DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XV. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 13, 1882. NO. 249.

CHICAGO TRADE.

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Manufacturers and Jobbers of
HATS, CAPS, FURS & MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
BUCK GOODS, Etc., Etc.
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WALKER, OAKLEY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
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BOSTON, 11 High Street. CHICAGO, 179 & 181 Lake St.

M. S. VANDEUSEN, WM. LEIMERT.
JOHN C. NEEMES & CO.,
MANUFACTURING
CONFECTIONERS
28, 30, 32, & 34 MICHIGAN AVENUE,
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Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. its Branch Stores and dealers generally in the Territory. d108 1y

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Palmer, Fuller & Co.,
Wholesale Manufacturers of
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Our Goods are constantly kept in Stock by the largest Lumber Dealers in Salt Lake City and Ogden. Price Lists and Moulding Sents sent free upon application. d108 1y

STAR HORSE NAILS!
POLISHED OR BLUED.
Will hold a Shoe on Longer than any other.
We Guarantee our Nails to be Equal in Quality and Durability to any made.
Made from the Best Norway Iron. Finished all ready to drive, by the
UNION HORSE NAIL COMPANY,
CHICAGO.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores.

AN ARTICLE OF WORLD-WIDE RENOWN
FAIRBANK'S PURE REFINED LARD.

Ones used always desired in the Future.
TRY IT.
N. K. FAIRBANK & Co.,
CHICAGO.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Houses and Dealers Generally. d108

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
Star, "74," Sledge, Clipper, Corner Stone,
AND OTHER BRANDS OF
TOBACCO.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and Branch Stores.

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Manufacturers and Jobbers of
PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES.
Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Gas Pipes, Plumbers' and Steam Fitters' Brass Goods, Belting, Hose and Packing.
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Fence Wire, Barbed Wire, Fencing, Etc., Etc.
300 NORTH SECOND ST., ST. LOUIS, MO. d103 1y

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STEWART'S
BRUSHES.
EVERY BRUSH MANUFACTURED BY Stewart is warranted to work well, and give entire satisfaction until worn out. For sale at Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., S. P. Culmer & Co., Barnes & Davis, Moore, Allen & Co., H. Alf, S. P. Teasdel, Geo. Mott & Co., Dunnington & Co., Clark, Eldridge & Co., Sears & Liddle, Kimball & Lawrence.
STEWART, BROS. Co.,
Pittsburg, Pa.

HAZARD POWDER!
Office, 63, Pine St., New York.
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
GUNPOWDER:
BLASTING, KENTUCKY RIFLE, FINE SAWN, DUCK, ELECTRIC, FUSE.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and all the principal stores in the Territory, and by
H. S. CLAWSON, Agent.

DR. ROMANIA B. PRATT,
OFFICE OVER GODBE & PITTS' DRUG STORE.
Special attention given to Diseases of
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat,
Catarrhs and Diseases of Women.
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BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.
Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall Street, New York.

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CARPETING,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS DRUGGETS MATS ETC.
342 & 344 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores.

CLARK BROTHERS.
Formerly Draper, Clark & Co.
HAT WAREHOUSE.
622 & 624 BROADWAY,
and 156 & 158 CROSBY ST.,
NEW YORK.

B. W. MERRIAM & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
LOOKING GLASSES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
No. 577 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I.

A. W. FABER'S
STATIONERY ARTICLES & ARTISTS' MATERIALS.
MAY BE HAD AT
Z. C. M. I.,
Gold Pens and Pencil Cases, Penholders, Rubber Goods, Lead Pencils, Etc.

BATES, REED & COOLEY,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Silk and Fancy Dry Goods
Including a full and complete line of
Prints, Ginghams, and Domestics,
343 345, 347 Broadway; 93, 95, and 94 Leonard Street, NEW YORK.

DUNHAM, BUCKLEY & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
WHITE GOODS, Etc.
No. 340 Broadway, NEW YORK.
J. H. BRADLEY. d1y

THOS. M. ARGALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MENS' AND BOYS'
CLOTHING.
330 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
JNO. E. COWLES.

PECK BROS. & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
BRASS & PLATED WORK FOR WATER GAS & STEAM.
JOBBERS IN
Plumbers Materials.
73 BEEKMAN STREET,
NEW YORK.
Refer by permission to David James, Salt Lake City.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,
109 Duane St., NEW YORK,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK, "Woodbury," Druid Mills, "Pelhemus" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GREY.
COTTON CANVAS of all numbers—14 to 150 inches wide, for Dock, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.
Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity.
These Goods can be obtained at Z.C.M.I.

TEFFT, WELLER & Co.,
Importers and Jobbers of
DRY GOODS,
320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
Represented by
G. H. Goodridge, Ben Friedman.
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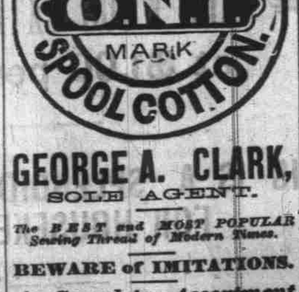

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SOLE AGENT.
The BEST and MOST POPULAR Sewing Thread of Modern Times.
BEWARE of IMITATIONS.
A Complete Assortment
FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I.,
Branches and Dealers Everywhere.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH ASSN.

AMERICAN.

Discrimination in Freight.

NEW YORK, 12.—In noting the discriminations against California merchants by railroads it would seem that, in some instances, they are not so harsh as they appear. The supposition is that contracts compel merchants to forward all their freight by rail or by steamer, as railroad officials may elect; but it appears that in some cases they allow shippers to forward certain classes by clipper and it is at this point that those who ship exclusively by clipper complain of injustice done them by clipper agents, by taking of contractors, who can give but a limited amount, at the same rate and sometimes even less than that asked shippers who give all their freight to clippers. These latter think, and with some justice, that clipper agents ought to demand from such shippers an advanced rate, or one equal to that imposed upon shippers by railroad tariff, and that, if any favors are to be shown, they should be shown to those who have stood by the clippers and who still refuse to make a contract with railroads, although continually importuned to do so. Another instance of the unfairness of the Clipper agents to those who stand by them is, that they also aid certain shippers who have railroad contracts by taking their freight at low rates. Regular shippers who believe in sustaining the Clipper lines to the very end, think that all such shippers should be compelled to pay higher rates, or else stand by the route they have selected for the transportation of their goods. The freight market remains quiet. The *Eureka* has finished loading her cargo.

Failures.

There were several failures at the produce exchange on account of the decline in breadstuff and provisions.

Australian Mail Burned.

NEW YORK, 12.—At half-past 9 this morning a fire was discovered in the mail room of the steamer *Alaska* where 300 sacks of mail matter from Australia, which reached here from San Francisco on Monday had been deposited on the afternoon of that day. Ten sacks of newspapers and two of letters had been partially destroyed before the fire was discovered. As a gold watch and two or three sovereigns were found among the ashes it is believed a portion of the registered mail was consumed. As the mail room is in the centre of the vessel and lined with iron, it is believed that the fire was caused by some combustible matter inclosed in one of the sacks. As the mail sacks from Australia for Great Britain are not opened in transit through the United States, the presence of dangerous articles cannot be detected here. Most of the injured mail matter was made up at Sydney, New South Wales. The purser of the *Alaska* informed the officers of the New York postoffice that a full report of the facts will be made to the British postal authorities on arrival at Queenstown.

The Maine Election.

LEWISTON, Me., 12.—The *Journal* has returns from 294 towns, which give Robies 61,495 and Plaisted 51,863; Robies' plurality 9,632. Senator Frye received congratulations from President Arthur, ex-Secretary Blaine, Senator Hale and others upon the victory.

Absurd and Weak.

CHICAGO, 12.—The papers have long specials and editorials on the Star route matter. The general tenor of all seems to be that the termination is absurd and weak, and a hope is expressed that the Government will prosecute to conviction the remaining criminals. There seems little doubt that some specie of bribery or anticipation of reward has done its work. Merrick said: Dickson's claim was that a man named Bower had tried to bribe him for a Government verdict. He denies that any such man is connected with the Government, or in any way represents it. Merrick scoffs at the idea. He vouched for Dickson to his associates when the jury was being selected, and he was only taken on Merrick's representations; the other counsel objected to him. Merrick says Dickson betrayed them, and combined to prevent a fair verdict. All the counsel are now confident of convicting the Dorseys and Brady. Their task is much easier than before.

A Fatal Fight with Train Robbers.

A Parsons, Ks., special says: Reports are received of an unsuccessful attempt to rob the north-bound Missouri Pacific passenger train in the Indian Territory about midnight. In the encounter the conductor, Chick Warner was shot, probably fatally. Warner killed one of the robbers.

Patricide.

A Lewiston, Ills., special says: James A. Arnett, a prominent farmer, quarrelled with his son Jacob about his (Arnett's) scandalous relations with a young widow and as the scuffle was proceeding, a younger son, Cyrus, rushed in with a revolver and shot and wounded Arnett fatally. Arnett is still alive.

Long Island Burglars.

WEST BRIGHTON, Staten Island, 12.—Burglars got $14,000 in cash and bonds from Edward an Owen M. Gardey, brothers, by opening a safe while they were away from here. About $10,000 in bonds were registered.

The Law in Arkansas.

FAYETTEVILLE, Ark., 12.—A terrible state of lawlessness exists in the southern part of the county. Recently the United States Marshall and posse, in attempting to arrest two or three bad characters at the house of Jeff. Gillian, were fired on and two of them wounded. Since then the members of the posse have been fired on mysteriously and are in constant fear. Last Friday night an old emigrant who camped on the roadside, with his little boys, was shot by Jim Webb, without the slightest provocation. Since then the citizens have become fully aroused, and the Sheriff, with a posse of 200, is scouring the country. Two men have been arrested, but Webb has not yet been found.

Conveyed to his Wife.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo. 12.—Mrs. H. M. Vaile, wife of the Star Vaile, has gone to-day to join her husband in Washington. His residence was conveyed to her to-day by a deed for a consideration of $22,000, about one quarter of its value.

Cable Cars.

CHICAGO, 12.—A bill was recently filed for an injunction to restrain the Chicago City railway from running cable cars, or laying cable track. Judge Gardner, this morning, made a sweeping decision in favor of the company on all points raised by the bill.

Alex. F. Falls.

WASHINGTON, 12.—Alex. F. Falls, the lawyer referred to in Dickson's statements as having attempted to bribe juror Hillmead, pronounces the story a direct falsehood made entirely out of whole cloth and without the slightest foundation. In fact Falls says he was never in the court room during the trial, does not know Hillmead, and has no recollection of ever seeing him.

Nebraska State Fair.

OMAHA, 12.—The Nebraska State Fair opened to-day, and it promises to be a grand success. There are over 5,000 entries, almost double any previous year. The exhibits of agricultural products, live stock, and machinery are immense. Dr. Loring, Commissioner of Agriculture, speaks on Wednesday.

Stolen Bond.

WASHINGTON, 12. — A United States registered bond of the denomination of $5,000 was stolen from the office of the Register of the United States Treasury, ten days ago, the secret-service force thus far have been unable to recover the bond or dicover the thief. The robbery was kept quiet in hopes that a clue would be found.

Northern Searchers.

Lieutenant Harbar writes from Yakutsk, June 22d, as follows: I hope to reach a hut called Matval, near the centre of Lena Delta about July 3d. Here I will establish a provision depot and at once commence search for the people who were in Lieutenant Chipp's cutter. I propose now to make our first search to the westward from the depot, which will probably occupy the greater part of July, and during August I will make search to the eastward as far as the Keara river, if necessary.

Wool.

BOSTON, 12.—The wool market is steady and firm, with good demand from manufacturers. Some holders are indifferent about selling, but buyers find a good assortment of all kinds offering at current rates. Sales of Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces have been 41 @ 43½ for X and XX and firm at these prices, and of Michigan X fleeces 39 @ 40. Combing and delaine fleeces range from 43 to 45 for fine delaines, from 47 @ 50 for fine and No. 1. Unwashed wools have been in demand and prices range from 32 @ 35 for choice lots of fine and medium, and from 25 @ 30 for fair and good average lots, and from 18 @ 23 for common and coarse. California wool has been quiet and sales have been small at 25 @ 30 for spring. Pulled wools are in steady demand and have been selling at 42 @ 47 for choice Eastern and Maine supers 25 @ 40 for common to good. Foreign wool is quiet. Both carpet and clothing wools are in small stock.

Commissioner Paddock.

BEATRICE, Neb., 12.—In an interview, ex-Senator Paddock, of the Utah Commission, says: Criticism on the appointment of registration officers to register voters in Utah is unjust. Mormons who were monogamists were appointed in a few small counties where no Gentiles or apostate Mormons could be found. Those counties contain an aggregate of only 12,000 people, while Gentiles and apostate Mormons were appointed for the others containing an aggregate of 132,000 people. The apostate Mormons are even more hostile to the Mormons than the Gentiles, and equally reliable. The appointments gave universal satisfaction to the anti-Mormons.

Mr. Paddock is quite enthusiastic over the success of the Commission so far. He thinks much good will come of the Edmunds act, but an enlargement of the powers of the Commission by Congress will probably be recommended, in order to reach other abuses almost as bad as polygamy in the theocratic government of Utah.

Florida Claims

NEW ORLEANS, 12.—The *Picayune's* Baton Rouge special says: Henry Skipwith appeared before the police jury and made the following statement on the ceding of Louisiana by France to the United States government. It did not include the Florida parishes, said parishes at that time being Spanish territory, and they were taken possession of by Gen. Philomon Thomas, and the United States illegally disposed of this land. Skipwith continues: The people of the parishes are the legal owners by right of conquest, the United States never having acquired a national right to possession. He advises the prosecution of their claim before Congress.

THE STARS.

Dickson's Statement.

WASHINGTON, 12.—Dickson, in his statement, says that Bowen, an agent of the government, said he wanted me to meet the Attorney General, who he said had been telegraphed for and would be in Washington the next day, Thursday, Aug. 24, 1882. He said that we could meet at Wormley's Hotel undisturbed, and he would satisfy me that what he promised me was correct.

He further said: "Well, you are a man of the world and know that when you are in a fight you must use every means in your power to win. This is now the Attorney General's fight, and he must succeed. This is political life or death with him. He does not regard Judge Wylie friendly to the prosecution, by his contrary rulings." He also said the case came to Brewster as a legacy from his predecessor, MacVeagh, and that it had been terribly mismanaged by MacVeagh and James. Mistakes were made and the errors of the counsel had jeopardized it, and the present administration did not care to press the case until Brady's papers commenced their tirade of abuse and villification of the administration and its officers, and now under all circumstances the defendants must be convicted.

I asked him if any of the counsel for the prosecution knew of his action.

He said they did not. Before leaving him he said: I will send word to your address to-morrow and arrange when we will meet and see the Attorney General.

The following day after the adjournment of court I proceeded to my office, and shortly after a colored boy handed me a card with the following written in lead pencil:

"Dear Colonel Dickson — Eight o'clock this evening at Drivers, Bowen, Aug. 24th.

Friday, August 28th, I called upon Judge Wylie at recess and informed him that an improper proposition had been made to me when we conversed about the matter and he said he would think over it and resolve upon what course to pursue. After adjournment that day he called me and said he was afraid these damnable attempts to pollute the jury might have been made upon some of the other jurymen and advised me to be cautious and converse with them privately, but for the present he would not take action.

I asked if I should encourage Bowen and let the proposition culminate into a deposit of a corruption fund and then expose him.

He checked me by saying: "No; that has too much flavor of business."

I said I would report to him any further facts I might glean from day to day. Some days after I had a conversation with him, told him that other jurymen had been approached, and he said he would attend to the matter in time. I made an attempt to tell him the facts in the Bowen interviews, but he prevented me, saying he did not care to know the facts in detail or know what side of the case he represented. It was apparent that a person acting for the defense might approach a juryman with a corrupt offer, representing himself to be in the interest of the prosecution, and also with a view of testing or entrapping jurymen. He again advised the strictest surveillance and caution.

Later on Bown intimated to me that he did not interview for a corrupt purpose, but he did not state the facts, and Doniphan reported to me that a man named Shaw offered him $300 to vote to clear Dorsey. I advised him to report the matter to the Judge and he did so.

The Texas Pacific.

NEW YORK, 12.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Texas Pacific railroad 189,000 of the 320,000 shares were voted upon and the following board of directors were elected: Jay Gould, W. T. Walters, Russell Sage, James P. Scott, W. C. Hall, T. S. Bond, Chas. P. Baird, Fred. L. Ames, J. C. Brown, H. M. Hoxie, R. S. Hayes, T. T. Eckert, A. L. Hopkins, E. H. Perkins, Jr., E. B. Wheelock, D. Felsenheld, and George I. Gould. The directors elected the following officers: Jay Gould President, and R. S. Hayes, Jno C. Brown and H. M. Hoxie Vice-Presidents.

The annual report showed the assetts exclusive of the road and line to be $2,375,773; current liabilities, $395,562. The president stated that the eastern division of the road from Shreveport to Fort Worth, 537 miles, was the only division completed at the commencement of the fiscal year, and its operations were reported in full. The other divisions are still under construction, and are largely taken up with the transportation of material, and no just statement of their acpabilities could be given.

At a meeting of the directors of the Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad, Horace Porter, John Bloodgood, Austin G. Gorham and John R. Duff resigned, and Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Sidney Dillon and Frederick L. Ames were elected in their places.

Railroad War.

CHICAGO, 12.—At a somewhat informal but important meeting today of the railroad managers of the roads leading to Minneapolis and to the Missouri river, the claim of the Rock Island road to a considerable share of the Minneapolis business by virtue of its new Albert Lea route to the Northwest was not allowed. Mr. Cable thereupon telegraphed to the Rock Island agents to cut rates on cattle to any figure necessary to secure freight. Mr. Merrill, of the Milwaukee and St. Paul road, gave notice that he would not enter the Omaha pool until this matter was adjusted, consequently there seems to be some prospect of a determined railroad war between the great trunk lines leading west and north from Chicago. It may even involve the Pacific Coast.

Riddled with Buckshot.

EDWARDSVILLE, Ill., 12.—Three drunken roughs, followed with indecent proposals three respectable women, who were in a carriage. The women sought refuge in the house of Fred Thiess, and the roughs trying to force their way into the house, Thiess opposed them and lodged a full charge of buckshot in the abdomen of H. H. Daniels. A coroner's jury exonerated him.

Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, 13. — The State health officers report to the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service that not any yellow fever exists outside of the outer cordon, and they and the Governor are of the opinion that the upper cordon, from Corpus Christi to Laredo, 160 miles, can safely be abandoned within a few days. The assistant secretary of the Treasury will direct that this be abandoned in two or three days, and will order strengthened the lower cordon on the Arroyo, 30 miles from Brownsville.

Found Dead.

OMAHA, 12. — A dispatch from Albion, Ark., says: Last Sunday evening the bodies of Wm. C. Griffith and his sons Lester and Willie, were found dead under the ruins of their house in Wheeler County, where they had lain for several days. They were probably killed instantly while asleep.

The dispatch does not state how they were killed, but the supposition is that the house fell on them.

FOREIGN.

THE WAR IN EGYPT.

Forward.

KASSASSIN, 12.—General orders are issued for a forward movement of the whole army. The tents and baggage will be transported by railroad to the nearest point to the British encampment. No bugles are sounded after sunset. The Royal West Kent Regiment, the 19th Hussars and two companies of engineers will remain to guard the camp.

The British tents will be struck at 6.15 p.m., and the men will be formed into brigades and marched to the ground of bivouac. Each man will carry 100 rounds of ammunition. Gen. Nugent will remain with the force in charge of the camp.

The transport brigade will be formed at daybreak. A supply of ammunition equal to thirty rounds per man will be carried on the baggage animals, which will press on at night. A naval brigade will be attached to the transport corps. Forty-pounders and nine batteries accompany the advancing forces. Arabi Pasha will be a clever General if he escapes capture with his whole army.

The bulk of the English forces have arrived, and the camp has the appearance of a tent city three miles long by half a mile broad. The army is ready to move and will probably advance Wednesday morning. There is no doubt whatever that had they advanced Saturday they could have captured the enemie's position with great ease. Gen. Butler, who accompanied the cavalry, was actually in consultation with Gen. Drury Lowe, upon the expediency of the cavalry pushing forward to Zagazig, when Gen. Wolseley's orders arrived for the force to return to Kassassin.

The British line of communication between Ismailia, Reflsche, Tel El Mahatta and Mahsameh is held by detachments of infantry with one gun and a group of cavalry to each piece.

The British army are now bivouacing at a point two mile beyond here, along the line facing Arabi Pasha's front. Our most advanced line is about four miles from the Egyptian front and the forward march will begin shortly after midnight, so that the force may reach fighting distance at early dawn. Gen. Wolseley will attempt to get around Arabi's flank and destroy the railway in his rear communicating with Zagazig.

The British are now marching on Tel El Kebir, and the attack will probably begin at daylight.

The British troops have three days rations, and transports have been ordered to follow the army along the north bank of the canal.

Ismailia, 12.—The hospital is ordered evacuated except by very serious cases.

Prisoners taken in last Saturday's engagement state that the Bedouins left the rebel camp in disgust.

Alexandria, 12.—The sincerity of the four officers who claim to have deserted from Arabi Pasha is doubted and their surrender is believed to be a ruse.

The Rothschilds presented the British army in Egypt with 12 tons of tobacco and 5,000 pipes, which the Khedive allowed to enter free of duty.

Constantinople, 12. — The Porte has ordered the release of the laborers in the service of the English army in Egypt.

Leaders Caught.

Madrid, 12.—The Cuban leaders, Maceo, Roderizez and Castello, were caught at the Spanish lines trying at the Spanish lines trying to escape by way of Cadiz by land.

Cholera.

Madrid, 12.—Fifteen natives and three Europeans died at Manilla from cholera yesterday, and there were 125 deaths in the provinces.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

At Clarion, Pa., the Court House burned yesterday; loss $30,000.

The Oriole festival began yesterday at Baltimore.

Sir George Grey, late Home Secretary of England, is dead.

In the Judd match yesterday at Creedmoor, 200 yards, Captain Godsall, an Englishman, won the first prize.

Betting on the boat race between the Hillsdales and the Thames Club is two to one in favor of the latter.

A Norwegian bark from Rotterdam to Galveston, was wrecked near Corpus Christi and five of the crew drowned.

The republican primary at New York and Brooklyn resulted generally against the renomination of Gov. Cornell.

Mrs. Lucretia Garfield yesterday bought for $50,000 cash the Ralph Worthington residence on Prospect St., Cleveland, O.

Yesterday, at Buffalo, the State Labor Convention assembled to decide whether a labor ticket should be put in the field.

At Louisville, Ky., yesterday, the completion of several railroads was celebrated with great magnificence. There were 20,000 strangers in the city.

Five colored persons were killed at Quincy, Fla., by Sunday's storm and cyclone. The damage to crops is great, and many persons were injured. The disaster is quite widespread.

At Creedmoor, in the short range for all comers, the British riflemen carried off the prizes. Their aggregate scores were 123, and an allowance of six points for shooting with military rifles. The prizes were cash, and ranged from $10 to $30.

In Chicago a conference will be held to-day among a number of prominent republicans, the nature of which has not transpired. James G. Blaine, Commissioner Raum, Governor Dullom, General Ben Harrison, and Governor Porter and others will be present. All the leading republicans of Illinois have been invited.

At Concord, New Hampshire, yesterday the Republican State Convention after the appointment of a committee took a ballot for Governor with the following result: necessary to a choice 318; Moody Carrier, 281; S. W. Hale, 297; scattering, 46. In the third ballot Hale received 310, but there was no choice. Hale was nominated on the third ballot.

Washington Hessing to-day received a letter from his father, A. O. Hessing, on his Mexican ranche, dated August 27th, the day after he was reported to have been killed. The letter says the writer is in excellent health and spirits, and that Noble who had been to Hermosillo to get money and supplies had arrived all right. Arck, the nephew who was subsequently killed instead of Hessing, on the same day wrote from the same place, a letter to Mr. A. C. Hessing in this city, showing that not only had he not been killed, but that no accident had happened to him, and that the story was made of whole cloth so far as any of the persons named are concerned.

$500 REWARD.

A REWARD OF $500 IS HEREBY OFFERED for the recovery of the body of the late J. D. Farmer, drowned in Salt Lake, at Black Rock, while bathing on Sunday, August 6th.
COHN BROTHERS.
Salt Lake City, Aug. 6th, 1882.

TEASDEL'S
IMMENSE REDUCTIONS!

To close out while building Extensive Warehouses, I will Sell a LARGE STOCK of
Men's and Boys' Alpaca and Linen Coats,
Men's White, Black and Fancy Colored Straw Hats,
Men's and Boys' Gaiters, Lace Shoes and Ties.
Also, Ladies' Grass Cloth and Linen Suits.
And an Elegant Stock to Close Out at Cost of
Lawns, Percales, Linen Lawns, Grass Cloths and Dress Linens.
ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE
BARGAINS!
S. P. TEASDEL.

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES. DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, Etc.
NEEDHAM & SPRINGER
THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN TOWN,
43 Main St.
43
NEEDHAM & SPRINGER
BOOTS AND SHOES. HATS AND CAPS.

A Great Bargain!
1750 PAIRS OF FINE KID GLOVES
AT COST!
Having purchased the above lot of Gloves at a Bankrupt Sale, we offer them to the public at Cost. They consist of--

Jouvin's 2 to 6 Button, from	.60	to	$1.90.
Josephine's 2 to 6 " "	$1.00	to	1.90.
Bernhardt's Undressed & Colored,	1.25	to	1.90.
Empress 5 to 7 Hook,	1.25	to	1.50.

Venus 3 Button for 60 Cents.
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