

for 1891—with the exception of one Stake. We have reports from all the islands and from the European mission and desire them each year hereafter. The Juvenile choir sang "The God of the Nations."

Assistant Superintendent George Goddard

said that from the missionary reports received from those who visited the various Stakes many good suggestions are made. In some schools, teachers are lacking. Where this is the case, the superintendent should consult with his Bishop, and have active Sunday school workers selected for the head of this work in each ward. The Bishops are very kind in assisting the brethren in this important work. There should be a monthly teachers' meeting at the close of the school, in which all matters for the improvement of the school should be discussed.

Brother Goddard said a matter referred to by Brother Morgan is very important—the vast number of children who absent themselves from Sunday schools. The Union Board have adopted a remedy for this—they have published the "Visiting Book," in which every eligible Sunday school child in the ward should be recorded. Visitors should be appointed for certain districts, to labor in securing the attendance of absentees—and in this way we may get nearly every child into the Sabbath schools. Where these books have been tried, there has been, in one instance, an increase of 50 per cent.

The speaker exhorted all parents and lovers of truth to assist in furthering this great work.

Apostle F. M. Lyman

was very deeply interested in the great Sunday school cause. From the report, he thought there were many who did not attend Sunday schools as they should do.

It is expected that Sunday school workers be living examples of what they teach—they should teach by precept and by example. Especially should this be the case in the important principles of the Word of Wisdom and the administration of the Sacrament.

The Word of Wisdom should be emphasized in all Sunday school gatherings.

Example is the very best and strongest mode of teaching the Word of Wisdom. If it is possible in the wards to find those who strictly adhere to this principle, they should be selected as superintendents and teachers. The children, seeing their superiors in schools teach what they live up to, are apt to follow their examples, and become great and good men and women.

The Sacrament is also a very sacred and important ordinance which should be administered every Sabbath without exception. The speaker admonished the Saints to see to it that this be not neglected. The Bishops of the wards are the ones to see that this is attended to every Sabbath.

The speaker said he wished to emphasize the importance of teaching by example the Word of Wisdom and the administration of the Sacrament in our Sabbath schools every Sunday. There is no more sacred ordinance even in the Tem-

ples, than that of the Sacrament. Parents should encourage their children to be prompt in attending the Sabbath school and uphold the hands of the superintendents and officers.

#### GENERAL AUTHORITIES.

The general authorities of the Sunday school cause were presented by the general secretary, as follows: President George Q. Cannon, general superintendent; George Goddard first assistant; John Morgan second; general officers Sunday School Union Board, George Q. Cannon, George Goddard, John Morgan, George Reynolds, Abraham H. Cannon, Thomas C. Griggs, Joseph W. Summershays, Levi W. Richards, Francis M. Lyman and Heber J. Grant; George Reynolds, general treasurer; John M. Whitaker, general secretary.

All were unanimously sustained.

The secretary then read the totals from the Deseret Sunday School Union statistical report for 1891.

Apostle H. J. Grant

was gratified to meet such a vast audience of Sabbath school workers. It reminded him of an article which appeared some years ago in the *North American Review* written by a gentleman who had for about thirty or forty years been connected with Sunday school work in New York; and this gentleman gave the statement that one thousand or fifteen hundred high-toned church members on Fifth Avenue could not muster one hundred Sabbath school children. The Scriptures tell us that "by their fruits shall ye be known" and the presence here tonight, as also the vast number of children in these valleys spoke of the virtue of the Latter-day Saints. The speaker said the greatest crime a human being could commit was sinning against their own flesh and blood, drying up the fountains of life, failing to fulfill the commandments of God in multiplying and replenishing the earth. He was thankful for the showing made by the Latter-day Saints in this direction, that they recognize and prove by their labors that they are willing to keep the commandments of God. The speaker rejoiced in the glorious work being accomplished by the Sabbath schools and invoked the blessings of heaven upon all efforts made to advance the youth of Zion and assist in redeeming the souls of men.

President George Q. Cannon

then addressed the congregation. He bore a strong testimony to the good work done by the Sunday schools and said he heartily supported every movement for the advancement of the great cause of the Union.

Assistant Supt. Geo. Goddard

then said: "I am going to offer up a prayer—I would like response from the whole congregation; God bless the boys and girls that constitute this juvenile choir, with Brother Stephens as their leader. All who feel to back up that prayer, say amen"—and then the vast hall echoed the hearty response from the congregation—"Amen."

The juvenile choir rendered "The Pilgrims Chorus."

Benediction by Apostle Abraham H. Cannon. JNO. M. WHITAKER, General Secretary.

#### MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS.

Secretary Sears, of the Chamber of Commerce, has written the following communication to an Indiana capitalist in response to a request for information regarding the opportunities for manufacturing in or near this city:

Dear Sir:—Your esteemed favor of the —inst. at hand. It gives me pleasure to submit to you answers to your questions, which show that you have lost no time in becoming interested in this great discovery, "natural gas." I shall answer your questions in the order in which they appear, and trust you will find them satisfactory.

Labor can be had at \$1.50 per day for the inexperienced; \$4 to \$4.50 for masons and \$3.50 to \$4 for carpenters. Lumber as per inclosed price list; red brick at \$7 per thousand, and coal slack \$2.25 per ton. Will send you by this mail samples of lime and sand which are found within the city limits.

The freight rates from Salt Lake City to San Francisco and St. Louis are respectively \$1.10 and \$1.45 on glass.

"Natural gas" will be furnished to manufacturers at eastern prices. Lime rock is worth \$1.50 per ton, and refined 15 cents per bushel. Soda ash and salt cake can be produced at about \$4 per ton. A firm that once made it here claim that it can be produced cheaper here than any other part of the United States, as everything necessary can be obtained in the immediate vicinity. Sulphate of soda can be had from the lake at a price cheaper than salt cake or soda ash.

Land will be furnished to manufacturing enterprises free of charge near to the gas wells.

One hundred boxes of A quality glass, 24x36, would cost here \$500; \$5 per case of nine lights.

There is no Trenton rock; struck gas at 700 feet in sandstone, but the pressure was so great that it was impossible to penetrate it, as it has a pressure of 1000 pounds to six inches, and shows its full pressure in less than thirty seconds. Have used 600 feet of tubing, casing and drive pipe, and the wells have an output of 12,000,000 feet in twenty-four hours.

The above information is perfectly reliable, having been obtained from an active gas man who is thoroughly familiar with all the details.

We are of the opinion that this country, with its natural resources, offers greater inducements in the way of manufacturing enterprises than any other city in the West, and we should be pleased to have you locate here and be among the first to reap the rich harvest that is in store for the people of this great Territory.

Trusting that you will find this information to your satisfaction and any other that we may be instrumental in furnishing you will be with pleasure.

I enclose you herewith circular and photograph of the gas wells which will give you a more full description than I can write.

PARIS, April 10.—Major Brackett, in Madrid, writes that he has made a tour of Spain, and through minister Grubb got Premier Canovas Del Castillo to appoint a strong provisional fair committee. Now that the French credit for the Chicago fair is voted the government will appoint a committee of sixty members with M. Berger as president. The Paris Chamber of Commerce has passed a series of resolutions favoring the fair. At a large industrial banquet held this evening French co-operation in the fair was urged.