

British Viceroy of India. There are many expressions of anger and bitter hostility against Russia, and Brahmins and Moslems vie in expressions of contempt for the new religion, which they say the Russians would attempt to force upon India.

The Times, in an editorial, says: We believe the main body of Gen. Lumsden's troops occupied Robat Pass. It is hoped Gen. Lumsden's measures will prevent the capture of the key of India by a coup de main. If Russia is bent upon war, she has many vulnerable points. If she forces England to hostilities, she cannot imagine the struggle will be confined to the remote regions of Central Asia.

A Persian paper says: At a cabinet council at Cabul the Ameer and several generals being present, it was decided to ask the English government to treat with Russia for the restoration of Sulikhatum and Penjden, but not to make Russian occupation *casus belli*—the places not being of strategic importance. Zulpikar pass, however, it was decided, must be recovered by force of arms if necessary.

Another Persian paper says: Several Herat nobles have arrived at Sarakhs to present a petition to Russia to annex Herat.

St. Petersburg, 10.—*Novoe Vremye* expresses the opinion that the dispute on the Afghan question arises from an erroneous impression of England as to the true position of Russia in Central Asia. England now recognizes her mistake, and wishes *modus vivendi* to avoid occupying Herat. Russia will be compelled to interfere for the sake of her prestige. Russia will not surrender a hair's breadth of her present possessions, nor will she abate her moderate demands.

Other Russian papers have similar comments.

LONDON, 10.—In the Lords this afternoon Earl Granville, in answering a question respecting the reported hauling down of the British flag by Germans, said: In the face of Bismarck's assurance of Germany's friendship for England, he did not believe the hauling down of the British colors and hoisting of the German flag, as reported, were intended as an insult to England, but were probably due to ignorance on the part of the German commander, who might have believed Victoria included in the recent English cession to Germany of a certain slice of territory in Cameroons.

In the House of Commons this afternoon, Gladstone, speaking on the same subject, said that if the report was true, complications were not likely to arise, as the matter would be amicably adjusted by the governments concerned.

In the Lords, Granville said that neither the English nor the German Cabinet was aware that the English flag had been hauled down by the Germans in Victoria. The most friendly negotiations were in progress between Germany and England in regard to Colonial interests.

Count Von Munster, German Ambassador to England, has communicated to Earl Granville a dispatch from Bismarck, expressing satisfaction with Granville's statement in Parliament.

German papers admit that Germany was somewhat to blame in the recent controversy with England, inasmuch as Bismarck's official dispatch of the 5th of May last, was evidently not delivered to Granville.

LONDON, March 10.—In the debate in the Commons this evening on the redistribution of seats bill Prof. Bryce (Liberal) offered an amendment in favor of disfranchising universities. The Parnellites raised a question regarding the Dublin University, contending it was inadequate to the Roman Catholic population of Ireland, and therefore not entitled to representation in Parliament. The amendment was rejected, 260 to 79.

BERLIN, 10.—The Emperor is highly pleased with the success of Herbert Bismarck's visit to England, in bringing about the acquiescence of England in Germany's colonial schemes in Africa. The Emperor is about to bestow upon the Count a high order of nightingale, and states that Prince Bismarck will take occasion to declare in the Reichstag, at the earliest possible opportunity, that a complete reconciliation with England has been affected.

LONDON, 10.—Quilliam of Liverpool, senior counsel for the defense in the high treason-felony case against Cunningham and Burton, was last night arrested on suspicion of being a dynamiter. Sullivan had been at the Bow street police court during a large part of the day, in company with Stephen J. Meany of New York, looking after the interests of his clients. At the time of his arrest, Quilliam and his friend were about to board a train at the Mark Lane railway station. His companion carried a black traveling bag similar to those that have frequently figured in dynamite trials. Detectives noticed the two men, and followed them for some time before arresting them, but when they saw the couple going with the black bag towards the railway train, the officers stepped up and took them into custody.

SALONICA, March 10.—An insurrection has broken out in Albania, and all available Turkish troops have been hurried to the scene. A force of Turkish regulars was defeated by the insurgents near Lyomet. At Pristina the garrison was driven into the citadel by the insurgents and is now besieged. The Austrian consul at Pristina and the orthodox priests have also taken refuge in the citadel. The insurgents have cut the telegraph lines in communication with the districts in rebellion.

FULL TEXT OF JUDGE BOREMAN'S CHARGE TO THE GRAND JURY.

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
—HE WEAVES A WEB OF FALSEHOOD
WARPED WITH FANATICAL MALIG-NITY.

Gentlemen of the Jury:

You are now empaneled as the grand inquest for the Second Judicial District of this Territory, and upon you devolves the responsibility of examining into all public offenses committed in the district and triable in this court; and it becomes my duty to give you in charge such matters and information as may be proper to guide or aid you in the discharge of your duties.

In the first place, I desire to call your attention to the fact that the peace and good order of society largely depend upon the grand juries—upon the manhood, intelligence and integrity of the grand juries, they being the medium through which the enforcement of the laws can be secured. Without the jurors being faithful to their oath, the criminal law would be a dead letter. If, therefore, you should fail in doing your sworn duty, the community, as a whole, would suffer.

The oath which you all have taken requires you all to be fearless, just and impartial. The obligation is that you will diligently inquire into all public offenses in this district—that you will indict no person through malice, hatred or ill-will, nor leave any unindicted through fear, favor or affection, etc. You are not to be governed or influenced by friendship nor enmity, by affection, love or hate, nor by public sentiment nor private desire. The eyes of the whole country are turned towards Utah, to see whether the people of this Territory will be obedient to the laws and have them enforced. The people of the whole nation feel a responsibility regarding the enforcement of the laws in this Territory, for a Territory is not like a State; a Territory has none of the qualities of sovereignty. It is a mere creature of the Statute, and can be made or unmade by the general government at pleasure. It is otherwise with a State.

Private judgment as to whether a law should be obeyed or not, is foreign to our government, as to every other, and the plea is less excusable in this country than elsewhere, because our government is a child of the people, and the people make the laws. The will of the people of the nation is expressed through laws. When men wilfully disobey and defy the laws they set up their private judgment against the constituted authority of the nation and against the judgment of the whole people. This cannot be allowed for a moment. Government would be a farce if such were the rule. Such teachings are in their nature treasonable, whether put forth by one man or many, or by any organization. No man can be a good citizen, a patriot, who will lend his aid or countenance to such doctrine. Patriots love their country and gladly uphold its laws and authority; and no man or set of men, nor organization that obstructs the execution of the laws, is friendly to the government, nor patriotic sentiment. When good citizens are counseled or instructed to disobey the laws, or to aid in preventing their due execution, they unhesitatingly repeal and repudiate such counseling or instruction, and assert their individual manhood, and refuse to be the instruments of designing men in trampling upon the laws, or in helping to prevent their enforcement. In every Territory except Utah, the people as a body, aid the government in enforcing the laws. From Utah alone does the anomaly appear of a general hostility to the enforcement of Federal authority. Here we have heard for years past the cry of persecution every time certain laws are sought to be enforced, especially the law against polygamy. Yet there can be nothing wrong in enforcing such laws; they are upon the statute book, and the Supreme Court of the United States, the highest tribunal in the land, says the law is constitutional. If, therefore, you obey your oath and seek to enforce the laws, you may be charged with persecution; but it is a cry not to be regarded by you. Follow your oath and let neither praise nor blame influence your actions. Each one of you is responsible for himself and no one else is responsible for you. Let your actions be accordingly.

In the discharge of your duties you act in a double capacity. You act for the United States and also for the Territory. In the States these duties are separate. But you have cognizance of offenses against the United States and against the Territory. First, as to the United States offenses, you should inquire into all violations of the statutes in regard to the mails and post-offices and postal affairs generally. You should see to it that there is no tampering with mails in this district. Absolute secrecy in mails is necessary, otherwise the mail system would be worthless. The mails should be safe for all kinds of matter allowed by law to be sent. The grand juries should see to it that no infractions of these laws should be passed by without investigation and the guilty parties indicted. Counterfeiting the money of the country is an offense of which you have cognizance also. The revenue laws require your attention, and you should see that they are obeyed, and that every violation shall be investigated and the guilty parties indicted. Polygamy or bigamy will claim your

attention. I call your special attention to this crime because it is far more prevalent in this Territory than anywhere else in Christendom. I do not include Turkey inside of Christendom. By reason of the prevalence of this crime and its defiant attitude towards the government, it is your duty to make searching investigation into the numerous violations and bring the guilty to justice by indictment. Our Territory ought to be brought into harmony with the other Territories and States in this regard. The loathsome effects of this crime, you see as well as I do, all around you. It pollutes the whole community. The very low tone of morals throughout this Territory is due mainly to the prevalence of this crime. It drags men down to the level of the beast, teaching the rising generation that the loftiest aim is to live a low animal life. Whilst all the civilized world is trying to elevate man and to develop the intellect and the heart, this vicious system seeks only to develop man's animalism. The whole institution is revolting to every idea of purity. It drives women from the home to the harem and seeks to prevent her elevation. It breeds incest, seduction, adultery and a long train of other crimes, such as perjury, which are resorted to to conceal and shield it. Dealing with such a monstrous infamy is a serious matter and requires your most earnest attention. Its companion, unlawful cohabitation, follows its train. The latter, unlawful cohabitation, is different from bigamy and polygamy; it does not require any marriage, and the fact that a man went into polygamy before the law of 1862 or 1882 will not shield him from the consequences of this crime.

The government and the people of the nation are in earnest in regard to these crimes, and are determined that such offenses shall cease. Yet there is no desire to do injustice to anyone. The government and people of this country would prefer that these crimes be given up willingly by the people who practice them, but if they are persistent and defiant, there is no way to do but to make them give up the odious practices. The government has been mild and very slow, but the day is not far distant, we hope, when these crimes will be things of the past, and when Utah shall be able to stand forth a reformed Territory, with clean hands and a pure heart, and not be compelled forever to hide its head for shame. We have in this Territory no law against incest, no law against adultery, no law against seduction, no law on the subject of marriage; notwithstanding these defects in the laws, you can do much to rid the country of the low practices so common all about us in this country.

The Territorial offenses include murder, manslaughter, arson, house-breaking, robbery, larceny, etc. I call your special attention to murder and to cattle and horse stealing, as these are more common than the others. Life must be made secure and the taking of life must be made very hazardous. As to cattle stealing and horse stealing, you all ought to be deeply interested in stopping them. We have hundreds of thousands of acres of land that can be used for pasturing, especially in the mountains; but there is no safety for stock on the range. I hope that you will do all in your power to make it safe to allow stock to run on the range. See that the guilty are brought to justice by indictment. The offenses generally you know about, and when you desire any information as to the laws, you can come into court or confer with the District Attorney, Mr. Snow.

When you retire to your room, select one of your number to act as clerk, to keep a minute of your proceedings and to take down the testimony of witnesses. It is necessary that your foreman maintain absolute secrecy as to what may occur in the grand jury room. You are required to keep such things secret, nor must you tell how any one of your number votes on any matter that may be before you; nor are you allowed to give any information as to whether any particular person or class of persons has or have been or may be indicted. To do so, would be to give warning to those charged with crime, so that they might escape.

No one must be present when you vote on any subject before you. The District Attorney can be present to examine witnesses but neither he nor any officer shall be present when you vote or discuss matters before you.

The bailiff will always be at your door to attend to such official duties as you may require of him.

It will require twelve of your number to find an indictment. A less number will not do.

You are to make your own adjournment from day to day, except that your final adjournment can only be by direction of Court. By our statute you are not bound to hear evidence for the defense, but when you have information or reason to believe that evidence exists that might explain away the charge, you can send for the witness.

Every case that is within your own knowledge, that is, the knowledge of any offense, it should be reported to the grand jury, and if either of you has good reason to believe that a crime has been committed, it is your duty to bring it to the knowledge of the grand jury.

An act of Congress—the Poland bill—requires you to examine into the care of persons in prisons and into the condition of prisons in the district. You are entitled to free access to all such places. Under the same statute it is your duty to inquire into every case of corruption in office, whether the office be United States, Territorial or local. [Statute read to the grand jury.]

Now, gentlemen, these matters cover the grounds generally of your duties. The details in regard to particular offenses you can learn from the District Attorney or from the Court, as you may desire. The Marshal will conduct you to your room.

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LEGAL NOTICE.

GUARDIAN'S ACCOUNT.

In the Probate Court within and for Salt Lake County in the Territory of Utah.

Hon. Elias A. Smith, Judge.

In the matter of the Estate of Mary M. Garn, Andrew Garn, Josephine Garn, William F. Garn, Wilhelmmina Garn, Phillip Garn, Jacob Garn, and Fanny M. Garn, minor heirs of the Estate of Daniel Garn, deceased.

ZERUBBABEL SNOW, THE DULY appointed and the duly qualified Guardian of the Estate of the above named minor heirs of the Estate of Daniel Garn, deceased, having on the second day of January A. D., 1885, duly filed in this Court his report and account as such Guardian up to the first day of January A. D., 1885, by which it appears that the said Mary M. Garn, Andrew Garn, Josephine Garn and Phillip Garn have arrived at full age, and that he had settled with them and each of them, delivered over to them and each of them all the property and money belonging to them and each of them, which came to his hands as such Guardian; and also showing the estate and its condition now in his hands belonging to Wilhelmmina Garn, Jacob Garn, Fanny M. Garn and William F. Garn, who are yet minors, and praying for an order of Court appointing and confirming the same.

It is ordered by the Court that this matter be set for a hearing at the Court House in Salt Lake County in said Territory on the third day of April A. D., 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., and that all persons interested in said estate then and there appear and show cause, if any there be, why said report and account should not be approved and confirmed, and that this order be published in the DESERET WEEKLY NEWS, in three successive issues before the said third day of April, 1885, and the Clerk of this Court post up notices thereof in the manner required by law.

Dated January 7th, 1885.

ELIAS A. SMITH, Probate Judge.

Territory of Utah, County of Salt Lake, ss

I, John C. Cutler, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Order appointing time and place for settlement of account, etc., in the matter of the Guardianship of the Estate of Mary M. Garn et al, as appears of record in my office.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, this 7th day of January, A. D., 1885.

JOHN C. CUTLER, Probate Clerk.

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THE LIVER AND ITS FUNCTIONS.
It has become a well established fact that the larger portion of diseases to which the human family is subject arise in the first place from some derangement of the Liver. This organ is not only the largest, but at the same time one of the most important. The venous blood, on its return to the heart, passes through this organ, and in its passage the impurities, as also the secretions which are necessary for digestion as well as for a cathartic to assist in the removal of waste material, are eliminated. From this it is easily seen that the Liver is liable to get out of order to a greater or less extent, and when this occurs it is impossible for it to properly fulfill its office of removing all objectionable matter from the blood, but allows it to pass through, carrying with it the poisons of which it should have been relieved.
With impure blood the whole system becomes affected, and no organ can properly perform its function unless it is supplied with pure blood to maintain its strength. So the Liver becomes all important and when one has the feeling of being continually tired, worn out, irritable, with tenderness to Piles, Headache, Sick Stomach, Sallow Complexion, Eruptions of Skin, etc., they may be sure their Liver is out of order, and a remedy is required to assist nature in relieving itself of all accumulations, and restore it to its original strength and vigor. For all the complaints of this kind there is no medicine that equals
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