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THE UTAH UNIVERSITY.

With the approach of the opening of the school year comes the thought of the important place occupied in the public school system by the University of Utah. The institution opens its school work on Monday, September 23 —entrance examinations being held the week previous—and ends its school year June [illegible]. From all the conditions which surround the University at the present time, it is gratifying to note that there is every promise that the institution is about to experience the most successful educational year it has ever known. For more than forty-five years it has held its place in the hearts and minds of the people of Utah, and today deservedly receives consideration as the chief of scholastic institutions in this region.

For the coming year the University presents a formidable array of capable instructors in the faculty, many of the names being those of celebrated scientists in the West, and all of them known to be instructors of marked ability and acknowledged attainments. Herewith is the list:

James E. Talmage, D. Sc. D., Ph. D., F. R. S. (Edin.) F. G. S., president, Deseret professor of geology, and mineralogy.

Joseph T. Kingsbury, Ph. D., vice president, and principal of mining school, professor of chemistry and physics.

William M. Stewart, M. [illegible], principal of normal school, professor of pedagogy.

George Montague Marshall, Ph. B., professor of English language and literature.

George Reynolds Mathews, A. M., professor of French and German.

Joseph B. Toronto, professor of mathematics.

Clement Adelbert Whiting, B. Sc., professor of natural history.

Byron Cummings, A. M., professor of ancient languages and literature.

Joseph Whitney, A. M., professor of history and civics.

Joseph Francis Merrill, B. S., assistant professor of chemistry and physics. (Absent on leave; engaged in post-graduate study.)

David Robert Allen, secretary of the faculty and principal of preparatory school, assistant professor of mathematics.

George Quincy Coray, B. S., librarian and registrar, assistant professor of economics and social science.

Evan Stephens, B. D., instructor in vocal music.

Maud May Babcock, B. E., instructor in reading, elocution, and physical culture.

William Dalton Neal, M. S., curator of University museum, instructor in geology and mineralogy.

Amelia E. Brotherhood, instructor in art, geography, and U. S. history.

William G. Reynolds, B.S., instructor in the history and philosophy of education.

Emma R. Rees, M. P. D., instructor in the theory of teaching.

Robert R. Bradford, B. S., instructor in physics.

Fred W. Reynolds, B. S., instructor in English.

Thomas Hadley, assistant in chemistry, laboratory demonstrator.

Frank W. Metcalf, D. D., principal of the school for the deaf.

Herman Hugh Haag, special instructor in art.

Critic teachers in the Normal training school—Principal, Joseph F. McKnight, eighth grade; William C. [illegible], seventh grade; Horace Cummings, B. S., fourth grade; Rachel Edwards, third grade; [illegible], second grade; Clara Hill, first grade; Eva S. Thomas, beginners' grade; Lilian Hamlin.

With such a corps of instructors it would be needless to comment upon the facilities that will be afforded students in every department of university work; these are apparent. Knowing the advantages presented by the institution, as the ambitious seekers after knowledge in this section do, there is no question as to having a large attendance for the coming year. To these, and to the public generally, the University is heartily commended as without a peer in its class in the Rocky Mountain region.

THE CHINESE MASSACRE.

The first reports of the massacre of [illegible] upon Christian foreigners in China have been fully confirmed, and everything tends to prove that the sentiment in the interior is at present more hostile than ever to the white [illegible]. The [illegible] is [illegible] a [illegible], it is now beyond a doubt that the native officials themselves were [illegible] of gross negligence in failing to protect the victims. The conclusion is inevitable that there is a widespread [illegible] against the life and property of foreigners.

Ku Cheng, the scene of some of the [illegible] crimes, is located in the province of Fukien or F-kien. It is [illegible] miles above Foo Chow and above the highest point of navigation in the Min river, upon which Foo Chow stands. There is no way of placing it under naval protection and it is far removed from the seacoast to be beyond the fear of American or European intervention. The people are ignorant and have the same bitter feeling against the English and the Christian religion that they have against the Japanese. Fukien, like some other provinces of China, has among its castes a despised class of people, who live apart from the rest of the population and are allowed neither to own property nor to live on land. There are outcasts, who lead an amphibious existence on a constant floating in the creeks and harbors, ready at any time to commit crimes, and they are peculiarly handy when mandarins need a piece of work done, for which they themselves will not take the responsibility.

This time the victims, nearly all, were subjects of Great Britain. The English government is known to defend its interests [illegible], and, no doubt, suitable action will be taken. But what reparation can be made for the lives lost? China will certainly apologize and pay whatever indemnity may be agreed upon, and also promise to punish the murderers. She has done so on former similar occasions, but the probability is that the real murderers will escape and that in their stead innocent people, suspected of sympathy with the Christians, will be seized and executed. This is said to be a common trick in China when the decapitation of assassins of foreigners is demanded by European representatives. And the consequence is that government interference has no terror for the evil-doers. Only a couple of years ago Swedish missionaries were cruelly killed and the mutilated bodies subjected to various indignities. Demands for justice were made by all the foreign diplomats, and farcical legal proceedings terminating in the execution of innocent persons followed, but this did not prevent the recent massacre of English residents. The story is likely to be repeated once more.

On the whole, the Christian world probably was wrong in staying the victorious Japanese armies in the march through the country. Japan would have opened up China to civilization and [illegible] her from the fetters of prejudices with which the nation is bound down. The probability is that with the same ignorance reigning in the country, the Chinese now have no idea that the reason of the Japanese was due to the invincibility of the Chinese host, and that Japan and the whole world are trembling at the feet of the "celestial" emperor, to whose magnanimity it is due that they are allowed a continuation of existence. Not till all China is brought to realize the superiority of the "barbarians" of Europe and America will foreigners be safe within her boundaries. Had Japan been allowed to carry her conquest to a final conclusion, the missionary stations would not now be a mass of ruins. The breaking up of the whole empire and its reconstruction are, possibly, the only means whereby that country can be rescued from its present deplorable condition.

TYRANNY OF LABOR.

Many of those who read the signs of the times look forward to the twentieth century with apprehension. They see clouds of danger on the horizon, indicating that it will dawn in storm.

One of the dangers approaching has been called the "tyranny of labor." It is supposed that the working classes, even in this free country, are becoming insensible to the fact that the rights they ask for themselves, they must concede to others. The result is that men are assaulted simply because they choose to work for less wages than their assailants. There are many striking illustrations of this statement. Here is one of recent date from Chicago.

Two painters were at work peacefully on a public school building. They were spotted by some union men and called upon by a delegation of union painters and asked if they had working cards. They said no. Thereupon the walking delegate who headed the deputation of intermeddlers asked these two men to stop work. They refused to do so. On the following day, while they were attending quietly to their business, they were attacked by five champions of the "rights of labor," armed with clubs made out of lead and gas pipe. The assailants fell upon them unawares, fracturing the skull and breaking the arm of one and bruising the other badly. It will be a long time before the worst injured one will be able to do any work. The walking delegate and two of his assistants were caught and locked up.

It is not without ground that manifestations of this nature, now so frequent, are regarded with fear. The probability is that the world was [illegible] and [illegible] by [illegible] [illegible] the times [illegible], will it [illegible] as a [illegible] for a [illegible] [illegible] "[illegible]" [illegible] [illegible] "[illegible]" [illegible].

The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] between the [illegible] of the human family, and the [illegible] have been overcome in the past, they will be met in the future. The [illegible] that the ship that has [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] waves and storms and [illegible], will do so again. But in this [illegible] it has justly been made that there is an essential difference between the past and present. Formerly, when the momentary struggle between employer and employe, or between [illegible], was over, there was rest in the home, while today the unrest extends everywhere. The revolution and mode of production has resulted in a centering on capital an immense power from which the multitude of laborers seem unable to emancipate themselves. It is the reign of the few, apparently in approach to the condition of ancient Rome where millions were ruled by an immensely wealthy oligarchy.

The great error of the present century is that it has provided no safeguard against the danger naturally arising out of the progress made on every field of industry. The "tyranny of labor" is but a spasmodic effort to steady the ship that seemingly leans too much to one side. That in this attempt much is thrown overboard that is indispensable to a safe journey is but too apparent. And there is, for this reason, danger of a catastrophe. But the time must speedily come when the world realizes the situation. A reaction will be the result in every direction and society will again be a united organism in which each member is properly protected in its functions. This will be the work of the twentieth century.

Each age has its own remedies as well as its peculiar dangers, and this century has already given the world those that are adequate to its needs. They may not be fully comprehended at this time, but they are nevertheless infallible, and will in the proper time, fulfill their peculiar mission for the good of all. Clouds there may be on the horizon, but behind them is the sun, brilliant as ever, ready to disperse the mists and bring light to the future as to the past.

A DEADLY WEAPON.

The new navy rifle invented by J. P. Lee, of Connecticut, is being freely discussed in comparison with the Krag-Jorgensen rifle, which has been adopted for the regular army, and with which some interesting tests were made here recently. Many experts are convinced already that the Lee gun is better than the Krag-Jorgensen rifle. It was intended for use by the navy, although it is regarded as quite probable that the national guard in several states will adopt it, because of its superiority over the Krag-Jorgensen weapon. It is lighter, thus enabling the sailor to carry fifty more rounds of ammunition than the soldier, and gives a flatter trajectory. The rapidity of fire is very great, five aimed shots being fired in three seconds. The total weight, with straps, is 8½ pounds, which enables the sailor to carry 220 rounds of ammunition. The barrel is 27 inches long, the trigger is at all times under control, and there is no danger of accidental fire, while the magazine clip is the lightest in use. The fire is very accurate at 2,000 yards, while at 5,000 the bullet would pierce two or three men in a row. It would penetrate the body of a man at a distance of 6,000 yards. The barrel is made of nickel steel. The results of the tests just concluded have been so satisfactory as to establish the fact that the Lee navy rifle is one of the most, if not the most, effective small-arm agent of death in the world.

Scientists of insect life consider the little animals generally as possessing the senses of sight, touch, taste, smell and hearing, that of touch being perhaps the only sense strictly comparable with our own. But as an evidence of the existence of other sense organs, utterly unlike any we have, it is related that a male Japanese silkworm moth was liberated one night a mile and a half from a caged female of the species, and in the morning was at the cage; and also that blind ants return wooden beams to mate shells without once gnawing through the surface.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book free at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

[illegible]

Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone Co., Telephone building, State Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Lessee of the American Bell Telephone Company for Idaho, Montana, Utah and Wyoming.

We offer exchange instruments in all places where we have exchanges, at a yearly rental of from $18.00 upwards.

Our toll lines connect all the large places.

Private line instruments on favorable terms.

All forms of bi-telephone transmitters and contact telephones are controlled by the American Bell Telephone Company, and can only be used in any of the above States when rented through us.

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Sadil.

A fragrant and lasting perfume. Confined ever at 25 cents an ounce; regular price [illegible].

[illegible] & HILL, [illegible]

Its Favorite.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] $1.00. J. W. White, [illegible] West [illegible] Street, [illegible]

Millions Wear GOODYEAR WELT SHOES.

Do You?

☞ Goodyear Welts are LEATHER SHOES—not rubber.

Can't be Frozen Out.

The Diamond, Rockwater, Rock Springs coals are the best for the coal [illegible]. I am the agent for these celebrated coals. Save 50 cents per ton and buy of J. W. Whitehead, Jr., 75 west, Second South Street. Telephone 458.

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and chair cars, and all connections made in Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the grandest scenery of the Rocky Mountains en route, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

E. V. DERRAH, C. F. & P. A., 21 Morlan Block, Salt Lake City.

Japanese insect powder has no equal. Sure exterminator, at Godbe Pitts drug store.

Have glasses fitted by Dr. Shelmerdine before he goes East. 304 Progress Building.

Protect the Game and Fish.

Shoot or fish only in the proper season and escape the game warden by observing the laws. Many of the State new game and fish laws this year, and if you don't know them, send five 2¢ stamps for a copy of the Game Law issue of The American Field, 243 State St., Chicago.

Excursion to Boston, August 17 to 22, via the Union Pacific.

The Union Pacific will sell excursion tickets to Boston, Mass., on above dates at $[illegible], good returning until October 8. For particulars call at city ticket office, No. 201 Main Street.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The city ordinance relating to water department in part is as follows:

Sec. 1. If any water taker shall waste water, or allow it to be wasted by negligence, such as imperfect stops or valves, or leaky joints of pipes, or allowing tanks to leak or to overflow, or wastefully run it through basins or other apparatus, or use the water for purposes other than those for which they have paid, or in violation of the rules and regulations for controlling the water supply, and the provisions of this ordinance, he shall be liable to a fine of not to exceed twenty-five dollars for each offence, and the water may be cut off from such water taker, and all payments forfeited, unless such person shall promptly pay such additional charges as may be imposed by the superintendent.

The city is hereby divided into two sprinkling districts. All that portion of the city lying east and north of the following boundaries is hereby made and declared to be the upper sprinkling district, to-wit: Commencing at the intersection of First West and Seventh North streets, and running thence south along said First West street to Second North street, thence east along said Second North Street to Apple street, thence southeasterly along Apple street to First North street, thence east along First North street to East Temple street, thence south along East Temple street to North Temple street, thence east along North Temple street to First East street, thence south along First East street to South Temple street, thence east along South Temple street to Sixth East street, thence south along Sixth East street to Liberty Park. And all persons taking water from the mains on South Temple street, east of First East street, and those taking from the mains on Sixth East street, shall be assumed to belong to said upper district.

All that portion of the city lying west and south of the foregoing boundaries is hereby made and declared to be the lower sprinkling district.

Sprinklers for lawns, sidewalks, streets, windows and fronts, in the upper district, must be used only between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock a. m., and 4 and 8 o'clock p. m., and in the lower district between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock a. m., and 6 and 8 o'clock p. m., during the months of July, August, September and October of each year. Thirty minutes time each day shall be allowed for the sprinkling of each 100 square yards of lawn in the upper district, and twenty minutes each day for the same area in the lower district.

Owing to the scarcity of water the attention of consumers is called to the above ordinance, which will be strictly enforced.

J. B. DAILEY, Supt. Waterworks.

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. [illegible], 1895.

GIVEN AWAY, $25.00

See Hills and Dodgers. Over $1,000 in Prizes.

I GUESS THERE WILL BE .... PEOPLE AT SALTAIR ON NEWSBOYS' EXCURSION DAY, AUG. [illegible]

NAME ....

ADDRESS ....

The [illegible] correct or closest guess will receive TEN DOLLARS. The second correct or closest guess FIVE DOLLARS. The next ten guesses ONE DOLLAR each.

Send all coupons to [illegible] this paper. Address N. R. [illegible]

All coupons must be in [illegible] the 25th.

Z. C. M. I.

Midsummer Movement!

In keeping with the season and also with the times, we purpose clearing our Summer Goods

IF PRICES WILL DO IT.

All Parasols and Sun Umbrellas in stock at 25 per cent. reduction.

All Madras Cloth, Piques, Lawns and Challies, at less than cost.

All Remnants in Cotton Dress Goods for half price.

All Ladies' Silk Waists only $2.50, worth $5.00.

All Lawn and Calico Wrappers one-third off regular price.

Full Flowered Wrappers from 50 cents upward.

All Straw Hats in stock 25 per cent. off price.

Children's Mull Bonnets 25 and 35c, worth 50 to 75c.

Children's Summer Vests 15 to 25c, worth 35 to 50c.

Ladies' Sleeveless Vests 10 and 20c, worth 20 to 40c.

Ladies' Lawn and Percale Waists cheaper than ever.

Black Silk Jersey Mitts at great reduction.

Pt. D. Anglais Lace, butter color, colored Pt. D. Venice Lace, all at about half price.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

ALL THIS WEEK.

WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR gents' cast off clothes. Send postal and will call. Singer & [illegible], 2 East Second South.

THE READERS OF THE NEWS must [illegible] that there is a strictly first class employment agency now in Salt Lake City. All kinds of help supplied, and all kinds of situations furnished. Everything done [illegible].

Tully & [illegible], employment agents, [illegible] East Third South Street. Tel. [illegible].

SALTAIR TRAINS on Page 8

EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT WE ARE buying and selling more new and second-hand goods than any other house in the West. M. Webber, [illegible] State Street.

HAVE YOUR MATTRESSES, BREAK[illegible] [illegible], [illegible] and [illegible] cleaned by the [illegible] Sanitary Company. All work thoroughly disinfected. OFFICE [illegible] MAIN STREET. TELEPHONE NO. [illegible].

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Closets and Cesspools Cleaned.

N. J. SANDBERG,

Address: [illegible] East Seventh Avenue. Office, 241 State Street.

THE UTAH JUNK HOUSE

WILL PAY CASH FOR RAGS, BONES, scrap iron, bottles, rubbers and all kinds of junk. [illegible] East Eighth South St.

HOME FOR SALE—CHEAP.

A [illegible] LOT WITH SMALL COTTAGE, in desirable locality. Apply at this office.

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BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE. STOCKS bought and sold. Money to loan at reasonable rates. Taylor Bros., No. [illegible] Main Street.

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House Wiring, Combination and Electric Fixtures, Electric Bells, Incandescent Lamps.

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TRY WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM,

The Finest Flavored Gum on earth. Clark, Eldredge & Co., Salt Lake City, John Scowcroft & Sons Co., Ogden, sole agents.

SPRY, Practical TAILOR.

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DUNFORD'S SHOEMAKER

Has opened a Shoe Repairing Shop in the Tithing Yard.

Shoes for deformed feet a specialty.

Sold by all Druggists

YES, RAMBLERS ARE WINNERS, AND THAT'S ALL THERE IS ABOUT IT.

HOT MEN ON HOT WHEELS.

We don't make excuses for losses, nor tell what might have been had conditions been as we wanted them. We simply take things as we find them, and go to win. That's what the

RAMBLER

Did on July 20th, and you know the result. Thatcher and Walter did not enter all class B events, because they did not want to give the Hotel, but such as they did enter they finished ahead of all Utah riders, demonstrating to the satisfaction of all present that they had the sand and speed necessary to finish with the improved cracks.

Our fishing tackle, tennis, cricket, guns, rifles, pistols, ammunition and general sporting goods, are like our cycles, always in the lead. Come and see us. We'll treat you right. New sporting goods catalogue free.

Browning Bros.

155 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

2461 Washington Ave., Ogden.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS, Attorneys-at-Law. Rooms 501 to 503 McCornick Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE, Attorney-at-Law. Rooms [illegible] to [illegible] Constitution Building, [illegible] Z. C. M. I.

ALEX McMASTER, Attorney-At-Law. Rooms, 45, 46, 47, 48, Commercial Block.

J. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS, Attorneys-at-Law and Land Attorneys. 317-318 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

J. F. CONKEL, PATENT ATTORNEY. Patents on inventions, caveats, etc. Patent drawings, models to order. Office [illegible] Main Street, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON, Dentist. Rooms 228 and 229 Constitution Bldg.

DR. E. M. KEYSOR, Dentist. Rooms 2 and 3 Scott-Auerbach Building, 1st floor, 162 Main St.

DR. J. THOMAS, Surgeon Dentist. [illegible] Main St. Anaesthetics Administered.

Chicago Dental Parlors

Can extract teeth without pain—new method, harmless, as water. Set of teeth, $[illegible]. Bridge work, per tooth, $[illegible]. [illegible] crown, $[illegible]. Logan crown, $[illegible]. Gold filling, $1.00 up. Silver, [illegible]. Cement [illegible]. All work at eastern prices. Teeth sent to customers. [illegible] State Street, Salt Lake City.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR, Dentist. Parlors in the new Lollin block, 217 Main Street. First door north of Walker House.

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Just how new shoot who never shot before, And how who always shot now shoot the more.

HAZARD'S "Kentucky Rifle." HAZARD'S "Trap Shooting." HAZARD'S "Duck Shooting." HAZARD'S "Mining and Blasting." HAZARD'S brands, the most reliable in the market.

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"Keep Money at Home!" BY INSURING IN THE HOME FIRE OF UTAH.

Capital, $250,000. Surplus to policy holders, 300,000.

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A BICYCLE ABSOLUTELY FREE OF COST OR A SUIT OF CLOTHES GIVEN AWAY.

Or Half the Purchase Price of Your Suit Refunded.

Or a Discount of Ten per cent on Purchase Price.

BEGINNING MAY 1st, every fifth customer will be given ten per cent discount on his purchase. Every fiftieth customer will get a discount of 50 per cent. Every one hundredth customer will have the entire amount of his purchase refunded. Every two hundredth customer will get a free bicycle free.

Count is made from the payment of order. Our goods and prices are absolutely correct.

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Why not bring us your Prescriptions? We can fill them—and our prices will please you.

BILL BROS., The TEMPLE PHARMACY, Opposite Valley House.