THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

GEORGE Q. CANNON, BRIGHAM YOUNG, EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Wednesday, - - December 11, 1878.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It is not generally known that France is a great purchaser of American cereals. The grain trade with the French is not surpassed by that with England, and while Havre and Antwerp are the principal places of shipment, nearly every French port receives the exports of the United States.

The growth of woolen manufacturing in this country may be learned from the fact that in 1840 the product of our woolen factories amounted to $20,270,000, while in 1870 they reached the enormous aggregate of $155,496,000, and this exclusive of worsted carpets and hosiery, which amounted to $43,762,000.

The trial of Mr. Jessie Billings, for the murder of his wife, an account of which was given in the News, and in which the jury disagreed, cost Saratoga County, N. Y., the sum of $11,000. It is thought the defendant will not be tried again. His daughter Jessie still believes in her father's guilt and refuses to return home.

The latest development in electricity is from the vegetable kingdom. A Belgian journal describes a plant called *Electricus*, which grows in Nicaragua and possesses electric properties of such strength as to cause a shock as strong as from a battery to persons who try to gather it. The needle of the compass is affected by being brought to its vicinity.

Edison has made another successful step towards perfecting the details of the Electric Light invention, by the discovery of a plan for an electric meter, which can be placed in every house using the light, and, by the use of one thousandth part of the quantity of electricity consumed, will register the full amount. It will thus answer a similar purpose to that of a gas meter.

In England they are adopting a horse-shoe made of cowhide, and known as the Yates shoe. It is made of three thicknesses of cowhide compressed into a steel mold, and then subjected to a chemical preparation. It is claimed for it that it lasts longer and weighs only one-fourth as much as the common iron shoe; that it will not cause the hoof to split, nor have the least injurious influence on the foot.

If farmers and gardeners would make what is called compost of their manure piles, they would make money by it, and help to preserve the public health. Leaves, weeds, vines, refuse vegetables, muck from ponds and ditches, corn stalks and other waste, should be piled between layers of barnyard manure, and sprinkled with lime. This, heaped up during the winter, makes a composite mass by spring, which is worth a great deal to the land and will show its value in the rich crops that will be reaped where it is plowed in. Try it. Decaying matter that now spreads disease and brings forth death, may thus be converted into living, growing grain and fruit, and buds and blossoms of glorious flowers.

A MOVEMENT TOWARDS JERUSALEM.

THE London correspondent of the New York *Sun* writes that a project is on foot to colonize Palestine with Jews from the south of Russia and Roumania, and expresses the opinion that "there can be little doubt that the day is not far distant when the prophecy will be fulfilled, of a migration of that race to their own ancient land." But, he adds, "there is no prospect so unpalatable to a prosperous Jew in any country in Christendom as a return to the Holy Land."

It is not to be supposed that the wealthy sons and daughters of Judah would be the first to gather to the land of their forefathers. But the poor, particularly of the countries mentioned, would find great relief in the change. There is no country on earth where the Jews have been more oppressed than in the Russian dominions. More poor Hebrews come to America from those places than from any other, and they are in a worse state of destitution when they arrive than any others of their race, as the benevolent Jews of New York know and testify. There has been a great outcry about the sufferings of the Jews in Roumania, and if this colonization scheme were carried into effect it would settle that difficulty. But there is one obstacle in the way which, at present, is a serious one. The Turk still rules in the Holy Land, and the Mosque of the Mosiem stands on the site of the temple of Solomon.

If the land could be relieved from the dominion of the Porte, the opulent sons of Judah, all over the world, would contribute of their wealth to aid in the redemption of Jerusalem. Large numbers of Israelites in the vicinity of Palestine, are agriculturists, and, with the help of their rich co-religionists, would soon settle upon the sacred soil of their forefathers, and fill its solitary places with the sound of rejoicing, and make the parched ground blossom with the beauty of grain and fruit.

It would not be long before the rich would change their feelings in regard to removing to Palestine. The spirit of the gathering would take hold upon them, and they would collect their treasures and go up to the source of Israel's former glory. For the land will become a desirable place. The great theme of the ancient Hebrew seers was the restoration of Israel and Judah in the latter times. All the fine figures of the prophetic poets had their climax in the final triumph of the chosen seed in their own land, after their long dispersion and deep affliction. Ezekiel, by the word of the Lord, says:

"For I will take you from among the heathen, and gather you out of the countries, and will bring you into your own land." (xxxvi. 24.)

"But ye, O mountains of Israel, ye shall shoot forth your branches, and yield your fruit to my people of Israel; for they are at hand to come.

"For behold I am for you, and I will turn unto you, and ye shall be tilled and sown:

"And I will multiply men upon you, all the house of Israel, even all of it; and the cities shall be inhabited and the wastes shall be builded.

"And I will multiply upon you man and beast; and they shall increase and bring forth fruit.

"And I will settle you after your old estates, and will do better unto you than at your beginnings; and ye shall know that I am the Lord." (v. 8—11)

This is a sample of the sayings of the Biblical prophets, who all looked forward to the final establishment of the Jewish dominion in Palestine, never to be thrown down any more by the power of the Gentiles. Their predictions will receive fulfilment in the present age. The fulness of the Gentiles is about to come in. The signs of the times are favorable to Judah. Ever since the late Apostle Orson Hyde went by divine command to Jerusalem, ascended the Mount of Olives, and consecrated and dedicated the land for the ingathering of the Jews, movements have been inaugurated favoring the great work of restitution, the land has been recovering from its barrenness, "the former and the latter reins" have been gradually returning, and Jewish interest in the land of Israel has been increasing.

It would be a grand stroke of policy for Beaconsfield to rescue the sacred soil of his forefathers from the grasp of the Turk. It would be a fitting finale to his brilliant career, and would cover his name with greater glory than all the rest of his political achievements. Judea belongs of right to the Jews; they should be restored to its possession. And the time is at hand when they will flock in "as doves to their windows," the rich as well as the poor, and every word spoken by their ancient prophets concerning the latter-day glory of the kingdom of Israel will receive an exact fulfilment. The yoke of the Moslem once broken, the day of deliverance will dawn upon Judah; and when the splendid talents of the Jewish people in all branches of business, art, science and statesmanship are considered, it is easy for the contemplative mind to perceive the possibility, nay, the certainty, of the establishment, in the old home of the Hebrews, of a nation and a government whose greatness and glory will eclipse all the storied majesty of the kingdom of David and Solomon.

EARLY AMBER SUGAR CANE.

We published a short time ago, the testimony of a Missouri farmer as to the superiority of the Amber variety of sorghum or sugar cane. We now give place to a communication from a correspondent to the *Prairie Farmer*, who writes on the same subject from Troy, La., under date of Nov. 2. And we will add, for the benefit of Utah farmers, that the seed experimented upon by Bro. Anson Call, of Bountiful, with such good success, and a quantity of which he offered a short time ago free to applicants, is of the same variety—the Amber.

"Last spring I saw several communications in regard to the early Amber sugar cane, and I determined to try it for myself. I procured 40 pounds of seed and myself and others planted it. Owing to the backward spring considerable seed rotted from deep planting, so that we did not get a good start to begin with. Those who understood planting better, planted shallow and secured a good stand. In June a dry spell set in continuing until nearly the last of July, which stunted the cane considerably, yet, notwithstanding all the drawbacks experienced, when I came to work the cane up this fall (which I did for myself and others) it yielded nearly two to one compared with some other varieties that I worked up which were several in number. As to the question of its yielding sugar, I can say that to my mind there is no question about it. The syrup that I made is rich in sugar. I have not separated any of it that I might determine what quantity of sugar it does contain, but from present indications there is no doubt in my mind but that under proper treatment it would yield fully one-half its weight in a good solid-grained sugar. Further, I would say to all wishing to change their cane seed, that they cannot do better than procure seed of the Early Amber variety.—W. G. B."

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

EASTERN.

The "Times" on Page's Bill.

NEW YORK, 11.—The *Times'* leader, this morning, deprecates the introduction of the bill by Representative Page to enforce the 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution, as calculated to increase the existing irritation without accomplishing any good, and advises the deferring of party action until the investigation called for by Blaine's resolution has been made and the case against the South fully made out.

A Bargain.

The steam sugar refinery, on South Street, was sold at auction, yesterday, for $45,000. It cost half a million.

General Grant's House.

The *Herald's* cable, after giving the route to be pursued by Grant in the far east, says: He expects to arrive in San Francisco about May, after a short stay on the Pacific coast, during which he will visit Oregon. Grant will begin his overland journey by rail. He will visit the bonanza mining region, and will pass some days in Colorado. He hopes to reach his home at Long Branch at about the latter end of June. Letters and dispatches received from the west say the deepest interest is felt in General Grant's coming. Mrs. Grant will accompany her husband throughout the journey.

The Princess Alice Worse.

Late cable dispatches announce that the Princess Alice is worse. The Queen is very anxious. Sir William Jenner, the famous physician, has been sent for.

Death of Henry Wells.

Henry Wells, founder of Wells, Fargo's express, died at Glasgow, Scotland.

Destruction of Property by Floods.

New York, 11.—Dispatches from New England, New York State, and Pennsylvania indicate the storm has been terrible and the loss of property heavy. The details are meagre as telegraphic communication has been seriously interrupted.

There is a heavy gale, to-day all along the Atlantic coast, and is very severe at Boston. Some damage to shipping is reported. The abutment of the Barrett suspension bridge, at Port Jarvis, was carried away this morning; the loss is heavy. The river is higher than for years. A freight train from Boston, with two engines, went into the river, near Wentworth, N. H., where the trestle was swept away, and both were badly wrecked. The bridges being swept away, the wreck-train cannot reach the disabled train. At North Adams, Mass., the people had to abandon their homes on the river banks.

A heavy rainstorm the two last days has caused much damage in New England. In Philadelphia the loss is serious by the overflow of wharves and flooding of cellars. At Scranton the rivers and streams are greatly swollen, and should the rain continue, mining operations will be stopped. Railroad and other bridges throughout the State are threatened by the floods. It rained steadily for full 40 hours.

Rutland, Vt., 11.—The train from Boston, last evening, due in Rutland at nine p. m. ran into a washout near Bartonsville. The train was wrecked, the fireman killed, and the baggagemaster badly wounded. The engineer was wounded, and it is reported that a lady passenger was killed.

Brattleboro, Vt., 11.—The lower part of the village is submerged. Many families had to remove in boats to places of safety. A large three story building fell into the stream and was a total wreck. The rain continues, and the Connecticut is rising rapidly. Serious damage to highways and bridges is reported from all quarters.

Northampton, Mass., 11.—Mill River is higher than ever known. Fifty houses are flooded. The Dike is threatened; the water has backed into many houses and factory cellars. The Northampton and New Haven railroad track is washed all away south of town. Welshend Iron Bridge, in Northampton, is swept away. There are reports of great damage up the river. Two ice houses of Northampton Ice Co., and the Iron bridge of the Northampton and New Haven Railroad, is swept away. At Florence an iron bridge is gone. Factory property damaged, and roads washed away. At Leeds the bridge is destroyed. The office of the Mill River Button Company is undermined and damaged, and the Emery wheel factory is washed out. The water swept down the main street destroying the road and filling it with rubbish and bridge planks.

Concord, N. H., 11.—The express train from Montreal ran into a washout near Sewell's Falls, last evening. The engine and tender went down an embankment 150 feet. The baggage car stuck in the side of the washout and telescoped the passenger car behind. Several passengers, the engineer and firemen were severely hurt. No one was killed.

National Militia Organization.

A general convention of leading military officers of different States will be held here in January, to take whatever action necessary to make the militia force of each State an efficient military organization, and present to Congress the plans proposed in support of a bill appropriating $1,000,000 annually for arms, ammunition and other stores, to be apportioned among the different States. The movement has been taken up in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Illinois, Iowa, Vermont, Alabama and other States. The Governor of Idaho, in approving the plan, says the recent Nez Perce and Bannock wars found him powerless for want of militia, the legislature having refused to enact militia laws. Other western governors are much interested in the plan of a national militia organization.

W. U. Telegraph Company Profits.

The profits of the Western Union Telegraph Company for the quarter ending December 31st, actual and estimated, are $1,014,795, and a dividend of 1½ per cent. is declared from the net earnings, payable on January 15, 1879.

The Indian Bureau Transfer.

WASHINGTON, 11.—Among the most active workers in Congress for the transfer of the Indians to the army management is representative Scales, who was a member of the former commission to examine the advisability of the transfer and also the leading advocate of the change in the present commission. Now, it is said, the array of evidence against the transfer has overcome his convictions, as also those of Senator Saunders, and they agree that it would be unwise to make the change. Practically the whole commission is believed to be opposed to it.

Pension Appropriation Bill.

The total amount recommended by the pension appropriation bill is $29,616,000 department estimates, and $2440,000 more than the appropriation of the current year.

$50,000 Fire.

BUFFALO, 11.—Plumb, Burdict, & Barnard's bolt and nut works were burned, to-day; loss $50,000; insured.

Appointment.

Secretary Sherman has appointed Wm. Fletcher chief of the loan division of the Treasury Department. C. E. Coon, of the loan division succeeds Fletcher as assistant chief.

Another Washout.

POUGHKEEPSIE, 11.—Reports from below state that another washout has occurred near Peekskill. The track between Garrison and Cold Spring is disabled by high water. More damage is apprehended. Several minor washes are reported south of here.

Probable Suicide.

FINDLAY, Ohio, 11.—Hon. H. P. Gage, ex-president of the Hancock Savings Bank, was discovered in bed, yesterday morning, with a bullet hole in the right temple. He is supposed to have suicided on account of bank troubles. He will probably not recover.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Debate on the Afghan War.

LONDON, 11.—In the House of Commons the debate on Whitbread's resolution, censuring the government for their Afghan policy was resumed.

Lord John Manners, postmaster general, after a general justification of government's policy, declared that they must prosecute the war until the Ameer submitted. Government would then be prepared to grant terms as generous as was consistent with the security of India.

Gladstone pointed out the probability that the Ameer would flee instead of submitting, in which case the government would be placed in the dilemma of having to occupy the country. He declared the official correspondence concerning Afghanistan contained gross misstatements of facts, involving unprecedently reckless negligence. He directly challenged several statements of the Viceroy concerning the Peshawur conference, on which the government bases the charge of hostility against the Ameer. He quoted from the dispatch of Sir Lewis Pelly the words of the Afghan envoy, in support of his assertions. He showed that Lord Lytton, in remarkable contrast with the government's alleged respect for the treaties had, at Peshawur, disavowed certain promises of protection made by Lord Northbrook and Lord Mayo. Only when these promises were annulled and every token of amity withdrawn, had the Ameer unwillingly accepted the Russian mission. Government's acceptance of Russia's transparent excuses enabled Russia to send a mission to Cabul whenever she chose. He compared the new aggressive policy, of which the Ameer is the victim, with that which led to the former Afghan war. He prayed God to avert the melancholy omen, and hoped that the different Viceroys, if not different governments, would undo the present evil work. Even if the country endorsed it, it was the solemn duty of those who believed that truth and justice were the only true foundation of policy, to record their protest.

When Gladstone concluded his speech there was prolonged cheering.

After several minor party speeches, Lord George Hamilton replied to Gladstone. He urged that the frontier relations had been getting worse every year, and would have resulted in war with Russia unless the government had assumed a determined attitude. We should be in constant danger from Russia unless a British resident was placed in Herat.

The debate was adjourned to Thursday.

In the House of Lords, Earl Grey reopened the debate in behalf of the opposition.

Lord Cairns replied. He defended the constitutionality of government's action, and spoke approvingly of the policy formerly advocated by Lord Lawrence that Russia should be notified that any interference with the affairs of Afghanistan would be a *casus belli*.

Lords Selborne and Ripon attacked the government.

Lord Houghton (liberal) defended the government.

Lord Beaconsfield warmly attacked the opposition's miserable criticism of details. Eight months ago, when war between England and Russia was more than probable, Russia's Asiatic preparations were admissible from her point of view, but those preparations having shown the vulnerability of the present Indian frontier, it was impossible to leave things as they formerly were. Russia, since the dissipation of her fears of war, had done everything to make honorable amends. Her conduct had been very different from the Ameer's. Her Majesty's government would have been quite content if the Ameer had admitted British residents. Lord Beaconsfield denied that he had even said the rectification of the frontier was the object of the war, but it would be the consequence thereof. He concluded with an eloquent denunciation of the peace-at-any-price policy.

After Lord Beaconsfield's speech, the House divided on Viscount Halifax' amendment censuring the government, and it was rejected by a vote of 201 to 65.

Lord Cranbrook's resolution that the expenses of the Afghan war may be defrayed from Indian revenues, was then adopted without division.

Stocks.

Consols, 93 1-16 @ 94 5-16; new fives, 108½; Erie, 18½.

SALT LAKE THEATRE!

37th Annual Tour!

The famous, old-time and only Original

HUTCHINSON FAMILY!

"TRIBES OF JOHN AND JESSIE."

ARE COMING!

And will appear for the First Time in this City,

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY

Wednesday & Thursday,

DECEMBER 11th and 12th, 1878,

In their Celebrated

CHARACTERISTIC CONCERTS.

FIRST ORGANIZED FAMILY OF SINGERS IN AMERICA.

"They Sing for the Oppressed and Cheer the Downtrodden with the "Good Time Coming," Hopeful sentiment.

POPULAR PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Parquette and Dress Circle $1.00
First Circle ..... 50 cts
Second Circle ..... 25 cts

No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

Box Office open on Wednesday, 11th inst., at 10 o'clock.

Doors open at 7.30. Concert commences at 8.

Entire change of Programme each night.

COW.

A NO. 1 NEW MILCH COW WANTED Immediately by George Anderson, 20th Ward.

DRIED APRICOTS

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID AT

TEASDEL'S!

Delivery Wagon will call for anything leaving your Address. d310 xfm

TO THE LADIES.

PROF. ED. ADOLPH

Respectfully announces to the ladies that he is prepared to teach them the art of

DRAWING, CUTTING, FITTING

And making all kinds of garments EVERY STYLE.

To draw a correct Bodice, Polonaise or Cloak Pattern, you need only pencil, paper and a common drawing rule.

Twelve Lessons, each two hours, including printed instructions and original sheets

ONLY $3.00

Apply at office at Mrs. S. Hawkins' residence, second house west of Juvenile Director Office, Salt Lake City, where place of meeting will be designated. d7w

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS to Rent, apply at this Office.

WANTED.

SEVERAL good seamstresses can find constant employment, with good pay. Enquire at this office.

MRS. MUSSER

IS closing out her fine stock of Millinery Goods at Cost Prices. d94

NOTICE.

I WISH to notify my friends that I have removed from my old stand to 10 doors west of Theatre. Work done good, cheap and promptly.

JOSEPH BENTLEY, Carpet Weaver.

FOR RENT.

PLEASANT ROOMS, single or in suits with or without board. Enquire at this office. d 63

WM. SADLER

DEALER IN BOOTS AND SHOES, No. 19 East Temple St., opposite the Savings Bank. My goods are unsurpassed for comfort, elegance, durability, and moderate prices.

DR. L. BERG

DENTIST, takes pleasure in announcing to his patrons and the public generally, that he has Removed his Office to 11 First South Street, where he is prepared to execute everything in his line of business to the satisfaction of all. Call and see him. d 13 tf

EXCHANGE.

TWO or Three Hundred Bushels of Wheat, in the Southern settlements, can be had in exchange for same in Salt Lake City or vicinity. Enquire at this Office. d211 xw

WANTED

FROM 80 to 200 acres of land, partly improved, or unimproved, with water rights, in Exchange for young stock, cash and other property.

Enquire at or address K at this office, stating location and price. d48w

GREAT BARGAINS IN WATCHES & JEWELRY

Large assortment of new goods, a short time only before departure for Europe. Also two Carriage Horses, by

c306 3m CARL C. ASMUSSEN.

SUGAR ADULTERATION.

We hereby inform the Public that our *Refined Sugars* consist SOLELY of the product of raw sugars refined. Neither *Glucose, Muriate of Tin, Muriatic Acid*, nor any other foreign substance whatever, is mixed with them. Our Sugars and Syrups are absolutely unadulterated.

HAVEMEYERS & ELDER.

Decatur & Donner Refining Company.

Affidavit to the above effect in the New York papers of November 15, 1878.

AUCTION SALES

THREE TIMES A DAY AT

PHELPS'

A General Stock of Merchandise consisting of

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, BLANKETS, GENTS' UNDERWEAR, &C.

CAPS.

Mens' & Boys' Caps at 35c

LADIES' MISSES and CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, Real Beaver, warranted.

I have now on hand one of the largest and finest assortments of Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks ever brought to this market, which I offer at auction or private sale at prices that cannot be beat in this city.

H. E. PHELPS,

d16 29 Main Street.

NOTICE.

To the Administrators of the Estate of the late O. P. Rockwell, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE, that he was owing assessment on the Stockholm Lead Mine to the amount of $125, which if not paid within 60 days from date his claim will be forfeited.

SAMUEL PETERSON, CHRIS. CARGREN.

Santaquin, December 9, 1878. d123

J. McKNIGHT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Special attention to General and Local Land Office business, the collecting Soldier's Claims for Bounty, Pension and other demands against the Government.

OFFICE—Below U. S. Land Office, 3d door above the Walker House. d 236 & w

MAN'S RISING ON EARTH.—A thoroughly medical treatise, indicating how confirmed disabilities may be removed. The experience of 30 yrs' study, observation, and professional practice, showing the agencies that will insure restored manhood, strengthened vitality, and sound conditions of health, that have been impaired by overtaxed powers. A statement of obstacles to marriage and of the maladies which they can be removed. By mail, 25c, currency or postage stamps. Address, Secy Museum Anatomy and Science, 1,118 Broadway, N.Y.

GEO. DUNFORD.

IMMENSE STOCK, SEASONABLE GOODS, HOLIDAY STYLES, CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR PRESENTS,

Should be useful as well as ornamental, to accomplish this, look through our Immense Stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS & GENTS GLOVES.

Largest Sales in Utah. Standard Goods at Prices unequaled in this Country.

GEO. DUNFORD.

1878 CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAY PRESENTS 1879

NEAT, USEFUL AND DURABLE!

Comprising Hosiery, Gloves, Ties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs in Fancy half-dozen Boxes, of elegant designs, Ball and Opera Fans, Ladies' and Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs and Mufflers, Wool-knit Goods of every description, Crepe Lisse Ruffings, Collars, Cuffs, Underwear, Etc., Etc.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES AT

Z. C. M. I.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Superintendent.

DELTA.

Salt Lake City and Wagner's Beer 5 cents a glass, 20 cents per quart, all other plain and fancy drinks 10 cents. We keep the Old Hermitage, Rye, and Bourbon Whiskey, with a full line of bottled wines and liquors for family use, and will not be undersold. The best beer room in the city for families and others.

CONRAD & RUSSEL, Corner opposite Theatre.

d 209 tf.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Teeth!! Teeth!!

THE people of Utah Territory are hereby notified that on and after the 3rd day of October, 1878, and until January 1st, 1879, the following will be the prices for Gold Gum or Teeth, best MATERIAL and WORK GUARANTEED.

Full set on gold plate (rimmed), $30
" " " gold and rubber, (rimmed), $30
" " " platina and rubber, (rimmed), $55
" " " rubber gold center, $45
" " " rubber gum teeth, $35
" " " rubber plain teeth, $30

All Work Warranted. Teeth filled with gold and other materials, from $1.00 and upwards. Crown filling with gold a specialty.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange.

W. H. H. SHARP, Dentist.

OFFICE—Next Door East of "Deseret News." d203 w3m

THE NEW MILLINERY & FANCY HOUSE OF J. G. BROOKS,

Has just received fresh all the new Styles in

HATS & TRIMMINGS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also on Hand a Large and Elegant Assortment of

CLOAKS AND FURS,

which he offers to the Trade at WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT REMARKABLE LOW FIGURES.

T. LATIMER, G. H. TAYLOR, O. ROBERTS, F. ARMSTRONG

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Utah, Bear River, White Cedar and Red Wood Shingles.

Red White Boards, Ceiling, Siding, Lath, Pickets, Flooring.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS AND MOULDINGS IN GREAT VARIETY

Frames of all kinds Made to Order Very Cheap.

WINDOW GLASS.

Using large quantities ourselves, and dealing directly with the Manufactories in Our Load lots, we intend keeping a large Stock on hands of the above goods, for the Public to select from at Very Low Rates.

Wood Turning of all Kinds.

LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.

One Block East of Depot.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.,

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

WE OFFER A FIRST CLASS ASSORTMENT OF

Dress Goods from 10c per yard upwards.
Imitation Camel's Hair Dress Goods @ 25c worth 40.
Alpacas, best English brands, from 25c upwards per yard.
Elegant Cashmeres in black and colors at popular prices.
Genuine Camel's Hair Goods, single and double width, @ $1.00 and $1.75.
Heavy all wool Dress Goods, in navy blue and seal brown, @ 50c.
Double width Polonaise Cloth @ 80c per yard and upwards.
Best French Drap d'ete, from $1.50 up; best value ever offered in this city.
Elegant Henrietta, Crepe and Tamise Cloths very low.
Black, Navy, Seal, Garnet, Plum, Myrtle and Olive Silks, and Silk Velvets, very cheap.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS & FURS, choice in Style and Perfect in Fit.

ELEGANT SHAWLS!

Genuine Seal Skin Sacks, $60.
SEAL SKIN MUFF AND BOA, $15 to $30.
MINK SETS, $15 to $30.
FUR ROBES, Red & White Damask, Turkey Red & White Damask.
TABLE CLOTHS, Damask and Turkish.
TOWELS, CRASH, NAPKINS, DOYLIES, &c.

MILLINERY, AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

Elegant Pattern Hats, trimmed, and untrimmed; Ladies' and Children's Hats in Milan, Felt, Velvet, Plush and Satin. French and American Flowers, Ostrich Plumes, Tips, Wings, Pompoons, in gulls and other new colors. Ornaments in Pearl, Ruby, Gilt and Silver. Turquoises, Plushes, Satins, Nets, Laces, Ribbons, in gros grain, and satin, in all the newest shades, mostly of our own importation.

NOVELTIES! In Dating Worsted, Embroidery, Slipper and Cushion Patterns, Ladies' Lace Pins, Pin Cushions, Dr. Warner's Skirt Supporters, Ladies' Comfortation, Corset Jeans, and Coutil, the most practical.

FRINGES AND HEADINGS

HOSIERY, GLOVES, UNDERWEAR, Chenille and Worsted.

NEW RUCHINGS.

NEW EMBROIDERIES! NEW LACES IN GUIPURE AND TAM. Ladies Knit Jackets, Plushes, Velvets and Satins, Ribbons, Fancy Goods, Felt Skirts and Velvet Skirts.

THE BEST FINISHED $1.00 Ladies' Chemises, EVER OFFERED IN THE CITY.

We are NOT offering our FRESH stock of Men and Boys' Clothing at less than cost, but will guarantee to sell our Goods as cheap as the cheapest.

Cents' and Boys' Clothing, Cents' and Boys' Hats, Cents' and Boys' Boots, Cents' and Boys' Underwear

Furnishing Goods of every kind, Rubber Clothing, Rubber Boots and Shoes, California and Eastern Blankets; Quilts; Heavy Beaver and Chinchilla Cloths, Good and Cheap.

Wholesale Buyers will find our Stock complete and Fancy DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES & SLIPPERS, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Knit Goods, Entire Variety of Notions, Cutlery, &c., &c.

Being absolutely the only house in the Territory carrying a stock adequate in the magnitude and diversity of its offerings to competing with Eastern and Western houses, who at great expense sometimes drive some into distant parts of our Territory, find themselves obliged to sell with unprofitable profits and prices below which we could supply the trade in smaller quantities and power at home.

Orders promptly filled and honorable treatment guaranteed.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Established in 1864. 55, MAIN STREET.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THE Boot and Shoe business of Mr. W. H. Rowe is now consolidated with the Deseret Tanning and Manufacturing Association. Mr. Rowe has been appointed Superintendent.

WM. JENNINGS, Vice-President.

NOTICE.

TO FRIENDS AND PATRONS.

HAVING consolidated my Boot and Shoe business with the Deseret Tanning and Manufacturing Association, I now heartily thank you for the liberal patronage and friendship heretofore extended to me, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same towards this Association, assuring you that such continued business intercourse will be profitable to you and pleasurable to me.

Very truly yours, WM. H. ROWE.

NOTICE!

To the Public!

THE Auerbach combination has effected is intended to meet an urgent desire of the people of Utah for the establishment of an exclusive first class manufactory of Boots and Shoes. The Directors are known to the whole community, and are a guarantee of the solid and reliable character of the Association.

We respectfully solicit a continuance and increase of patronage, assuring satisfaction to all who purchase or order from us. Correspondence should be addressed to

WM. H. ROWE, Superintendent: Manufactory and Salesroom at the Old Stand, "THE BIG BOOT," 37 East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. Tannery, 19th Ward.

DIRECTORS—John Taylor, Feramorz Little, Wm. Jennings, Wm. H. Hooper, John Q. Winder, H. Dinwoodey, R. T. Burton, George Romney and John Sharp.

OFFICERS—John Taylor, President; Wm. Jennings, Vice-President; D. M. McAllister, Secretary; L. S. Hills, Treasurer; Wm. H. Rowe, Superintendent. d277 tf