

being offered at several sub-treasuries in exchange for currency, the stipulation being made as to legal tender. One million dollars was offered at Boston. The sub-treasurer telegraphed stating the current work of the force was somewhat behind owing to the flurry, and the payment of that amount of currency would leave the sub-treasury inconveniently short. Instructions were issued authorizing acceptance of half the amount offered.

The treasury, it is understood, has given notice they would receive gold today in exchange for currency. There are about \$8,400,000 army office checks outstanding, which are now being deposited for currency.

The demand for currency, especially small bills, in anticipation of the revival in business, is exceptionally heavy. It is expected several days will elapse before officials will be in a position to meet all the demands. Treasury officials regard the financial situation as greatly improved.

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—Electric connection was made between McKinley and a large factory at Tonawanda. At 2:30 the Major touched a button and the factory wheels started; 3,000 spectators enthusiastically applauded.

After McKinley touched the Tonawanda button, the same wire brought back the following message:

"Honorable Wm. McKinley:

The new Niagara furnace has been started by yourself, and by the principles you represent, upon what we hope is a career of usefulness to this community. As this act is typical of the widespread starting of industry, the Tonawanda Iron and Steel company and its employees and assembled guests unite in congratulating you on your election, and in expressing the hope and belief that your administration will bring peace and prosperity to the whole nation.

WILLIAM A. ROGERS, President."

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Mark Hanna, chairman of the national Republican committee, gave out the following statement at 1 p. m.: "Sufficient returns have been received to satisfy me that the following states have been carried for McKinley and Hobart without doubt: California 9 votes; Connecticut 6; Delaware 4; Illinois 24; Indiana 15; Iowa 13; Maine 6; Maryland 8; Massachusetts 15; Minnesota 9; Michigan 14; North Dakota 3; New Hampshire 4; New Jersey 10; New York 36; Ohio 23; Oregon 4; Pennsylvania 32; Rhode Island 4; South Dakota 4; Vermont 4; West Virginia 6; Wisconsin 12; Wyoming 1. Total 265. This insures their election by a majority of 81 in the electoral college, if every other electoral vote goes against us. The most significant feature of this victory is the fact that McKinley and Hobart's election has been secured by a plurality of over 1,000,000 popular votes, the largest ever given. I am confident we will secure the other two electors in Wyoming and 13 in Kentucky. North Carolina's 14 are in doubt. The importance to the country of the result cannot be over estimated, and it is a matter of congratulation to all loyal citizens of the United States.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 5.—F. P. Sargeant, grand master Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, telegraphs from San Francisco, that he met with com-

plete success in negotiations with the Southern Pacific. Members will be put on the same footing they were before the strike and as those of other organizations. Complaint was made that they had been tabooed.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—A Singapore dispatch to the Times says that contracts have been signed at Peking for two Armstrong cruisers and four German Torpedo boats.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 5.—Arthur L. Snook a brakeman, shot and killed his wife, Arletta, who was a general agent for the Monroe Publishing House, Chicago, Ill., last night at the entrance to the Belmont hotel. Then he sat down on the steps and watched his wife die when he placed the revolver over and fired two shots into his heart. At the time of the shooting the street in front of the hotel was filled with people. Jealousy was the cause. Each were 36 years of age. Snook was the woman's second husband. Her father lives at Bedford, Iowa.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Associate Justice of the Supreme Court Stephen J. Field celebrated yesterday the 80th anniversary of his birth. A constant stream of visitors came all day to offer congratulations. The Supreme bench, headed by the Chief Justice, paid its respects to the distinguished member. Messengers brought many elaborate things. Rev. Henry M. Field, the justice's brother, is spending some time with him. Justice Field is reaping the benefit of the treatment taken last summer in California and his 80th birthday found him in good health and spirits.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 5.—Local bankers in separate interviews today united in saying the result of the election has been to make the Kansas City money market easy and that business men who have been cramped, due to the banks contracting their loans, need have no more trouble in that respect. Local banks had universally withheld their gold up to the conclusion of the election. Today they began paying the yellow metal out to all their customers who desired it.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.—"The fight has just commenced," thus spoke William J. Bryan tonight when asked if he considered the result of the election had been a serious blow to the cause of bimetalism. He had just sent a message to Maj. McKinley conceding his election and tendering his congratulations.

Mr. Bryan surrendered at 8:20 o'clock. He had just received the signal and responded within the next ten minutes with a telegram to his successful rival. This signal was a brief message from Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic committee, informing him that he did not consider it wise to longer withhold the concession of McKinley's election. This message was received by Mr. Bryan a few minutes after he had returned with his wife from an evening stroll, and in the presence of a dozen callers, gathered in the parlor and reading room of their unpretentious residence. The receipt of the telegram created no scene whatever and one unacquainted with the facts would never have suspected from the surface indications the importance of the occa-

sion, or that the chief actor in the drama had more than a passing interest in it. He handed the telegram to Mrs. Bryan, who was standing near him, and without a word, except to explain the purport of the message, sat down at his desk and penned the following telegram:

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.—To Hon. William McKinley, Jr., Canton, O.:—Senator Jones has just informed me that the returns indicate your election, and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issue to the people and their will is law.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

This message was first submitted to Mrs. Bryan, and then, after being amended in some slight particular so as to conform to suggestions made by her, was given to the press.

While writing the message, and after it was completed, Mr. Bryan chatted pleasantly with the newspaper correspondents who surrounded him, indicating by his manner that he felt relieved to have the matter definitely determined, even though the result was against him. He showed very plainly that Senator Jones's message was no surprise to him, as it indeed was not, for, as those who have been in his confidence knew, he had considered the battle practically lost ever since the first day after the election. He has, however, felt that it would be both discourteous and unwise to give out any intimation to this effect until the national committee had spoken.

Mr. Bryan had announced that he would tomorrow issue an address, and he declined to make any statement tonight or to submit to an interview further than to say that the fight for silver had just begun. It is known to be his purpose to devote much of his time in the future to educating the people to the acceptance of his views on the financial question, and it is his intention to sound the key note in the paper which he will issue tomorrow. He will dwell upon the effects of a single gold standard and will urge the advocates of bimetalism to maintain their organizations and use the utmost endeavors in behalf of this cause until it wins at the polls.

Mr. Bryan also declined to outline his future plans or to give his opinion as to the causes which led to his defeat. It is quite certain, however, that he will be tempted by none of the flattering offers which are coming to him to leave Lincoln. He will remain about his home for the next few weeks, recuperating, for while he is in no way exhausted by the duties of the campaign, he confesses to a feeling of languor as a result of the arduous labor of the past four months.

It is also believed that Mr. Bryan considers that the result of the election has in it much to encourage the advocates of action by this country in the free coinage of silver.

Mrs. Bryan received the news with quite as much composure as did her husband. She had never felt the same confidence of success that her husband had felt and had from the first, while out without hope, been prepared for the news which Senator Jones's brief message of tonight brought.

CANTON, Nov. 6.—McKinley received Bryan's telegram of congratulation today. He took the first opportunity to write the following