SETTLE OUT OF COURT.

Effort Being Made to Dismiss Charge of Embezzlement Against a Chinaman.

MR. G. F. PUTNAM IS OPPOSED TO IT.

Case of Chin Chum Against Yee Gow—Defendant Accused of Getting Away With $60.

The white of Chinatown turned out en masse in Justice McMaster's court by the distance thereof Tuesday morning, noon and afternoon like a tin of wild mouse. The occasion proved to be the preliminary hearing of Yee Gow, charged on the complaint of Chin Chum, with embezzling the sum of $60, belonging to the firm of Lee & Chum. The defendant has been in the county jail since Thursday in default of $500 bonds. When he reached the court room today accompanied by Deputy Sheriff McDonald, there immediately went up such a "Hock ah Ah" notice that the deputy, thinking it meant the kidnapping of his prisoner, took the precaution and ordered every Chinaman to stand aside and allow Ah Yee Gow to pass by. From the talk it was impossible to determine whether a person speaks or sings Chinese or a glass is cracked. One Chinaman, Hop Yee, was present to act as interpreter, perhaps he was expected to translate the information to a reporter that Yee Gow had not only swindled the firm of Lee & Chum, but a number of other Chinaman besides. He was regarded as an exceptionally polite man in every particular. The fact that he had been unusually acquainted with the local Chinese, however, was taken as proof positive that he must be a good man, and, perhaps, in this it appears Yee Friends were mistaken. For he was said to have gone away with all those of them, and which still were conspicuously absent on a date when he was also was arrested.

Yee was represented today by the law firm of Varian & Tarpey, while the interest of the State was watched by Deputy County Attorney Parsons. When the case called the case up a hush fell upon the assembled hosts of Mongolians and every camel eye was turned on Yee and every hook reared to catch what was said.

Yee's attorney desired a continuance because they said an effort was being made to settle the case out of court by inducing the defendant, to make good the money he is alleged to have embezzled.

Mr. Putnam didn't object to a continuance, but said he would oppose a dismissal and that he was afraid of a showing the defense would make. After a little further parrying between the attorneys, Judge McMaster granted a continuance until Monday morning. Yee evidently thought he was a free man, for he rushed out and had gone packing to march out, when he was tapped on the shoulder by the officer and told to "come along."

Advisory is Alleged.

Charles C. Anderson has filed a suit for divorce in the Third district court against his wife, Barbara Anderson, alleging adultery as the ground. According to the complaint, the couple was married in this city on the 6th day of July, 1896, and they broke up in July, 1898. It is further alleged that Mrs. Anderson used abusive language towards her husband. The wife is accused of having been continually intoxicated with drink on hand. Ann Mide, a jail bird and an old grand dough, is named as one of them.

The Populist State central committee met last night and decided to call a convention for September 15. This is the day the Democratic State convention is called for, though it is emphatically decided by the Populist leaders that there is any intention of fusing with that party.

DIED AT THE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. George Bowles Passes Away After a Protracted Illness.

A very sad death occurred at St. Mark's hospital today in the demise of Mrs. George Bowles, née Lottie Taylor, of the Seventh ward. Mrs. Bowles has been at the hospital for about two weeks and about ten days ago underwent a surgical operation. From this she never completely recovered owing, probably to her weakened condition. Her illness was of a complicated character and was protracted in its duration, covering a period of several months. She was known to be in a very critical state of health at the time she was taken to the hospital but it was hoped by her friends that the medical treatment and skilled nursing she would get there would result in a speedy recovery. But all those were without avail for at 11 o'clock this forenoon the clock has ceased to tick the sands of health have passed into the realms of another state of existence.

The deceased was a beautiful young woman, beloved by a host of friends. She was in the thirtieth year of her age, and leaves a girl child, a babe, to mourn her departure. The funeral will probably be held from the Seventh ward meeting house on Sunday.

Personal Paragraphs.

County Surveyor Wilson is at Brettman attending to some professional work this week.

State Senator Sheridan came down from Ogden today.

Ex-Chairman W. H. Dale left for Idaho Falls on a business trip last evening. He expects to be back on Sunday next.

Editor Binding of the Bonneville News was a caller at the editorial sanctum of this paper today. He went to Saltair this afternoon to enjoy the refreshing breezes of that delightful resort. Like all sensible men he likes a bath and takes it whenever opportunity affords.

Manager Cutler of the Utah Sugar Factory was in town today and says all signs over the prospective beet output of earthenware this year.

ABOUT TOWN.

Items Jotted Down Here and There by an Observer.

Burglaries are becoming very prevalent in the Richmond block on the corner of Second South and Third East. Mrs. Smith was the sugar portion of the building as a morning house, and robs during the past ten days was the most been ransacked and small sums of money and other valuables taken. Last night between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock a family exodus there set out for a short drive with a friend. When they returned they found the contents of the dwelling in confusion, turned upside down on the floor and a considerable sum of money taken from a drawer and some jewelry gone. The thief had entered other rooms and turned things upside down. A Deseret News reporter was made to the room of the landlady, she had taken up a temporary to the room, but they failed to find it.

The streets of the city are becoming almost constantly dusty. Last dusted Ninth has had only one sprinkling so to date.

The family of J. L. Thomson (Independence) of the Rio Grande Western railway, left on the city for an extended visit to Denver and points east. They will visit New Mexico, Arizona and old Mexico before returning.

W. C. Carson informed the morning from a visit to Park City. He reports good activity in mining in the mineral portion of the city. One thirty foot ledge are in the process of development. Park City has not will be ready for business in a short time and is a handsome place to visit. Mr. Carson and party are looking a few summer days and among the resources W. C. mentioned in the city of Ogden. Mr. Carson reing rested upon sidewalks and walks on streets, and altogether the city is recovering from the blizzard.

Mrs. W. A. Mallons, the wife of the local newspaper man, leaves today for a lengthy visit to relatives in the east.

Mrs. John McCaughey and her daughters Frances and Minnie have returned home after a pleasant stay in the northern part of the State.

Ex-State Representative Daniel Mangan says that the Populists will nearly get a straight ticket in the field. He says he is satisfied that Populists will carry and will lose votes this year than ever before in the State, yet prospects are encouraging for a fair showing will be an failure to give a few men a position in public offices.

Mrs. Geo. Morris of Eleventh East has returned to the city after a lengthy visit to her mother at Mendon, Ill.

Gen. W. Lilly and wife have returned from a visit to the Omaha Exposition. He reports that the Utah exhibit is attracting a great deal of attention from visitors to the Fair.

The funeral of Albert Steele, who died Wednesday at his mother's home, 164 East Second South, was held in the Eleventh ward at 2 p. m. today.

Gustave Kroeger has gone to the southern Utah on the Sixth in company with the United States attorney, for the Indian trading division of the Indian department. Mr. Kroeger has been in the Indian service, he informed the editor of the Utah estimates for Indian depredations committed in the Black Hawk war, and has been engaged in opening up of these claims pending the decision of the Supreme court of the United States on the question of the Indian claims act of 1891. Mr. Kroeger's mission now is to take evidence and otherwise adjust those claims.

Spanish Debts and the War.

(Dispatch to the News.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—In spite of the figures of the commercial cable office information comes from Madrid to make it plain that it is the financial position more than anything else that has brought all parties to the peninsular to an appreciation of the necessity for an immediate peace. A brief dispatch, which came early in the week, stating that the note issues of the bank of Spain were to be increased from $100,000,000 to $1,000,000,000, virtually repeats that the last usage has been made and that the bank and the Spanish treasury has gone upon a paper basis. By the charter the bank of Spain is bound to keep in cash the equivalent of 52 per cent of the note issues, half in gold and half in silver. Last May this was modified by providing for note issues up to $500,000,000, provided a reserve of one-half of the additional issue above $200,000,000 was maintained. It is hard to say whether this provision has been observed and with more difficulty in the absence of information to determine whether the present issue complies with the provision of the original charter of the bank of Spain's charter and its amendments.

Another significant indication is in the form of a statement made by one of the organs of the present Spanish cabinet to the effect that since the beginning of the Cuban war the cost of the operations there and of the war with the United States has been not less than $300,000,000. It is generally already so severely tendered as it stands this is nearly a crushing estimate, and yet it is the only one that appears to contain indemonstrable ratio or from comparatively the war situation and the cost of the Spanish financial situation, recently revealed to the London Economist, puts the sum of treasury obligations and bonds by Spain and the local administration of Cuba and the Philippines since the war began at $150,000,000, corresponding increase in the local issues both of the Spanish and of the bankrupt colonial treasuries. The same authority, however, holds out the hope that the Spanish debtors can do not by any means exceed the total amount of the cost of the colonial and home wars, and that, in addition to the obligations of the bankrupt colonial treasuries, more than $100,000,000 is due to Cuban and Spanish citizens, with, and are very and contractors of all kinds, the arrears amounting to numbers from six months to a year. It is the aim in Porto Rico that the cost of the war shall be the amount which Spain is then to hold to its military and civil service in carrying out the peace and to relieve an accumulation of the local Porto Rico treasury. It is said that Porto Rico contributed it can realize by an authorized loan in the Spanish social authorities, civil and military, are quite made, or they have made, to the amount of the cost of the war. The practical certainty that the revenue's immediate would involve a considerable loan and the fact that the difficulties of the Spanish government have been the controlling factor in determining its action in regard to peace, have caused the Spanish men to think a bath and take it wherever opportunity affords.

The Proof of the Pudding.

Particular cooks don't need to wait for the serving of their food to find out whether their flour has been used in their baking. They say U. S. Baking powder and are sure of the excellence of their cooking. Their success is as sure as the best manner of baking powder, and as for the best results in baking powder, the housewife is the good as to its power cooking, so

YOUR GROCER SELLS

U. S. BAKING POWDER

at following prices:

8 OUNCE CAN	10c
6 OUNCE CAN	15c
10 OUNCE CAN	20c

Remember, every can guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Yet this is no joke. Why not try it a trial?

IN THE POLICE COURT.

Judge Timony Wrestles with the Usual Grist of Old and New Offenses.

STONE PAYS A FIVE-DOLLAR FINE

For Cruelty to Animals—Several Vags Disposed of—A Giddy Girl Gets Sixty Days in Jail.

In the police court this afternoon Harris Johnson pleaded guilty to a charge of prostitution and was sentenced to serve sixty days in the city jail.

John Dunlop pleaded not guilty to a charge of vagrancy and was discharged with a sounding to get out of town.

P. J. Kirk was called upon to face a similar charge, but so he chanced to be an inmate of the poor house and pleaded not guilty, he was sent back to spend till a which tomorrow afternoon.

John Wilson had been arrested for vagrancy and was being asked to plead to said he was guilty, but would be glad to get out of town if given the opportunity. The man was afflicted with a troublesome disease and Judge Timony was glad to discharge him and let him go.

H. L. Stone, who was arrested last Saturday on a charge of cruelty to animals but who failed to show up for trial after having been released on his own recognizance, was fined $5, which was paid by Stone's wife, who was quite "busty" at having to give up the money.

Wm. Gladwin was arrested on Sunday evening and today pleaded not guilty to a charge of vagrancy. Gladwin was examined and Gladwin was given ninety days in jail. The tough fellow of his character had a great deal to do with the decision.

MINOR MENTION.

The board of pardons will meet in the Supreme court room tomorrow.

E. A. Hartnecke, Frank Lull, Jos. T. Vollmer, Hatch Hampton and Sam Jones are enlisted in the new Spanish war. Mr. D. Big Cottonwood recruit.

The people of Tooele county will take their annual excursion to Lake Park Beach tomorrow and all Salt Lake citizens who care friends and relatives in Tooele county are invited to join in the excursion and renew their friendship. A pleasant time is anticipated.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair tonight and Saturday stationary temperature.

Cumberland at Salt Lake.

Fully 50 persons came down from the north today and about half that number came up from the south and west one to Salt Lake to attend the Cumberland Presbyterian outing. A program was arranged and the attendance was good, and this evening a fine musical program, largely made up of Kentucky and Tennessee songs, was given. The tables were literally groaned with people on hand on this afternoon.

REMAINS OF VOLUNTEER LUFF.

Arrived Here This Morning and Will be Buried on Sunday.

The remains of Volunteer A. W. Luff were brought home from Sullivan's Ranch this morning by the Oregon Short Line. The remains in charge of Joseph Hoskins, a brother of the deceased, who was at his bedside when he died. Deceased died at Sullivan's Ranch, Idaho, on the 6th of July, and his body lay in Idaho ever since. They were met at the depot by relatives and friends of the deceased and the remains were taken to the home of Mr. Luff in the Second ward. The funeral will be held from the Twentieth ward meeting house at 2 o'clock on Sunday afternoon. A representative of the National Guard will be in attendance and the ward bishopric will be asked with the house due a soldier.

PASTY CEREALS.

Responsible for Many Cases of Indigestion.

Many cooks send cooked cereals to the breakfast table in a starchy, pasty condition, which is indigestible. You are sure of a properly cooked oats when Grape-Nuts are served, for absolutely no preparation of any kind is required therefor, the flavor and ease of digestion are just as intended by the food experts who make Grape-Nuts. Try them. Made by Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Leading grocers sell Grape-Nuts.

DIED.

DOWLER—At St. Mark's hospital, after a protracted illness, Charlotte Ann Taylor, wife of George Bowles, aged 29 years 11 months and 15 days. Funeral notice of Seventh ward meeting house at 12 m. on Sunday, Aug. 21.

WOODWORTH—In Salt Lake City, August 18, 1898, of chronic nephritis, Hannah, the beloved wife of Joseph and of Mr. and Mrs. W. Woodworth.

Biliousness

is caused by torpid liver, which arouses dyspepsia, intoxication, and it not relieved, causes fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills are the remedy for delicate, sick, bilious people. Take no other cathartic but Hood's Sarsaparilla. Take Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

MONEY QUESTION IN CUBA.

American Money Will be the Money of the Future There.

Exorbitant Prices Have Been Charged for Food, but This Has Now Been Rectified to Some Extent.

Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 11.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The past week in Santiago in Cuba has seen the introduction of policemen and improvements already under way. Now complications have arisen which we are called upon to solve. These have seen a steady and steady increase in the drink rates.

The question of Spanish and American money and their respective values continues to perplex the people, and provoke that petit critic of the subject, money question. Notwithstanding it is, Wednesday morning, that the United States will be deprived of its Cuban revenue of six per cent on its face value, and that the revenue was of no value to people, many have persisted in considering the matter, it frown, as worth $1 as formerly, and at a money-changer's shop a few days ago, I saw money for five dollars in gold. Two dollars in silver was offered and this was in small change. When the offer from a meeting of merchants to the effect with the object of discussing this question of its reality was called, further assurance that the money-changer to all discussions being called for.

At meeting of Spanish, Spaniards, was not discussed as the merchants were anxious to adopt a rule applicable to all transactions, so that the working rather already introduced.

Meanwhile, the question of what money will be the money of the future in Cuba. Wednesday we publish an article on the subject, which appeared in the Spanish and American in a sufficient quantity of American coin shows in the way of exchange will probably continue. Already small change is becoming very scarce. One cabinet exchange gold for Spanish silver, and there is no very little American silver that small sums are said to consumers, and the poor are always hopeful money for the money holders.

Who knows that he has not received was the exorbitant prices asked for an, a dollar per pound for meat, $1 for a pound of butter, 50 cents for a cents, and a general continuation of outside prices long after the fortification had been surrendered. The merchant the prices has any taken to heart, and after careful consideration and a discussion of the subject with the Spanish wholesalers and retailers, a tariff in gold money on provisions has been arranged. Business has been settled that infringements of this tariff on wholesale will be severely punished, and the community at large is expected to report any overcharge. The prices given out are a great reduction from those prevailing before, but even in the new arrangements there is ample opportunity for good profits, even to be far sent in some instances. That the tariff has no right to continue. At some future day, when the commercial situation of Santiago is improved (after reduction will probably be made.

Morford, Aug. 18, 4 p. m.—The government has received to insist that the surrender of Santiago after the signing of the present peace treaty, and in the peace negotiations unfavorable to Spain. In any event the government feels that the negotiations have not been signed by the commission commander of the two forces does not entail the surrender of the whole of the Philippines.

THE RELIEF ARRIVES.

Ten Deaths from Typhoid Occurred on the Voyage and 150 More Sick.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The United States hospital ship Relief has arrived with sick and wounded on board.

The Relief sailed on the 6th with Magazines on the 8th inst. She carried 70 sick and wounded soldiers from Cuba, Rico, etc. Ten deaths from typhoid fever occurred on the voyage. Nine of the corpses were buried at sea. The body of Major Edward Hudson, of Philadelphia, surgeon, U. S. V., who died at sea August 15, was landed in Philadelphia. Major Hudson's home is Fort Hudson, Texas. Typhoid fever occurred on the Relief while she was in the Cuban waters. Two hundred and fifty were taken aboard and seated. Two more.

Philip Kopp, corporal, Company E, 9th Pennsylvania.

Aaron Sullivan, private, Troop A, 2d U. S. Cavalry.

Thos. Swanson, private, Company A, 2d Massachusetts.

Charles A. Cuttrie, private, U. S. hospital corps.

Following are the names of the sick and wounded on board:

Richard M. Stevens, of Troop, regiment U. S. cavalry.

Charles M. Ward, private, company C, eighteenth infantry.

Richard Thompson, private, hospital corps.

Hugh Young, private, company A, Nineteenth infantry.

Louis E. Jones, private, company I, Sixth Illinois.

John L. Kenny, private, company A, Seventh Pennsylvania.

Jos. Wooten, quartermaster sergeant company C, Ninth Massachusetts.

W. Thos. Jones, private, company E, Fourth Ohio.

Peter Campbell, corporal, company C, Third Illinois.

The total number of cases of typhoid fever on the Relief, including those who have died, was 157, and the number of sick of her when she arrived in dad was 150.

The Relief also brought twenty wounded men, including three officers, who were taken to the home of Mr. the near Magazine on August 16. The names of the wounded are:

First Lieut. John D. Dyer, Fifth infantry, on Gen. Bowen's staff, wounded in the hand.

First Lieut. John P. Hudson, 3d infantry, wounded in chest; First Lieut. Charles Hunter, 1st artillery, wounded in the thigh; Second Lieut. Frank Lahm, 11th infantry, wounded in chest; Corporal Joseph Kuck, eighteenth A, 5th infantry, wounded in arm; corporal John J. Brannan, battery D, 4th artillery, wounded in wrist; Corporal John L. Johnson, company D, 5th infantry, wounded in leg, and the following privates:

Harry E. Amick, company E, 11th infantry, wounded in leg; Arthur Lawrence, company C, 11th infantry, wounded in thigh; Daniel J. Hoey, company B, 9th infantry, wounded in leg; Jos. Gaffney, company E, 9th infantry, wounded in leg; Peter Cross, battery D, 4th artillery, wounded in leg; Wm. Hagerty, Company E, 9th infantry, wounded in shoulder; Jos. Gaffney, Company E, 9th infantry, wounded in leg; Thomas Lynch, Company E, 9th infantry, wounded in leg; Frank C. Frank, Company C, 9th infantry, wounded in thigh; Thomas Lynch, Company E, 9th infantry, wounded in leg; Thomas Lynch, Company E, 9th infantry, wounded in leg; Wm. Whitfield, Company C, 9th infantry, wounded in thigh.

The following sailors suffering from gunshot wounds and were taken on the Relief:

John Ma, Charles A. Holmes, 6th C., wounded leg; John Mahoney, 6th C., wounded leg; Thomas Grace, 3d Wisconsin, suffering from gunshot wounds; Frank Lull, Jos. T. Vollmer, Hatch Hampton, 6th C., wounded in chest.

Corporal Wm. Gaffney, 9th infantry, wounded in chest.

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"Rheumatism

crippled me for years. I could not walk. I tried many physicians without benefit. On the advice of a friend I tried your medicine. I was completely cured by three bottles of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

G. F. BOWEN, Horton Summit, Pa.

Wanted

TO BUY

1000 Dogs.

Must be WHITE in color of the Gilbert Hound variety and the following Patent is made black Lacquer on their Boxes:

The Patent for Silent Powder department, while operating the Wolf, Fox, Rabbit, Mink, Coon, Skunk, Hog, Sheep, Cattle, Horse, Dog, Cat, Rat, Mouse, Bird, Fowl, Fish, Reptiles, Insects, Bees, Bugs, Worms, Flies, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bedbugs, Lice, Ticks, Chiggers, Fleas, Bedbugs, Lice, Ticks, Chiggers, Fleas, Bedbugs, Lice, Ticks, Chiggers