

## BY TELEGRAPH

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## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 3.—Professor J. Newberry delivered a lecture last night to the Bullion Club, on the more interesting mines of Colorado. The parlors of the club were well filled, principally by gentlemen interested in mining, and the lecturer's remarks in regard to the mines of Leadville were listened to with much interest. Speaking of the Highland Chief, he said: There is a shaft of 88 feet, cutting through porphyry and striking the ore body. From this to a depth of 162 feet there is no bottom to the ore. This most extraordinary deposit is a type of these mines which I have been describing. No one knows at present the extent of this fissure, but it seems not improbable that it will be one of the great gold fields of the world. It is certainly, in my opinion, one of the most promising gold fields that has been discovered on this continent. No portion is taken out that will not pay for working it.

Mr. Garlick, of Leadville, also addressed the meeting, contradicting the newspaper statements that well-defined contact veins covered the whole hill at Leadville. There was no second contact there, and the idea that if they bored through porphyry in any place they would find gold underneath, was false.

The imports of gold to this country which were so large three and five months ago, have ceased almost entirely and the tide has turned the other way. If the imports keep up until June to the amount reported in January and February, the balance of trade in favor of the United States will be reduced to a very low figure for this year, and the gold circulation will be drained away. The Secretary of the Treasury is anxious to get silver dollars into circulation and use them instead of gold in the markets. The New York money market is almost entirely dependent upon the action of the Treasury, the large increase of business everywhere having absorbed the currency, and the monthly purchases of six per cent. bonds that will be made by the Treasury will have an important effect upon financial centres. It is understood that an important circular is being prepared by the Treasury with reference to getting silver into circulation.

The *Times'* Washington special says: Suit was entered in this city to-day by Mrs. Belva Lockwood, attorney in behalf of Mrs. Jesse Raymond, of Alabama, a woman of 28 years, against Senator Hill, of Georgia, for seduction, damages being laid at \$10,000. Mrs. Raymond came here about four weeks ago with her little son, and has employed the services of ex-Congressman Pelham, also Mrs. Lockwood. The woman's friends assert that Hill offered to provide new and suitable clothing for her, to pay her debts and to aid her in leaving the city. Mrs. Lockwood holds letters said to have been written by Hill to Mrs. Raymond while the latter was in Alabama. It is stated Hill will be summoned to court to-morrow from the Senate chamber by civil process. Hill, in conversation to-night, said he had not received notice of suit, and declared that it was a case of blackmail, and he would have all the parties to the suit arrested upon the charge of conspiracy.

Mrs. Ex-Senator Stewart leaves Washington to-night for California, for a stay there of uncertain duration.

Stocks were active and buoyant to-day. It was expected the Secretary of the Treasury would take more than \$2,500,000 governments, and the market was easier on the news of the amount, but subsequently became strong and higher again. The Central Pacific has called in for redemption on Sept. 1st next, the balance of their outstanding convertible bonds due in 1883.

The *Graphic* says: The scare in the Little Pittsburgh has come to an end, and shareholders are now calmly considering the situation. It is said that some stock sold as low as \$9 on Monday afternoon after the board closed.

SAN FRANCISCO, 3.—For several days rumors have been in circulation of the transfer of individual interests between members of the Bonanza firm. This evening it is ascertained on the authority of J. W. Mackay, that he has purchased from J. C. Flood the entire interest of the latter in the mining and milling properties of the firm on the Comstock. Mr. Mackay declines to make a definite statement as to the amount of consideration, but leaves

it to be inferred that it is in excess of \$5,000,000. Mr. Mackay evidently has faith in the future of the Comstock lode, as he says that in his opinion its brightest day is yet to be soon. Mr. Flood will devote his attention in the future to his banking interests and to the improvement of his San Mateo property.

WASHINGTON, 3.—The House committee on ways and means gave a hearing to-day to the manufacturers of quinine who desire the duty on the imported article technically known "sulphate of quinine," which was removed by an act of Congress during the special session, to be restored. They presented a memorial, numerously signed by druggists and dealers of 48 cities in various parts of the country, favoring an import duty on foreign quinine of at least 10 per cent. ad valorem.

A hearing was given by the ways and means committee this morning upon a memorial signed by 200 or more merchants and manufacturers, praying that the prohibitory duties now levied upon chrome iron ore and bichromate of potash be removed.

Commissioner Leduc, in a letter to Representative Lefevre, says: The wants of the Agricultural Department are many and urgent. A suitable building is needed for the accommodation of the employees, for the storage and handling of seeds and for the continuous exhibition of the agricultural produce of this great nation. The Commissioner urgently recommends the addition of a division of forestry, a meteorologic and a veterinary division. Summing up the needs in a single phrase, the Commissioner says: "The Department needs opportunity."

Edward McPherson, was this evening unanimously elected secretary of the Republican Congressional Executive Committee, and it is understood he will accept the office. It has been known for some time that Wm. E. Chandler was anxious to retire from the office, and that the committee has been as anxiously looking for a successor. The unanimous verdict will be that the committee could not have made a better choice.

In the House, Fernando Wood moved to dispense with the morning hour for the purpose of moving to go into committee of the whole on the refunding bill. The House, however, refused and resumed consideration of the bill regulating the removal of causes from the State to Federal courts.

The Senate committee on appropriations to-day took action on the House bill to provide for the Star mail service deficiency. The amendment proposing to increase the amount granted by the House from \$1,070,000 to \$1,500,000 was lost by a tie vote.

KANSAS CITY, 3.—There is intense excitement here to-night by the statement that the United States district attorney is directed to read the President's message at Oklahoma. Companies are organized here, and there are concerted measures for a successful raid. The people are unanimously in favor of Senator Vest's bill, but are bound to go into the Territory at all hazards. Troops are scattered all along the frontier, but the leaders who came to Kansas City to-day, say they can put 2,000 men on the march at three days' notice. There is fear of bloodshed unless the President's order is modified so as to allow settlers to go upon the ceded lands.

DANVILLE, Va., 3.—M. H. Treadway, deputy collector of internal revenue, was convicted of embezzlement by the United States district court here to-day.

Judge Rives to-day remanded the Reynolds', negroes, to the sheriff of Patrick county in accordance with the decision of the United States Supreme Court.

NEW YORK, 3.—The owners of the bark *Heloise*, sunk in a collision with the steamer *Utopia* on the banks of Newfoundland, were awarded to-day \$50,000 damages for the loss of the vessel and a cargo of petroleum and staves.

There were twenty-five proposals to sell bonds to-day to the government, aggregating \$13,120,600 at \$103.60 to \$106.24.

Secretary Sherman arrived here this morning.

ST. LOUIS, 3.—The net earnings of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad this year are \$2,300,000, an increase of 19 1-3 per cent. of the preceding year. The facilities are insufficient for the business offered.

AUGUSTA, 3.—The Mason & Augusta Railroad was sold to-day under a second mortgage amounting to \$270,000. It was bought by the Georgia Railroad for \$50,000.

WARREN, O., 3.—Ex-Auditor Ken-

nedy pleaded guilty of embezzlement, and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

WASHINGTON, 4.—The result of the final conferences yesterday and this afternoon between Secretary Schurz and the representatives of the various bands of Ute Indians has not yet been officially disclosed beyond an announcement that a satisfactory agreement has been reached which will be submitted to the House and Senate committees on Indian affairs for their sanction. It is learned, however, on what appears to be perfectly good authority that the features of this agreement are as follows: The White River Utes will be removed to Uintah reservation, in Utah; the Uncomphagres will be settled on Grand River, a short distance outside the Colorado border, and the Southern Utes will be given land, in severalty, near the Navajo reservation, in New Mexico. The Southern and Uncomphagre Utes will be given the back annuities which they claim, and be paid for the lands in Colorado that they relinquish. No doubt is entertained of the ratification of this arrangement by Congress and the entire removal of the Utes from Colorado, and the opening up of their present immense reservation to settlement may therefore be considered practically certain at an early day.

The Secretary of the Navy has not yet received any information as to the nature or quantity of the expected supplies for whose transportation to Ireland he was recently authorized, by act of Congress, to employ a government ship, or charter a private vessel, and consequently he has not yet made any arrangement for their transportation. Nobody seems to have charge of, or to be practically interested himself in the collecting of a relief cargo, and there is nothing to indicate when it will be ready. It is suggested that in lieu of sending so much money to Ireland to purchase supplies from English dealers, some of the money subscribed in this country be applied to buying a cargo on this side. All kinds of provisions can be purchased here much cheaper than in Great Britain, and their transportation will cost nothing except to the Government. It seems the proper thing to apply some of the money subscribed by Americans to purchasing a cargo for the relief to the sufferers in Ireland.

The woman in whose name the suit was brought against Senator Hill, of Georgia, for seduction, denies that he was her seducer or that she ever signed any such affidavit. The Senator is now on the war path to punish the parties whoever they may be that got up what he calls a blackmailing conspiracy. Mrs. Belva Lockwood, the female attorney who filed the affidavit in question, is to be heard from in rejoinder.

Several south-western democratic senators announce that they intend to combat the majority of the Senate committee on appropriations on the Star service deficiency bill, and predict that the Senate will promptly overrule the committee by providing a sufficient amount to continue all existing mail service throughout the remainder of the fiscal year.

Monsieur De Lesseps and his suite of European engineers are expected to arrive here to-morrow. Quarters have been engaged for them at Warmley's Hotel.

CHICAGO, 4.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: There are many indications here of a boom for Thurman, especially among the democrats who are getting very nervous over the strength developed by Tilden. Gentlemen from the southwest say if Tilden is nominated it will be impossible to carry even a solid south for him.

The Bayard boom has had a serious setback in the publication of his speech in '81.

Seymour's health is declared unsound and he cannot take the nomination.

Hendricks is weak in the east, under these circumstances Thurman's friends declare they mean business and a good deal of it.

The new secretary of the republican national committee is a Blaine man and would like to be a Senator from Pennsylvania to succeed Walker.

It appears that although the President, after a cabinet consultation, consented to accept the resignation of Major Reno of the 7th Cavalry and withhold his approval of the sentence of dismissal from the service pronounced by the court-martial, nothing has yet been done. As soon as the decision was reached, Major Reno was notified that out of regard for his gallant service in the war, he would be permitted to resign so as to prevent the record of his disgra-

but his resignation has not yet been received, and nearly a month has passed. Reno's friends have been bringing an enormous pressure to bear upon the President with the hope of inducing him to modify the sentence of the court, so as to keep Reno in the army.

There never was so many scandals involving Congressmen in disreputable liaisons as have been brought to light this winter. Several are now on the tapis and southern Congressmen are nearly always the parties concerned.

Postmaster General Key has confidential information of the existence of books containing the names of southern mail contractors to whom money was paid by the Confederate Government for star service in 1859, 1860 and part of 1861. If the books can be obtained they will be of great service. They can be purchased for \$25,000, and Key recommends their purchase.

The *Times'* Washington special says: A member of the committee of investigation of the Star service had his attention called to the figures of the Sixth Auditor's report. Investigation showed that the sum demanded by the department for the Star service under the threat of discontinuance was one million in excess of the full amount required to perpetuate it exceeded and improved to its present proportions. The committee men will present the figures at the meeting on Thursday and call on Brady to answer.

The *Post*, a Bourbon organ, urges Tilden to instantly set in motion agencies to reunite the democracy of the Empire State.

NEW YORK, 4.—A batch of about a dozen Mongolians arrived from San Francisco yesterday by the Pennsylvania Road, and several were dropped at Philadelphia. Some of those who came by Erie are to go to Philadelphia, but the majority will remain in this city.

Alfred Hertz, charged with embezzling a large sum of money from a firm in Kansas City, left to-night for the latter place in charge of an officer.

Edison's spare time is spent in perfecting his process to obtain gold from tailings. He has organized a company and obtained at Virginia City and Leadville 30,000 tons. The process is secret, but quicksilver is known to enter, as also oxide of lead, carbonate of soda, charcoal dust and powdered glass.

ST. LOUIS, 4.—The Union green-back labor party caucus resolved to squelch any attempt of Brick Pomeroy to run the convention. Hugo Preyer, an Ohio man, appears to be the leading spirit among the delegates.

CHICAGO, 4.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: The Maine republicans here are much pleased with the news which they get from their State as to the success of the republican party in the recent municipal elections. In Portland the republican majority was larger than ever before known. The republican representatives here say there is no question the fusionists will be routed all over the State at the approaching election this fall.

Warner M. Bateman, of Cincinnati, will remain here in charge of the National Sherman Club until after the Chicago Convention. Sherman's friends are greatly pleased with his management.

The *Journal's* Washington correspondent says: Your correspondent asked Wm. E. Chandler, Senator Blaine's trusted friend, to-day, upon what he based his claim that Blaine would receive the republican nomination at Chicago. Mr. Chandler answered: Upon the vote of the Illinois delegation, which we feel certain will be cast for Blaine and not for Grant. The advice we get from Illinois are that Grant is not as popular there as his friends claim, and that Gen. Logan and Mr. Washburne will not be able to influence the delegation to cast its vote for Grant. Without the vote of Illinois, Grant will not be nominated, but with the vote of the State cast for Blaine, the latter will be certain to get the nomination.

AUGUSTA, 4.—The republican members of the legislature met to-night and chose the following delegates to the Chicago National Convention: Eugene Hale, Joseph R. Bodwell, E. T. Gill, and Almon A. Stout; alternates, Orville D. Baker, Frederic N. Dow, Wm. H. Simpson, and A. C. Hamlin. Resolutions were adopted referring to the principles of the party and urging the nomination of Blaine.

Indianapolis, 4.—The republican State central committee to-day elected J. New, chairman, and

delegates at large to the Chicago convention. The delegation will be strongly anti-Grant.

The Greenbackers of this district have renominated De La Matyr for Congress.

NEW YORK, 4.—The *Evening Post* sent a reporter to Tilden's house this morning, who learned positively that no such meeting as that described in the *Washington Post* this morning, in which he declared himself a candidate for the presidential nomination, has taken place.

NEW YORK, 4.—The *Tribune* puts two facts into juxtaposition thus: "A number of capitalists of San Francisco have come to New York, and now some of the Chinese are coming also. If Kearney should follow in their footsteps, what then?"

CHICAGO, 4.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: It is reported that a delegation from the Chinese Six Companies will soon arrive in Washington to ask, through the Chinese legation, whether the United States proposes to recognize the Burlingame treaty and protect peaceful citizens of China resident in this country and engaged in legitimate business. This is a new phase of the Chinese question, which will probably give the cabinet some trouble. The Burlingame treaty, of course, very broadly guarantees protection by the United States to every Chinaman landed in America. Secretary Evarts is understood to have said that the mission was an unnecessary one, as there have been no disturbances in San Francisco, and if there are any, the local authorities will be quite able to suppress them.

The Court of Common Pleas of Lake County, Ohio, in a decision just rendered, confirms the title of the Reorganized Church of Latter-day Saints, the non-polygamist or Josephite branch of Mormons, whose headquarters are at Plano, Illinois, and of which Joseph Smith is president, to the old Mormon Temple at Kirtland, Ohio. The decision recognizes the Josephites as the true Mormons and the Utah Mormons are declared impostors.

CHICAGO, 5.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Captain James B. Eads has a little scheme in connection with his ship railroad which has not yet been made public and which may help to explain the reason of the pressure brought to bear on Congress in favor of its passage. He says his bill, now before Congress, is somewhat incomplete, and it will be changed before it comes up for action by the addition of a very important provision. This is nothing less than a proposition to obtain from government a guarantee for 30 years of 6 per cent. dividend on a capital stock of \$50,000,000. This leaves the projected company power to bond the road to as great an amount as the directors may see fit, even should the interest on the bonds make it necessary for the government to pay every cent of dividend. The proposition also includes giving the government power to regulate tolls. Capt. Eads professes to have seen enough members of Congress to convince him that his bill will pass. He also says he has seen the President to-day, and while he himself does not believe that the Monroe doctrine at all touches Lesseps' scheme as yet, the President is willing in the event of its commencement that it shall.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, 5.—A fire destroyed two coaches, eight freight cars and contents, furniture, plate glass and other valuable chattel property. The loss is estimated at \$40,000, which is probably light.

Cleveland, O., 5.—At one o'clock this morning a gale, accompanied by thunder and lightning, and blowing 33 miles, suddenly raised to a velocity of 48, and did great damage. Many chimneys, fences, signs and trees are blown down. A brick wall, two feet thick, on Broadway, was blown over; several small frame buildings were wrecked. A \$300 plate glass in front of the Odd Fellows' block, on Pearl Street, was ruined. The Cleveland female seminary at Woodland is half unroofed and part of the upper west wall was torn off. About 70 young ladies were sleeping in the institution. The roof of the new brick wire mill of the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company, in the 18th ward, was uplifted and one end of the wall blown in on the workmen, killing Julius Brown and severely injuring several others.

A St. Petersburg special says: Gen. Melikoff's would-be assassin Melodetsky, when arrested, behaved in such a manner as to suggest a mental derangement, but a surgeon pronounced him sane. When before Gen. Zuroff, Prefect of Police, for preliminary examination, he made a declaration regarding his arrest last