ESTABLISHED June 1850.

# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

The Oldest Newspaper — THE — ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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## THE PARNELL FEUD.

**His Manifesto to the Irish People in America.—A Liberal Platform.**

**THE "LABOR WORLD'S" APPEAL TO THE IRISH-AMERICANS.**

**Parnell Stays at Walsingham with Mrs. O'Shea While Balfour Talks of Ireland.**

By Telegraph to the News.

PARNELL'S MANIFESTO.

A Document for the Irish People in America.

LONDON, March 13.—The following manifesto was issued by Parnell this evening:

"To the Irish People of America:

"Fellow Countrymen—In 1880 and subsequent years you assisted me generously by your influence upon American public opinion, and with your generous financial support to create the great movement of the Land League. Without your aid, so freely given and so constantly maintained, Ireland could not for one moment have made head against her oppressors. Still less could she have attained the singular position of power and promise of success she has occupied during the last five years. At the instant when victory seemed near and certain the hasty and meddlesome interference of English politicians in the complex negotiations of our party and a movement aided by a sudden panic among some young raw recruits, eagerly seconded by a few unscrupulous office-seekers and envious persons who crept into our ranks, temporarily destroyed the unity of our forces and sapped the independence of many of our representatives.

"It now becomes the task to restore this unity and reconstruct our government, tapping off all unsound materials, taking effectual precautions against the admission in the future into our army of any weak, treacherous, self-seeking element. Fortune has unveiled this danger and given a space for the reconstruction before the general election, and the disclosure has brought about a realization of the insufficiency of Gladstone's proposed solution of the situation to secure the legitimate liberty, happiness and prosperity of your brothers and sisters in Ireland. This disclosure was timely and all-important.

"The delegates who, at my request, are now crossing the ocean to your shores, are well qualified with experience, ability and patriotism to fully explain and unfold our position, which all who are sound, courageous and reliable at home have assumed with me at this crisis. I commend them to your hospitality and am confident that you will extend to them the most favorable reception and hearing. They are men and all well-tried soldiers, who have constantly distinguished themselves in our war against coercion and British misrule, who, despite intimidation and influence of a most unscrupulous and far-reaching character, have bravely defended me during these dark and trying moments.

"With confidence even greater than in 1880 I appeal to you once more to assist me in quelling this mutiny and disloyalty to Ireland, to helping me in securing a really independent parliamentary party, so that we may make one more, though it be our very last, effort, to win freedom and prosperity for our nation by constitutional means.

"Your faithful servant,

"CHARLES STEWART PARNELL."

THE PARNELL FEUD.

A Liberal Electoral Platform.—Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea.

LONDON, March 13.—Gladstone has been in communication with Morley, Harcourt and Trevelyan on the scope of the Liberal electoral platform, and is preparing to announce it at Hastings. It advocates home rule, with a definite exposition of the opinions of Irish representation in the Imperial parliament, and police in relation to the Irish government. The Liberal leaders are fortified with a determination to pursue the Irish policy by the report prepared at electoral headquarters on the probable results of the Parnell faction fight. Mr. Schnadhorst's forecast reduced Parnell's following in the next Parliament to ten. Thus Gladstone is assured of the support of he Irish phalanx of seventy-three and deems himself ready to resume and complete legislation for Ireland.

The most planks of the Liberal platform are "one man vote," including general reform legislation, free elementary education, amendment of the labor laws, with sections on the law of conspiracy, equalization of taxation, amendment of the factory act as affecting children, and measures to assist poor tenants to acquire holdings. It is significant of the early dissolution of Parliament to find the Conservatives suddenly becoming warm champions of the rural workers.

THE WORST PLAGUE

of Parnell's feud with the Nationalists develops as the fight becomes fiercer. The attitude of partial respect toward the clergy disappears and is replaced by thirty-twelfths (sometimes sometimes reviling the characters of the bishops. In a letter published today Archbishop Croke ridicules, while denouncing, the latest Parnell manifesto, and calls the bishop in Harrington's pseudo-revelations through the publication of the archbishop's letter.

In an article in the *Labor World*, appealing to Irish-Americans, Michael Davitt declares the efficiency of Parnell is nonexistent in asking Americans to ignore his base betrayal of household virtues. He does not fear but that the Irish in America will spurn his emissaries in servants of a factionist traitor, who considers his interests above home rule, and his retained name above the honor of their race. Parnell seizes himself amid the fever of mental by receiving the scorns of his old sinners.

THE RESPONSE OF IRELAND

to the political fund is a cause of bitter disappointment to the Parnell faction. The *Freeman's Journal* flatly states the total subscribed is only £667. Up to last Saturday American money Parnellism is seemed with death by exhaustion after the first furious efforts of the campaign. As the Parnellites continue to spread the report that Dillon and O'Brien will take sides with them, Davitt seized the occasion at a meeting of the national executive to state that as soon as Dillon and O'Brien were released, both were expected to join the federation committee. With the appearance of the *National Press* the waiting attitude of the McCarthyites has been abandoned for energetic action. The general federation is receiving adhesions in every district of Ireland.

PARNELL AND MRS. O'SHEA.

Parnell's absence from the House of Commons during Balfour's speech on the distress in Ireland has caused intense surprise. Parnell mysteriously vanished on Wednesday. It was learned that he traveled to Brighton and stayed at Walsingham with Mrs. O'Shea. He remained away until six o'clock tonight, when he appeared in the Commons, but after two hours returned to Brighton. A messenger boy has called at the Commons daily for Parnell's letters, and in reply to inquiries declared that Mrs. O'Shea sent him. Even the friends of Parnell declare that his conduct regard to Ireland will completely ruin his cause.

Deceived by English Sharpers.

LONDON, March 13.—A large portion of the correspondence of the American legation is devoted to the subject of unauthorized entries in England. Secretary Blaine's circular states that since March, 1889, over 200 American claims to large estates in Great Britain have been received. None of the cases have shown even the slenderest probability and there is reason to believe that all American claimants are deceived by English sharpers.

AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES.

The question of the position of American insurance companies in England was brought up in the Commons tonight by Fry asking Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer, to repeal the license tax on American insurance companies. Goschen replied that foreign companies holding investments abroad had an advantage by having no income tax to pay, therefore they could be no claim to remission here. This reply settles a long pending dispute. The fine flow on the New-Auckland dispute with France is about to be bound. Arbitration is limited in the dispute regarding the lobster fisheries.

Treatment of Hungarians in West Virginia.

BUDAPEST, March 13.—A special to the *Deputsch Tribun* from Professor John Hoerm, a Bohemian correspondent who went to investigate the alleged ill treatment of Hungarians on the Elkhorn extension in West Virginia, arrived here today. He says after careful investigation he found the report substantially correct. "The men were miserably housed in the entire distance, stagy mines, wading creeks and rivers, with only crackers to eat. The report of their escape and capture, being brought back and whipped, is true and was not denied by the foremen of the works. They live in log shanties, with only jewel to eat. After three months' work, they are in debt to the contractor $8.25 each." Hoerm secured their release.

Canada and the World's Fair.

OTTAWA, March 13.—Canada has not yet received an invitation to take part in the World's Fair.

Denver Without a Mayor.

DENVER, March 13.—This city is without a mayor. The supreme court this morning handed a scheming to the university case. The present mayor, Londener, was a few weeks ago declared illegally elected, after holding his office nearly a year. D. C. Packard, president of the board of supervisors, will probably act as mayor until after the city election next month.

The new police board is in a muddle. The law which created it repealed those articles of the charter which defined police officers, and now the police have no authority. The legislature will probably remedy the matter.

Reciprocity with Cuba.

NEW YORK, March 13.—A Washington special, referring to the recent departure of ex-minister to Spain Foster for Europe, says his mission is to sit the present minister to Spain in furthering a reciprocity treaty with Cuba, and that he is directly accredited from the State department.

New, Give Attention.

To the purification of your blood, for at no season is the body so susceptible to the benefits to be derived from a good medicine, as in March, April and May. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the people's favorite spring medicine. It stands unequalled for purifying the blood, curing scrofula, salt rheum, eczema, regulating the kidneys and liver, restoring nerve tissues, strengthening and invigorating the whole body, as well as checking the progress of acute and chronic disease, and restoring the efficient parts to a normal, healthy condition. If you have never tried Hood's Sarsaparilla for your spring medicine, do so this season.

Happy Hoosiers.

WM. THOMPSON, postmaster of Louisville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters are more than I can say for them. I have used many medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Lemle, farmer and stockman, of Jasper, writes says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine made; one bottle did a few months." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle, at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug store. 2e

A Good Looking Face

We like to see it. Yet it requires discipline: the features and the tissues is as dangerous as it is repulsive. It is sometimes called "St. Anthony's Fire," and often ends in sudden death. R. B. Carpenter, Grandville, N. Y., had it in both legs and was cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. This medicine excels all others for the blood. 6da

## VERDICT RENDERED.

**The Hennessy Jury Surprise the People and Are Heated at. Lynching Threatened.**

**SIX PATIENTS BURNED TO DEATH IN AN ASYLUM.**

**A Finish Fight at the California Athletic Club for a $5,000 Trophy.**

By Telegraph to the News.

THE MURDER OF HENNESSY.

Six of the Accused, Not Guilty: An Enthusiast Crowd.

NEW ORLEANS, March 13.—The trial of the nine accusers for the assassination of Chief of Police Hennessy last October, was concluded this afternoon, the jury being out only an hour and gave a verdict of six of the accused, Machinca, the two Marchesis, Bagnolto, Incamicca and Marango, and failed to agree upon a verdict as to the other three, Polizzi, Monastero and Scafidi.

As the verdict was read each person in the courtroom turned to the nearest neighbor and let out a long and audible expression of surprise and dissatisfaction. The deputies, however, immediately suppressed the noise, and then Judge Baker ordered the jury to be discharged and the prisoners remanded, as there was still another charge against them in connection with the case. The jurors refused to discuss with the reporters what had happened in the jury-room. When the verdict was announced the crowd they were hooted at by the crowd.

Indignation over the verdict is general. There is another indictment against the accused, but it is for a lower offense, and as it concerns the same transaction the district attorney will not attempt to try them on it. There has been a commoning of citizens called for tomorrow morning and calls for men to come prepared to carry out what justice failed to do. The call is signed by about a hundred leading citizens. All the Italian schooners and luggers in port, and they are numerous, were decorated with flags in honor of the verdict.

AN INSANE ASYLUM FIRE.

Six Patients Burned to Death in the Burning Building.

NASHVILLE, March 13.—Fire broke out at the Central Insane Asylum, seven miles from this city on the Murfreesboro pike, at 11 o'clock tonight. It started in the rear of the male wing, which has been destroyed and the flames continue to rage. Two fire engines have been started from here, and it is thought that they will arrive in time to save some of the buildings.

There were twenty-eight patients in the wing, and six of them were burned to death. The other patients are now in the main hall under guard, and there is no further danger of loss of life, so far, account of the fire is not received yet.

KILRAIN AND GODFREY.

They Meet in a Finish Fight of the California Athletic Club.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—Jake Kilrain of Baltimore and George Godfrey (colored) of Boston met in a finish fight at the California Athletic Club tonight for a $5000 trophy. Kilrain, who has been trained by Muldoon, was in fine form. Betting ranged in his favor. Godfrey was also trained assiduously, and more of the difference in odds was due solely to the fact that Kilrain's backers were more numerous. Kilrain weighed about 196 to Godfrey's 194.

In the first round the men came together with rights on the nose. A couple of clinches and some rapid exchanges with little damage followed.

In the second Kilrain seemed disposed to rush, but Godfrey stopped several ugly leads, although he got a hard blow on the ear.

In the third Kilrain landed a good left on Godfrey's cheek and the Baltimore began rushing. At the end of the round Kilrain had a bruise under the left eye.

In the fourth Kilrain swung a powerful left, but fell short and a clinch followed. Godfrey soon after caught a punch in the chest that caused him to cough.

In the fifth Godfrey led for the head, falling short. A clinch followed, leaving Kilrain the aggressive. Kilrain a second time caught Godfrey's face under his arm, but cries from the spectators caused him to relinquish his purpose of doing damage.

In the sixth Kilrain caught Godfrey with his left on the cheek several times, the Baltimore commencing on the ribs. Godfrey's face was reddened slightly.

From then to the thirteenth round the fight progressed slowly, though the tenth and eleventh were marked by considerable hard hitting. Kilrain was distressed in the eleventh. He was apparently making a waiting game, the Italian being unknown to pass him on. In the fourteenth Kilrain drove his powerful left to Godfrey's face and neck several times, and three times caught him on the ribs, causing the big blue. In the fifteenth Godfrey rushed wildly, while Kilrain, who was now warmed up, eluded him and made a good left hand hit on the nose. In the sixteenth Kilrain started in to slug his man, and though Godfrey endeavored to return his blows, he was generally the aggressor. The force slings raised upon his head. He continued to smile and hung on heavily, but a second more blows in the round would have knocked him out.

In the seventeenth Kilrain did not force the fighting and Godfrey gained a little ground. In the eighteenth he rushed Kilrain into the corner, but was no far away to do damage. Kilrain's dilatory tactics had him in advantage. In the nineteenth Kilrain again started to rain blows on the negro's head, but did little damage, while Godfrey seemed more anxious to get a punch in over the heart. In the twenty-first Godfrey slipped to the floor during a rapid exchange of half arm blows, and near the close of the round received three staggers on the jaw, but came up smiling in the next round.

Nothing done in the twenty-second, and not a great deal in the twenty-third. Up to this time Godfrey had taken sufficient punishment to wear out many pugilists, but he was apparently still fresh, and received blows all over the face and head with an equanimity that seemed to astonish Kilrain.

Little damage was done in the twenty-fourth or twenty-fifth, although in the latter Kilrain persistently hammered the negro with his right on the ear.

In the twenty-sixth Kilrain forced Godfrey into a corner and punished him with right and left, while Godfrey helplessly lugged the ropes. Kilrain finally let up, and the negro, who was all but knocked out, again went to his corner smiling.

In the twenty-seventh Godfrey caught several leads on the jaw and a hard right on the ribs, for which he made little return. The contest was evidently one of endurance, in which the power of Kilrain was gradually predominating.

In the twenty-eighth Godfrey managed to get under Kilrain's guard several times, but didn't hurt Jake very much. The manner in which he took punch after punch, blow after blow, never met an ordinary man, however, was amazing.

In the thirtieth Godfrey seemed tired and allowed his head to fall on his jaw nearly sent him to the floor. In the next few rounds Kilrain scored several drives on the negro's jaw, which were not hard enough to do much harm.

In the thirty-sixth Kilrain started in to force matters and, encouraged by the cheers of the spectators, threw Godfrey to the floor. In this proceeding he knocked his about the ring and drove him into his corner. Twice the negro fell to his knees. Once he fell helpless through the ropes and just before the gong sounded sank helpless to the floor, all but out. He rose two seconds before the gong sounded, amid uproarious applause, and so great was Kilrain's admiration that he could not touch the man who needed but a touch to go to the floor.

In the thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth and thirty-ninth Kilrain was too weak to end the fight. In the fortieth he recovered, but when called upon to start punished Godfrey to the ropes, and the negro enjoyed a pleasant time, but seemed not pleased. Blow after blow in the stomach that caused him to groan. Kilrain was on the point of knocking him out again, but someone failed to throw in a sponge, and Godfrey, amid the battered negro came up smiling.

There was nothing more of note until the forty-fourth, when Kilrain began hitting terrifically on Godfrey, apparently rendering Godfrey groggy.

Finally Kilrain punted the negro through the ropes and a box of wood. Godfrey was unable to get up in time and was counted out, amid the cheers of the spectators, who admired his generosity.

Criticising Americans for Sending Money to Ireland.

NEW HAVEN, March 13.—Professor Phelps, Minister to England under the Cleveland administration, delivered a lecture in Marquand Chapel, Yale, this afternoon, in which he severely criticised the action of America in supplying money for carrying on the struggle between England and Ireland. In the course of his remarks he said: "We have no business to interfere between those countries, and we shall rue the day we did so."

A Gale at Wind.

PITTSBURG, March 13.—This morning a gale of wind, reaching the velocity of forty miles an hour, passed over the city, causing considerable damage to property and injuring several persons. Between 8 and 9 o'clock the roof of the buildings termed Wednesday gave way and fell upon the roof of the building adjoining, breaking through the roof and floors. The occupants barely escaped with their lives.

Scrofula, Consumption, Catarrh, Debility and kindred diseases, have commanded the manufacture of a remedy, such as Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites, to be the most prompt and reliable preparation yet produced for coughs, colds and consumptions, believing it to be the most palatable and easily digested, and strongly that the public appreciate the merits of this, that it will certainly become popular. Their most sanguine hopes have been more than realized. Over three hundred thousand bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy are now sold each year, and it is recognized as "the best made, where ever known." It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 6da

Rollins's Horseweed Syrup.

We guarantee this to be the best Cough Syrup manufactured. It is pleasant to take, and will cure a cough or cold. This is saying a great deal, but it is true. For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs we positively guarantee Rollins's Horseweed Syrup to be without any equal on the whole face of the globe. In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it, and to the vast struggle gone has ever sold it. Such evidence is indisputable.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. 4°

It is Good Work to Give Health.

The only remedy for blood disorder, that stands above all others, is Swift's Specific, and make the blood pure and healthy. That is best effected by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N.Y., a medicine of great value in the treatment of all blood disorders and diseases of the Kidneys. It tones the system and helps to do good work. 6da

Williams' Australian Herb Pills.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, constipated with Sick Headache, Dizzy, drowsy, no appetite, foul on your Liver is out of order. One box of these Pills will clear all the trouble away and make a new being of you. Price 25 cents. Ziegn Drug Co., Sole Agts. Drug Dept. Agent. 6da

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This wonderful liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating Liniment in the world. It will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Old Sores, Burns, Scalds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest and all inflammations, after all other have failed. It will cure Barbed Wire Cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient for animals. Try it and you will not be without it. Price 50 cents.

6-14 for Z. C. M. I. 4°

## WASHINGTON NEWS.

**The Census Bureau Bulletin Upon Viticulture.—The Product of California.**

**CONFERENCE WITH BLAINE CONCERNING THE BEHRING SEA.**

**Land Containing Potter's Clay, Not Subject to Entry Under Mineral Land Laws.**

By Telegraph to the News.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Census Bulletin on Grape Culture.—The Behring Sea Question. Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The Census Bureau bulletin upon viticulture shows the total area of vineyards in the U. S. to have been 691,207 acres, of which 583,171 are bearing, and 108,036 are not bearing. The total product of 1889 was 372,139 tons, of which 307,371 tons were table grapes and 249,450 tons were used for producing wine, making 24,500,000 gallons; 61,900 tons for raisins, making 1,352,285 boxes (24 pounds) and 23,130 tons for dried grapes and purposes other than table fruit. The product in California for the season of 1889 was 14,625,000 gallons of wine and 1,352,285 boxes of raisins. The product of 1889 is estimated at 16,500,000 gallons of wine and 2,197,935 boxes of raisins, with young raisin vineyards enough to increase the yield of raisins within the next five years to 8,000,000 or 10,000,000 boxes.

The total area and production of the vineyards of the United States during the year 1889 are given as follows:

| | Area in Bearing Vines. Acres. | Average Yield of Bearing Vines per Acre. Tons. | Product in Tons of Bearing Vines. Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|
| California | 105,000 | 3.50 | 367,500 |
| Ohio | 14,000 | 2.50 | 35,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,000 | 2.50 | 7,500 |
| Virginia | 2,000 | 2.50 | 5,000 |
| North Carolina | 2,000 | 2.50 | 5,000 |
| Tennessee | 1,000 | 2.50 | 2,500 |
| Missouri | 10,000 | 3.00 | 30,000 |
| Kansas | 1,000 | 3.00 | 3,000 |
| New York | 41,000 | 2.50 | 102,500 |
| North Carolina | 1,000 | 2.50 | 2,500 |
| Illinois | 26,000 | 2.50 | 65,000 |
| Indiana | 1,000 | 2.50 | 2,500 |
| Other States | 1,000 | 2.50 | 2,500 |
| Total | 208,000 | 3.00 | 583,000 |

THE BEHRING SEA QUESTION.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, British minister, had a conference with Secretary Blaine this afternoon. It related principally, as it is said, to arrangements preliminary for submission to arbitration of the various questions in regard to the Behring Sea fisheries on the basis suggested by Blaine and accepted by Salisbury, with certain modifications.

The President and party returned to Washington this afternoon.

TWO BILLIONS WANTED.

The first application for repayment for direct tax under the act of the last Congress was received at the Treasury Department today. It was from Governor Hill, of New York, and the amount called for was about $2,225,000.

SILLY BELIEVED FROM DUTY.

Professor Smiley, special agent of the Eleventh census, in charge of the division of Fish and Fisheries, is temporarily relieved from duty. The work of his division is stopped and agents recalled from the field, pending an investigation of charges preferred against him. The charges are mainly that Professor Smiley has used his official position and influence to discourage and embarrass the United States Fish Commission, and in consequence of his having thus occupied a large part of his time and that of his assistants, the work of the census division of fish and fisheries has been seriously impaired. Professor Smiley makes positive denial.

POTTER'S CLAY NOT MINERAL LAND.

In response to an inquiry from the register and receiver of the land office at Salt Lake City, Utah, Commissioner Groff has expressed an opinion that land containing a deposit of potter's clay is not subject to entry under mineral land laws.

HUSTON'S RESIGNATION.

Treasurer Huston returned this afternoon from a visit to his home in Indiana and resumed his duties in the Treasury Department. It did not appear how long he would retain his present office. He tendered his resignation to the President February 20, to take effect on the second day of March, but the value of the work of his division has been seriously impaired. Professor Smiley makes positive denial.

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THE SILVER PURCHASES.

Six hundred and seventy thousand ounces of silver was offered for sale today, of which 503,000 ounces were purchased, at prices ranging from .9929 to .9[illegible].

THE PRESIDENT HAS POWER.

Attorney-General Miller has rendered an opinion that the President has power to fill vacancies in circuit judges created by the last Congress during the recess of Congress.

THE DEPOSITED SECURITIES.

The records of the Postoffice Department show that during the last years of the present administration, ended March 4, there were 2754 appointments made of presidential postmasters. Of this number 475 were made upon expiration of commissions, 178 upon removals, 14 to fill vacancies caused by death, and 459 at offices which were raised from the fourth to presidential class during the two years. At 2[illegible] presidential offices no changes have yet been made.

Chicago Fires.

CHICAGO, March 13.—The wholesale drug house of Hamilton, Kendig & Co., Lake Street, was damaged $10,000 by fire at an early hour this morning. Hooley's Theater was also slightly damaged. For a time there was always a panic among the guests of the Sherman House, but the fire did not reach that hotel.

Lord's brick block, Fifty-third and Lake Street, burned tonight, entailing a loss of $50,000, and Dr. Bland and sister were trapped out of their apartments by the flames in a semi-nude state. There were a number of other narrow escapes.

An Atrocious Murder.

CLEVELAND, March 13.—An atrocious murder was committed at Caldwell, Noble county, last night. Elmer Johnson, while intoxicated, went to the store of Joseph Graham. Mrs. Graham was in the store, and ordered Johnson away. Johnson obeyed and killed her. Much Travis interfered and Johnson stabbed him three times, inflicting serious wounds.

Fitzsimmons Challenged by Pritchard.

NEW YORK, March 13.—A cablegram from London to the *Police Gazette* says Pritchard has issued a challenge to Bob Fitzsimmons to fight for the Police Gazette championship belt in any ring in England or America that offers the largest purse.

CHICAGO, March 14.—George Clarke, backer of Bob Fitzsimmons, wired tonight to an Associated Press reporter as follows: Satisfied I can whip anybody at 158 lbs. Satisfied I can whip Pritchard. Will meet him anywhere, any place, any time, and show the above dispatch. Clark said he will match his man against the Englishman for a satisfactory purse and a side bet of $2500 to $10,000, the right to come off in any ring in the world offering the largest purse.

The Death List.

PARIS, March 13.—Theodore Parfitt de Garville, the French writer, is dead.

PHILADELPHIA, March 13.—Mrs. Hannah C. Paul, wife of the well-known lawyer, James W. Paul, died today. She was for many years one of the leaders of society in New York, Washington and this city. Her son are Clermont Allen Paul of the navy, James W. Paul, son-in-law of A. J. Drexel, and Lawrence Paul. Her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Winthrop Astor, is at present in London.

No Area for the Indians.

CHEYENNE, March 13.—Acting Governor Barber has issued a proclamation enjoining citizens of Wyoming from selling arms to Indians. This was done on the request of General Miles, who says the Indians can be bought easily if not supplied with rifles.

An Eight-Hour Day Demanded.

PITTSBURG, March 13.—The coke strike spread a reduction of 10 per cent has merged into an additional demand for an eight-hour day since the miners' convention at Connellsville yesterday. James McBride, a member of the executive board, says this is the last movement of 15,000 strikers that will be heard of until July 15, 60 miles. May 1st unless their demands are granted.

Railway from Deming to Salt Lake.

SILVER CITY, N. M., March 12.—The organization of the Mexican Railway Development Company, which holds valuable concessions from the Mexican government, is now completed and active operations already been commenced on the Chihuahua & Guaymas line. The line will eventually run from Deming through Silver City to Salt Lake City. The total length of the system when completed will be 2000 miles.

English Steamer Captured by Portuguese.

LONDON, March 13.—A dispatch from Durban, South Africa, says it is rumored that a Portuguese gunboat attacked and captured the British steamer African Company's steamer Chardon of Cardiff while ascending the Limpopo River with rifles and ammunition.

Bismarck to the Rescue.

BERLIN, March 13.—It is rumored that Bismarck will be asked to act as arbitrator in the Behring question.

No Liberty For American Hogs in Germany.

BERLIN, March 13.—In the Reichstag today Von Bockelberg, Vice-President of the Ministry of State, replying to Barth, said the new sanitary measures adopted in the United States were inadequate, and therefore the Government did not intend to rescind the prohibition placed upon the importation of American hog products.

The Dying Prince.

HOME, March 13.—Prince Napoleon is sinking fast tonight. It is stated that he received the last rites of the church. The Prince's wife and children are in Monsignor Merenilles.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs, she was attended by the best of physicians, but grew worse. She had for she was a hopeless victim of consumption, and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist recommended Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, she bought a bottle, and to her surprise and joy found herself benefited from first dose. She continued to use, and after taking ten bottles found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and has not seen a sick day. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00. 2

There is no danger of a cold resulting in pneumonia when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used as directed for a severe cold. It promptly counteracts and arrests any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. This fact was fully proven in thousands of cases during the epidemic of la grippe last winter. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 6da

Physicians Consent.

MR. FRANCISCO G. HAYES, secretary for 20 Baptist Church, Peru, N. Y., says: "I am only too glad to add my testimony to the good work of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, made at Rondout, N. Y. It has personally cured me of

Kidney Troubles,

Caused by the Malarial Poison, and I believe that Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the best kidney cure I know of." Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, for all Kidney and Liver Complaints, one of the physicians' best friends, is sold by druggists at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, and contains no injurious or dangerous drugs.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

MADE AT ONEONTA, N. Y. 1-6da-Sa

For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department.

## THE LAST STORM

**In Great Britain Said to be the Severest Known in Fifty Years.**

**THE EXTENT OF THE SUFFERINGS NOT REALIZED.**

**Ships Wrecked in the Channel and a Number of Men Drowned.**

By Telegraph to the News.

THE WEATHER IN ENGLAND.

Sufferings Among the Farmers in Devonshire and Cornwall.

LONDON, March 13.—While throughout the London district there has not been, there are no signs of moderation in the severity of the weather in southwest England. A heavy snowstorm prevailed last night in Devonshire and Cornwall, considerably adding to the sufferings of the farmers in those counties, and still further impeding the resumption of railroad traffic. The country roads are still impassable.

In addition to the enormous losses suffered by the farmers in sheep and cattle, a number of horses have perished. In a majority of the villages and smaller towns all the shops and schools are closed, for it is impossible for children and shopkeepers to venture out.

The mail train which runs between Plymouth and this city was dispatched today, for the first time since Monday last, traffic on the road having been suspended owing to the heavy snowdrifts which raged here during the week. The passengers that were snowed in on numerous trains during the storm, suffered greatly from cold and privation. Many of them had narrow escapes from serious troubling by dangers of trains colliding with cows crushed across the railroad. West Cornwall has been in a state of complete isolation since Monday last. The fuse which have come to light in connection with the snowed up trains and particularly in connection with snowed up vehicles, such as coaches and carriages, only give a faint idea of what has actually taken place, for hundred, at least, of such conveyances have been snowed up at various points and the experiences of many of them will never be told. The storm is declared the worst known in fifty years.

THE STEAMER "SUEVIA."

She was Disabled in the Channel and has sent for Help to Vessels.

LONDON, March 13.—The Hamburg-American line steamship *Suevia*, from New York February 26th for Hamburg which was reported yesterday disabled in the channel, has sent for help. Her chief officer, who reached Plymouth Wednesday night, says the low pressure steam engines on board were found to be broken when the *Suevia* was off the southernmost point of Devonshire Monday. A strong east gale was blowing and a heavy sea running. The *Suevia* drifted down the channel and experienced terrible weather all day. Late on Tuesday her signals of distress were noticed by the crew of a small London steamer, which, however, would not attempt to tow the large steamship to Plymouth or Portsmouth for fear of disaster to the small craft. Finally the chief officer of the *Suevia* put off in a life boat, and, after being in a terrifying condition from the sea, met a pilot boat which brought him to Plymouth. A powerful steamer tug was sent out to search for the *Suevia*, but returned last night without finding any trace of the big liner. Another powerful channel tug was sent out from Southampton this morning.

"MIRAMI" OF LIVERPOOL.

Account of Her Wreck During the Late Storm.

LONDON, March 13.—The steamship which was wrecked near Dartmouth Monday last during the storm, was the *Mirami* of Liverpool. When the steamer struck the reef, the crew took boats and endeavored to reach the shore. One of the boats, containing the officers, was struck by a heavy sea and foundered, all on board being drowned. The second boat, in which the mate was capsized twice, and each time was righted, each time a number of men were drowned. Eventually the boat with seven men reached the shore, but one of them died from exhaustion soon after.

The Pool Champion.

SYRACUSE, March 13.—Albert Powers won the decisive game in the championship pool tournament today from Julio de Oro, 150 to 140.

Chinaman Murdered.

DENVER, March 13.—The frightfully mangled body of a Chinaman was found this morning in a small cabin on a little farm on the Platte River bottom. He was a market gardener and supplied his fellow countrymen with vegetables. The cabin was ransacked and was probably robbery. Four Chinamen have been arrested, one of whom confessed to the crime.

O'Brien Bankrupt.

DUBLIN, March 13.—The court has appointed William O'Brien a bankrupt on petition of Lord Salisbury, in the latter's suit to recover the sum of £1700, the costs in an action for libel brought him by O'Brien, and in which the latter was nonsuited.

Gladstone's failure to bail out O'Brien, offered to discharge the debt, but O'Brien declined.

Proposed Manifesto Against a Government.

RIO JANEIRO, March 13.—*Jornal do Commercio* announces that at a recent meeting, attended by senators and officers of the army and navy, it was decided to issue a manifesto against the government.

A Teller Discovered.

LAFAYETTE, March 13.—It is reported that W. H. Pope, former teller of City National Bank, who disappeared a year ago with $70,000 of the bank's funds, has been caught. It is also stated the money will be recovered.