

By Telegraph.

COLUMBUS, O., 8.—The following is the letter of Governor Hayes, accepting the republican nomination for the presidency—

"Columbus, O., July 8, 1876.

"Hon. Edward McPherson, Hon. Wm. A. Howard, Hon. Joseph H. Rainey, and others, committee of the republican national convention:

"Gentlemen—In reply to your official communication of June 17, by which I am informed of my nomination for the office of President of the United States by the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati, I accept the nomination with gratitude, and under promise I shall be anxious, if elected, to execute the duties of the high office as a trust for the benefit of the people. I do not deem it necessary to enter upon an extended examination of the declaration of principles made by the Convention. The resolutions are in accord with my views and I heartily concur in the principles they announce. In several of the resolutions, however, questions are considered which are of such importance that I deem it proper briefly to express my convictions in regard to them. The fifth resolution adopted by the convention is of paramount interest. More than forty years ago a system of making appointments to office grew up, based upon the maxim, 'To the victors belong the spoils.' The old rule, the true rule, that honesty, capacity and fidelity constitute the only real qualifications for office, and that there is no other claim, gave place to the idea that party services were to be chiefly considered. All parties in practice have adopted this system. It has been essentially modified since its first introduction; it has not, however, been improved. At first the President, either directly through the heads of departments, made all the appointments, but gradually the appointing power, in many cases, passed into the control of members of Congress. The offices in these cases have become not merely rewards for party services, but rewards for services to party leaders. This system destroys the independence of the separate departments of the government. It tends directly to extravagance and official incapacity. It is a temptation to dishonesty; it hinders and impairs that careful supervision and strict accountability by which alone faithful and efficient public service can be secured. It obstructs the prompt removal and sure punishment of the unworthy. In every way it degrades the civil service and the character of the Government. It is felt, I am confident, by a large majority of the members of Congress to be an intolerable burden and an unwarrantable hindrance to the proper discharge of their legitimate duties. It ought to be abolished. The reform should be thorough, radical and complete. We should return to the principles and practice of the founders of the Government, supplying by legislation, when needed, that which was formerly established by custom. They neither expected nor desired from the public officer any partisan service. They meant that public officers should use their whole service to the government and to the people. They meant that the officer should be secure in his tenure as long as his personal character remained untarnished and the performance of his duties was satisfactory. If elected I shall conduct the administration of the government upon these principles, and all constitutional powers vested in the executive will be employed to establish this reform.

"The declaration of principles by the Cincinnati convention makes no announcement in favor of a single presidential term. I do not assume to add to that declaration, but believing that the restoration of the civil service to the system established by Washington and followed by the early presidents can be best accomplished by an executive who is under no temptation to use the patronage of his office to promote his own re-election, I desire to perform what I regard as a duty in stating now my inflexible purpose, if elected, not to be a candidate for election to a second term. On the currency question I have frequently expressed my views in public, and I stand by my record on this subject. I regard all the laws of the United States relating to the payment of the public indebtedness, the legal tender included, as

constituting a pledge and moral obligation of the government which must in good faith be kept. It is my conviction that the feeling of uncertainty inseparable from an irredeemable paper currency, with its fluctuations of values, is one of the great obstacles to a revival of confidence and business and to a return of prosperity. That uncertainty can be ended in but one way, the resumption of specie payment. But the longer the instability connected with our present money system is permitted to continue, the greater will be the injury inflicted upon our economical interests, and all classes of society. If elected I shall approve every appropriate measure to accomplish the desired end, and shall oppose any step backward.

"The resolution with respect to the public school system is one which should receive the hearty support of the American people. Agitation upon this subject is to be apprehended until by constitutional amendment the schools are placed beyond all danger of sectarian control or interference. The republican party is pledged to secure such an amendment.

"The resolution of the convention on the subject of the permanent pacification of the country and the complete protection of all its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their constitutional rights is of timely and of great importance. The condition of the southern States attracts the attention and commands the sympathy of the whole Union. In their progressive recovery from the effects of the war their first necessity is an intelligent and honest administration of the government, which will protect all classes of citizens in all their political and private rights. What the south most needs is peace, and peace depends upon the supremacy of law. There can be no enduring peace if the constitutional rights of any portion of the people are habitually disregarded. A division of political parties, resting merely upon distinctions of race, or upon sectional lines, is always unfortunate and may be disastrous. The welfare of the south, alike with that of every other part of the country, depends upon the attractions it can offer to labor, to immigration, and to capital. But laborers will not go and capital will not be ventured where the constitution and the laws are set at defiance and distraction, apprehension and alarm take the place of peace-loving and law abiding social life. All parts of the constitution are sacred and must be sacredly observed; the parts that are new no less than those that are old. The moral and national prosperity of the southern States can be most effectually advanced by a hearty and generous recognition of the rights of all by all; a recognition without reserve or exception. With such a recognition fully accorded it will be practicable to promote by the influence of all legitimate agencies of the general government, the efforts of the people of these States to obtain for themselves the blessings of honest and capable local government. If elected, I shall consider it not only my duty, but it will be my ardent desire, to labor for the attainment of this end. Let me assure my countrymen of the Southern States that if I shall be charged with the duty of organizing an administration it will be one which will regard and cherish their true interests, the interests of the white and of the colored people, both and equally, and which will put forth its best efforts in behalf of a civil policy which will wipe out forever the distinction between the north and south in our common country. With a civil service organized upon a system which will secure purity, experience, efficiency and economy, a strict regard for the public welfare solely in appointments, and the speedy, thorough and unswerving prosecution and punishment of all public officers who betray official trusts, with a sound currency, with education unsectarian and free to all, with simplicity and frugality in public and private affairs, and with a fraternal spirit of harmony pervading the people of all sections and classes, we may reasonably hope that the second century of an existence as a nation will be the blessing of God be pre-eminent as our era of good feeling and a period of progress, prosperity and harmony.

"Very respectfully,

Your fellow-citizen,

"R. E. HAYES."

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Use the old Reliable

SAPONIFIER, OR
Concentrated Lye,

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Administrators' Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of Jesse Louder deceased, will please come forward and settle. All persons holding claims against said estate will also present their claims for settlement, as the administrators desire to adjust the affairs of said estate.

JOHN PARKER, Administrators.
AN LOUDER, Administrators.
Virgin City, Jan. 17th, 1876. w 1

TO JOHN HUTCHINS.

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that we have expended in labor for you Eighty Dollars (\$80.00) on the Midway mine in Ophir Mining District. That unless the same is paid within ninety days from the date hereof, together with our costs, your interests in said mine will be forfeited to us by law.

H. D. CONVERSE.
CALVIN RISK.
I. I. GREENE WARD.

Ophir Mining District,
Sept. 29th, 1875. w 10

TO Merchants and Others.

DO NOT IMPORT WOOLLEN GOODS

When you can buy them in GREAT VARIETY and at Prices that Defy Competition, at

PROVO WOOLLEN FACTORY.

See Samples at Z. C. M. I. and at Taylor & Cutler's, Salt Lake City, also at the Factory.

200,000 lbs. WOOL WANTED.

Special Rates and Attention given to the Trade.

w 11 JAMES DUNN, Supt.

SPRING CONFERENCE, 1876.

TAYLOR & CUTLER

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Delaines,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Bonnet Ribbons at 20c. a yd.,
Spring Shawls at
\$1.25, \$1.75 & \$2.25 each,
Ladies' Neck Ties 25, 50 & 75c each,
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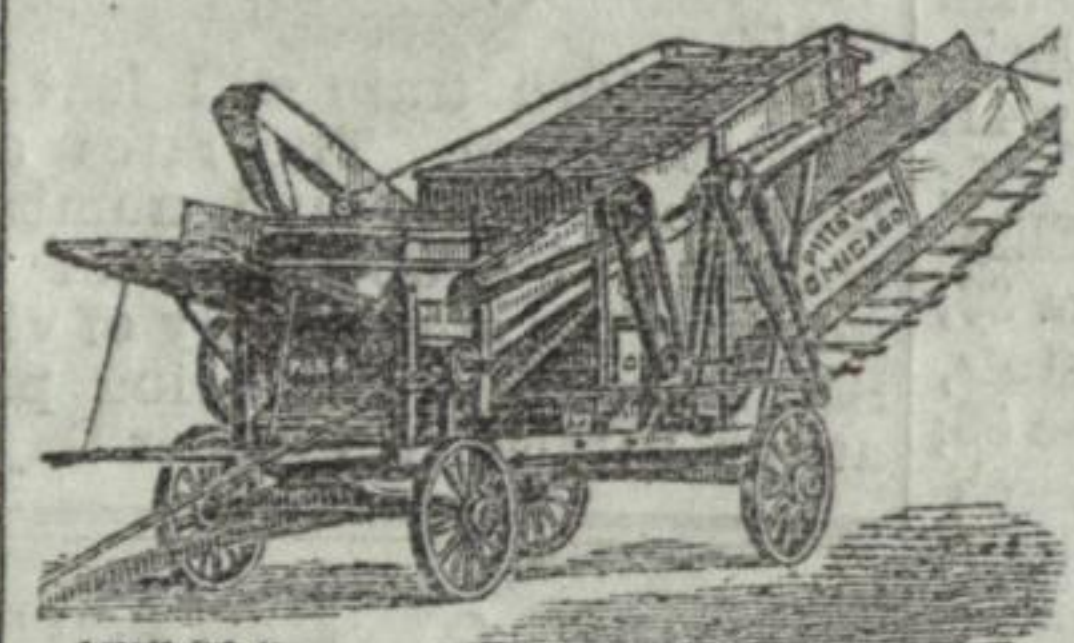
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Store under Taylor's Hotel,

Which Hotel is a reasonable place for Conference Visitors to stay at. w 9

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Threshing Machine

and EXTRAS for REPAIRS.

These machines recommend themselves in all places where they are used, and need none from us. Price List sent on application. Address

REUBEN MILLER & SON,
Mill Creek, Salt Lake Co., Utah.

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One Block South of U. C. R. Depot,

T. PIERPONT, upr,

Are now prepared to manufacture and repair all kinds of

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DR. WM. H. GROVES

DENTIST

Office—Second South Street, Salt Lake City, east of Elephant Store. Office hours: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. w 34

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HERE being several hundred copies of the above Song Book remaining unsold, they can be obtained at the Desert News Office for 25 cents per copy. WM. WILLES. S. L. City, March 31st, 1876.

BAIN WAGONS,

With the improvements I have now put on them, are conceded by all who see them to be ranked as the **Leading Wagon of Utah.**

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

Are now known in every settlement, and I have sold over FIVE HUNDRED in the last six months. Farmers are actually laying away good steel plows and buying the Oliver Chilled Plow, it being such a saving both on team and man. The longer you use them the better they are. No wear out to them.

WALTER A. WOOD'S REAPERS AND MOWERS!

Have taken the front rank of all machines for their durability, ease of running and handling, cutting close and clean, less cost for repairs, which can always be had. SEE THE IMPROVED WOOD'S.

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Farmers who have not yet seen this self-dumping hay rake should call early. It is perfect and well made, has wrought iron axle, second growth spokes and good material throughout. YOUR LITTLE GIRL CAN OPERATE IT.

Concord Buggies and all kinds of Spring Wagons,

Hardwood and Wagon Material a Specialty.

Agricultural Implements of all Improved Styles.

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THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS RESPECTFULLY CALL ATTENTION to the following facts—

The MARSH is the original Harvester. All other Harvester Manufacturing Companies are required by law to pay a license to the Marsh Company.

The MARSH HARVESTER is manufactured by its inventors, and under their immediate personal supervision. It is WARRANTED to be the BEST of the Harvester class in every respect.

All our Harvesters on the Utah markets, this year, are made specially for this country, both with respect to the rough surface of the land and the heavy uneven crops grown thereon.

DIAMOND MOWERS.

The DIAMOND MOWER is a perfectly balanced machine. The Frame and Running Gear are all within the wheel. The Cutter Bar swings on a circle, consequently is easily adjusted to uneven ground, and cuts very close. In every position the end of the Cutter Bar is supported by a small wheel. In all places where a first class mower is required, we WARRANT the DIAMOND to give satisfaction. The material and workmanship are of the best. THE PRICE IS LOWER THAN THE LOWEST.

Each Agent is supplied with Machines and Extras directly from the factory, consequently is independent of all others. Our prices and also terms of sale are uniform.

The Agents will set up and put in successful operation all the machines sold by them in their respective territories.

The following is a list of the names of the Agents and the territory controlled by each.

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Joseph M. Harris, Ogden City, Agent for Weber, Morgan and Box Elder Counties.

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Crawford, Thompson & Co., Evanston, Wyoming, Agents for Bear Lake Valley (for Marsh Harvester).

C. A. Herman and Thomas Lee, Tooele City, Agents for Tooele County.

J. M. Ballinger & Co., Pleasant Grove, Agents for Utah and Wasatch Counties.

L. A. Bailey, Nephi, Agent for Juab County.

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Franklin Spencer, Salina, Agent for Sevier County.

L. Holbrook and G. Huntsman, Fillmore, Agents for Millard County.

Joseph Asay, Panguitch, Agent for Beaver, Iron, Kane and Washington Counties. w 20