewitt Warner, Monique Donner, Ernest Crosby and others.

THE NEVA INCIDENT.

Inquiry Into Grapeshot Affair Not Concluded

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29.—The commission of inquiry has issued a long and detailed report in explanation of the carelessness which led to the firing incident on the occasion of the blessing of the new cathedral. The commission further investigation will be held under the supervision of Gen. Pavlov to clear up all the circumstances and establish the culpability.

RUSSIANS ATTACK AND ARE REPULSED

Retreat to the Right Bank of the Hun River and Are Being Pursued.

OFFICERS AND MEN CAPTURED.

Gen Sakharoff Officially Admits Defeat—Correspondents Are Mum Again

Tokio, Jan. 29, 8 p. m.—Telegraphic advices received here today from the Japanese Manchurian headquarters say:

"Our detachment occupied Lutako yesterday (Saturday) and was twice counter-attacked by a superior force of the enemy last night. We entirely repulsed the enemy."

"Another detachment today (Sunday) attacked the enemy in the neighborhood of Fetsialhotzu, about two miles north of Heikoutai, and occupied the position. The enemy fiercely counter-attacked our force, which assailed Heikoutai last night, but was repulsed entirely. Today our force occupied the neighborhood of Heikoutai."

"The enemy in the direction of Lutako and Heikoutai has entirely retreated to the right bank of the Hun river. Our force is now pursuing them."

"In the direction of Chencheliao and Likajentan the enemy made several attacks last night, but were repulsed and are now retreating. The position belongs to the Eighth and Tenth corps."

"In the direction of Heikoutai the enemy is composed of the First and Second divisions. The enemy, together with a cavalry division under Gen. Mistschenko."

"We captured 500 officers and men. The casualties on both sides are under investigation."

RUSSIANS BOMBARD.

Gen. Oku's Headquarters, Jan. 29, 3 p. m., via Fusan, (Delayed).—The Russian bombardment beginning at dawn this morning on the extreme left, rapidly spread among the whole front of Oku's army. It was kept up heretofore all day and it was the strongest artillery fire since the battle of the Shakhe river. Salvoes are being fired continuously. There is also considerable musketry firing. The Japanese are repulsing soldiers and are saving their fire, waiting an attack. There is a possibility that the entire line will be engaged soon.

DRIVEN BACK BY JAPS.

Gen. Oku's Headquarters, Jan. 28, 8 a. m., via Fusan (Delayed).—The Russian force Gen. Oku's extreme left, numbering more than two divisions, centered at Pokowai yesterday afternoon. One division attacked in the vicinity of Shentantu, a few miles east of Pokowai. The Japanese advance guard drove them back, inflicting serious damage. A rifle and artillery are and a general bombardment along the whole front continued all day yesterday and was resumed at daylight this morning.

RUSSIANS HAD TO RETIRE.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30, 12:25 a. m.—Instead of confirmation of Saturday night report, Gen. Sakharoff's official admission today that the Russians had been compelled to retire from Sandepas on account of their inability to carry a rebout. It also is a significant fact that dispatches from Russian correspondents at the front have again suddenly ceased, which is regarded as an indication of the failure of the operation and strengthens the first impression that it was a demonstration undertaken to distract the attention of the Japanese from the revolution. Nemirovich Danchenko, the war correspondent, who has just arrived from the front, said to the Associated Press today:

"I do not regard the present offensive measure as likely to be prolonged. I believe Gen. Kuratopkin does not contemplate a movement before a couple of months."

RUSSIAN ATTEMPT A FAILURE.

Gen. Kuratopkin's Headquarters, Jan. 29, via Fusan.—The Russian attempt to gain the Japanese left has resulted in a complete failure. The Russians chose the worst weather of the season, depending perhaps, upon their familiarity with a snowy country to aid them in their operations. Their artillery attacks on the Japanese permanent line were, it is thought, a desperate attempt to prevent the withdrawal of forces for the purpose of reinforcing the Japanese left. All yesterday afternoon and into the night an artillery duel was waged between the Russian and Japanese. There was much heavy rifle firing from positions where the entrenchments are closest. It has been quiet today except on the left.

SAKHAROFF'S REPORT.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29.—Lieut. Gen. Sakharoff has telegraphed the following report to the general staff under date of Jan. 28:

"On Jan. 28 the enemy began to concentrate in considerable force in the Sandepas, intending to take the offensive against the villages of Samupai and Baotisa, south of Sandepas, which were occupied by the Japanese. During the whole of Jan. 27 an obstinate fight was going on here and after midnight we took Samupai."

"On Jan. 28 another column advanced in the direction of Chencheliao and Heikoutai, but, coming upon a strong redoubt with a triple row of artificial obstacles which had been severely damaged by our fire, and which were armed with field artillery and quick fivers, and seeing the impossibility of carrying the redoubt without a preliminary bombardment, our troops left Sandepas and retired. It has been quiet today without risk of defeat."

Tokio, Jan. 30, 1 p. m.—The casualties during the fighting at Chencheliao and Heikoutai are estimated at 5,000 on the side of the Japanese and 10,000 on the Russian side.

A RUSSIAN ACCOUNT.

Szeefangtai, Sixty Versts Southeast of Mukden, Jan. 28 via Pekin, Jan. 29. A battle commenced at daylight Jan. 25. The Russian army, reinforced by troops from the east, began a movement against the Japanese left. One corps leaving Szeefangtai at midnight crossed the river and moved about seven miles southeast and at daylight attacked the Japanese. The Russian army, backed up by artillery, drove the Japanese from two villages at midday after a sharp fight and continued to make progress. The rest of the right flank becoming engaged, the Russian artillery fire was heavy, but the Japanese remained almost silent. The Russian villages presented a warlike picture with Japanese and Rus-

WHAT CAUSES DANDRUFF.

Greatest European Authority on Skin Diseases, Says It's a Germ.

The old idea that dandruff is scales of skin coming off, through a feverish condition of the scalp is exploded. Prof. Unna, Hamburg, Germany, European authority on skin diseases, says dandruff is a germ disease. The germ burrows under the scalp, throwing little scales of cuticle, and sapping the vitality of the hair at the root. The only hair preparation that kills dandruff germs and restores the scalp is Destroy the cause, you remove the effect. Not only cures dandruff, but stops falling hair and permits a luxuriant growth. Dandruff hair dressing. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpelde Co., Detroit, Mich. Z. C. M. I. Drug Co., Special Agents, 71

ON JAN. 27 THE FIGHTING CONTINUED.

On Jan. 27 the fighting continued on the right flank, but it does not seem to be developing along the center or western flank.

Probably the cold weather prevents a further continuance of the battle. There is more artillery on both sides than in any former battle of history. The Japanese are attacking the Russian extreme corner engaged near Samupai and Baotisa. Details have not been received.

On Jan. 26 and 27 our cavalry, operating six miles south of Sandepas, attacked and defeated a Japanese company and took 100 prisoners.

Altogether the Japanese must have suffered considerable loss."

OVER 900 ARRESTS.

MADE AT SEVASTOPOL.

London, Jan. 30.—A despatch to the Daily Graphic from Sevastopol, says: In consequence of the gravity of the situation here the government has invested the naval and military commanders with full powers to repress disorders. Over 900 arrests have been made.

IRISH NAT'L SOCIETY.

Organized to Defeat Arbitration With Great Britain.

Zanesville, O., Jan. 29.—The American-Irish Nationalist society was organized here tonight at a meeting of leading Irish-Americans from various parts of the state. The movement, which is to be a national one, has for its object the defeat of the pending arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain. M. J. Barry of Columbus was elected president.

Bomb Thrown Into Barracks.

Vienna, Jan. 29.—A telegram from Czestochow, Poland, reports that a bomb was thrown in the cavalry barracks there today and that many soldiers were wounded. The act is supposed to have been in revenge for a fatality in dispersing a workmen's meeting. Other dynamite outrages are reported to have occurred in the neighborhood of Lodz. A Catholic priest is reported to have been killed.

RUSSIAN NOBILITY.

Triennial Meeting Will be Held in Moscow, Feb. 2.

Moscow, Jan. 29.—The triennial meeting of the nobility of Moscow province will be held on Feb. 2 and at that time the petition asking Emperor Nicholas to convolve a national assembly will be considered.

Suffering of Refugees.

Chefoo, Jan. 29, 3 p. m.—There steamers bearing 2,000 refugees from Port Arthur sailed for Odessa today. Two lunks, a vanguard of 35 which left Port Arthur Jan. 27, arrived here today. The weather is the coldest that it has been this season, and a majority of the women and children on the lunks were frozen to death. They were re-assisted by artificial means.

NOVELIST GORKY.

Dr. Theodore Barth Thinks That He is in Great Danger.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—Dr. Theodore Barth, editor of the Nation, speaking at the meeting of literateurs and artists held here Saturday night to formulate plans to secure the release of Maxim Gorky, the Russian author who is confined in the fortress at St. Petersburg, said he hoped the editors, writers and cultivators of literature in America would petition the Russian government in Gorky's behalf.

In talking with the Associated Press today, Dr. Barth said if Americans should decide to do anything, it would be necessary for them to act by cable as Gorky is in great danger.

CLAIM TO SHORE LAND.

On Lake Michigan Where Waters Have Receded.

Detroit, Jan. 30.—Specials to the Tribune announce that Samuel Hiddison of 42 Broadway, New York City, has started a movement to determine the ownership of certain land in Muskegon county, Mich., which lies along the shore of Lake Michigan and which has made its appearance because of the receding of the waters of Lake Michigan. These shores have not been manured by the United States engineers for 45 years. They have given a quiet claim of this property to the United States Mill & Lumber company of Washington, D. C., in order to bring the question to an issue. The deed was registered in Muskegon county.

A Muskegon correspondent of the Tribune, however, estimates that of the 30,000 acres claimed, 1,000 acres are made and 29,000 acres under water, some of which is 100 feet deep.

KILLED BY A HALF BREED.

John Barker Shoots a Little Girl At a Dance.

Hepher, Or., Jan. 29.—Word has reached this city of the killing of the seven-year-old daughter of Robert Dexter at the latter's ranch on Willow creek, seven miles above Hepher. There was a dance at the Dexter home

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

OPERATIONS AVOIDED

Two Grateful Letters from Women Who Avoided Serious Operations.—Many Women Suffering from Like Conditions Will Be Interested.

When a physician tells a woman, suffering from ovarian or womb trouble, that an operation is necessary—it, of course, frightens her. The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart. As one woman expressed it, when told by her physician that she must undergo an operation, she felt that her death knell had sounded. Our hospitals are full of women who are there for ovarian or womb operations!

SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT OF THE AIRSHIP ARROW

Los Angeles, Jan. 29.—Roy Knabenshue, the aeronaut, made a successful flight in Capt. Baldwin's airship, the California Arrow, this afternoon at Chutes park. Knabenshue was in flight about 45 minutes, during which time he circled within a radius of about one mile of the park, executing all sorts of maneuvers with the big aerial craft, returning finally and landing within the enclosure of the baseball grounds, from whence he had started. The weather was perfect for the experiment, with just the faintest suspicion of a southwest breeze blowing, immense throngs gathered at the ball park, the chutes and on the streets for blocks distant to which the flight.

At 3:25 the airship rose gracefully from its anchorage at the ball park and sailed away to the northeast for half a mile, gradually rising as it gathered speed. When about 700 feet high Knabenshue began his maneuvers, turning the craft in every direction, describing complete circles within small radii, crossing and recrossing the park above the heads of the thousands of spectators.

Capt. Baldwin had fitted the Arrow with a new and more powerful motor and today the important part of the mechanism worked to perfection. The new motor gave great impetus to the propeller and this apparently made the big irregular-shaped balloon much easier to handle. It responded readily to every turn of the steering gear and was driven in every direction at sharp angles, as the aeronaut directed.

At no time did the ship rise to a height of more than 1,500 feet and the manipulation of the mechanism of the airship by the operator was plainly visible to the spectators on the ground below.

Knabenshue finally brought the Arrow back to the starting point, dropping the anchorage rope, which hung from the framework of the airship, within 30 yards from where he arose. When the rope touched earth, the aeronaut stopped the motor and the big bag was gently lowered to the ground. The big crowd broke into cheers. Knabenshue alighted from the airship.

When seen by the Associated Press correspondent Knabenshue said: "I think I demonstrated today that with a perfect working motor, as I think we now have, the Arrow can be controlled as easily as one can control an automobile. I found no difficulty in bringing the ship up to the starting place and landing where I desired. The atmospheric conditions were perfect for the experiment and Capt. Baldwin, as well as myself, is elated over the success of the flight."

MR. CLEVELAND TALKS ON CHRISTIANITY

Philadelphia, Jan. 29.—Grove Cleveland was the principal speaker at today's exercises in connection with the celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of the Philadelphia Young Men's Christian association meeting. Three meetings were held this afternoon. At one of them Mr. Cleveland spoke.

Ex-President Cleveland's theme was "Christianity." Among other things he said:

"As a serious-minded people, conscious of the immense responsibility resting on us in the matter of popular rule, we should be a reverent people—not merely by lip service, but ruggedly, strongly reverent. This is not to say we should be a sad and gloomy people. On the contrary, with free institutions, and with equality of rights and opportunity which no other country offers, we should be the most cheerful and light-hearted people in the world."

Continuing, Mr. Cleveland said: "It is not worth while to blink at the fact that, without going far from home, we can gain a hint that nations called civilized and even Christian are like under strong temptation to backslide to barbarism, which permit war and slaughter to count for a people's greatness and reckon on ruthless conquest among glorious deeds."

"There is one effective and constant preventive against such danger, and that is the sincere acceptance as guidance to national behavior and honor, the love of peace, the devotion to justice and truth, the forbearance and inviolable good faith which grows out of genuine Christianity and civilization."

"No stream runs higher than its source, and a government by the people will be no better than the people make it. If these qualities are to be recognized as guiding principles of conduct, our plan of rule, the people must command their public servants."

TEA

Isn't there anybody else in the tea business but Schilling?

Yes, a dozen, two dozen, three dozen.

See what a pretty umbrella you can buy of McConahay the Jeweler for \$2.

41 W. 2nd St.

OPERATIONS AVOIDED

Two Grateful Letters from Women Who Avoided Serious Operations.—Many Women Suffering from Like Conditions Will Be Interested.



When a physician tells a woman, suffering from ovarian or womb trouble, that an operation is necessary—it, of course, frightens her. The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart. As one woman expressed it, when told by her physician that she must undergo an operation, she felt that her death knell had sounded. Our hospitals are full of women who are there for ovarian or womb operations!

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but such cases are much rarer than is generally supposed, because a great many women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after the doctors had said an operation must be performed. In fact, up to the point where the knife must be used to secure instant relief, this medicine is certain to help. The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who, by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, have escaped serious operations.

Margrite Ryan, Treasurer of St. Andrew's Society, Indianapolis, Ind., writes of her cure as follows:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I cannot find words to express my thanks for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did me. The doctor said I could not get well unless I had an operation for ovarian and female troubles. I knew I could not stand the strain of an operation and made up my mind I would be an invalid for life. Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been curing the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation, ulceration, falling and displacement of the womb, leucorrhoea, irregularities, indigestion and nervous prostration. Any woman who could read the many grateful letters on file in Mrs. Pinkham's office would be convinced of the efficiency of her advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

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