

## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## AMERICAN.

ELBERON, 20.—The Cabinet at 9 a. m., were still in session at the Francklyn Cottage.

Previous to his death the only words spoken by the President, were that he had a severe pain in his heart. It is supposed by the surgeons that death was occasioned by a clot of blood formed in the heart. Dr. Bliss was the first one notified of the President's expression of pain, and upon entering the President's room he once saw that the end was near.

Members of the family were immediately summoned to the bedside. All arrived and perfect quiet prevailed.

Mrs. Garfield bore the trying ordeal with unprecedented courage. She gave way to no paroxysms of grief, and after death became evident, she quietly withdrew to her own room. Here she sat a heart-stricken widow, all of grief, but with too much courage to exhibit it to those about her. She was laboring under a terrible pain, and despite her efforts, tears flowed from her eyes and her lips became drawn by her noble attempt to bear the burden which she had been afflicted. Miss Mollie was greatly afflicted, and bursts of tears flowed from the child's eyes notwithstanding her noble effort to follow the example of her mother.

The death scene was one never to be forgotten. Perfect quiet prevailed, and there was not a murmur heard while the President was sinking. After death had been pronounced, the body was properly arranged by Dr. S. A. Boynton.

Telegrams were immediately sent to the President's mother in Ohio, and his sons Harry and James, who are at Williams College, also to Vice-President Arthur, and other prominent public men. Mr. Morris, caretaker of the village, will be in charge of the remains.

Eugene Britton, coroner of Monmouth County, will hold an inquest over the body of the late President. As yet, made no arrangements for an inquest, and as far as is ascertained has not been notified of the President's death.

MacVeagh thinks the body will be sent directly to Washington, by special train to-morrow morning. The flag over the President's body lies is tied up with large and small portraits of the President in Elberon are wreathed in black. The flag over the military back of here waves gloomily at half-mast. The night passed quietly, guards moved about the cottage, and within the President on the bed where he had suffered so bravely and died at last.

Erren Young and Stanley Brown, who had been over the body through the night. Mrs. Garfield went to her room in the adjoining cottage, and paced the floor for hours together. Bliss appeared early this morning quite broken down in appearance, he had not used at all. "He was the greatest man as a patient I have ever known. There never was a murmur in him. Certainly, if it is necessary, was his invariable answer, 'I am asked to endure an unpleasant treatment. Oh, but he is engaged now in appearance. He is thin, and the light of his eyes, which was always a fine one, is gone and his face has lost its natural expression. He has that thin and anxious look that is so painful.'"

ELBERON, 20.—The following was received by Attorney General McVeagh, last night:

New York, Sept. 19.

Wayne McVeagh, Attorney General, Long Branch: Have your telegram and the intelligence fills me with profound sorrow. Express to Mrs. Garfield deepest sorrow.

(Signed) CHESTER A. ARTHUR, the Evening Post's Long Branch special says: This has been received from Mrs. Garfield:

Words cannot express the deep sympathy I feel with you. May I support and comfort you, as He can.

(Signed) QUEEN, Balmoral. MacVeagh has just received this to the dispatch sent by the cabinet to Gen. Arthur last night, addressed to all the members of the Cabinet, and says:

I have your message announcing the death of President Garfield. Permit me to renew through you my expression of sorrow and sympathy,

which I have already telegraphed Attorney-General MacVeagh. In accordance with your suggestion, I have taken the oath of office as President of the United States before the Hon. John R. Brady, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. I will advise you further in regard to other suggestions in your telegram.

(Signed) C. A. ARTHUR. The suggestions referred to was that Pres. Arthur come to Long Branch this a. m.

Secretary Blaine arrived in New York this morning and is now with Pres. Arthur.

NEW YORK, 20.—In accordance with the dispatch received from the Cabinet in regard to taking the oath of office, messengers were sent to different Judges of the Supreme Court. The first to put in an appearance was Judge John R. Brady, who was followed by Justice Donahue, the party consisting of the Vice-President and Judges named, besides District Attorney Robins; Elihu Root, eldest son of the new President, assembled in the front parlor of No. 123 Lexington Avenue, Gen. Arthur's residence, where the oath of office was administered and he became President of the United States. The President has not signified his intention as to when he would visit the Capitol and declined to be interviewed as to his future course.

CLEVELAND, 20.—News of the President's death spread rapidly and called out a large number of people. The deepest sympathy was expressed for the stricken mother. The trustees of Lake View Cemetery beautifully decorated in honor of the dead and just outside the limits of Cleveland overlooking Lake Erie. Their president, Hon. J. H. Wade, telegraphed the widow offering her any lot in the cemetery they may choose for the final resting place of the President's remains. In the same cemetery rests the President's uncle Thomas, killed by a train a fortnight before the assassination and a cousin who died a few years ago.

Bells commenced tolling at 10.40 p. m. announcing the sad news to the city of the President's death. Few persons were on the street when the news reached here.

The news of the President's death causes the most profound grief in this city. Bells are being tolled. The republican State executive committee at once withdrew all appointments for this week and will take such action in regard to the future as circumstances may require.

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—The announcement of the President's death was received in the city without any special demonstration, except the gathering of crowds around the bulletin boards. Dispatches from interior towns say that bells are being tolled and the citizens preparing for demonstrations of sorrow.

The Board of Supervisors to-night, on receipt of the news of the death of the President, passed resolutions deploring the event, eulogizing the deceased and recommending that the city be draped in mourning for 30 days, business suspended on the day of the funeral, and services held in the churches. The City Hall bell tolled during the evening and the various public bodies in session adjourned.

LONG BRANCH, 20.—The doctors attributed the death to neuralgia of the heart, which caused the formation of a blood clot, thereby preventing proper circulation of the blood. The President's remarks to Col. Swain, who was with him when he awoke from his sleep, were, "Oh Swain what a pain," placing his hand on his heart. Can't you do something for me, Oh Swain!" At this time Mrs. Garfield had been out of the room for about 15 minutes and had retired for the night. Previous to going to his own room Dr. Bliss says he conferred with Mrs. Garfield on the general condition of the President, and that she expressed the opinion that her husband was not weary and that he had awakened feeling comfortable, and experienced little or no pain. "It was about ten minutes past 10 o'clock," said Dr. Bliss, "when the President awakened and complained of a severe pain in his heart." The doctor referred to the fact that the former attending surgeons on the case had been called here to attend the autopsy, and that Curtis, of Washington had been selected to do the cutting. Dr. Bliss said the formation of the blood clot in the vicinity of the heart was a sequel of the original trouble.

The telegraph office in the Elberon Hotel was surrounded, and there was a shower of bulletins thrown upon the two half-paralyzed operators. No more than the simple announcement of death could be sent off, as the Government at once took the use of the telegraph at Elberon. Personal dispatches were sent. Warren Young sent the first official announcement off to Washington and Me tor. The President had been dead a half an hour, when, at 11:10, Windom, Hunt and James arrived from the West End Hotel. They went into the hotel office and were met by McVeagh, who led them around to the cottage at 11:15. The members of the Cabinet are inside the Francklyn cottage engaged in consultation. A great crowd waits around for further particulars, and the excitement is intense. The President's words, when he felt the death pain were: "I am suffering great pain, and I fear the end is near."

NEW YORK, 20.—A Tribune's Long Branch special says: One of those present in the chamber of death at the fatal moment thus describes the scene to a Tribune reporter: There were present when the President awoke, only Swain and Rockwell. All the attendants were speedily summoned. Mrs. Garfield, Drs. Bliss, Hamilton and Boynton, Col. Rockwell and private Secretary Brown reached the room within a few moments. Mrs. Garfield sat on the bedside holding the hands of her dying husband. Hamilton stood opposite, and the others were grouped about. The President was unconscious even before the first of those summoned reached the room. Mrs. Rockwell with her daughter and Miss Mollie Garfield sat upon a lounge in the hall. The colored servants of Francklyn Cottage were grouped outside of the sick room, peeping in. The President was breathing heavily, and at increasing intervals. The doctors whispered to each other two or three times, but aside from this not a word was spoken. Two or three sighs and some suppressed sobbing were heard from a group of negroes in the door, but all the rest were silent. The heavy breathing of the President continued for about 15 minutes and then ceased. Consciousness did not return. Death was absolutely painless. When all was hushed, Mrs. Garfield quietly withdrew to her room. Dr. Hamilton smoothed the features of the dead President, and the other doctors and attendants straightened his limbs. Mrs. Garfield returned about half an hour later, and sat silently on the bedside tears running in floods down her cheeks, but her whole demeanor manifesting her heroic spirit and self-control in the supreme hour of her grief.

The Post's Long Branch special says: Preparations for the removal of the effects of the Presidential party are beginning. Attendants and workmen are engaged in packing trunks at the cottage. Private Secretary Brown says the extreme emaciation of the President was a surprise to the undertakers and embalmers. It is possible to clasp the leg above the knee with one hand. Some doubt whether if the President lies in state at Washington it will be deemed wise to show the remains. Boynton gives the following account of the death scene: He had been sleeping quietly until about fifteen minutes before death. I stepped into the room to examine his pulse, and found it had grown much weaker, but not alarmingly so. I remarked it to Swain. The President said to Swain, "Oh, Swain, what a pain I have here," and placed his hand upon his breast over the heart. The doctors and members of the family had by that time gathered and a colored man stood at the door. There was scarcely a perceptible movement in any other than the sufferer's features, and no movement of the lines. The pulse grew less frequent. Agnew bent over him and examined the pulse. I put my ear down to the heart but discovered no pulse. Mrs. Garfield placed her ear upon his chest until after he died. All of us sat there a little while.

LONG BRANCH, 20, 2.18 p. m.—The body will be embalmed and the autopsy will take place to-morrow afternoon. Dr. Curtis, of Washington, has been asked to come here, in company with the attending surgeons who recently withdrew from the case—Barnes, Woodward and Reyburn, to be present when the autopsy is made. Arrangements for the funeral will be made in all respects, in accordance with the wishes of Mrs. Garfield. Nothing has yet been definitely settled upon,

but it is expected a special train will leave Wednesday next for Washington, and that the President's remains will be kept in state in the rotunda of the Capitol during Thursday and Friday. Friday evening, it is expected to leave for Cleveland, where the body will lie in state during Sunday, and the funeral take place Monday. The place of interment will be Lake View Cemetery at Cleveland, in accordance with the frequently expressed wish of the President in his lifetime. Of course these arrangements are subject to alterations. Attorney-General MacVeagh says Mrs. Garfield is bearing her affliction with fortitude.

ELBERON, 20.—The autopsy has been in progress for more than an hour. One of the first discoveries made was a large clot of blood in the heart, which corroborates the opinion of the attending surgeons regarding the immediate cause of death.

LONG BRANCH, 20.—Windom said it is not yet definitely determined in regard to the inquest. It is believed the authorities were now looking up the law on the subject. It is maintained by persons acquainted with the laws of the State that an inquest cannot be prevented if insisted upon, and in the event that the conclusion of the President's death was induced by the gunshot wound, the criminal's presence can be demanded in the State. This question is creating considerable excitement and annoyance, inasmuch as if the law is enforced in accordance with this idea the remains will be necessarily delayed here until Guitaen's arrival. The State law is being examined. The district attorney has been summoned.

ALBANY, 20.—All the public edifices are draped in mourning.

CHICAGO, 20.—No markets to-day anywhere in the country. Exchanges are closed.

COLUMBUS, 20.—The city is draped in black.

MILWAUKIE, 20.—Business is suspended. Grief intense among all classes.

ST. LOUIS, 20.—Everything is draped, sorrow profound and universal.

BUFFALO, 20.—Old Time Telegraphers Association is postponed until some future date.

BROOKLYN, 20.—Many citizens did not retire last night. Every emblem of mourning was displayed this morning.

NEW YORK, 20.—The city is literally a piece of mourning. Flags are at half-mast and all other signs of grief.

TOLEDO, 20.—Commander Kamtz, of the Grand Army of the Republic of Ohio, has issued an order for 60 days' mourning of the order. Fitting words of praise and eulogy are eloquently spoken in the order.

The City Hall bell tolled during the evening, and the various public bodies in session adjourned.

BOSTON, 20.—The mayor called the city council together. Charleston, 20.—The mayor convenes the citizens by proclamation for a mass meeting to-morrow.

MEMPHIS, 20.—Members of the bar held a meeting to-day. All public places are closed.

PITTSBURG, 20.—A public meeting of the citizens of Pittsburg and Allegheny was held to-day, which adopted resolutions of regret and condolence.

DES MOINES, 20.—The governor has issued a proclamation announcing the death of the President.

PHILADELPHIA, 20.—The mayor has issued a proclamation on the sad event. It is desired the President's body lie in state at Independence Hall.

CHATTANOOGA, 20.—The exercises of the reunion of the northern and southern soldiers has been modified to harmonize with the sad event of yesterday. The gay decorations of the city are heavily draped.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., 20.—The news of the President's death, although not unlooked for, was received with feelings of most profound sorrow and regret. Immediately on receipt of the news, church and fire bells were tolled, and knots of sorrowful citizens gathered at the hotels and newspaper offices.

CINCINNATI, 20.—Every newsboy shouts his paper in subdued tones. There is unusual expressions of sorrow in words and demonstrations.

BALTIMORE, 20.—Bells were tolled at midnight and guns were fired at sunrise. All are appalled at the great calamity. Governor Holliday issued a proclamation respecting the event, recommending the Executive office employes to wear crape for 30 days.

LONG BRANCH, 20.—Many offers of guards to the remains are received,

also condolences, including from the Lord Mayor of London.

CLEVELAND, 20.—Herald: The solemn news was broken to Grandma Garfield about nine o'clock this morning. At first she was much shocked, but soon came to and looking calmly, said it was all for the best, if the people were ready for it. It is not possible that my son James is dead. I do not wish to live any longer. I will soon be with him.

DENVER, 20.—The Tribune, to-day, calls upon the people of Colorado for subscriptions to a fund to be used for the defense and support of Sergeant Mason. The Tribune heads the list with \$100. The Times suggests the erection of a monument in one of the public parks of the city to the memory of Garfield, and has already received several subscriptions to the fund for that purpose. The city is heavily draped in mourning.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—A Victoria dispatch says: Flags on the public buildings and ships of war, are at half-mast in consequence of the news of the death of President Garfield. There is universal expression of regret and sympathy. The newspapers appear in mourning.

LONDON, 20.—The News says: By common consent President Garfield's life, which has been passed in full view of the public, has been free from spot or blemish; distinguished in the field, able and upright in conduct, a soldier without fear and a citizen without reproach.

LONDON, 20.—The death of the President is the common theme of conversation and regret. The same is true all over the country. Every sign of sorrow and respect is manifested.

A meeting in London, under the auspices of the American Legation, will be held as soon as proper arrangements can be made.

Accounts continue to arrive of manifestations of sympathy in all the provinces of England and Ireland, particularly at Cork, in consequence of its intimate connection with American shipping interests. The bells of the Chester Cathedral were tolled and also some of those of the churches in the West End of London. The evening papers published sympathetic biographies of the late President.

CHICAGO, 20.—The Tribune says: The death of President Garfield, though generally expected, notwithstanding.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The War Department will, to-morrow, issue an order that every military post, station, fort and arsenal shall go into mourning for 30 days, and that all expenses of mourning observances will be paid by the government; that General Sherman will have charge of the general conduct of the President's funeral, and all the matters relating thereto; that orders will be prepared and published giving the date of the funeral, the hour that the remains and cortege will leave Washington, the time of arrival at each station en route to Cleveland, and the minutes that every stop will be made en route; that all flags shall be put at half-mast for 30 days; that a salute of 13 guns shall be fired at sundown each day for 30 days, and afterwards during the day, at intervals of half an hour, one gun from the rise to the setting of the sun; at the close of every day a national salute of 38 guns. Army officers shall all wear mourning for six months.

Another order will be issued from the War Department to-morrow morning, announcing to the army the death of the President, and advising them that President Arthur has been sworn according to law, and is now President and commander-in-chief of the army.

Rear Admiral Nichols, Acting Secretary of the Navy, this morning, sent a telegram to all commanders of the navy yard and stations, and the Naval Academy, directing that the flags be kept at half-mast until further orders, in respect to the memory of President Garfield.

The President's remains, accompanied by the family, cabinet, and friends and escort, will reach here to-morrow morning. The rotunda of the Capitol has been placed in mourning, and a catafalque is being constructed at the White House, as it is not known precisely what will be done. The White House is also being prepared for the reception of the remains. Chandeliers have been removed from each room, and a catafalque is being erected so that if it is intended to lay the remains in State in the White House, everything will be in readiness. The Guard of Honor will consist of nine general officers of the army, nine officers of the navy, nine below the