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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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WEYLER'S BAPTISM.

Insurgent's Surprise Him Outside the Village of Capaire.

ANOTHER WAR VESSEL CAPTURED.

Spanish Troops Vainly Interfere With a Funeral—Sagasta's Nephew for Leave Cuba.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

General Weyler has received his baptism of fire in the field. He and his own have been saluted by the brilliancy of the flesh of the insurgent steel before his very eyes. At all events eighteen of his special escort of guides, a corps of Cuban negroes who enjoy the distinction of guarding the person of the captain general when he takes the field have arrived here seriously wounded with machete thrusts. Several have since died.

From inner acts it is clear that early on Tuesday morning the rebels under Aranguren and Aranguren made a startlingly bold and dashing attempt to capture the captain general which was nearly crowned with success. General Weyler who was marching surrounded by the column of Colonel Segura entered the village of Capaire Camiro on Monday afternoon. Orders were at once given that all the inhabitants should leave their homes within two hours. The village being deserted the torch was applied and all the houses, about 300 in number, were destroyed.

The captain general then proceeded toward Capaste, sixteen kilometres further on the road to Guiro. Capaste was reached after night fall and a corps of guides was sent forward to reconnoiter. General Weyler, with the main Spanish column followed. General Segura, halted some distance outside the village. The insurgents, at the orders of their leaders, had concealed themselves in the houses of the town. Their plans were evidently well laid, and it is quite probable that they might have succeeded in capturing the desired prize—he Spanish commander himself. In any event from their covert they could have inflicted great loss upon the Spanish column, as it entered the town unprepared for an ambush, conceived under such unusual circumstances and in so bold a manner.

Unfortunately for the half dozen of the designs of the insurgent leaders while the Spanish scouts were engaged in the main ambuscade the guns of some of the concealed rebels were accidently discharged, giving the alarm to the royal troops. Beside the Spanish advance guard commanded by Colonel Segura, the rebels, seeing that their plan had partly failed, rushed from their places of concealment and attacked the enemy with great fury, inflicting severe losses in their resistance onslaught. So bold in fact was the insurgents column that it pushed its rapidly retreating Spanish foes to a point almost within range of the troops in General Weyler's own body guard. Finally within the compass of a half hour if the capitale general had cared to inspect the disposal of his own soldiers.

Captain General Weyler spent Wednesday night in Guines and according to official reports received here expected to enter Matanzas yesterday.

STOPPED A FUNERAL PROCESSION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A Tampa, Fla., special to the World says:

Carlos Ashley, well known literary man and a Cuban by birth, died Sunday at Gainesville. The funeral procession was fired upon and stopped by mobs of Spanish soldiers who broke open his coffin, took out the corpse and after brutally handling and beating it with minerals and weapons threw it into the street and forbade the mourners to take it up. The people dispersed in fear of their lives but some hours later finding that the soldiers had left they recovered the body and buried it.

The bodies of three school girls who disappeared last week were found Tuesday on the outskirts of Gainesville mutilated and with hardly a shred of clothing upon them. Dogs had partly eaten them.

DEVOTED TO CUBAN LIBERTY.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The World this morning says:

Francisco Rosado of Iguaja called on Delegate Palma last night. He is a nephew of General Pio Rosado who was one of the most noted Cuban leaders during the ten years war, and who surrendered under the flag of truce, being shot two days later.

Francisco is in New York to join the Cuban insurgents. He said: "For years my father had taken no interest in Cuban affairs, but when he heard of General Maceo's death and the Spanish butchery which followed it, he called me to him and gave me $1,000. 'Take,' he said, 'will to enough to pay your expenses to Cuba by way of New York. Report to General Palma and get into the field as soon as possible. From this time on your life and mine must be devoted to the cause of Cuban liberty."

ANOTHER SPANISH SHIP GONE.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 23.—Advices received here state that the Spanish gunboat Cometa has been captured and burned by the Insurgents. The Cometa, which was one of the most powerful of the smaller Spanish vessels in Cuban waters has been cruising near Cardenas to prevent the landing of filibustering expeditions. For some time the boat has been accustomed to anchor at night off Sierra Morena. The place where the gunboat anchored was favorable for an attack from shore. The insurgents opened fire on the vessel with a 12-pound field bible gun. The vessel was struck several times and badly damaged by shells from the field bible gun and while the crew was in confusion boats landed with insurgents left the shore and the Cometa was boarded. A desperate hand to hand fight took place on the deck of the gun boat. The Cubans used the machete with deadly effect and finally killed the Spanish commander and half of the men. The rest were killed the survivors surrendered. The insurgents sent the prisoners ashore and then sunked the vessel, securing a great quantity of ammunition, any cannons and pieces of small arms. The quick firing cannon were also removed. The Cubans then fired the boat, which was soon burned to the water's edge.

Order to Fire Mitchelly.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Professor Oliver, editor of the Sun, Professor Mitchelly, is at the Auditorium.

"I am on my way to see Major McKinley," said Mr. Oliver. "I received a telegram from him telling me to meet him at Canton. I am going to see the President-elect on behalf of the friends of Judge James A. Wayman of California, who is a candidate for a cabinet position."

Suspected of Forging the Powell Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—By reason of a strange story given to a paper of this city, George McDonald, the celebrated Book of Kansas swindling and forging associates in this notorious escapade, Edwin Lucas, of Hills, are under arrest in Colorado, being held on a trivial charge and extradition that Mr. McDonald is wanted in San Francisco to answer a charge of forging the Powell will of the late Jessie G. Fair.

In fact neither McDonald or Noyes was ever accused or suspected of forging the Powell will or say a word concerning the importance in the litigation over Senator Fair's millions. Captain of Detectives Lees says that early yesterday he received a telegram from Colorado saying if McDonald was wanted in San Francisco and replied in the negative.

Captain Lees added that McDonald Spring was well known in the crime annals. He is known in San Francisco as the Kansas Kid, and that it was an outrage to arrest him for a crime he which he has never been even suspected.

Dewey's Nephew Shot.

OAKLAND, Cal., Jan. 23.—A young man known to the police as at the Oakland drilling park as Antonio Maceo, and is said to be a nephew of the late Cuban General Antonio Maceo, was disappointed from his haunts and is supposed to be on his way to Cuba to join the insurgents.

A dispatch from the Examiner said that the Cuban Junta has secured the services of a number of the filibusters in the filing Cuban and had telegraphed him to come to New York. It is said that young Maceo is on his way to New York but to New Orleans where he intends raising volunteers to aid him in avenging the assassination of his illustrious uncle.

GOOD OPINION OF GAGE.

Has Much Experience and is Cool, Collected and Courteous.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—When informed of the report that Lyman J. Gage of Chicago might be offered the treasury portfolio by President Elect McKinley's cabinet E. P. Pullen vice president of the Bank of the Republic said:

"No better choice could be made. Mr. Gage has the reputation of being one of the leading financiers of the United States. He has been extremely successful. He has had vast experience in monetary affairs, he is at all times cool, collected, refined and courteous."

Thomas L. James, president of the Lincoln National bank, said: "The appointment of Lyman J. Gage of Chicago to be secretary of the treasury would be an ideal one—as good as could be made."

CREATED A SENSATION.

Receiver Clarke of the C. P. Says He Knows Gil Lincoln about it.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A special to the Tribune from Omaha says: The announcement of the plan of settlement of the great Union Pacific system created sensation in Omaha. Much speculation is indulged in but officers of the company are not inclined to talk. President and manager Dickinson and receiver S. H. H. Clarke of the Union Pacific said: There is absolutely nothing in Union Pacific affairs that has not been published. I have adhered to the press dispatches from New York that Mr. Sage and Mr. Gould and the Union and the United States Trust company have agreed to eliminate the government interests in the Union Pacific but that is all that I know of it. I know nothing personally of the Gould and Sage or private advice regarding the matter.

Fight With Yaqui Indians.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Jan. 23.—At Rosario, west of here, in the heart of the Sierra Madre range, a large force of rural guards yesterday had a battle with a band of Yaqui Indians who had started out on their winter raids of pillage and murder against the farmers and miners of that section. Twenty of the Indians were killed and all the members of two families had been slain. To make a raid and an attempt to sack the village of Rosales, where the force of rural guards of state troops arrived at the place in response to a message and made the attack on the Indians. The fight was a desperate one and resulted in twenty Indians and five soldiers being killed.

FORECLOSURE SUIT.

Gen. Cowen of Omaha Appears as Champion of the Government.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—U. S. Circuit Judge Sanborn has issued an order authorizing a foreclosure suit against the receivers of the Union Pacific road. The government representative who appeared before Judge Sanborn is Gen. J. C. Cowen of Omaha.

General Cowen had his mission a secret but quietly intimated to Judge Sanborn during the course of the day that he might probably desire an audience before the night ended. At a late hour last night Cowen appeared at the hotel and was immediately admitted to the judge's room, where a proceeding in chambers was duly begun with the usual formalities.

The attorney for the government was provided with a voluminous document which was produced and proved to be a bill praying that the lien of the United States on the Union division of the Union Pacific railroad be foreclosed. It is the practice of the United States courts in proceedings against properties in the hands of receivers and trustees to allow Richard Olney and Mr. Cowen who represents the Department of Justice to be joined in the bill. The property is located. Accordingly General Cowen asked for and obtained leave to set forth the receivers, who were appointed at the instance of first mortgage bondholders as well as the government.

The court granted an order giving the Union Pacific permission to run the receivers from Omaha to Grafton, Neb., and to permit the sale of lands by Dodge and others, thereby forfeiting mortgage bondholders of the Kansas Pacific railway company the Union Pacific railway company.

Gen. Cowen entered an appearance for the government in the Denver suit and asked that leave be granted to file the day of the court in Denver.

The permission was granted, the proceeding being in the nature of a friendly suit. It is merely a test of the constitutionality of the Reorganization act, which, where the courts and the bill, for foreclosure will be filed.

In Union division of the Union Pacific railway is owned the government and seeks to foreclose its lien on that portion of the road. In Council Bluffs, Iowa, to Ogden, Utah, and embraces 1,042 miles and a total mileage operated by the company of 5,875 miles.

Receivers for the Union Pacific were appointed in October, 1893. The receivers are E. H. H. Clarke, Oliver W. Mink, R. Riley Anderson, John W. Doane and Frederick B. Candler.

BACK TO PRIVATE LIFE.

Preparing to Receive the Cleveland Family in Princeton.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Princeton is already seeking preparations to receive the President and Mrs. Cleveland when they begin their housekeeping in that town. It is understood the Cleveland family will arrive on March 5 or 7. Three telephone will be given to introduce the Clevelands to Princeton.

The first will be by the faculty of the college and will be held at President Patton's house. The second will be for the purpose of introducing them to Princeton and Mercer county society. The third will be a dinner given in honor of the President will have a political aspect as well. This will be a general reception to Mr. Cleveland by the Democrats of Princeton and some by the Democrats of Princeton.

The retiring President, soon after his arrival, will give a reception to all the people of Princeton.

That $1,000 Package.

DENVER, Jan. 23.—The registered mail package containing $5,000, whose theft was announced here yesterday, was consigned by a Cheyenne firm to Chicago, and not outside from San Francisco to Denver as reported yesterday.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—In addition to resuming the hearing on the Lodge sound coins bill, the Senate passed a number of bills including the following:

To refund to Ames and Detrick, San Francisco, drawbacks on grain bags exported in 1893; authorizing $18,000 for H. Kocan, who was killed by mob violence at Walsenburg, Colo., March, 1895, and a bill setting aside to Samuel E. Lyon of Fort Huron, Mich.

Morgan, Ala., presented a resolution requesting the President to transmit all correspondence relating to the Nicaragua canal since 1887, between the United States and any minister or representative of Nicaragua. The resolution was adopted.

The Senate also passed the bill relaxing the safeties of railway postal clerks in chasing from one to ten, and making the pay from $900 to $1,000.

Suicide or Malpractice.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The woman who registered at the Palmer House as Mrs. A. B. Holeman, of Omaha, in whose real name appears to be Mrs. John M. Gordon, died last night under circumstances that point to either malpractice or self destruction. She registered at the Palmer House and immediately sent for a physician. She, however, refused to permit an examination to be made to locate the trouble and shortly afterwards died this morning. A postmortem examination was made late afternoon. A letter was found in the woman's satchel from one John Gordon, Los Angeles, Wash., addressed to Julia F. Gordon, which indicated he was her husband. She was about forty years of age.

Found Guilty.

LYONS, Iowa, Jan. 23.—The ministerial trial of Rev. H. A. Morley, president of the Northern Illinois college has ended. Morley was found guilty.

General Steamers Dead.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 23.—General John D. Stevenson, a lawyer, aged 76, is dead, after a prolonged illness. He served with distinction in the Mexican and civil wars.

Had a Serious Crash.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The British brig Zeverina Light, which sailed from Stapleton last Tuesday with a mixed crew of 16 men, for Buenos Ayres, was compelled to anchor off Sandy Hook day until yesterday, when she shipped her new crew.

While she was tied down the bay there was some lively scenes on board the Electric Light. It is alleged the captain and officers of the vessel drank and threatened to shoot the sailors if they attempted mutiny. The negro sailors defied the officers. Captain Edwards finally decided to anchor and ship a new crew.

Don't Want to Let Him Accept.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A meeting of the directors of the First National bank, of which Lyman J. Gage is president, was held today to consider whether the interests of the institution would permit of Gage's withdrawal to accept the treasury portfolio in President-elect McKinley's cabinet, should the place be tendered him. Some opposition to Gage's acceptance developed, but it was finally decided to leave the matter entirely to Gage. Gage said he had not yet decided upon a course, but would do so today.

IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Women of Colorado Working in the Interest of SilverTure.

SNOBBISH GEIS A HEAVY BLOW.

The Queen's Diamond Jubilee—Around the World in Paper—Work Twain Finish.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—[Copyright 1897 by the Associated Press.]—It is rumored that Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, who has been visiting England in the interest of bimetallism, is not quite satisfied with the progress of his mission here. He has been busily at work meeting people, seeing to their wants from here and of course he could not be received by the Marquis of Salisbury because he had no official credentials. The Bimetallic league, however, has given Senator Wolcott the heartiest reception and Sir William Henry Houldsworth, conservative member of Parliament for the Northwestern division of Manchester, who was the British delegate at the bimetallic congress at Brussels in 1892, and Lord Avebury, ex-president of the Bank of Antony Gibbs & Sons, bankers and bimetallists, have recently a government for how a reluctant of the Blood of England, have had long interviews with the senator and one of all, him in which the Senator Edward Wolcott finds that the position here remains unchanged from the time of the Brussels conference namely that the British government and the house of commons are committed to deal in their power in secure of international agreement. The stable money people in the Unionist party are grumbling at the free coinage of gold and silver. The Bank of England is still willing to keep gold in reserve to deal in bullion. But in spite of the vehement Mr. Balfour's speech has been expressed to Senator Wolcott to bring to the minds of India into any international agreement Great Britain under the circumstances will take the initiative in calling a new conference considering as she does that the silver offers are the first practical step toward international bimetallism taken by any government. She now wants to see what practical steps other governments are willing to take.

The continental powers are equally unwilling to take the lead in calling a monetary conference, as they think, naturally believe that the United States, both by its position and importance, must take the initiative.

SOUTHERN SENTINEL.

The attempt of Sir Wm. Rose, who is a member of the Canadian Guards, was served in the Canadian militia, to shut out the public from the Queen's grounds on his seat (Moor Park near Farnham, Surrey), has created a great deal of talking and has led to a remarkable manifestation on Sunday, when the gates were locked for the first time in generation. Hundreds of people, headed by the Farnham district council, marched to the gates and demanded admittance. When this was refused the councilmen put the bolts and chains with chisels and hammers brought for the purpose, and the crowds flocked into the grounds cheering for the council.

There was much hooting when the crowd passed the mansion. The chains and fastenings of all the other gates were cut in the same manner.

SIR HARCOURT KICKED.

The latest news from Cairo indicates that the start of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition for Dongola may be expected within six months. The preliminaries are being expedited, and when Sir Herbert Kitchener, the sirdar, returns to the Nile from Cairo, it is quite probable that Sir Harcourt Bidder will supersede Sir Herbert Kitchener at the head of 20,000 British troops, who are going to affine the frontiers of the Egyptian army, starts for Khartoum he will probably find but little to impede a rapid advance on this side of the Soudan. There is no reason why Kitchener should be superseded, except on account of his youth.

THE DIAMOND JUBILEE.

Interest in the queen's jubilee is augmenting rapidly everywhere with the universal preparations to celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of her reign. West End hotels are nearly doubled and large numbers of the aristocracy usually let their houses for the season are remaining in town. Recent cable dispatches have intimated that the United States claiming that the health of the queen is so bad that she shows some evidences of insanity have led the Lancashire people to believe that the reports are absolutely untrue and that the condition of her majesty does not give any cause for anxiety. It is to be hoped the survivors apart from the naturally attaching to old age.

The Chronicle says that Mr. Dubell, who has just started for Ottawa, while in England has sought out opportunities of making known to official and commercial circles the strongest desire of the Laurier ministry to cooperate in every way to establish an era of good will to anglo-American relations.

MARK TWAIN HAVE AND POOR.

Few of Mark Twain's many friends know of the plucky fight he is making with adversity of how badly he has been used by fortune. In a word, Mark Twain, who a couple of years ago thought himself a rich man, is today worse than penniless. Since his return from Africa a few months ago he has been living in very modest lodgings in London, doing some work and seeing but one or two friends, working all day and every day at a history of his trip around the world. With the proceeds of this book he hopes to be able to pay off his creditors and leave something for his family. Mark Twain has probably overpaid his creditors. Webster & Co. failed, and the lecture trip around the world, which he undertook with the hope of retrieving his fortunes, did not turn out a financial success for him. He is over 60 years of age, in poor health and is a strange country. American sympathy is strongly with the poor people within the shadow of the Irve. One attorney general takes a view directly in opposition to that announced by Judge Lacke and in order that the matter may be brought in a speedy determination has applied to the United States supreme court for a writ of certiorari to U.S.C. court of appeals at New Orleans, directing the case to be at once certified to the U. S. Supreme Court for trial.

PARTY EXPEDIENCY.

Senator Jones Undertakes to Instruct the Idaho Legislature.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, today sent a telegram to Secretary Walsh, in Idaho, saying to the assembly: Inform that party expediency demanded the Democrats in the Idaho legislature to vote for Dubois.

Another Boy's Voice.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The first letter bearing money for United States senator received today Denny, 29; Forney, 24; Hopkins, 1; Kline, 1; Daniels, 9; Wilson, 7; scattering, 8; absent, 8.

SCALPERS' TICKETS.

Petitions to Congress Against the Passage of a Law

PROHIBITING THE SALE OF THEM.

They Were Signed by Members of the Legislature and Prominent Citizens.

The interstate commerce commission recently made a recommendation to Congress urging that a law be passed prohibiting the sale of scalpers' tickets. It was contemplated to forbid the sale of railroad tickets by all persons except duly authorized agents of the railroad corporations. Many of these scalpers' tickets are sold at reduced rates and it sometimes occurs that people who purchase them are either put off the train or compelled to pay their fare. When application is made for redress at the offices of the companies, it is refused on the ground that the ticket was not transferable. To avoid this the recommendation was made that the sale of these tickets be stopped.

Two petitions have been sent from this city urging Congress to take no action in such matter. The petitions were signed by members of the Utah legislature now in session, and by other prominent citizens of Salt Lake.

The position taken against the passage of the law is that it would be in the interest of the railways and against the people generally. The petitions have been circulated among leading citizens for signatures and it is understood were sent to Washington last evening.

Judge Powers's Lecture.

More than four hundred persons gathered in the second ward meeting house last night and listened to Judge Powers relate in a pleasing and eloquent manner the virtues and superiorities of the old fashioned woman. When he described the old home, the knitting bees, the quilting parties, and the spelling matches of former days, smiles of recognition beamed in the faces of many of the older persons in the audience. The parallel between the old pumpkin pie with the modern mince pie of today was most heartily applauded.

Junior McIlhaid surprised the audience by his pleasing appearance in the Scottish Highland dress, in which with which he tripped the Highland fling to the music of the bagpipe as well handled by W. C. Dunbar.

The people are anxiously waiting for the next lecture, which will occur on February 5th, by Prof. Evan Stephens. A number of Utah's best singers are expected to appear on that occasion.

Utah Poultry Association.

The Utah Poultry association met last night and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, E. H. Hollingsworth, Salt Lake; first vice-president, W. J. Dyke, Ogden; second vice-president, C. J. Trump, Salt Lake; secretary and treasurer, C. H. Rowe, Salt Lake; assistant secretary, W. G. Margetts, Salt Lake; executive committee, S. O. Day, C. S. Higby and John W. Rice. There will be another meeting on February 9 for the purpose of completing the final affiliate concerning the show that has just closed to this city. The affair has been an unqualified success, but it will take some time for the officers to give a correct report of it.

The Pioneer Jubilee.

Another meeting of the Pioneer Jubilee commission will be held this evening at the residence of Chairman Clawson in the Bee Hive house. Members of the committee called on the First Presidency yesterday and outlined the plans and purpose of the commission. The Presidency expressed themselves in sympathy with the movement and their willingness to support the committee.

Woman's Press Club.

The Utah Woman's Press club will hold its regular monthly meeting at the office of the Woman's Exponent on Saturday, January 23, at 7:30 p.m. The following program will be given:

Recommendations from Boston Annual.
Paper, Jane Snell ..... by Dr. Ivins
Paper, Louisa Wall ..... by Mrs. Lillie Paine
Paper, ... Mrs. Emma B. Allen
Paper, Minutes of the C. L. S. on the Press ..... Mrs. Cannon

All members are urged to be present.

RAWLINS GAINS TWO

Thatcher and Henderson Each Loses One.

SEVERAL BALLOTS TAKEN TODAY.

Fluctuations of the Senatorial Contest as Developed Today.

LIX.

On the first ballot for U. S. Senator today, the result was as follows:

For Rawlins—Senators: Caine, Chambers, Evans, Johnson, Smith, total, 5. Representatives: Cable, S. N. Cook, Lemmon, Lund, Rooney, Sheppard, A. P. Swenson, Stewart, Wilson, total, 9; grand total, 14.

For Henderson—Senators: Allred, Hansen, Summitt, Wright, total, 4. Representatives: Anderson, Benson, Duffin, Greenwood, Hardy, Hopkins, Kenner, Kimball, Maxfield, McKay, Officer, Owens, Parry, Taylor, Parsons, total, 13; grand total, 17.

For Thatcher—Senator: Harbour, Mason, Nebeker, Blanchard, Robinson, Whitaker, A. Nebeker; total, 7. Representatives: E. S. Cook, Greer, Dobson, Dreyer, Fletcher, Gibson, La Barthe, Murdock, Price, Ray, Roylance, Sloan, N. C. Swenson, Thomson, Thorney, Wheeler; total, 16; grand total, 23.

For C. W. Bennett—Senator: None. Representatives: Hansen, O. G. Kimball, Robinson; total, 3.

For Lawrence — Representative Morgan.

For Nebeker — Senator Snow and Representative Martin.

For Powers—Senator Cannon.

So far as the three leading candidates were concerned, the first ballot was the same as yesterday's except that A. P. Swenson left Henderson and went to Rawlins and A. V. Martin left Thatcher and went to Nebeker.

The three Republican members voted for C. W. Bennett, making the following tabulation:

Rawlins	14
Henderson	17
Thatcher	23
Lawrence	1
Bennett	3
Morgan	1
Nebeker	1
Powers	1

Necessary to a choice, 32.

On the second ballot Martin went back to Thatcher, which was the only change.

On the fourth ballot Murdock left Thatcher and went to Rawlins, which was the only change. The ballot gave Rawlins 15, Henderson 19 and Thatcher 23. Rawlins and gained today two votes, one each from Thatcher and Henderson.

After the fourth ballot the joint session took a recess until 2:30 o'clock.

The afternoon session met at 2:35, but as soon as the roll was called a member moved to dissolve. On a rising vote the motion carried, 36 to 22. No ballot for Senator was taken, and the totals to day stands as follows:

Rawlins	15
Henderson	19
Thatcher	23
Bennett	3
Lawrence	1
Powers	1
Nebeker	1

Necessary to a choice, 32.

THE ELLIS CONCENTRATOR CO.

Articles of Incorporation Filed with the County Clerk Today.

Articles of incorporation of the Ellis Concentrator company were filed with the county clerk today. The object of the incorporation is to carry on the manufacturing, building and erecting, etc., of concentrators and concentrating plants. The capital stock of the company is fixed at $50,000, divided into 50,000 shares of the par value of $1 each.

The headquarters of the company will be at Salt Lake City. The names of the incorporators are Henry Rives Ellis, San Francisco; W. G. Lamb, W. S. McCornick, Jeremiah Schenck, A. C. Ellis Jr., all of Salt Lake City, and W. V. Rice and David Keith of Park City.

W. V. Rice is president, Jeremiah Schenck vice-president, W. G. Lamb secretary, and the banking house of McCornick and company treasurer.

MORTGAGE TAXES.

An Opinion From the Attorney General Is Solicited Today.

The attorney general sent the following opinion to James A. Melville, County Attorney of Millard county today:

Dear Sir—Answering your favor of January 11, in which you state that mortgages to the amount of $110,000.00 were assessed in your county for the year 1896, that the taxes for the year 1896 on the taxes thereon have not been collected, for the reason stated in your communication, namely, that the law requires the state or county charged with the amount of taxes due upon these mortgages, and that to be collected, it is necessary to pursue in order to get credit from the state for that amount of such taxes.

Replying thereto I beg to say that the legislature body is the only body possessed the power to authorize the State auditor to credit the amount of taxes to your county.

I have the honor to be,
A. C. Dickson,
Attorney General.

Home Missionaries.

The regular monthly meeting of the home missionaries of the Salt Lake stake of Zion will convene in the Fourteenth ward hall, Salt Lake City, on Wednesday, January 27th, at 7:30 p.m. Any of the southern being unable to attend the meeting, they will please use that the report of their labors for the month past is sent in in writing.

JAMES D. STERLING,
Clerk.