

# By Telegraph.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 28.—In continuation Jones argued that money panics were of larger duration and much more severe in countries having a gold standard of value alone than in countries having a double standard of gold and silver. Advocates of a bi-metallic currency did not propose any debased currency. They did not propose to make silver legal tender for any more than its value in the markets of the world. In conclusion he spoke in favor of the bi-metallic system.

Pending the discussion, Sargent, from the committee on appropriations, moved that the Senate insist on its amendments to the army appropriation bills, and agree to the conference asked for by the House.

Agreed to, and the Chair appointed Allison, Logan and Thurman members of the committee.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War, endorsing the report of General O. Howard, commanding the Department of Columbia, in regard to the Senate bill to authorize the Vancouver Water Co. to lay water mains across the Fort Vancouver military reservation, and Senate bill granting the right of way through the public lands over the Blue Mountains in Oregon; referred to the committee on military affairs.

Mitchell moved to take up the resolution to pay P. Pinchback, the late contestant for a seat in the Senate, from Louisiana, an amount equal to the compensation and mileage of a senator from the beginning of the term for which he was a contestant to the termination of the contest. After discussion it was agreed that the resolution should be considered on Saturday next.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the House bill for the issue of coin, and a substitute therefor proposed by the Senate committee on finance. After discussion, the whole subject was recommitted to the committee on finance.

WASHINGTON, 29.—Sargent, from conference committee on the naval appropriation bill, made a report that the committee had agreed upon the Senate bill providing for the extension of time for completing the survey and location of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake railroad, also the Senate bill for the relief of settlers upon certain lands in the State of Minnesota, and the House bill to authorize claimants upon even-numbered sections of land within the twenty mile limits of the Northern Pacific Railroad to make proof and payment for their claims at the ordinary minimum rate of \$1.25 per acre.

Morrill reported back the joint resolution recently submitted by the President to provide for defraying, temporarily, the ordinary and necessary expenses of the public service, by extending the appropriation bills for the present fiscal year into the next, and with an amendment providing that in no case shall such appropriation be continued for a longer period than thirty days. The amendment was agreed to, and the resolution passed.

### WASHINGTON, 30.

The Senate then took up the House bill to continue unexpended balances to provide temporarily for the expenses of the government for a period not to exceed ten days.

After some discussion, the bill was amended and passed.

The amendment of the House to the bill to authorize the congressional printer to continue the public printing, fixing the time at ten instead of sixty days, was agreed to, and the bill passed.

The Senate then took up the Sunday civil appropriation bill. Windham in charge of the bill, said the amount appropriated, as it came from the House, was \$15,256,731.32, to this the committee has added \$4,684,603.65. The following are the items of increase: \$50,000 for the impeachment trial of Belknap; \$612,000 additional for public printing; \$500,000 for the general expenses of the District of Columbia; \$70,000 additional for mints and offices; \$1,150,000 additional for public buildings throughout the country; \$730,000 for navy yards; \$167,000 for Rock Island arsenal; \$100,000 additional for signal service; \$139,000 for capitol buildings and

grounds; \$187,300 for surveying public lands. The amendment appropriating \$50,000 to defray the expenses of the Senate in the Belknap impeachment trial was agreed to.

At the evening session, the Sunday civil appropriation bill came up. Several amendments proposed by the appropriation committee were agreed to, including those raising the appropriation for the appraiser's stores at San Francisco from \$50,000 to \$100,000, and appropriating \$200,000 for continuing the work on the dry dock at Mare Island.

### HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 30.—The House has passed the bill authorizing the use of the unexpended balances for ten days of the next fiscal year.

Fenn introduced bills to create an additional land district in Idaho Territory, to provide for a reduction of the area of the Nezperce Indian reservation in Idaho, and protect bona fide settlers of unsurveyed public lands in Idaho, which were referred.

### AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 28.—The House committee on appropriations has struck out from one of the appropriation bills the item of \$50,000 for continuing the geographical surveys under the War Department, and in charge of Lieut. Wheeler. This survey has been in operation since 1871, and has covered and mapped about 295,000 square miles of a region of country hitherto not surveyed and practically unknown.

The President to-day nominated Albert M. Wyman to the Treasury of the United States, vice New resigned, and Wm. P. Pitcomb, of Mass., Assistant Register of the Treasury.

The House committee on Territories has postponed further action on the Senate bill for the admission of New Mexico till December 18th, which is regarded as equivalent to a defeat of the measure.

The ocean yacht race from Sandy Hook to Cape May and return, was won by the celebrated yacht *America*, now owned by General B. F. Butler.

CHICAGO, 28.—This morning, about 3 o'clock, Mrs. Geo. Morton, whose stage name was Louise Hawthorne, who for some time past has been leading lady of Hooley's stock company, both in this city and San Francisco, fell from a six-story window in the Tremont House, to the court below, and was instantly killed.

NEW YORK, 28.—A baby boarding house, on a small scale, was invaded yesterday by the society for the prevention of cruelty to children, and six infants rescued from starvation.

The weather continues hot. Several sunstrokes, some fatal. Five mad dogs were killed yesterday.

CINCINNATI, 28.—News of the nomination of Tilden was received here with quiet satisfaction by the hard money and with undisguised disgust by the greenback wing of the party.

The *Enquirer*, speaking of the nomination of Tilden, says the nomination will fall heavily upon Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and other western states. There will be a revulsion all along the centre, for the party in its wisdom virtually abandoned these States. We prefer Tilden to Hayes, and shall advise the democratic organizers to stand by the nominee.

INDIANAPOLIS, 28.—There is among democrats a universal disappointment.

AUGUSTA, Me., 28.—Blaine reached home this evening, having come through on a special car in twenty-six hours from Washington. He was very much fatigued and exhausted by the journey and was taken immediately to his residence, not being able to stop a moment to receive the congratulations of a large number of friends who had assembled at the railway station to welcome him. He is now under the care of his family physician, and it is hoped that perfect rest and quiet will soon restore him to health.

ALEANY, 28.—Tilden passed the day at the Executive Mansion, surrounded by the members of his household. He received but few dispatches from St. Louis and sent none there. This evening when the Associated Press bulletin dispatch announcing the nomination of Tilden on the second ballot was received, it was sent up to the Executive Mansion. There were present with the Governor, Com-

troller Robinson, State Engineer Van Buren, and four or five other friends. Mr. Newell took the dispatch and read it aloud to the Governor. "Is that No. 2?" he inquired in the calmest tone, with not even a smile upon his countenance.

Subsequently the following dispatch was received—

"St. Louis, 28.

"To Governor Tilden—

"I congratulate you on your enthusiastic nomination. Kentucky will most heartily endorse you, with her 40,000 majority.

"JOHN C. UNDERWOOD,  
"Lt. Gov. of Kentucky."

This was also read to the Governor, who then exhibited signs of interest, and inquired if anyone knew what the vote was and what the platform contained. The Governor then drew four or five of those present about him and in a tone scarcely above a whisper said—

"I can tell you what has been done. This nomination was not made by the leaders of the party. It was the people who made it. They want reform. They have wanted it for a long time, and in looking about they have become convinced that it is to be found here," pointing to himself. "They want it. That is what they are after. They are sick of corruption and the maladministration of their affairs. They want a change, and one for the better, a thorough reformation. You will find there will be a larger German vote polled next Fall than ever, and it will be largely cast for the democratic ticket. I know that."

Other dispatches were then received, conveying congratulations from all parts of the country, in the midst of which the Governor maintained almost stolid imperturbability.

A number of citizens secured the services of a band of musicians and at 12 o'clock proceeded to the Executive Mansion. The Governor received them, shaking hands with a large number, and receiving their congratulations. The crowd then retired to the grounds in front of his mansion, when, at repeated calls, the Governor stepped to the door and said—

"Citizens of Albany—I thank you for this impromptu expression of your kind regards. During my residence in your city the past two years I have received many like demonstrations. I assure you I feel grateful to you. At some other time I will be glad to give you a more formal reception, and now will only say good night."

NEW YORK, 29.—Despatches from New York State and the east, state that the nomination is received with favor, but in the west there is much chagrin and threatened bolting.

The *Times'* editorial says, tomorrow is the last day of the fiscal year. There is yet nothing but a vague expectation that some of the more important appropriation bills may be got through, and for even this vague expectation there is no apparent basis. The democrats at St. Louis are engaged in demanding repudiation of the national faith while the democrats in Washington are trying to force political legislation through the Senate under the threat of stopping the wheels of government. Within forty-eight hours consequences of the most serious, not to say disastrous character, will ensue. Unless their crazy obstinacy can be broken down, certainly a more disgraceful exhibition of reckless partisanship never was made in the United States.

DAYTON, Ohio, 29.—Samuel Craighead was to-day nominated by the republicans of the fourth district of Ohio, for Congress.

ST. LOUIS, 29.—Meetings are being held at the east and west fronts of the Court House, and another at the Republican office, and Fourth and Fifth streets are illuminated for nearly a mile. There is great enthusiasm throughout the city over the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks.

AUGUSTA, Me., 29.—Blaine's physician considers his patient's nervous prostration more severe than had been supposed. He prescribed absolute rest, forbidding him even to write letters. He gives no encouragement that he will be able to take any part in the coming campaign.

NEW ORLEANS, 29.—At the Republican Convention the majority report of the committee on credentials came up for adoption. The

vote was taken amid tremendous applause, and declared adopted. Then came a dead-lock; the report was adverse to the Packard faction. Numerous calls were made for the minority report, but without success. Later in the afternoon, Pinchback declared the convention adjourned until to-morrow, which created great commotion, and cries of "Stamps." An attempt was made to place Stamps or the Packard man in the chair. The struggle took place on the stage, Stamps being thrown into the orchestra. Several fights took place on the floor, pistols being drawn on all sides, but were not used. Partial quiet having been restored, Packard made a conciliatory speech, and the Convention thereafter agreed to take a recess till ten to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The commandant at the Washington navy yard yesterday received orders from the Navy Department to close the yard on Friday, and all the employees, comprising clerks, watchmen, firemen, mechanics and laborers, to consider themselves furloughed from that time, in the event that Congress fails to pass the appropriation bill. Should this occur, the marines will do patrol duty, and the machinists will be detailed from the ships in commission, to look out for the steam fire engine in case of fire, while the sailors will take the place of the regular ship keepers on vessels laid up in ordinary.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—A number of passengers, by the steamer *Australia* from Sydney, deny any truth whatever in the report that the Fenian prisoners had escaped in an American whaler from West Australia. The *Sydney Herald* of May 7th, however, states that news has been received in Melbourne by the mail steamer *Bangalore* that a boat of the *Calapa*, apparently by previous arrangement, took off the prisoners and the ship put to sea, that the mail steamer *Georgette* went in pursuit and overtook the *Calapa*, but as the *Georgette* was not a ship of war the whaler defied her and she returned without the prisoners, who were seen standing on the *Calapa* deck.

Trade dollars unchanged, halves seven to eight discount.

NEW YORK, 30.—John G. Saxe is lying seriously ill at his residence in Brooklyn. He expresses doubts himself of his recovery.

MEMPHIS, 30.—W. C. Morgan, son of the State Senator, Bright Morgan, and Victor Monroe, son of a prominent citizen of Hernandez, Missouri, were drowned in Harmon Lake, near there yesterday, in attempting to save the life of a companion.

WASHINGTON, 30.—Gen. R. B. Mussey, a member of the Supreme Court, has placed a memorial in the hands of P. Knott, charging D. O. Humphreys, one of the associate justices of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia with being totally unfit, mentally, for judge; that he is ignorant of law, incapable of logical reasoning, and given to feeble and disconnected utterances upon the bench, devoid alike of legal point and common sense; that he is frequently intoxicated upon the bench; that he has sat in at least one case wherein he had a direct pecuniary interest in the result; that generally, in his conduct as judge, he has hindered justice, rendered himself a public laughing stock and brought discredit upon the court of which he is a member. The Blaine investigation has been adjourned to the 10th of July.

ST. LOUIS, 30.—The committee appointed by the National Democratic Convention to notify Tilden and Hendricks of their nomination held a meeting last evening, and made Genl. Jno. A. McClernand chairman, and resolved to wait on the nominees in a body, and for that purpose to meet at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, on the 11th of July. A sub-committee was appointed to draw up a form of announcement to each of the nominees, and the chairman was appointed a committee of one to confer with them as to when it will be convenient for them to receive the committee.

INDIANAPOLIS, 30.—Several of the New York delegates called upon Gov. Hendricks at the Occidental Hotel, where the party was serenaded. Augustus Schell, John Kelly, W. H. Quincy and others addressed the audience from the balcony of the hotel, pledging their hearty support to the ticket, and exhorting the democracy of Indiana to renewed efforts for victory at the coming election.

After these gentlemen had

spoken, loud and persistent calls were made for Gov. Hendricks, who appeared on the balcony, and was received with most vociferous and prolonged cheering. Quiet being restored, he said: My fellow-citizens, it is impossible for me to make an address to you this evening. (Cries of "go on!") I am here to pay my respects to distinguished citizens from one of the greatest political conventions that has ever held a session in this country. These distinguished men sympathize with us in the line which we intend to protect and change which is to take place in the coming election. (Cheers.) Believe the next election the people are going to express what is written in the platform adopted at St. Louis and what is written in the history of the distinguished man that leads the ticket and that is thorough reform in public service. (Great applause.) There is but one other thought I will express to you. That platform adopted at St. Louis declares the resumption clause of the adopted in 1875 shall be repealed and the repeal of that clause carries with it every feature of law which is bringing about attractions so hurtful to the best interests of the country. I thank you for the compliment you have paid me in this call. (Cries of "go on!") I repeat I cannot undertake to make you an address. It is my duty to pay my attention and respects to the gentlemen who have addressed you. Again, I thank you, gentlemen.

After dinner with the Governor the party left on their special train for the east.

NEW YORK, 30.—Yale beat Harvard in the four mile coxed boat race at Springfield, N. Y.

To-day a bootblack named O'Brien, a boy, was stabbed and killed by another boy named Bisco during a squabble. Rocks were thrown, and Bisco was arrested yet.

To-day a reduction of \$26,000 was ordered by the Postmaster General in the workings, one tenth of the portion of which will be borne by the New York Post Office in consequence of the reduction in appropriation of \$250,000 for printing. Whether the salaries will be reduced or the force cut down has been left to the discretion of Master James.

Representatives of the Metropolitan Fire and Life Insurance Company, of 108 Broadway, at to-day, at the police headquarters, that F. A. Francisco, insurance agent, of 11 Wall Street, has absconded with \$20,000 belonging to them and other companies in possession.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 30.—Information to the *Courier Journal*, from Lancaster, Ky., says a mob member Pearce, colored, charged with murder of Henry Yeaky, was taken from the jail in that city this morning, and hanged him to a tree.

WASHINGTON, 30.—The Committee on Territories has decided to delay reporting the bill for the regulation of territorial elections until next session. Reason is privately understood a fear that its anti-female suffrage provision might injure the majority in the fall campaign.

At the request of Senator Sherman the Secretary of the navy telegraphed to Admiral Reynolds, commanding our East Indian squadron, to enquire into the late sinking of the American schooner *Ellen* to protect American interests.

NEW YORK, 30.—The *Herald's* Omaha dispatch received at the department yesterday to-day from Fort Leavenworth says the report from Red Indians coming in, brings another fight with the *Neotoma* Indians; the troops engaged were not Crook's, and that an Indian village was deserted.

Several more persons were strangled by the heat yesterday in one or two cases the result fatal.

The gold and stock and exchange and numerous houses having resolved to close from three o'clock to-day till Tuesday, when that hour will be the Centennial Fourth celebration was begun by the screaming of whistles, the pealing of city chimes, and the ringing of bells. The evening newspaper will issue but one early edition Monday and none on Tuesday. The city is already enveloped in flags and bunting, Broadway and Bowery presenting a magnificent spectacle.