

people were drowned and as many saved themselves by swimming ashore, among them being two Americans, Captain Miller of the Seng Guan, and Chief Engineer Pirle.

PARIS, March 15.—A dynamite bomb was exploded this afternoon inside the main entrance to the church of La Madelaine. The man who threw the bomb was killed by the explosion and a number of others were seriously hurt.

BOSTON, Mass., March 16.—What its perpetrators call a "miracle play" was presented for the first time in Boston before an American audience. The play proved to be nothing more or less than the alleged representation of the life and suffering of Christ while on earth, and produced by means of hideous wooden marionettes, in fact a burlesque on the passion play.

Not only were the dangling caricatures of the Savior and his contemporaries offensive in themselves, but the offense amounted to almost a horror when the street band that assisted accompanied the bearing of the cross to Calvary with "After the Ball is Over" and the crucifixion with "Washington Post" march.

The innocent and estimable lady who brought out this play is the daughter of a well known Boston clergyman, and an authoress and had in the course of her studies learned of this play which, it was represented to her, was based upon an old religious tradition among the Italians and produced by some of them during Holy Week as a sort of religious duty. Being interested in religion she engaged the Italian players to give the piece in a hall and sold tickets to about 150 Boston people of the most exclusive set and the proceeds went to the poor. The play occupied three hours. All the life of Christ was depicted, although the well meaning manageress had been given to understand that it was in no way like the Passion Play, and offensive.

LOS ANGELES, March 16.—General Fry's army of unemployed, organized to march to Washington, is a grotesque failure. The city council, the board of supervisors and officers of the associated charities met this morning and decided to relieve all meritorious cases of destitution, but to recognize no organization of unemployed. Five hundred dollars was subscribed for immediate use. Work will be supplied on the streets, and the vagrant law be enforced. The authorities will disperse any army or like organization.

The army, numbering about 300, on learning the result of the meeting, abandoned their barracks and marched out of the city, apparently beginning its great march. They had no organization and no leadership. Their leaders are said to have looted the treasury and the main body was without funds or rations. A large majority were without blankets. Before they reached Alhambra, five miles distant, many had dropped out and retreated to the railroads, in hopes of catching trains. Deputy sheriffs and constables along the line of march have been notified and will vag the members of the dispersed army as fast as opportunity offers.

LONDON, March 17.—The fifty-first boat race between Oxford and Cambridge took place this morning over

the course from Putney bridge to the ship at Mortlake. Oxford won by three and a half lengths, in twenty-one minutes and thirty-nine seconds.

Of the previous contests, Oxford has won twenty-seven, including the races of the last four years. Cambridge has been victorious in twenty-two. The race in 1877 was a dead heat.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Should the Bland seigniorage bill, which has passed both houses, become a law, the coinage of \$55,000,000 of silver bullion will have to be done at the mints of Philadelphia, San Francisco and New Orleans, the only mints in operation. The Philadelphia mint could turn out \$1,000,000 per month, the San Francisco mint about the same and the New Orleans mint about \$800,000. The San Francisco mint, however, has only \$16,000,000 in silver bullion on hand and the New Orleans mint only \$750,000, so that after the supply of these mints is exhausted, the remaining \$30,000,000 would have to be coined at Philadelphia. The whole time, therefore, necessary to coin the seigniorage is approximately two years and two months.

DENVER, Colorado, March 18.—A fire starting in the offices in the second story of the union depot about 12:30 Saturday morning spread with such rapidity that by the time the fire department arrived the blaze lit up the lower part of the city. It looked at first as if the fire could be confined to the west wing, in which were the baggage and express departments, but an explosion occurred and the fire got beyond control.

The entire structure, extending from Sixteenth to Eighteenth streets, is destroyed. The building was of stone and was owned by the Union Depot company. The loss is about \$500,000 fully insured.

The building was 703 feet long by 65 wide. It was completed in June, 1891, and cost in the neighborhood of \$500,000.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The sermon tonight of Rev. Madison C. Peters at the Bloomingdale Reform church was devoted to an attack on the Roman Catholic church, particularly on its influence on the government at Washington. The preacher had letters stating that nuns are permitted to go through all the departments on begging missions, and even to stand by when the clerks are receiving their pay and solicit contributions, and that the Catholic influence is potent in all the departments in matters of appointment, promotion and dismissals. Numerous instances were cited in which Protestants were discriminated against in favor of Catholics.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 19.—Dr. Helme Marks, superintendent of the city hospital, claims that cholera and typhoid fever can be cured quickly and safely by a surgical operation. An incision is made in the abdomen just above the ilio-cæcal valve, then a tube is inserted in the intestines at the point where the bacilli of these diseases work, and these are flooded with an antiseptic solution, killing the bacilli.

DALLAS, Tex., March 19.—The cyclone and ice storm which devastated Longview on Sunday, struck the little town of Emery, thirty miles south of Greenville Saturday night and demolished the western part of the

place. A relief train with doctors sent from Greenville found the people helpless and panic stricken. Over a dozen were dead or dying and many others more or less injured. The identified are George Walker, Miss Esther Alexander, B. Henry, and the four-year-old child of Henry Murray. Three unidentified bodies were found north of Emery. Fifty were wounded, some very seriously. The storm came from the southwest and swept the earth of everything in a track fifty miles long and a hundred yards wide.

HARRISVILLE NEWS.

HARRISVILLE, Utah, March 19, 1894.—A quarterly conference was held in this ward yesterday. At 10 a.m. the meeting house was well filled, scarcely a member of the ward being absent. The stand was occupied by Bishop P. G. Taylor and counselors, with other local brethren. Counselor C. F. Middleton, of the Stake presidency, and Elders Stuart, Doxey and Tolletson, of the Stake High Council, were present. Bishop Taylor was requested to report the ward's condition and did so. He was followed by Elders Stuart, Doxey, Tolletson and Middleton who complimented the ward upon its good condition. They also treated upon various subjects of interest, such as social entertainments, joining secret orders, the order of voting to sustain ecclesiastical officers and the duty of the Priesthood.

The choir, with Herbert D. Brown as leader and Miss Emeline Agram as organist, was a notable acquisition to the two meetings. The afternoon meeting closed at 4:30 o'clock, after we had enjoyed a real feast.

Our brick yard, which took the premium at the World's Fair in Chicago, and for which four medals are to be presented to the four experts who run the concern, is still lying dormant. Occasionally a car of brick is shipped out. P. L.

A BAD FRACTURE.

SCOPIO, Millard county, Utah, March 12, 1894.—I am sorry to have to report a sad accident which happened to Elder J. P. Olson of this place last Friday.

Brother Olson has been digging a well upon his premises, and in descending, the hoisting rope got disarranged, and he fell to the bottom, a distance of about twenty feet. Striking upon the bucket at the bottom he dislocated his right shoulder, also breaking his left leg just above the ankle, the bones protruding through the flesh.

Dr. West, of Salina, was sent for, but through the heavy roads and deep snow drifts his arrival was much delayed and it was thirty hours before the fractured limbs could be set, the injury being beyond the skill of our local help.

This morning the patient is as well and comfortable as could reasonably be expected. T.

S. R. Hart, a lawyer of Fresno, Cal., has been tried in the superior court on a charge of embezzlement in appropriating \$192 belonging to Antone George, his client. He was convicted and will be sentenced this week.