

fashion changes somewhat with this, as with other articles of luxury.

All the plants do not reach a uniform maturity, but it is best to take them all clean in the cutting, as the scattering plants are more liable to injury from the sun, the winds, and the rain. When the majority of the plants reach the desired maturity the harvest should begin immediately. The plants require very careful handling, as the midribs of the leaves when ripe, are brittle, and the substance of the leaf itself is delicate. The mid-day sun, if it fall upon the wilting plants, will often hasten the fermentation, and change the color so as to spoil the article. In clear hot weather, the plants should not be cut until two or three o'clock in the afternoon. After cutting, the plants are turned occasionally, and with great care. None but trusty reliable hands should be set about this work. When the dew falls, the plants are put in small bunches of three or four together, and thus left over night. Plants cut just at evening, may be left untouched until the next day at 11 a.m., when they are turned over, and after the sun has had time to dry off the moisture, they may be carried immediately to the shed. The plants cut earlier in the day, and laid in heaps for the night, should be opened as soon as the dew is off, and when thoroughly wilted, or at any rate before 11 o'clock, they should be housed. Every plant should be handled by the butt. Any fracture of the leaf is a serious damage, and puts it into a lower grade in the assorting. There is a good deal of difference between five and thirty five cents a pound, on which the cultivator should keep his eye in the

Tobacco Shed.

In the South, fire is much used in curing. In the North, the sheds are so ventilated that no fire is needed, and a better article is secured. Success depends almost entirely upon the completeness of the ventilation, which should not be vertical, but at the sides. The usual plan in Connecticut is, to have a building twenty four feet wide, to give room for two tiers of twelve-foot rails in tiers one above the other, about five feet apart. The building is made high enough to accommodate three, or at the most, four of these tiers. The tobacco poles are supported by joists or beams, five feet apart, at the sides and in the middle of the building. The siding of the barn runs up and down, and every board is furnished with hinges. Ventilation is also provided for at the bottom, either by raising the whole shed a short distance above the ground, or by having doors swinging vertically on each side of the barn. The lower tier of drying plants should not come within three feet of the ground. The roof, also, has a ventilator extending the whole length of the ridge, and made with valves something like a window blind, so as to furnish air even in showery weather. The leading idea of the whole establishment is, to carry off the moisture of the plants as fast as possible without artificial heat. The roof must be made rain proof, for the plants are greatly damaged by wetting after the drying has commenced.

The number of plants that can be dried properly upon a twelve-foot rail, depends upon their size. The largest plants, say from four and a half to five feet in length, should have from ten to twelve inches space, or from twenty four to twenty eight plants to a rail. Four-foot plants will go from thirty to forty to a rail, and the smaller plants about fifty. The curing of tobacco, either with or without fire, is an art that can only be learned by practice. It requires skill and good judgment that can not be communicated by the fullest description. We will only add further, that in the most drying weather, with a clear northwest wind, it is advisable to close the ventilators on the windward side, and in rainy weather they should be closed up tight. As the air drying process makes the best article, we give no directions for curing by artificial heat—these may be found in the *Agriculturist* Vol. XVI, p. 54.

After the curing process in the sheds, which takes two or three months, the leaves are stripped, assorted and packed for market. As the preserving of the leaves whole, is a matter of a good deal of importance, damp weather is selected for this purpose. When the stem is thoroughly dry, the leaves may be safely packed. Tobacco once hanked too wet can not be dried, and if boxed up too damp it will spoil. Three grades of tobacco, and sometimes four, are made in the assorting; perfect wrappers consisting of the best; imperfect wrappers consisting of large broken leaves and the smaller ones; and the balance for fillers.

HAVING A RIGHT AIM.—A large proportion of the miseries and vices of mankind proceeds from laziness (desidia). With persons of quick minds, to whom it is especially pernicious, this habit is commonly the fruit of disappointments and schemes often baffled. Men fail in their schemes, not so much from their want of strength, but from the ill direction of it. The weakest living creature, by concentrating its powers and using them steadily on a single object, can accomplish something; the strongest, by dispersing his efforts or intermitting them often, may fail to accomplish anything. Have a right aim, and work faithfully to reach it. Happiness is never gained without great persevering effort; as the poet observes:

Work for some good, be it ever so slowly;
Churn the tower, be it ever so lowly;
Labor, all labor is noble and holy.

He who goes through a land and scatters roses, may be tracked the next day by their withered petals that strew the ground; but he who goes through it and scatters rose seeds, a hundred years after leaves behind him a land full of fragrance and beauty for his monument, and as a heritage for his sons and daughters.

Great Salt Lake City Ordinances.

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE 24.]

[No. 12.]

An Ordinance in relation to Water Ditches and Side Walks.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Great Salt Lake City, that all owners or occupiers of lots in said city are hereby authorized and required to dig suitable ditches to convey the waters across the side walks to or from their respective lots.

SEC. 2. Any person or persons having ditches running across the side walk to or from their respective lots are hereby required to bridge or culvert the same, and any person or persons who make ditches across the sidewalks must keep them in such order as to prevent the waters thereof from overflowing.

SEC. 3. Any person or persons having ditches for their convenience running in front of their lots, between the street and side walks, or having ditches in their lots on the line of fence, are hereby required to embank said ditches to keep them from overflowing and damaging said streets or side walks.

SEC. 4. Any person or persons erecting any dam or sluice way in the ditches in front of their lots are hereby required to do so under the direction of the city water master or any assistant water master having jurisdiction, and must keep the same in proper order, as provided for in the third section.

SEC. 5. The water master is hereby required to see that owners or occupiers of lots making water ditches comply with the requirements of this ordinance, and notify them of any neglect or any breach of the same, and it is hereby made his duty after such sufficient notification and a noncompliance, to report the same to the mayor or any alderman of this city, who shall cause the offender to be brought before him, who upon conviction shall be liable to a fine in any sum not exceeding twenty five dollars for each offence, and to pay all damages that may accrue therefrom.

SEC. 6. Any person or persons building a bridge over a ditch, running across any side walk, or between any side walk and street, and such bridge, for the want of the proper repairs, damages any side walk or street, or prevents the free travel of any foot passenger, horse or team of any kind, or causes any damage to any other property, such person or persons, after a notification to repair said bridge, upon a sufficient time being given, fails to make such repairs, shall be liable to double the amount of fine set forth in the preceding section, and the payment of all damages accruing from such neglect.

SEC. 7. Any person or persons holding any grant from the city council of any water privileges for mills, irrigation, or other purposes, who shall suffer any damage to any street, side walk, ditch, or bridge, as hereinbefore specified in the preceding sections of this ordinance, or any lots to be flooded with water, or any damage to any building, or any other property, and upon evidence being adduced that such damage was through a failure on the part of the person or persons holding said grant of water privileges, such person or persons shall be liable to the penalties specified in the preceding section, and the forfeiture of the grant he may hold from said council.

SEC. 8. All persons are hereby forbidden to dig ditches in any of the streets of this city, except they dig them twenty feet from the line of their lots; except by permission of the water master, and any person or persons infringing upon this ordinance shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor exceeding ten dollars.

Passed March 3, 1860.

A. O. SMOOT, Mayor.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, Recorder.

[No. 13.]

An Ordinance relating to the Water and Water Ditches for the Farming Lands in Great Salt Lake City.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Great Salt Lake City, that all owners or occupiers of farming land within the limits of said city are hereby required to make their proportion of good and sufficient water ditches for irrigation, and keep the same in repair, under the direction of the water master having jurisdiction, who shall be required to give reasonable notice of the time and place such work is to be done.

SEC. 2. That all persons are hereby forbidden to run water or dig ditches across any of the public roads or streets within the limits of this corporation, for the purpose of conveying water for irrigation, or other purposes, unless they stone, pave or culvert the same, under the direction of the supervisor.

SEC. 3. Any person or persons infringing upon this ordinance, or refusing to comply with any of its requirements shall be liable to pay any damages arising therefrom, and any fine not exceeding one hundred dollars that may be assessed by any court having jurisdiction.

Passed March 5, 1860.

A. O. SMOOT, Mayor.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, Recorder.

[No. 14.]

An Ordinance in relation to Removing Obstructions from the Side Walks and Streets.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Great Salt Lake City, that every holder of lots on the streets that are now opened, is hereby required to remove from the streets and side walks, fronting said lots, wagons, lumber, wood, cow yards, boxes, fencing or other obstructions; and any person who shall leave or fail to remove any of the above articles, or in any way obstruct any of the side walks, streets or alleys that may or shall be opened, except by permission of the city council, shall be liable to pay a fine in any sum not less than five nor more than fifty dollars for each offence.

SEC. 2. Any person riding, driving or leading any horse, mule, or other animal or team upon any side walk in this city, shall be liable for all damages done to side walk, trees, fences or other improvements, around said walk, and a fine of not less than one, nor more than twenty five dollars for every such offence. Provided nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prohibit persons from crossing the side walk to or from their premises.

SEC. 3. All persons are hereby forbidden to obstruct the side walks or streets by playing at ball, quoits, marbles, jumping, rolling of hoops, flying of kites or any other games or amusements calculated to frighten horses or teams, or to annoy or obstruct the free travel of any foot passenger or team, under the penalty of a fine of not less than one, nor more than ten dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed ten days for each offence and pay all damages.

Passed March 8, 1860.

A. O. SMOOT, Mayor.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, Recorder.

[No. 15.]

An Ordinance regulating the Side Walks, Shade Trees and Water Ditches in Plot D, Great Salt Lake City.

Be it ordained by the City Council of Great Salt Lake City, that the side walks in plot D, Great Salt Lake City, be made ten feet wide, and that the inside edge of the water ditches be the outside line of the side walk, and all shade trees shall be set eight and a half feet from the line of the lot.

Be it further ordained that any person violating any portion of this ordinance shall be liable to pay a fine of not less than one, nor more than one hundred dollars for each offence, and all damages that may accrue from such violation.

Passed March 6, 1860.

A. O. SMOOT, Mayor.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, Recorder.

Married:

In Ogden city, March 15, by Bishop C. W. West, Mr. WM. B. WRIGHT, of G. S. L. City, and Miss EMMA YEARSLEY, of Ogden city.

In Ogden city, March 1, by Bishop C. W. West, Mr. ANDREW TULSON and Miss GENA FUNK, late of Sweden.

At Bates' Rancho, in Tooele county, U. T., March 2, by the Hon. O. E. Bates, Mr. ORLANDO L. GEE and Miss MARY BATES, all of Tooele county.

Died:

On Sunday the 18th inst., of inflammation, at Goshen, Cedar county, ALEXANDER, son of Alexander and Ann Gardner, formerly of Glasgow, Scotland, aged 19 years, 16 days. [Mil. Star please copy.]

In this city, at half-past three o'clock, Thursday, 22d inst., after giving birth to twins, MATILDA M., wife of Elder Walter E. Wilcox, aged 17 years, 10 months and 8 days.

She lived and died in the faith of the gospel.

In this city, March 24, AMANDA W., daughter of Walter E. and Matilda M. Wilcox, aged 2 days and 8 hours.

In Moroni, San Pete county, on the 4th inst., Elder LEVI GIFFORD, in the 71st year of his age.

Brother Gifford was a native of Massachusetts, where he resided till he was 18 years old and subsequently moved to New York and Pennsylvania. In 1816 he joined the Methodist church, of which he continued a member 8 years, but becoming satisfied that the Priesthood was not with that body, he sought consolation and happiness by studying the scriptures and taking the written word of God for his guide. His thirst for the true knowledge of God and his great desires for the gifts and graces of the ancient gospel to be restored were not satiated until April, 1834, when his brother Alpheus brought him the glad tidings of the restoration of the Priesthood and with it all the blessings of the covenant. He was ordained an Elder the August following and labored faithfully to bring others to the knowledge of the truth.

He was a member of Zion's camp, with the Saints in Kirtland, in Missouri, Illinois and Iowa; shared in their sufferings and participated in their blessings, gathered to these valleys in 1850 and led a life of faithful devotion to the cause of truth.

New Advertisements.

PURE SUGAR CANE SEED,

AT 25 cents a quart, can be procured by applying to HIRAM B. CLAWSON, at Pres. Brigham Young's Office. 4-3

FOR SALE.

A GOOD TEN ACRE LOT, situated near Col. Rockwood's farm. Also an excellent CITY LOT to be sold cheap. Apply to Mr. Joshua Arthur, "News" Office. 4-1

ESTRAY.

CAME into my possession last fall, a light Red COW, about 10 years old, with little white under the belly, horns turn inwards; no brands or marks visible. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, take her away and oblige JAMES HAMILTON, 4-1* Mill Creek Ward.

ESTRAY.

CAME to my inclosure, about the first of November last, a light red HEIFER, white under the belly, about 18 months old; no brands or marks visible. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, take her away, and oblige JOHN PYMM, 4-1* Big Cottonwood.

ESTRAY COW.

I HAVE in my possession one large red COW and Calf, 6 years old, crop off the right ear, white spot in the forehead, branded on the left hip. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away. FRANCIS M. outhouse, Provo city. 4-2*

APRIL CONFERENCE.

ALL Parties having Horses or Mules will do well to get EXTRA COLLARS, which will be FOR SALE, near the Temple Block, DURING THE CONFERENCE, FROM ONE TO TWO DOLLARS EACH.

They are States' make and of good quality, and will be sold for Grain of any kind, Butter, Eggs, &c.; Cash not refused. 4-1*

FOR SALE CHEAP, OR TO RENT.

ONE HALF of the commodious Two-Story HOUSE on the State Road, 13th Ward, nearly opposite Claudius V. Spencer's, easily distinguished by its tile roof. It comprises four rooms—two on first floor and two on second.

Stock, store pay, grain or cash, or all of them taken in purchase payment. Inquire of C. OLSEN, On the premises, or at his shop, opposite Cronyn's. 4-1

FOR SALE.

OR in exchange for property in Great Salt Lake City, one CITY LOT, with an ADOBE HOUSE thereon, containing two rooms, situated one block and a half north of Tithing Office, on the bench, Provo City, U. T. Also a small FARM.

Enquire of the subscriber on the premises, or of Robert Burns, 7th ward, G. S. L. City.

Also a small HOUSE and LOT for sale or exchange, on the same block. 4-1* G. H. KNOWLDEN.

VARIETY STORE.

IF you want your Parasols and Umbrellas repaired or re-covered, call on Thomas Hawkes, an experienced workman from London, in the basement room of 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

ALSO Shoe Pegs, Mouse Traps, Clothes Pins, Furniture, Carpenters' Tools, Shoemakers' Findings, Bowls, Crockery, Cooperware, Brooms, Ropes and Twine, with many other Home manufactured notions at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

BOOTS, Shoes, Hats, Pants, Vests, Gloves, Margetson's Socks and Stockings, chiefly Home manufactured, at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

GARDEN SEEDS in great variety at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

BUTTER, Cheese, Bacon, Molasses and Flour at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

JEWELRY, Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, Saddles, etc., at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

RIBBONS, Trimmings, and a variety of Fancy Goods at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

STATIONERY, Drugs, Saleratus, Alum, Tar, etc., at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

LUMBER, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Pickets, etc., at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

A THOUSAND and one Notions at 4 A. TAYLOR & SONS.

Between George Cronyn & Co's and Perry's Store, under the D. guerian Gallery. 4-4

GEORGE GODDARD'S PRICE LIST.

THE Citizens of Utah Territory are especially invited to Read, Mark, Learn, and pay particular attention to, the following list of prices. In attempting to break down a monopoly of exorbitant charges that have long since been exacted for all kinds of merchandise in this country, it must be obvious to all persons of ordinary reflection, that whoever engages in such an undertaking, not only needs, but really merits the co-operation and patronage of the public. During the past seven months I have had the satisfaction of selling many thousand dollars' worth of goods cheaper than they have ever been retailed before in this city, and I do not intend to relax my exertions until the commercial policy of this Territory is carried out on a more righteous and equitable principle towards the people. What more shall I say?—that to carry out the maxim of SMALL PROFITS and QUICK RETURNS is good? Yea, very good—I therefore pledge myself to the former, if you (the public) will secure to me the latter.

I wish to close out quick and prepare for a more extensive assortment, and offer my present Stock at the following low rates:

RANCY AND OTHER GROCERIES, &c.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| Brandy, Whisky, Schiedam | | |
| Schnapps, Stomach Bitters, | each kind \$1 50 per bottle. | |
| Ginger Brandy, Olens Bitters | | |
| Absent | \$2 00 | " |
| Sardines, large boxes | 60 | " |
| small do. | 40 | " |
| Cove Oysters | 1 25 | per tin. |
| Champagne | 2 50 | per bottle. |
| Lemon Syrup | 1 00 | " |
| Peppermint Cordial | 1 00 | " |
| Pepper Sauce | 50 | " |
| Best Layer Raisins | 60 | per lb. |
| do | 50 | " |
| Figs | 50 | " |
| Almonds | 50 | " |
| Pecan Nuts | 50 | " |
| Hazel do | 50 | " |
| California Grapes | 50 | " |
| Fancy Prunes | 60 | do |
| or | 2 25 | per box. |
| Allspice | 40 | per lb. |
| Ground Black Pepper | 15 | per packet. |
| Cloves | 10 | per oz. |
| Nutmegs | 15 | do |
| Cream Tartar | 60 | per lb. |
| Carbonate of Soda | 35 | do |
| Yeast Powders, "Merrill's" | 40 | per tin. |
| Strawberries and other Can Fruit | 75 | do |
| Green Tea | 1 25 | per lb. |
| Best do | 1 50 | do |
| Coffee | 3 lbs for 1 00 | |
| Sugar | 30 | per lb. |
| Rice | 30 | do |
| Chewing Tobacco | 30, 40 & 50 | per plug. |
| do do | Small Pipes, 4 for 25 | |
| Smoking do | 40 | per lb. |
| do do | In papers, 4 for 25 | |
| do do | large papers, 3 for 25 | |
| Fine Cut | 1 00 | per lb. |
| Exquisite | 3 for 25 | |
| Celebrated Scotch Ale for Invalids | 75 | per bottle. |
| Pearl Starch | 40 | per lb. |
| Toilet Soap, 10-cents each, or | 1 00 | per doz. |
| Star Candles | 50 | per lb. |
| New Milk Cheese | 25c. and 30 | do |
| Gunpowder | 60 | do |
| Bar Lead, 30c per lb | 25 00 | per 100. |
| Black Shot | 35 | per lb. |
| Gua Caps | 15 | per box. |
| Double barrelled Guns | from \$10 to 18 00 | |
| Rides | 15 00 | |
| Bed Cords—hemp | 75 | |
| do grass | 60 | |
| Copy Books | 15c. to 20 | each. |
| Ink | 10c. to 50 | per bottle. |
| Envelopes | 15 | per packt. |
| Black Lead Pencils | 5 | each. |
| Hair Oil | 30 | per bottle |
| Ladies Belts | 40 | each. |
| Glue | 60 | per lb. |
| Segareetes | 5 00 | per box. |
| Cigars | from \$3 to 10 00 | do |

SUNDRY ARTICLES.

| | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Writing Paper | 30c. and \$0 35 per quire. |
| Blank Books | 30 each. |
| Tacks | from 10c. to 25 |
| Butcher Knives | 50 each. |
| Frying Pans | 1 00 |
| Axe Helves | 50 |
| Fancy Shot Belts | 1 25 |
| Knife Sheaths | 40 |
| Bees Wax | 10 per cake |
| Wafers | 10 per box |
| Skien Cotton | 10 skien for 10 |
| Suspenders | 50 per pair |
| Silk Braid, Black and White | 15 |
| Watch Keys | 10 |
| Agate Buttons | 4 doz. for 25 |
| Sewing silk, various colors | 5 a skeen |
| Ladies' Hose | 35 & 40 per pair |
| Leather Braid Watch Guards | 50 |

CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS.

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Coats from | \$5 to \$20 |
| Vests " | \$2.75 to \$7 |
| Pants " | \$3 25 to \$7 |
| Shawls " | \$1.50 to \$3. |
| Over Shirts | \$2 00 |
| Check Shirts | 75 |
| Linen Pants | 1 75 |
| Overhauls | 75 |
| Under Shirts | 1 25 |
| Drawers | from 75 to \$1 25. |
| Cotton Socks, "home made" | 25 a pair |
| Boys Caps | from 65 to \$1 |
| Boys Shoes | 1 25 to 1 75. |
| Misses do | do do |
| Calicos 6 yards for | 1 |
| Mertino | 75 per yard |
| Good Wool Hats | \$2 |
| Glazed do | 1 25 &c. &c |
| Gents Silk Handkerchiefs | 75 to \$1 |
| Lady's do | 40 50 & 75cts per yd. |
| Umbrellas | \$1 25 |

AN ASSORTMENT OF NOVELS, CHEAP at wholesale.

A GENERAL VARIETY OF BOOKS AND ENGRAVINGS, which may be had in exchange for all kinds of produce, cooper ware, furniture, lumber, &c., &c.

Please remember the sign of NEWSPAPERS, BOOKS & STATIONERY. 4-1 GEORGE GODDARD.

STOLEN!

FROM Union Fort, on the 26th March, a dark BAY HORSE, about 8 years old, not shod, branded 96 on left thigh; also Y. X. on left shoulder; supposed to be stolen by an Indian. HENRY H. WILSON, 4-1 Union Fort.

ESCAPED FROM CUSTODY!

ALMA WILLIAMS, a prisoner from Utah county, ESCAPED from his place of confinement early on the morning of Thursday, March 22d. He is a young man about 20 years of age, light complexion and about 5 feet, 10 inches high. Should any officer of the Territory find said Williams, he is requested and authorized to arrest him and forward the information to me as early as convenient. W. M. WALL, Sheriff of Utah county.

Provo, March 23, 1860.—4-1

WOOL CARDING AND SPINNING!

WANTED, a SITUATION by a Man who has a thorough practical knowledge of the business, understands fitting up machinery and keeping it in repair. Apply to SAMUEL CRAWFORD, 5th Ward, G. S. L. City.—3-1